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180905025 CSE - B Batch 3

OS - Lab

LAB-1

Q1. Write a program to print the lines of a file that contain a word given as the program argument (a simple version of grep UNIX utility).

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define LEN_BUFFER 256
* Search for a word in file given as cmd line ard
* Similar to grep for a single file
int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
 int in;
 char ch, buffer[LEN_BUFFER];
 if (argc != 3){
  fprintf(stderr, "Usage: arg1 - word, arg2 - file src to search in");
 if((in = open(argv[2], O_RDONLY)) < 0){
  fprintf(stderr, "Error opening file %s", argv[2]);
  perror(" ");
  exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 size_t len_read, char_count = 0;
 while((len\_read = read(in, \&ch, sizeof(char))) > 0){
  if (ch == '\n'){
   buffer[char count] = '\0';
   if(strstr(buffer, argv[1]) != NULL)
     printf("Found '%s': line --> %s\n", argv[1], buffer);
   char count = 0;
   memset(buffer, '\0', sizeof(buffer));
  }
  else {
   buffer[char_count++] = ch;
 }
```

```
close(in);
    return 0;
}

***\frac{\parento* q1-grep git:(main) \times ./main buffer main.c}{\parento* char ch, buffer[LEN_BUFFER];}
Found 'buffer': line --> buffer[char_count] = '\0';
Found 'buffer': line --> if(strstr(buffer, argv[1]) != NULL)
Found 'buffer': line --> printf("Found '%s': line --> %s\n", argv[1], buffer);
Found 'buffer': line --> buffer[char_count++] = ch;
```

Q2. Write a program to list the files given as arguments, stopping every 20 lines until a key is hit. (a simple version of more UNIX utility

```
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
/* List the lines in the files given as arguments
* Pause for user confimation every STEP number of lines
* similar to the more cmd line utility
* */
#define STEP 20
#define LEN_BUFFER 256
int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
 if(argc < 2){
  fprintf(stderr, "Usage: arg1 - file1 src, arg2 - file2 src, ... argn- filen src");
  exit(EXIT FAILURE);
 }
 int in;
 char buffer[LEN_BUFFER];
```

```
for(int i = 1; i < argc; i++){
 if((in = open(argv[i], O_RDONLY)) < 0){
  fprintf(stderr, "Error opening file %s", argv[i]);
  perror(" ");
  continue;
 }
else printf("\n'%s' contents:\n", argv[i]);
 char ch;
int line_count = 0;
 size_t len_read, char_count = 0;
 while((len\_read = read(in, \&ch, sizeof(char))) > 0){
  if(ch == '\n'){
   buffer[char_count] = '\0';
   printf("%d %s\n", line_count, buffer);
   char\_count = 0;
   line_count++;
   //Pause for user prompt to continue
   if(line_count % STEP == 0){
    printf("\n-----");
    char ch = getchar();
    if(ch == '\r')
     continue;
    else if (ch == 'q')
     break;
```

```
memset(buffer, '\0', sizeof(buffer));

lese {
  buffer[char_count++] = ch;
}

line_count = 0;
  char_count = 0;
  close(in);
  printf("End of file\n");
}
```

}

Q3. Demonstrate the use of different conversion specifiers and resulting output to allow the items to be printed.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
int main()
{
        printf("Hex to signed integer %d\n", 0xa);
        printf("char to signed int %d\n", 'b');
        printf("Strings %s\n", "Strings!");
        printf("Floating point (exponential) %e\n", 3.14);
        printf("Unsigned octal %o\n", 12);
        printf("Floating point %f\n", 0.1 );
 return 0;
}
```

```
→ q3-conv-spec git:(main) / ./main

Hex to signed integer 10

char to signed int 98

Strings Strings!

Floating point (exponential) 3.140000e+00

Unsigned octal 14

Floating point 0.100000
```

Q4. Write a program to copy character-by character copy is accomplished using calls to the functions referenced in stdio.h

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/uio.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
/*
* Program to copy char by char from src to dst file
* */
int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
 if (argc != 3){
  fprintf(stderr, "Usage: arg1 -- file1 src, arg2 -- file2 src");
  exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 }
 int ch, in, out;
 if ((in = open(argv[1], O_RDONLY)) < 0){
  fprintf(stderr, "Error opening src file %s", argv[1]);
  perror(" ");
  exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 }
 if \ ((out = open(argv[2], O\_WRONLY \mid O\_CREAT, S\_IWUSR \mid S\_IXOTH)) < 0) \\ \{
  fprintf(stderr, "Error opening dst file %s", argv[2]);
  perror(" ");
```

```
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}

size_t len_read, len_write;
while((len_read = read(in, &ch, 1)) > 0){
  if ((len_write = write(out, &ch, 1)) < 0){
    fprintf(stderr, "Error writing to dst file");
    perror(" ");
  }
}

printf("Done copying!\n");
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
→ q4-copy git:(main) X ./main input.c output.c
Done copying!
→ q4-copy git:(main) X cat output.c
#include<stdio.h>

int main(){
  printf("Hello World\n");
  return 0;
}
```