# **Solar System Review**

### **How Solar Panels Make Electricity**

Solar panels turn sunlight directly into electricity. They use special materials (like silicon) where sunlight knocks loose tiny particles called electrons. These electrons then flow, creating **Direct Current (DC)** electricity.

#### **Types of Solar Panels**

Here are the main types:

- Monocrystalline:
  - Appearance: Dark, uniform.
  - How made: Single, pure silicon crystal.
  - **Efficiency:** Highest (20-23% and up). Makes more power in less space.
  - **Cost:** More expensive.
  - Lifespan: Very long (25-30+ years).
- Polycrystalline:
  - o Appearance: Blue, speckled.
  - How made: Many silicon crystals melted together.
  - Efficiency: Good, but less than monocrystalline (18-21%). Needs more space for same power. Note: Less common now for new home installs.
  - Cost: More affordable.
  - Lifespan: Reliable (20-25 years).
- Thin-Film:
  - Appearance: Thin, flexible.
  - How made: Thin layers of material.
  - Efficiency: Lowest (17-19%). Needs much more space.
  - **Cost:** Cheapest to make.
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For homes, monocrystalline panels are the most common due to their efficiency.

## Main Parts of a Solar System

A home solar system includes:

- 1. Solar Panels: Capture sunlight, make DC electricity.
- Inverter: Changes DC electricity from panels into Alternating Current (AC), which your house uses.
  - Central Inverter: One large unit for all panels.

- Microinverters: Small inverters on each panel. If one panel has an issue (like shade), others still work fully.
- 3. **Mounting System (Racking):** The frame that holds panels securely on your roof.
- 4. Wiring: Connects panels to the inverter and your home's electrical panel.
- 5. **Net Meter:** Tracks how much solar power you use and how much extra you send back to the power company (which can earn you credits). If you don't make enough, it pulls power from the grid.
- 6. Optional: Battery Storage: Stores extra solar power for use at night or during outages.
- 7. **Monitoring System:** Lets you see how much power your system is making, usually through an app.

## **Efficiency in Cloudy Conditions**

Solar panels **do** work on cloudy days. They produce less electricity than on sunny days (around 10-25% of their full power, depending on cloudiness), but they don't stop working. A good system design considers your local weather to ensure year-round power.

## Comparing Solar Systems: Price, Value, and Your Needs

Experts compare systems based on:

- **Efficiency:** How much sunlight a panel turns into electricity. Higher efficiency = fewer panels for the same power.
- Cost per Watt: Total system cost divided by its power output (in watts). Lower is generally better value.
- Warranties:
  - Product Warranty: Covers panel defects (10-15 years).
  - Performance Warranty: Guarantees panels will still produce a certain amount of power (e.g., 80-85%) after 20-25 years.
- Manufacturer & Installer Reputation: Choose companies with good track records.

# Simple Way to Figure Out Your Solar Needs

- 1. **Find your average monthly electricity use:** Look at your last 12 electricity bills. Add up all the "kWh" (kilowatt-hours) used and divide by 12.
- 2. **Estimate daily use:** Divide your average monthly kWh by 30.
- 3. **Find "Peak Sun Hours" for your area:** This is how many hours of strong sunlight your location gets daily (around 4-5 hours in NC). Your installer will know this precisely.
- 4. Rough System Size (in kilowatts, kW): (Your average daily kWh) / (Peak sun hours) = kW needed.
- 5. **Rough Number of Panels:** If a typical panel is 400 watts (0.4 kW), then: (kW needed) / (0.4 kW/panel) = Number of panels.

**Example:** If you use 30 kWh/day and get 4.5 peak sun hours:

- 30 kWh / 4.5 hours = 6.67 kW system.
- 6.67 kW / 0.4 kW/panel = about 17 panels.

**Crucial:** This is an estimate. A solar installer will do a detailed plan based on your exact roof and usage.

## Top 10 Solar System Brands (Panels) - Value & Duke Energy Approval

Duke Energy doesn't approve specific *brands* for tax benefits. Instead, they approve *systems* installed by "Duke Energy Trade Ally" companies. The main federal and local benefits apply if your system meets their program rules.

Here are highly-rated, high-value solar panel brands. These are manufacturers; your local installer will carry some of these.

Rank	Manufacturer	Common Panel Type	Avg. Efficienc y Range	Typical Cost (per watt installed)*	Expecte d Panel Lifespan (Years, w/o major overhaul of panel itself)	Key Features / Value	Duke Energy NC Program Eligibility (Requires approved installer and system configuration)
1	Maxeon (SunPower)	Monocrystalline	22-23%+	\$3.50 - \$4.50	30+ years	Highest efficiency, excellent warranties, top performance . Great for small roofs.	Yes, if installed by a "Duke Energy Trade Ally" installer and system qualifies (e.g., PowerPair).
2	REC Solar	Monocrystalline (HJT)	21-22%	\$3.00 - \$4.00	25-30 years	High efficiency, strong in partial shade, reliable.	Yes, if installed by a "Duke Energy Trade Ally" installer and system qualifies.

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6	JinkoSolar	Monocrystalline (PERC)	19-21%	\$2.70 - \$3.70	25-30 years	Huge global maker, good performance , very cost-effectiv e.	Yes, if installed by a "Duke Energy Trade Ally" installer and system qualifies.
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• Cost per watt installed is an estimate and includes all parts and labor. Actual cost varies by region, installer, and specific system.

#### Future of Solar & Al's Role

Solar technology keeps getting better:

- **Higher Efficiency:** New materials like **perovskites** are being developed that can turn even more sunlight into electricity (potentially 25%+).
- **Better Performance:** Future panels might work better in low light, cloudy conditions, or high heat.
- **Integrated Solar:** Solar panels might be built into roof tiles or windows, looking just like regular building materials.
- Improved Batteries: Batteries will become cheaper and store more power for longer.

**How Al Helps:** Al is like a smart helper for solar:

Smarter Energy Use: Al can learn your home's energy habits and weather. It decides
when to use solar power, store it in batteries, or sell it back to the grid to save you
money.

- **Spotting Problems Early:** Al monitors your system for issues (like a dirty panel or loose wire) and tells you before they become big problems.
- **Best Panel Placement:** All can figure out the perfect angle and spot for panels on your roof to get the most sun.

### Solar System Value Growth & Duke Energy Subsidies in NC

Solar system value grows because electricity prices go up, and solar tech gets cheaper. Incentives also boost value.

#### **Predicted Value Growth of Residential Solar in North Carolina**

Year	Initial System Cost (Example: 10kW system)*	Annual Electricity Savings (Estimated)	Federal Solar Tax Credit (ITC)**	Duke Energy NC Subsidies (PowerPair Example)***	Net Cost After Incentive s	Accumulate d Savings + System Value	Expected System Longevit y (Years without major overhaul)
2025	\$30,000	\$1,500	\$9,000	Up to \$9,000 (Solar + Battery)	\$12,000	\$1,500	25-30+
2030	(Value based on savings)	\$1,750 (Rates higher)	Remaining ITC (if applicable)	Program may change	-	\$10,000 - \$12,000	20-25+
2035	-	\$2,000	-	-	-	\$20,000 - \$25,000	15-20+
2040	-	\$2,250	-	-	-	\$30,000 - \$35,000	10-15+
2045	-	\$2,500	-	-	-	\$40,000 - \$45,000	5-10+

#### **Explanation:**

- Initial System Cost: The price you pay for the system before incentives.
- **Annual Electricity Savings:** Money saved on your power bill each year. This grows as regular electricity prices rise.
- Federal Solar Tax Credit (ITC): You get 30% of the system cost back as a tax credit from the U.S. government through 2032. This is a huge discount.
- Duke Energy NC Subsidies (PowerPair Example): Duke Energy's "PowerPair" program (as of June 2025, nearing capacity) gives you upfront money back for installing

- solar and especially batteries (up to \$9,000 combined). This significantly lowers your upfront cost. You must use a "Duke Energy Trade Ally" installer to qualify.
- Net Cost After Incentives: What you actually pay after getting the tax credit and Duke Energy money back.
- Accumulated Savings + System Value: The total money saved on bills over time, plus
  the overall financial benefit of having solar. This doesn't count the higher value of your
  home.
- Expected System Longevity: Solar panels themselves are built to last 25-30 years or more with minimal power loss. Other parts like inverters might need replacing around 10-15 years, but the core system keeps working.

Duke Energy subsidies (like PowerPair) in North Carolina make solar even more valuable by drastically cutting the upfront cost. This means you save money faster and get a better return on your investment. Always check the latest Duke Energy programs, as they can change.

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Choosing solar power for your home is a smart choice. Here's a direct guide to understanding solar systems and picking the right one.

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