

$$1. p(t|x, \vec{x}, \vec{t}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(t|x, \vec{w}) p(\vec{w}|\vec{x}, \vec{t}) d\vec{w}$$

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$$\text{其中 } p(t|x, \vec{w}) = N(t|y(x, \vec{w}), \beta^{-1}) = N(t|\vec{w}^T \phi(x), \beta^{-1})$$

$$p(\vec{w}) = N(\vec{w}|0, \alpha^{-1}I)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore p(\vec{w}|\vec{x}, \vec{t}) &\propto p(t|\vec{x}, \vec{w}) \times p(\vec{w}) \propto \prod_{n=1}^N N(t_n|\vec{w}^T \phi(x_n), \beta^{-1}) \cdot N(\vec{w}|0, \alpha^{-1}I) \\ &\propto \exp\left[-\frac{\beta}{2} (t_1 - \vec{w}^T \phi(x_1))^2 + (t_2 - \vec{w}^T \phi(x_2))^2 + \dots + (t_N - \vec{w}^T \phi(x_N))^2\right] \exp\left(-\frac{\alpha}{2} \vec{w}^T \vec{w}\right) \\ &= \exp\left[-\frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{n=1}^N (t_n^2 + \vec{w}^T \phi(x_n) \phi(x_n)^T \vec{w} - 2 \vec{w}^T \phi(x_n) t_n) - \frac{\alpha}{2} \vec{w}^T \vec{w}\right] \\ &\propto \frac{1}{2} \vec{w}^T \left(\beta \sum_{n=1}^N \phi(x_n) \phi(x_n)^T + \alpha I \right) \vec{w} - \beta \vec{w}^T \sum_{n=1}^N (\phi(x_n) t_n) \\ &\Rightarrow S_N^{-1} = \alpha I + \beta \sum_{n=1}^N \phi(x_n) \phi(x_n)^T, \quad m_N = \sum_{n=1}^N \beta \phi(x_n) t_n \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore p(\vec{w}|\vec{x}, \vec{t}) = N(\vec{w}|m_N, S_N)$$

$$p(t|x, \vec{x}, \vec{t}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(t|x, \vec{w}) p(\vec{w}|\vec{x}, \vec{t}) d\vec{w} \propto \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left[-\frac{\beta}{2} (t - \vec{w}^T \phi(x))^2\right] \cdot \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} (\vec{w} - m_N)^T S_N^{-1} (\vec{w} - m_N)\right] d\vec{w}$$

$$\propto \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left[-\frac{\beta}{2} (t^2 - 2(\vec{w}^T \phi(x))t + (\vec{w}^T \phi(x))^2)\right] \cdot \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} (\vec{w}^T S_N^{-1} \vec{w} - 2\vec{w}^T S_N^{-1} m_N + m_N^T S_N^{-1} m_N)\right] d\vec{w}$$

$$\propto \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} (\beta t^2 - 2\beta \vec{w}^T \phi(x) t + \beta \vec{w}^T \phi(x) \phi(x)^T \vec{w} + \vec{w}^T S_N^{-1} \vec{w} - 2\vec{w}^T S_N^{-1} m_N)\right] d\vec{w}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} [\vec{w}^T (\beta \phi(x) \phi(x)^T + S_N^{-1}) \vec{w} - 2\vec{w}^T (\phi(x) t \beta + S_N^{-1} m_N) + \beta t^2]\right\} d\vec{w}$$

compare with: $-\frac{1}{2} (x-m)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-m) = -\frac{1}{2} [x^T \Sigma^{-1} x - 2x^T \Sigma^{-1} m + m^T \Sigma^{-1} m]$

$$\hat{=} \left[\Sigma^{-1} = \beta \phi(x) \phi(x)^T + S_N^{-1}, \quad m = \sum (\beta \phi(x) t + S_N^{-1} m_N) \right]$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} [\vec{w}^T \Sigma^{-1} \vec{w} - 2\vec{w}^T \Sigma^{-1} m + m^T \Sigma^{-1} m] - m^T \Sigma^{-1} m + \beta t^2\right\} d\vec{w}$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} [\cancel{(\vec{w}-m)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\vec{w}-m)}] + \beta t^2 - m^T \Sigma^{-1} m\right\} d\vec{w}$$

$$= \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} (\beta t^2 - m^T \Sigma^{-1} m)\right\} = \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} (\beta t^2 - (\sum (\beta \phi(x) t + S_N^{-1} m_N))^T \Sigma^{-1} (\sum (\beta \phi(x) t + S_N^{-1} m_N)))\right\}$$

$$= \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} (\beta t^2 - (\beta \phi(x) t + S_N^{-1} m_N)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\beta \phi(x) t + S_N^{-1} m_N))\right\}$$

$$= \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2} [\beta t^2 - (\beta \phi(x) t)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\beta \phi(x) t) + 2(S_N^{-1} m_N)^T \Sigma^{-1} (\beta \phi(x) t) + \text{const}]\right\}$$

$$\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} [\beta t^2 - \beta^2 \phi(x)^T \Sigma \phi(x) t^2 + 2(S_N^T m_N)^T \Sigma \beta \phi(x) t] \right\}$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} [(\beta - \beta^2 \phi(x)^T \Sigma \phi(x)) t^2 - 2(S_N^T m_N)^T \Sigma \beta \phi(x) t] \right\}$$

$$\propto \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} (\beta - \beta^2 \phi(x)^T \Sigma \phi(x)) \left(t - \frac{S_N^T m_N^T \Sigma \beta \phi(x)}{\beta - \beta^2 \phi(x)^T \Sigma \phi(x)} \right)^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow S^2(x) = (\beta - \beta^2 \phi(x)^T \Sigma \phi(x))^{-1}, \Sigma = (\Sigma^{-1})^{-1} = [S_N^{-1} + \beta \phi(x) \phi(x)^T]^{-1} = S_N - \frac{S_N \beta \phi(x) \phi(x)^T S_N}{1 + \phi(x)^T S_N \beta \phi(x)}$$

$$\Rightarrow S^2(x) = (\beta - \beta^2 \phi(x)^T (S_N - \frac{S_N \beta \phi(x) \phi(x)^T S_N}{1 + \phi(x)^T S_N \beta \phi(x)}) \phi(x))^{-1}$$

$$= (\beta - \beta^2 \phi(x)^T S_N (\mathbf{I} - \frac{\beta \phi(x) \phi(x)^T S_N}{1 + \beta \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x)}) \phi(x))^{-1}$$

$$= (\beta - \beta^2 \phi(x)^T S_N \frac{\phi(x) + \beta \phi(x) \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x) - \beta \phi(x) \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x)}{1 + \beta \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x)})^{-1}$$

$$= (\beta - \beta^2 \frac{\phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x)}{1 + \beta \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x)})^{-1} = \left[\beta \left(1 - \beta \frac{\phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x)}{1 + \beta \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x)} \right) \right]^{-1}$$

$$= \left(\beta \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \beta \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x)} \right)^{-1} = \frac{1 + \beta \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x)}{\beta}$$

$$\Rightarrow S^2(x) = \beta^{-1} + \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x), S_N^{-1} = \alpha \mathbf{I} + \sum_{n=1}^N \phi(x_n) \phi(x_n)^T$$

$$m(x) = g(x, m_N) = \phi(x)^T m_N = \phi(x)^T \left[S_N \left(\sum_{n=1}^N \beta \phi(x_n) t_n \right) \right] \\ = \beta \phi(x)^T S_N \sum_{n=1}^N \phi(x_n) t_n$$

$$\therefore p(t|x, \vec{x}, \vec{t}) = N(t|m(x), S^2(x)), \begin{cases} m(x) = \beta \phi(x)^T S_N \sum_{n=1}^N \phi(x_n) t_n \\ S^2(x) = \beta^{-1} + \phi(x)^T S_N \phi(x) \\ S_N^{-1} = \alpha \mathbf{I} + \sum_{n=1}^N \phi(x_n) \phi(x_n)^T \end{cases}$$