Potential Audiences:

- 1. **Music Enthusiasts and Spotify Users** People who love discovering trends and exploring new music.
- 2. **Music Industry Professionals** Artists, producers, and marketers who want to understand what makes a song popular.
- 3. **Data Analysts and Researchers** People interested in music data for academic research or analytics.

Target Audience Selection: Music Industry Professionals

What do they know?

 They have a solid understanding of music production and market trends but may not be familiar with advanced data visualization or statistical methods.

What are their interests?

 Identifying what makes a song popular, understanding listener preferences, and predicting future music trends.

What visualization literacy do they have?

 Basic to moderate understanding of visualizations such as bar charts, line charts, and scatter plots, but prefer clear and intuitive dashboards over complex statistical graphs.

At what level of detail will you present information to them?

 Provide a high-level summary with the option to dive deeper into specific trends and song features, keeping technical jargon minimal.

Interesting Questions for Your Audience (At least 10 Questions)

- 1. Which platform provides the highest reach for top-ranked songs?
- 2. What is the relationship between TikTok views and Spotify streams?
- 3. Do songs with high Shazam counts have better streaming performance?
- 4. How does a song's playlist count affect its overall popularity?
- 5. Which artists consistently appear in the top ranks across all platforms?
- 6. Are songs released in specific months more successful?
- 7. What is the average track score for the top 50 songs?
- 8. How does YouTube engagement (likes and views) relate to Spotify playlist reach?
- 9. Do explicit tracks perform better or worse on different platforms?
- 10. What is the distribution of all-time rank among the top 100 songs?

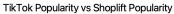
Dataset Attribute Breakdown and Data Types

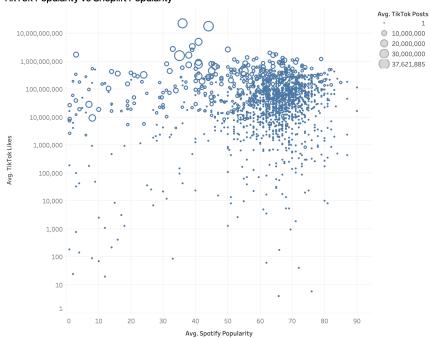
| Attribute | Description | Data Type |
|-------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Track Name | Name of the song | Categorical |
| Album Name | Name of the album the song belongs to | Categorical |
| Artist | Name of the artist(s) of the song | Categorical |
| Release Date | Date when the song was released | Ordinal (Date) |
| ISRC | International Standard Recording Code | Categorical |
| All Time Rank | Ranking of the song based on all-time popularity | Ordinal |
| Track Score | Score assigned to the track based on various factors | Quantitative |
| Spotify Streams | Total number of streams on Spotify | Quantitative |
| Spotify Playlist Count | Number of Spotify playlists the song is included in | Quantitative |
| Spotify Playlist Reach | Reach of the song across Spotify playlists | Quantitative |
| Spotify Popularity | Popularity score of the song on Spotify | Quantitative |
| YouTube Views | Total views of the song's official video on YouTube | Quantitative |
| YouTube Likes | Total likes on the song's official video on YouTube | Quantitative |
| TikTok Posts | Number of TikTok posts featuring the song | Quantitative |
| TikTok Likes | Total likes on TikTok posts featuring the song | Quantitative |
| TikTok Views | Total views on TikTok posts featuring the song | Quantitative |
| YouTube Playlist Reach | Reach of the song across YouTube playlists | Quantitative |
| Apple Music Playlist Count | Number of Apple Music playlists the song is included in | Quantitative |

| AirPlay Spins | Number of times the song has been played on radio stations | Quantitative |
|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| SiriusXM Spins | Number of times the song has been played on SiriusXM | Quantitative |
| Deezer Playlist Count | Number of Deezer playlists the song is included in | Quantitative |
| Deezer Playlist Reach | Reach of the song across Deezer playlists | Quantitative |
| Amazon Playlist Count | Number of Amazon Music playlists the song is included in | Quantitative |
| Pandora Streams | Total number of streams on Pandora | Quantitative |
| Pandora Track Stations | Number of Pandora stations featuring the song | Quantitative |
| Soundcloud Streams | Total number of streams on Soundcloud | Quantitative |
| Shazam Counts | Total number of times the song has been Shazamed | Quantitative |
| TIDAL Popularity | Popularity score of the song on TIDAL | Quantitative |
| Explicit Track | Indicates whether the song contains explicit content | Categorical (Boolean) |

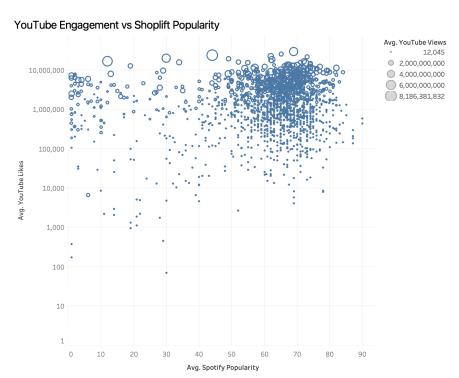
Tableaus

Xinyue Li

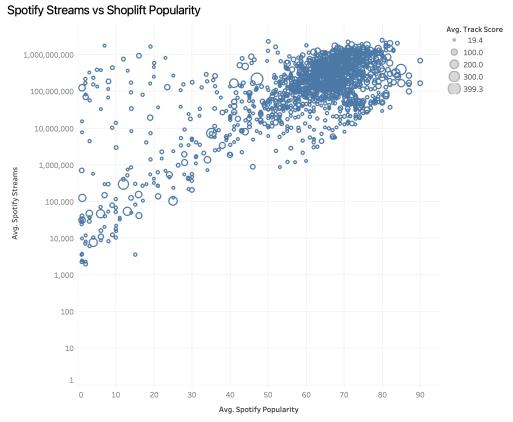




 $Average of Spotify Popularity vs. average of TikTok Likes. Size shows average of TikTok Posts. \ Details are shown for Artist. The properties of TikTok Posts of TikTok Post$



Average of Spotify Popularity vs. average of YouTube Likes. Size shows average of YouTube Views. Details are shown for Artist.



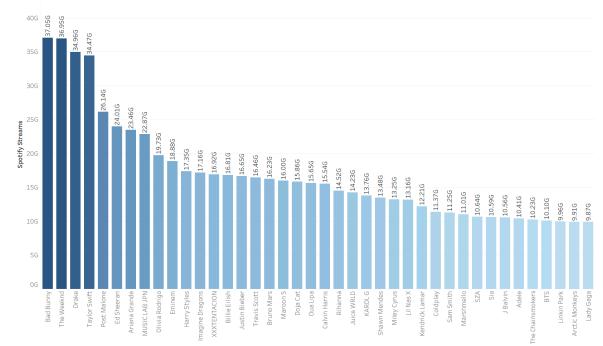
Average of Spotify Popularity vs. average of Spotify Streams. Size shows average of Track Score. Details are shown for Artist.

The questions answered in Tableau focused more on platform-specific engagement metrics, such as comparing TikTok likes, YouTube views, and Spotify streams in relation to Shoplift popularity. While these questions offered valuable insights into the relationship between platform engagement and overall popularity, they differed from some of the broader, trend-based questions the team initially proposed, such as analyzing patterns across genres, release dates, or explicit content. The shift occurred because platform-based metrics were more measurable and visually impactful in Tableau. These questions also provided clearer, more actionable insights for the target audience—music industry professionals. While broader questions remain valuable for identifying long-term trends, the Tableau visualizations helped answer specific, data-driven questions more effectively. Thus, the selected questions were a better fit for the available dataset and visualization capabilities.

Haochen Ding:

Top 40 Total Spotify Streams Artist

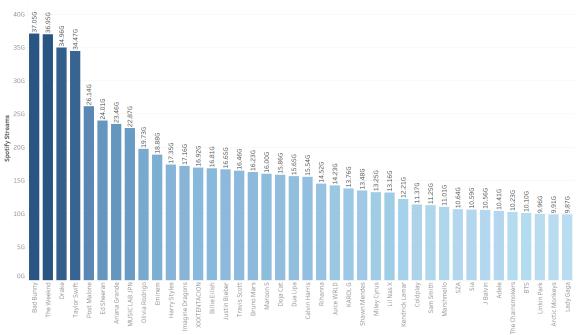
Artist



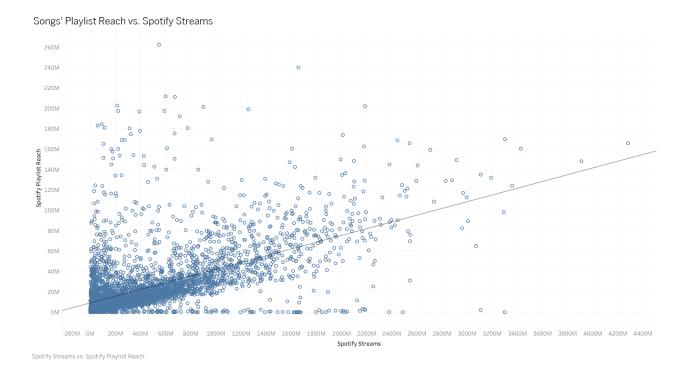
 $Sum of Spotify Streams. The view is filtered on Artist.\ Color shows sum of Spotify Streams.\ The marks are labeled by sum of Spotify Streams. The view is filtered on Artist, which keeps 40 of 2,000 members.$

Top 40 Total Spotify Streams Artist

Artist

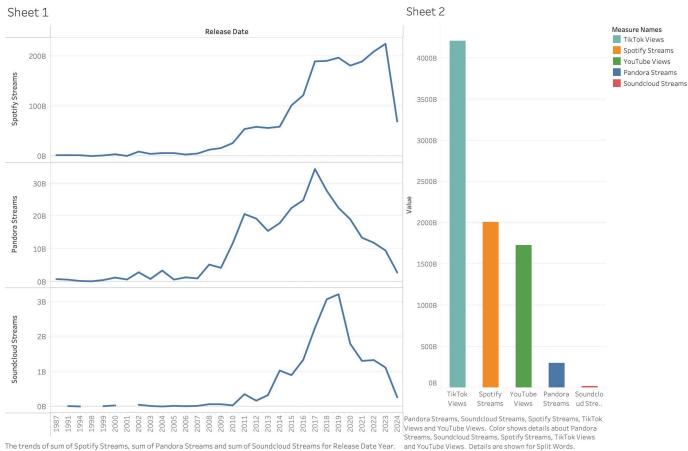


Sum of Spotify Streams for each Artist. Color shows sum of Spotify Streams. The marks are labeled by sum of Spotify Streams. The view is filtered on Artist, which keeps 40 of 2,000 members.

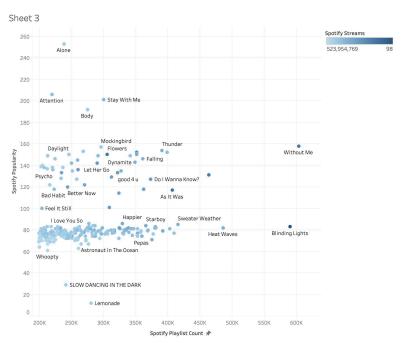


The questions we answered in Tableau were different from our team's original questions because of the data we had, the types of charts we could make, and what would be most useful for our audience. At first, we wanted to compare multiple streaming and social media platforms, look at how TikTok views affect streams, and see if explicit songs perform better. But in my Tableau visualizations, I focused on simpler trends that we could actually analyze, like the most-streamed artists and tracks and the connection between playlist reach and Spotify streams. We decided to create clear and useful visualizations that music industry professionals could easily understand. Even though we didn't answer all of our original questions, some of them are still important and could be explored in the future with more data.

Yinuo Yang:



The trends of sum of Spotify Streams, sum of Pandora Streams and sum of Soundcloud Streams for Release Date Year.



Sum of Spotify Playlist Count vs. sum of Spotify Popularity. Color shows sum of Spotify Streams. The marks are labeled by Track. The view is filtered on sum of Spotify Playlist Count and sum of Spotify Popularity. The sum of Spotify Playlist Count filter includes values greater than or equal to 200,000. The sum of Spotify Popularity filter keeps non-Null values only.

The questions answered in Tableau focused on platform-based engagement metrics, such as comparing TikTok views, YouTube views, and Spotify streams in relation to Spotify popularity. These insights helped illustrate the relationship between playlist exposure, platform reach, and overall song success. However, some of the broader trend-based questions the team initially proposed—such as analyzing explicit content performance, seasonal trends in releases, or artist consistency across platforms—were not directly addressed. This shift occurred because platform-driven metrics were more quantifiable and visually impactful in Tableau, making them more suitable for immediate insights. Additionally, these questions aligned better with our target audience of music industry professionals, offering clear, data-driven takeaways. While the broader questions remain useful for long-term industry analysis, the Tableau visualizations provided more specific, actionable insights, making them a better fit for our dataset and visualization capabilities.