Examples

Matlab documentation:

- $\bullet \ \ http://www.mathworks.com/help/pdf_doc/matlab/getstart.pdf$
- help
- help followed by a command name
- doc followed by a command name (e.g., help plot, doc plot)

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I. Check the following operations with vectors:
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```
a = [1 \ 2 \ 3] \text{ or } a = [1, 2, 3]
                           %line vector
b = [4; 5; 6] or b = [4 \ 5 \ 6]
                             %column vector
c = a * b
d = [4 \ 5 \ 6] or d = b' %the transpose vector of b
e = a. * d
f = a.^2
g = a.^d
v = 1:6
                %the starting point:step:the final point
w = 2:3:10
y = 10: -1:0
exp(a)
exp(1)
         %number e
sqrt(a)
m = max(a)
[m,k] = max(a)
h = [-2 - 9 8]
k = abs(h)
```

prod(a)II. Consider the matrices $a = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 13 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ and $b = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 8 & 12 \\ -1 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$. Check

the following operations:

mean(a) geomean(a)sum(a)

$$[m,n] = size(a)$$

 $t = b'$ %the transpose matrix of b
 $c = a * b$
 $d = a . * b$
 $e = a . ^2$
 $size(a)$
 $length(a)$
 $m = mean(a)$
 $m1 = mean(a, 2)$

```
g = geomean(a)
s = sum(a)
s1 = sum(a, 2)
p = prod(a)
p1 = prod(a, 2)
max(a)
min(a)
diag(a)
m > 2
a > b
inv(b)
det(b)
f = abs(b)
b = [16 \ 15 \ 24]'
x = a \backslash b
triu(a)
tril(a)
m = [2 \ 3 \ 5; 7 \ 11 \ 13; 17 \ 19 \ 23]
m(2,1)
m(:,1) %all rows of column 1
m(2,:) % all columns of line 2
m(2,1:2) %line 2, all but last column
m(2, 2: end) %second row, all but first column
m(2:3,2:3) %a submatrix
Some particular matrices: a) eye(8), eye(5,7), zeros(5,7), ones(7,9)
b) M = magic(4)
sum(M), sum(M, 2), sum(diag(M)), sum(diag(fliplr(M)))
```

II. Polynomials

- 1. Evaluate the polynomial $p(x) = 2x^3 5x^2 + 8$ in x = 2. (Use: polyval).
- 2. Find the roots of the polynomial $p(x) = x^3 5x^2 17x + 21$. (Use: roots).

III. Graphs

- 1. Plot the functions $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) = e^{10x(x-1)} \sin 12\pi x$, and $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) = 3e^{5x^2-1} \cos 12\pi x$.
- 2. Plot the epicycloid

$$\begin{cases} x(t) = (a+b)\cos(t) - b\cos((\frac{a}{b}+1)t), \\ y(t) = (a+b)\sin(t) - b\sin((\frac{a}{b}+1)t), \end{cases} t \in [0,10\pi], \text{ for given } a,b.$$

3. Plot, on a single graph, the functions: $f_1, f_2, f_3 : [0, 2\pi] \to \mathbb{R}$, $f_1(x) = \cos x$, $f_2(x) = \sin x$, $f_3(x) = \cos 2x$.

4. For $x \in \{0, 1, ..., 50\}$ plot the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x/2 & \text{if } x = even \\ 3x + 1 & \text{if } x = odd. \end{cases}$$

5. Compute

$$g = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + 1}}}}}.$$

6. Plot the function $g: [-2,2] \times [-4,4] \to \mathbb{R}, \ g(x,y) = e^{-((x-\frac{1}{2})^2+(y-\frac{1}{2})^2)}$. (Use: meshgrid, mesh).