Задача. Да се построи краен детерминиран автомат, който разпознава всички думи от езика $L = \{ \omega \in \{0, 1, 2\}^* \mid \omega$ е число в троична бройна система, което се дели на $4 \}$.

Решение. Нека с $\overline{\beta}$ означим число β в троичен запис, тоест $\overline{\beta} \in \{0, 1, 2\}^*$.

$$\begin{cases} \overline{\varepsilon} = 0 \\ \overline{0\beta} = \overline{\beta} \end{cases}$$
$$\overline{1\beta} = 1 \times 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta}$$
$$\overline{2\beta} = 2 \times 3^{\beta} + \overline{\beta}$$

Обяснение:
$$\overline{d\beta} = \underbrace{\overline{da_{n-1}a_{n-2}\dots a_{1}a_{0}}}_{n=|\beta|} = \\ = d\times 3^{n} + a_{n-1}\times 3^{n-1} + \dots + a_{1}\times 3^{1} + a_{0}\times 3^{0}$$

Нека $L_0 = L = \{ \beta \in \{0, 1, 2\}^* | \overline{\beta} \equiv 0 \pmod{4} \}$. За построяването на детерминиран автомат $\mathscr A$ с език $L(\mathscr A)=L_0=L$ ще използваме алгоритъма на Бжозовски.

$$\begin{array}{ll} 0^{-1}L_0=\left\{\beta\,|\,\overline{0\beta}\equiv\,0(\mod 4)\right\}=\left\{\beta\,|\,\overline{\beta}\equiv\,0\,\,(\mod 4)\right\}=L_0\\ 1^{-1}L_0=\left\{\beta\,|\,\overline{1\beta}\equiv\,0\,\,(\mod 4)\right\}=\left\{\beta\,|\,3^{|\beta|}+\overline{\beta}\equiv\,0\,\,(\mod 4)\right\}=:L_1\\ 2^{-1}L_0=\left\{\beta\,|\,\overline{2\beta}\equiv\,0\,\,(\mod 4)\right\}=\left\{\beta\,|\,2\times3^{|\beta|}+\overline{\beta}\equiv\,0\,\,(\mod 4)\right\}=:L_2 \end{array}$$

Получихме два нови езика L_1 и L_2 .

$$\begin{array}{l} 0^{-1}L_1=\left\{\beta\,|\,\overline{0\beta}\in L_1\right\}=\left\{\beta\,|\,3^{|0\beta|}+\overline{0\beta}\equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\}=\left\{\beta\,|\,3^{|\beta|+1}+\overline{\beta}\equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\}=\\ =\left\{\beta\,|\,3\times 3^{|\beta|}+\overline{\beta}\equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\}=:L_3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1^{-1}L_1 &= \left\{\beta\,|\,\overline{1\beta} \in L_1\right\} = \left\{\beta\,|\,3^{|1\beta|} + \overline{1\beta} \equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta\,|\,3\times3^{|\beta|} + (3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta}\,) \equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\} = \\ &= \left\{\beta\,|\,4\times3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta} \equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta\,|\,\overline{\beta} \equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\} = L_0 \end{aligned}$$

$$2^{-1}L_1 = \left\{\beta \,|\, \overline{2\beta} \in L_1\right\} = \left\{\beta^{|2\beta|} + \overline{2\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 3 \times 3^{|\beta|} + (2 \times 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta}) \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 5 \times 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta} \;(\mod 4)\right\} = L_1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 0^{-1}L_2=\left\{\beta\,|\,\overline{0\beta}\in L_2\right\}=\left\{\beta\,|\,2\times3^{|0\beta|}+\overline{0\beta}\equiv0\;(\mod4)\right\}=\left\{\beta\,|\,6\times3^{|\beta|}+\overline{\beta}\equiv0\;(\mod4)\right\}=\\ =\left\{\beta\,|\,2\times3^{|\beta|}+\overline{\beta}\equiv0\;(\mod4)\right\}=L_2 \end{array}$$

$$1^{-1}L_{2} = \left\{\beta \,|\, \overline{1\beta} \in L_{2}\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 2 \times 3^{|1\beta|} + \overline{1\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 6 \times 3^{|\beta|} + 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 3 \times 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = L_{3}$$

$$\begin{split} 2^{-1}L_2 &= \left\{ \overline{2\beta} \in L_2 \right\} = \left\{ \beta \,|\, 2 \times 3^{|2\beta|} + \overline{2\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\!\!\!\mod 4) \right\} = \left\{ \beta \,|\, 6 \times 3^{|\beta|} + 2 \times 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\!\!\!\mod 4) \right\} \\ &= \left\{ \beta \,|\, \overline{\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\!\!\!\mod 4) \right\} = L_0 \end{split}$$

Получихме един нов език L_3 .

$$\begin{split} 0^{-1}L_3 &= \left\{\beta\,|\,\overline{0\beta} \in L_3\right\} = \left\{\beta\,|\,3\times3^{|0\beta|} + \overline{0\beta} \equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta\,|\,9\times3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta} \equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\} = \\ &= \left\{\beta\,|\,3^\beta + \overline{\beta} \equiv 0\;(\mod 4)\right\} = L_1 \end{split}$$

$$1^{-1}L_3 = \left\{\beta \,|\, \overline{1\beta} \in L_3\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 3 \times 3^{|1\beta|} + \overline{1\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 9 \times 3^{|\beta|} + (3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta}) \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 2 \times 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = L_2$$

$$\begin{split} 2^{-1}L_3 &= \left\{\beta \,|\, \overline{2\beta} \in L_3\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 3 \times 3^{|2\beta|} + \overline{2\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = \left\{\beta \,|\, 9 \times 3^{|\beta|} + (2 \times 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta}\,) \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = \\ &= \left\{\beta \,|\, 3 \times 3^{|\beta|} + \overline{\beta} \equiv 0 \;(\mod 4)\right\} = L_3 \end{split}$$

език	δ	0	1	2
L_0	q_0	q_0	q_1	q_2
L_1	q_1	q_3	q_0	q_1
L_2	q_2	q_2	q_3	q_0
L_3	q_3	q_1	q_1 q_0 q_3 q_2	q_3

 q_0 е начално състояние, тъй като $L_0=L$ и отново q_0 е и финално състояние, тъй като $\varepsilon\in L_0.$

