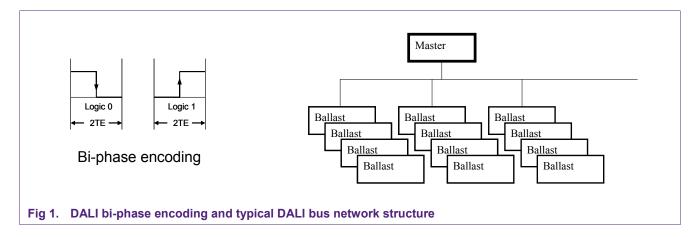
**USB - DALI master using the LPC2141** 

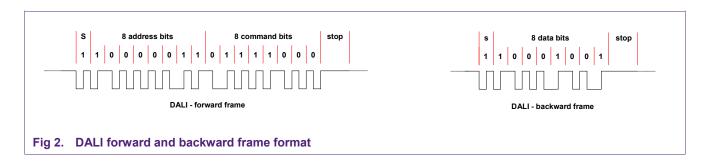
## 1. Introduction

The international standard (IEC929) DALI-bus communication protocol is intended for use in digital TL-ballast intelligent lighting systems. In a typical application, a DALI-bus consists of one controller (master), and multiple slaves (normally TL-ballasts). It can control up to 64 different slaves (ballasts) within the same control system. It's possible to transmit commands to single ballasts or to a group of ballasts.

The DALI bus consists of two wires, providing a differential signal. Data is transmitted in frames. There are two different frame types: a "forward" frame (2 bytes, sent by the master to the slaves), and a "backward" frame (1 byte, sent by a slave to the master, possibly containing status info). DALI uses a bi-phase (also called Manchester) encoding, which means that the data is transmitted using the edges of the signal. A rising edge indicates a '1'; a falling edge indicates a '0' (see Fig 1).



Every bit takes two periods TE. The defined bit rate of DALI is 1200 bps. So, 1 bit period (2TE) is  $\sim$ 834 µsec. A frame is started by a start bit, and ends with two high-level stop bits (no change of phase). Data is transmitted with the MSB first. Between frames, the bus is in idle (high) state (see Fig 2).



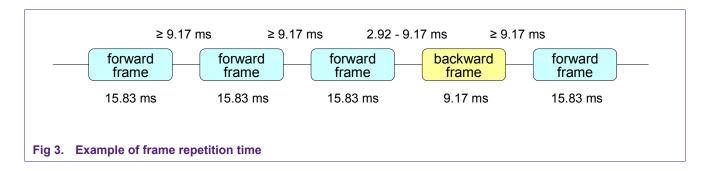
Additional protocol timing requirements for transmission are (see Fig 3):

- The settling time between two subsequent forward frames shall be at least 9.17 ms.
   This means that 4 forward frames with accompanying periods of 9.17 ms shall fit exactly in 100 ms.
- The settling time between forward and backward frames (transition from forward to backward) shall be between 2.92 and 9.17 ms. After sending the forward frame, the

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master unit will wait for 9.17 ms. If no backward frame has been started after 9.17 ms this is interpreted as "no answer" from slave.

 The settling time between backward and forward frames (transition from backward to forward) shall be at least 9.17 ms.



Every DALI slave is able to react to a short address, 16 group addresses and broadcast. The following addressing scheme is used.

Type of addresses:	address byte:	
Short or group address	YAAAAAAS	
Short addresses (64)	0 <b>AAAAAA</b> S	
Group addresses (16)	100 <b>AAAA</b> S	
Broadcast	<b>1111111</b> S	
Special command	<b>101</b> CCCC1	
Special command	<b>110</b> CCCC1	
S: selector bit:	S = '0' direct arc power level following	
	S = '1' command following	
Y: short- or group address:	Y = '0' short address	
	Y = '1' group address or broadcast	
A: significant address bit		

<u>Table 1</u> contains a complete summary of the DALI command set. Basically there are four types of commands (forward frames):

- 1. Direct / Indirect arc power control commands used to set ballast power level.
- 2. Configuration commands configures the ballast (for example: add to a group or store level). Command must be repeated within 100 ms, otherwise it's ignored.
- 3. Query commands ask slave (ballast) for status information (for example: power level or version number). The slave can send a backward frame.
- 4. Special commands used to initialize and setup the ballast, some must be repeated within 100 ms, and some require an answer from the slave. Most commands are only processed within 15 minutes after an "INITIALIZE" command is received.

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C: significant command bit

Table 1. DALI Command Set Summary

Number	Command Code	Repeat < 100 ms	Answer Slave	Command Name
	YAAA AAA0 XXXX XXXX	no	no	DIRECT ARC POWER CONTROL
0	YAAA AAA1 0000 0000	no	no	OFF
1	YAAA AAA1 0000 0001	no	no	UP
2	YAAA AAA1 0000 0010	no	no	DOWN
3	YAAA AAA1 0000 0011	no	no	STEP UP
4	YAAA AAA1 0000 0100	no	no	STEP DOWN
5	YAAA AAA1 0000 0101	no	no	RECALL MAX LEVEL
6	YAAA AAA1 0000 0110	no	no	RECALL MIN LEVEL
7	YAAA AAA1 0000 0111	no	no	STEP DOWN AND OFF
8	YAAA AAA1 0000 1000	no	no	ON AND STEP UP
9-15	YAAA AAA1 0000 1XXX			RESERVED
16 - 31	YAAA AAA1 0001 XXXX	no	no	GO TO SCENE
32	YAAA AAA1 0010 0000	yes	no	RESET
33	YAAA AAA1 0010 0001	yes	no	STORE ACTUAL LEVEL IN THE DTR
34 - 41	YAAA AAA1 0010 XXXX			RESERVED
42	YAAA AAA1 0010 1010	yes	no	STORE THE DTR AS MAX LEVEL
43	YAAA AAA1 0010 1011	yes	no	STORE THE DTR AS MIN LEVEL
44	YAAA AAA1 0010 1100	yes	no	STORE THE DTR AS SYSTEM FAILURE LEVEL
45	YAAA AAA1 0010 1101	yes	no	STORE THE DTR AS POWER ON LEVEL
46	YAAA AAA1 0010 1110	yes	no	STORE THE DTR AS FADE TIME
47	YAAA AAA1 0010 1111	yes	no	STORE THE DTR AS FADE RATE
48 - 63	YAAA AAA1 0011 XXXX			RESERVED
64 - 79	YAAA AAA1 0100 XXXX	yes	no	STORE THE DTR AS SCENE
80 - 95	YAAA AAA1 0101 XXXX	yes	no	REMOVE FROM SCENE
96 - 111	YAAA AAA1 0110 XXXX	yes	no	ADD TO GROUP
112 -127	YAAA AAA1 0111 XXXX	yes	no	REMOVE FROM GROUP
128	YAAA AAA1 1000 0000	yes	no	STORE DTR AS SHORT ADDRESS
129 -143	YAAA AAA1 1000 XXXX			RESERVED
144	YAAA AAA1 1001 0000	no	yes	QUERY STATUS
145	YAAA AAA1 1001 0001	no	yes	QUERY BALLAST
146	YAAA AAA1 1001 0010	no	yes	QUERY LAMP FAILURE
147	YAAA AAA1 1001 0011	no	yes	QUERY LAMP POWER ON
148	YAAA AAA1 1001 0100	no	yes	QUERY LIMIT ERROR
149	YAAA AAA1 1001 0101	no	yes	QUERY RESET STATE
150	YAAA AAA1 1001 0110	no	yes	QUERY MISSING SHORT ADDRESS
151	YAAA AAA1 1001 0111	no	yes	QUERY VERSION NUMBER
152	YAAA AAA1 1001 1000	no	yes	QUERY CONTENT DTR

Number	Command Code	Repeat < 100 ms	Answer Slave	Command Name
153	YAAA AAA1 1001 1001	no	yes	QUERY DEVICE TYPE
154	YAAA AAA1 1001 1010	no	yes	QUERY PHYSICAL MINIMUM LEVEL
155	YAAA AAA1 1001 1011	no	yes	QUERY POWER FAILURE
156 - 159	YAAA AAA1 1001 11XX			RESERVED
160	YAAA AAA1 1010 0000	no	yes	QUERY ACTUAL LEVEL
161	YAAA AAA1 1010 0001	no	yes	QUERY MAX LEVEL
162	YAAA AAA1 1010 0010	no	yes	QUERY MIN LEVEL
163	YAAA AAA1 1010 0011	no	yes	QUERY POWER ON LEVEL
164	YAAA AAA1 1010 0100	no	yes	QUERY SYSTEM FAILURE LEVEL
165	YAAA AAA1 1010 0101	no	yes	QUERY FADE TIME / FADE RATE
166 - 175	YAAA AAA1 1010 XXXX			RESERVED
176 - 191	YAAA AAA1 1011 XXXX	no	yes	QUERY SCENE LEVEL (SCENES 0-15)
192	YAAA AAA1 1100 0000	no	yes	QUERY GROUPS 0-7
193	YAAA AAA1 1100 0001	no	yes	QUERY GROUPS 8-15
194	YAAA AAA1 1100 0010	no	yes	QUERY RANDOM ADDRESS (H)
195	YAAA AAA1 1100 0011	no	yes	QUERY RANDOM ADDRESS (M)
196	YAAA AAA1 1100 0100	no	yes	QUERY RANDOM ADDRESS (L)
197 - 223	YAAA AAA1 110X XXXX			RESERVED
224 - 255	YAAA AAA1 11XX XXXX			APPLICATION EXTENDED COMMANDS
256	1010 0001 0000 0000	no	no	TERMINATE
257	1010 0011 XXXX XXXX	no	no	DATA TRANSFER REGISTER (DTR)
258	1010 0101 XXXX XXXX	yes	no	INITIALISE
259	1010 0111 0000 0000	yes	no	RANDOMISE
260	1010 1001 0000 0000	no	yes	COMPARE
261	1010 1011 0000 0000	no	no	WITHDRAW
262	1010 1101 0000 0000			RESERVED
263	1010 1111 0000 0000			RESERVED
264	1011 0001 HHHH HHHH	no	no	SEARCHADDRH
265	1011 0011 MMMM MMMM	no	no	SEARCHADDRM
266	1011 0101 LLLL LLLL	no	no	SEARCHADDRL
267	1011 0111 0AAA AAA1	no	no	PROGRAM SHORT ADDRESS
268	1011 1001 0AAA AAA1	no	yes	VERIFY SHORT ADDRESS
269	1011 1011 0000 0000	no	yes	QUERY SHORT ADDRESS
270	1011 1101 0000 0000	no	no	PHYSICAL SELECTION
271	1011 1111 XXXX XXXX			RESERVED
272	1100 0001 XXXX XXXX	no	no	ENABLE DEVICE TYPE X
273 - 287	110X XXX1 XXXX XXXX			RESERVED

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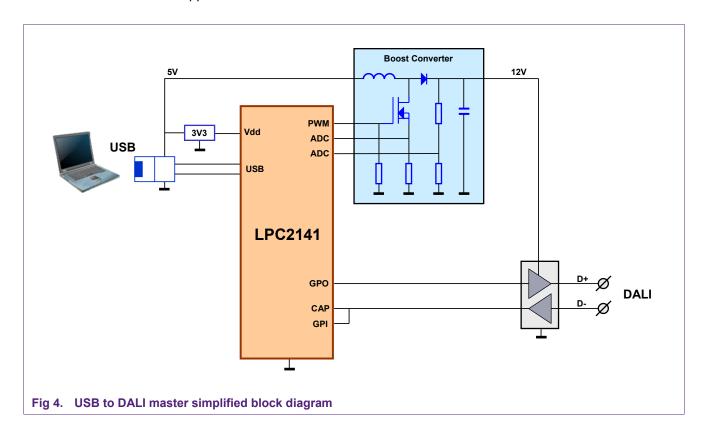
## 2. USB - DALI master

The DALI master described in this application note is in fact a USB to DALI protocol converter. It's a simple design that connects to the USB port of a PC running a simple GUI that can send DALI commands and receive slave answers.

#### 2.1 Hardware

For the design an LPC2141 microcontroller is selected (see Fig 4) because of its on-chip USB interface (used to communicate with a PC - GUI). To send DALI commands a general purpose output pin (P0.28) is used. For the reception of slave backward frames Timer 0, capture 0 (P0.30), together with a general purpose input pin (P0.29) are used.

The boost converter is needed to generate 12V / 250 mA out of the USB 5V bus supply. This part of the design, as well as the DALI hardware bus driver logic, is not handled in this application note.



#### 2.2 Software

#### TRANSMITTING A DALI - MESSAGE

Sending a frame is relatively easy. The implementation uses Timer 0 interrupt every period 'TE' to generate the DALI message. Sending a single bit via bi-phase encoding requires two interrupts, in order to produce a good transition. A '1' is sent by pulling down the line for one period, followed by releasing it for one period. Sending a '0' is exactly the opposite. A position counter is used to keep track of which bit is being transmitted. The counter runs at twice the bit frequency (just like the interrupt), so bit 0 can be used to detect whether the first or the second period of this bit is to be transmitted.

**USB - DALI master using the LPC2141** 

#### **DECODING A DALI - MESSAGE**

The easiest method to decode DALI messages is to detect the edges of the signal and measure the time between these edges. Using a timer capture input of the LPC2141 this is easy to accomplish, because the input can capture and generate an interrupt at both rising and falling edge. At the falling edge the pulse 'high time' is captured and stored. At a rising edge the pulse 'low time' is captured, and the received bit(s) is decoded.

The example software is written in C language and compiled using Keil's uVision (ARM7 RealView, V3.2) free demo compiler. It performs following main tasks:

- Initialization: for LPC2141 configuration the standard startup code from Keil was used and set as CCLK = PCLK = 60 MHz
- USB (HID class) interface for receiving the DALI command and return of the slave's answer. The USB modules from Keil's HID example were used (not listed in this application note)
- DALI driver: use Timer 0 match 0 for sending DALI forward frames. Before a frame is send the driver determines whether or not the command should be repeated (resend) within 100 msec). Use timer 0 capture 0 to receive DALI backward frames (see dali\_drv.c module listed below)
- Main: check and clear event flags and take action (see module main.c listed below)

#### 2.2.1 main.c

```
1
      #include <LPC214x.H>
                                                        // LPC214x definitions
      #include "global.h"
2
3
                                                         // DALI forward frame
4
      WORD forward = 0;
     BYTE answer = 0;
                                                         // DALI slave answer
5
      BYTE f dalitx = 0;
7
     BYTE f dalirx = 0;
8
9
      void GetInReport(BYTE *rep)
                                                        // USB host is asking for an InReport
10
11
          if (f dalirx)
                                                        // answer from slave received ?
12
13
              rep[0] = 1;
                                                        // send answer
14
              rep[1] = answer;
15
16
          else
              rep[0] = 0;
17
                                                        // no answer
18
19
20
      void SetOutReport(BYTE *rep)
                                                        // OutReport received from USB host
21
22
          forward = (rep[0] \ll 8) \mid rep[1];
23
          f dalitx = 1;
                                                        // set DALI send flag
2.4
      int main(void)
2.6
27
          USB Init();
                                                         // USB Initialization
2.8
          USB Connect(TRUE);
                                                         // USB Connect
29
30
          DALI Init();
31
```

## **USB - DALI master using the LPC2141**

```
while (1)
33
             if (f dalitx)
                                                    // flag set from USB or the DALI module
3.4
35
36
                f dalitx = 0;
                                                     // clear DALI send flag
                f dalirx = 0;
37
                                                     // clear DALI receive (answer) flag
                 DALI Send();
                                                     // DALI send data to slave(s)
3.8
39
4 0
41 }
```

## 2.2.2 dali\_drv.c

```
/***********************
42
4.3
44
         ; DALI master
4.5
46
       ; For transmit, this module uses GPIO - PO.28 (DALI send pin)
       ; DALI forward frame format:
47
48
                ;
49
50
51
                5.3
54
        ;
55
         ;
                     | 2TE 
56
57
58
       ; For receive, this module uses TO-CAPO input (capture and interrupt on both edges)
59
        ; CAPO.O (PO.30) is connected to PO.29 (to check high / low level by software)
60
61
               DALI slave backward frame format:
62
                                              | S | 8 data bits | stop |
6.3
                                               64
65
         ;
66
                  +----- +-+ +-+ +--+ +-+ +-+ +-+ +-+
         ;
                  67
68
        ; |4 + 7 to 22 TE |2TE|2TE|2TE|2TE|2TE|2TE|2TE|2TE|2TE| 4TE |
70
         ; 2TE = 834 usec (1200 bps)
72
7.3
          74
          #include <LPC214x.h>
                                                                                                // LPC21xx definitions
75
76
          #include "global.h"
77
          #define INITIALISE 0xA500
                                                                                               // command starting initialization mode
7.8
         #define RANDOMISE
79
                                               0xA700
                                                                                               // command generating a random address
80
                                                                                            // half bit time = 417 usec
                                                  834/2
81
          #define TE
                                                                                               // minimum half bit time
          #define MIN TE
                                                  TE - 60
82
                                                  TE + 60
                                                                                               // maximum half bit time
83
          #define MAX TE
                                                                                               // minimum full bit time
          #define MIN 2TE
                                                  2*TE - 60
8.4
                                              2*TE + 60
         #define MAX 2TE
                                                                                               // maximum full bit time
8.5
86
87
          static int low_time;
                                                                                                // captured puls low time
          static int high time;
88
                                                                                                // captured puls high time
89
```

## **USB - DALI master using the LPC2141**

10 of 15

```
// used for dali send bit
    static BYTE value;
91
    static BYTE position;
                                             // keeps track of sending bit position
                                             // previous received bit
    static BYTE previous;
92
93 static WORD frame;
                                            // holds received slave backward frame
94 static BYTE f repeat;
                                            // flag command shall be repeated
95
   static BYTE f busy;
                                            // flag DALI transfer busy
96
97
98
   static void DALI Shift Bit(BYTE val)
99 {
                                             // frame full ?
        if (frame & 0x100)
100
101
         frame = 0;
                                             // yes, ERROR
102
          frame = (frame << 1) | val;</pre>
                                            // shift bit
103
104 }
105
     /***********************
106
107
    ; DALI Decode (we only take action at a rising edge)
108
109 ; Half(prev) Bit Low Time High Time Action New Half Bit 110 ; ------
Shift 0
-ERROR-
116 ; 1
                     0
                                  1
117 ;
         1
                      1
                                   0
118
                                   1
    ;
                                            Shift 0,1
119
121 static void DALI Decode(void)
122 {
     BYTE action;
123
124
125
       action = previous << 2;
126
127
      if ((high_time > MIN_2TE) && (high_time < MAX_2TE))</pre>
         action = action | 1;
128
                                    // high time = long
129
        else if (!((high time > MIN TE) && (high time < MAX TE)))
130
131
                                            // DALI ERROR
           frame = 0:
132
           return;
        }
133
134
135
        if ((low time > MIN 2TE) && (low time < MAX 2TE))</pre>
        action = action | 2; // low time = long
136
        else if (!((low_time > MIN_TE) && (low_time < MAX_TE)))</pre>
137
138
139
                                           // DALI ERROR
           frame = 0:
           return;
140
1 4 1
142
143
        switch (action)
144
        case 0: DALI_Shift_Bit(0);
                                           // short low, short high, shift 0
145
146
                break;
        case 1: frame = 0;
                                            // short low, long high, ERROR
147
148
                break;
        case 2: DALI_Shift_Bit(0);
                                            // long low, short high, shift 0,1
149
150
                 DALI_Shift_Bit(1);
                 previous = 1;
151
                                            // new half bit is 1
152
                 break;
```

```
153
            case 3: frame = 0;
                                                        // long low, long high, ERROR
154
                     break;
155
            case 4: DALI Shift Bit(1);
                                                        // short low, short high, shift 1
156
                     break;
157
            case 5: DALI Shift Bit(0);
                                                        // short low, long high, shift 0
                                                        // new half bit is 0
158
                     previous = 0;
159
                     break;
            case 6: frame = 0;
                                                        // long low, short high, ERROR
160
161
                     break:
162
            case 7: DALI Shift Bit(0);
                                                        // long low, long high, shift 0,1
163
                     DALI Shift Bit(1);
164
            default: break;
                                                        // invalid
165
    }
166
167
168
       irq void DALI Isr(void)
169
170
          TOTC = 0;
                                                        // reset timer
171
172
          if (T0IR & 1)
                                                        // match 0 interrupt for DALI send
173
174
              if (value)
175
                 IOSETO | = 0 \times 100000000;
                                                        // DALI output pin high
176
177
                 IOCLR0 \mid = 0 \times 100000000;
                                                        // DALI output pin low
178
179
              if (position == 0)
                                                        // OTE second half of start bit = 1
180
181
                  value = 1;
182
183
              else if (position < 33)</pre>
                                                        // 1TE - 32TE, so address + command
184
                  value = (forward >> ((32 - position)/2)) & 1;
185
186
                  if (position & 1)
                                                        // invert if first half of data bit
187
                      value = !value;
188
189
              else if (position == 33)
                                                        // 33TE start of stop bit (4TE)
190
                                                        // and start of min settling time (7TE)
191
                  value = 1;
192
193
              else if (position == 44)
                                                        // 44TE, end stop bits + settling time
194
                                                        // receive slave answer, timeout
195
                  TOMR0 = 9174;
                                                        // of 22TE = 9,174 msec
                  TOCCR = 0x0007;
196
                                                        // enable rx, capture on both edges
197
198
              else if (position == 45)
                                                        // end of transfer
199
200
                  TOTCR = 2;
                                                        // stop and reset timer
201
                  if (frame & 0 \times 100)
                                                        // backward frame (answer) completed ?
202
203
                       answer = (BYTE) frame;
                                                        // OK ! save answer
                                                        // and set flag to signal application
204
                       f dalirx = 1;
205
206
                  frame = 0;
                                                        // reset receive frame
207
                  f busy = 0;
                                                        // end of transmission
208
                                                        // repeat forward frame ?
                  if (f_repeat)
209
                      f dalitx = 1;
                                                        // yes, set flag to signal application
210
211
              position++;
212
              TOIR = 0x01;
                                                        // clear MRO interrupt flag
213
          }
214
215
```

```
216
          else
                                                        // capture interrupt for DALI receive
217
              if (IOOPIN & 0x20000000)
218
                                                       // check rising or falling edge P0.29
219
                  if (frame ! = 0)
                                                       // not first pulse ?
220
221
222
                      low time = TOCRO;
                                                        // rising, so capture low time
                      DALI Decode();
                                                        // decode received bit
223
224
225
                  else
226
                  {
227
                      previous = 1;
                                                        // first pulse, so shift 1
228
                      DALI Shift Bit(1);
229
230
231
              else
                                                       // falling, so capture high time
232
                  high time = TOCRO;
233
              TOIR = 0x10;
234
                                                       // reset interrupt flag
235
236
          VICVectAddr = 0;
                                                       // Ack interrupt by resetting VIC
237
238
239
      void DALI Send(void)
240
241
          if (f repeat)
                                                        // repeat last command ?
242
243
              f repeat = 0;
244
245
          else if ((forward & 0xE100) == 0xA100 || (forward & 0xE100) == 0xC100)
246
              if ((forward & 0xFF00) == INITIALISE || forward == RANDOMISE)
247
248
                  f repeat = 1;
                                                        // special command repeat < 100 ms
249
          else if ((forward & 0x1FF) >= 0x120 && (forward & 0x1FF) <= 0x180)
250
251
252
              f repeat = 1;
                                                        // config. command repeat < 100 ms
253
254
          while (f busy) ;
                                                        // Wait until dali port is idle
255
256
          frame
                 = 0;
                                                       // first half of start bit = 0
257
          value = 0;
258
          position = 0;
259
          f busy = 1;
                                                        // set transfer activate flag
                                                        // ~ 2400 Hz
260
          TOMRO = TE;
261
          TOCCR = 0x0000;
                                                        // disable capture interrupt
                                                       // intr on MRO, reset timer on match 0
          TOMCR = 0x0003;
262
263
          TOTC = 0;
                                                        // reset timer
264
          TOTCR = 1;
                                                        // enable timer
265
266
267
      void DALI Init(void)
268
269
          VICVectAddr1 = (LONG) &DALI Isr;
          VICVectCntl1 = 0x24;
270
                                                        // channel0 on Source#4 ... enabled
                                                        // channel#4 is the Timer 0
271
          VICIntEnable |= 0x10;
272
273
          IODIRO | = 0 \times 100000000;
                                                        // P0.28 = DALI send pin
274
          IOSETO | = 0 \times 100000000;
          PINSEL1 |= 0 \times 300000000;
275
                                                        // P0.30 as CAP0.0 = DALI receive pin
          TOPR = 60;
276
                                                        // timer runs at 60 MHz / 60 = 1 MHz
277
```