Manual for Pi Presents © Ken Thompson, 2013 for Version 1.1.0, 20th Jan 2013

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USING THE MANUAL

The manual is issued as a PDF because it was too large and unwieldy to be a text file. Raspbian has a pdf reader, however the pdf reader, mupdf, installed with earlier images is somewhat limited. Install xpdf using:

sudo apt-get install xpdf

1 Introduction

Pi Presents is a presentation application intended for Museums and Visitor Centres. I am involved with a couple of charity organisations that are museums or have visitor centres and have wanted a cheap way to provide audio interpretation and slide/videoshow displays. Until the Raspberry Pi arrived buying or constructing even sound players was expensive. The Raspberry Pi with its combination of Linux, GPIO and a powerful GPU is ideal for black box multi-media applications; all it needs is a program to harness its power in a way that could be used by non-programmers.

This initial issue of Pi Presents offers some basic features but under the bonnet it is, I hope, a flexible modular application with simple to use editing facilities to configure it to your exact display requirements. The initial features include:

- Animation or interpretation of exhibits by triggering a sound, video, or slideshow from a PIR or button.
- A repeating media show for a visitor centre. Images, videos, audio tracks, and messages can be displayed.
- Allow media shows to be interrupted by the visitor and a menu of videos to be presented.
- Showing 'Powerpoint' like presentations where progress is controlled by buttons or keyboard. The presentation may include images, text, audio tracks and videos.

I have immediate plans to develop an audio player based on pulseaudio which should replace omxplayer for audio tracks and allow use of the 3.5mm jack without popping. Also the ability to asynchronously trigger a number of tracks from GPIO pins. Other

ideas are a html renderer, animation of exhibits using GPIO outputs, synthetic speech, and display of animations using OpenGLES.

There are potentially many applications of Pi Presents and your input on real world experiences would be invaluable to me, both minor tweaks to the existing functionality and major improvements.

Once set up, use of Pi Presents is simple and does not require a network:

- Applications can be prepared using a simple to use editor
- Will operate on a Model A Raspberry Pi (but see hardware requirements).
- No need to modify the Pi's SD card after initial installation. All media and configuration options can be kept on a removable usb stick and can edited on a Linux machine or Windows PC (tbd). Installing a new application is as simple as inserting the USB stick.
- Control can be by buttons or PIR switched to 0 volts. It is straightforward to make your own controls in a box containing the Pi, or perhaps a wired remote. Alternatively a keyboard can be used.
- Video is selectable between HDMI or composite using the normal Pi setup procedure. Amplification and volume control can use readily available PC loudspeakers.
- If a LAN is available configuration data and media can easily be FTP'ed to Pi Presents.

PI Presents, out of the box, runs as a desktop application on the Raspberry Pi using the keyboard for control. However with a little bit of Linux magic it can be made to run as a black box application with control from GPIO; full instructions are given below. Black box features include:

- Disabling screen blanking
- Full screen operation without window decorations
- Black screen behind videos and images
- Completely headless operation without a keyboard, mouse or buttons (except perhaps a shutdown button if you are not brave)
- Optional operation with pushbuttons or PIR through GPIO
- Automatic start up when power is applied to the Pi
- All media can be on a USB stick or on the SD card

Safe shutdown without using keyboard or mouse

While Pi Presents is easy to set up for the majority of tasks using the editor application; it also very flexible allowing complex combinations of media shows to be produced and triggered.

1.1 Acknowledgements

Johannes Baiter (jbaiter) for pyomxplayer based on Noah's pexpect

Numerous people on the Raspberry Pi forum and websites, particularly StackExchange, who have unwittingly given solutions to many technical problems and taught me Python.

ActiveState for a free Python systems for Windows

The Raspberry Pi Foundation for the first affordable machine that plays video, audio and has GPIO.

2 Installation

The installation instructions are in the README.md file.

3 Try Some Examples

Download the examples from the pipresents-examples github repository as described in the README.md file.

From a terminal window opened in the pipresents directory type:

```
python pipresents.py -p pp mediashow
```

You will see a continuous looping show.

The pipresents-examples repository has examples of how to use Pi Presents:

- pp_mediashow
 The profile you have just run. The show will start immediately, progress automatically, and repeat after 70 seconds. Use the Up and Down cursor keys to skip.
- pp_menu
 Use the Up and Down cursor keys to traverse the menu, Return to Start a track, and Escape to terminate it.
- pp exhibit

This demonstrates how to trigger a mediashow from a PIR or button. When started, the screen will be blank. Pressing the Play button or triggering the PIR will start a one shot mediashow and then wait for another trigger. The example uses the Return key instead of the PIR to see the effect.

• pp_interactive

This combines a mediashow and a menu. The mediashow is run continuously but every track has a hint showing that a menu can be triggered by the Return key. Pressing Escape from the menu returns to the mediashow.

pp presentation

The mediashow is configured as a presentation. Use the Return key to start the presentation and the Up and Down cursor keys to traverse through it.

All examples use a selection of media tracks which are in /home/pi/pp_home/media. The profiles are in /home/pi/pp_home/pp_profiles. The pp_showlist.json file specifies the look and feel of the show; other files specify the media to use. The files can be viewed in a text editor.

The keyboard commands are:

- Up or Down Cursor- move through a menu.
- Up or Down Cursor Move through a presentation type show. Can also be used to skip to the next track or previous in an automatic mediashow. The movement stops at the start of a show and at the end of the show obeys the configuration of the show so might do unexpected things.
- Return Start a presentation or play the selected menu entry.
- Escape In a track, Stop and return to the show. In a show, back to the calling show.
- In an image, video, or audio track p or spacebar- pause/resume.
- CTRL-BREAK always exits Pi Presents

4 The Pi Presents Profile Editor

Profiles can be created and edited using the pp editor.py

```
python pp editor.py
```

4.1 The Displays

Select one of the example profiles using the Profile>Open menu. Gotcha: Remember to open the selected profile directory before pressing OK.

- The top left panel displays the shows in the profile
- The bottom left panel shows the medialists in the profile, click on one of the entries to select it.
- The right-hand panel shows the tracks in the selected medialist.

The selected entries are shown in red. Click the 'Edit' button adjacent to the left-hand panel to edit the selected show and adjacent to the right-hand panel to edit the selected track.

Edits are saved to disc when OK is pressed, use Cancel if you want to duck out.

You can run pipresents.py and pp_editor.py concurrently from two terminal windows so the effect of any edits can quickly be seen. You will need to restart pipresents.py to see the updates. If you are going to edit the examples make a copy of them first by using the File Manager to access /home/pi/pp_home/pp_profiles and to copy a directory.

Section 6 of this manual contains a complete definition of all of the types of shows and tracks.

4.2 Profile Menu Operations

Profile>Open - displays a directory viewer to select a profile for editing. The profiles displayed are those in the home directory defined in the Options>Edit menu.

Profile>Validate - Validate the Profile. Font and Colour fields are currently not validated and if you edit the .json files with a text editor you are on your own!

Profile>New from Template - lists templates for all the example shows. The templates have example tracks so they will run un-edited.

4.3 Shows

Shows can be of two types, menu and mediashow. Mediashows play a sequence of tracks; menus allow tracks to be selected by the user.

All shows have the following fields:

- title Text displayed in the editor and on a menu
- show_ref A label which allows other shows to reference this show. Can be any alpha-numeric string without spaces.
- medialist this is the name of a file which appears in the medialist panel. It
 must have the extension .json. Every show must have a medialist to define the
 tracks in the show.

Shows have a number of fields which provide default values for all the tracks in the show - duration, cut, omx-audio - tracks will use the values in the show if their corresponding fields are left blank. Show-text is overlayed on every image in the show.

The tracks in a show can themselves be shows, so a mediashow could include segments which are themselves mediashows, a menu of mediashows could be produced, or you could have a menu of menus. The permutations are infinite! This is called a 'sub-show'; sub-shows are tracks so appear in the medialist.

4.3.1 Mediashows

Mediashows have a number of fields to define the shape for the show - trigger, progress, repeat and repeat-interval.

A menu can be associated with a mediashow such that the menu is accessible from any track in the show. These are termed 'child shows'. The 'has-child' field tells Pi Presents that a menu is associated with the show; the menu itself is referenced in the medialist for the show. Associated with the use of a 'child show' is 'hint-text' which is displayed only when 'has-child' is yes.

4.3.2 Menus

A menu has a number of fields to define the look and feel of the menu - entry-x, entry-y, entry-spacing, entry-font etc.

A menu needs some User instructions this is included in the hint-text field.

If a menu is not used for a period of time it might be useful to return to the calling mediashow, the timeout field, if non-zero, provides the function.

A menu can have a background image, The 'has-background' field enables this. The reference to the menu is in the medialist associated with the show.

4.3.3 Start Shows

Specify the first show to be run in the 'start-show' field.

4.3.4 Show Menu Operations

Show>Add - Add a new menu or mediashow. The show type of an existing show cannot be edited.

Show> Edit - Duplicates the Edit button

Show>Remove - Deletes the show from the profile, no going back!

4.4 Medialist Operations

Medialist>Add - Add a new medialist. The .json extension is added if not included.

Medialist>Remove - Deletes the medialist from the profile, no going back!

4.5 Tracks

Medialists are similar to playlists in a media-player in that they define the tracks to be played either in sequence or as part of a menu.

4.5.1 Anonymous and Labelled tracks

Anonymous tracks have a blank 'track-ref' field. Anonymous tracks are included in a menu or mediashow in the order that they are displayed in the editor.

Tracks with a label are not included in a menu or mediashow. They are used for special purposes and have special labels.

4.5.2 Media Tracks

Media tracks play things. They reference the file containing the media and provide per-track definition of how the track is played.

Media track types are:

Video

A track played by omxplayer. Pi Presents should play any track that omxplayer can play (but see hardware requirements). Video tracks can be paused with the Pause GPIO button or the 'space' or 'p' keys.

Audio

Audio tracks are currently played by omxplayer against a black screen. I am hoping to implement an AudioPlayer module that uses aplayer, mpg123, or some such and pulseaudio. This will get rid of pops on the 3.5mm jack, allow more than one track to be played simultaneously, and allow images and audio to be combined

Image

Image tracks are rendered by the Python Imaging Library. See hardware requirements for recommended image size.). Image tracks can be paused with the Pause GPIO button or the 'space' or 'p' keys. Image tracks can be overlayed with text; track-text is overlayed on a per track basis, show-text per show.

Message

Message tracks display text against a black background. They do not need a file to be specified as the text is contained in the track entry in the profile.

Each type of track has fields describing how to display the track, some of these override the corresponding fields in the calling show.

4.5.2.1 Track File Names

I wanted to produce a system where profiles and their media can be moved between different drives without breaking the references between shows and their media tracks. This is necessary if a profile is prepared on a Pi on a SD card and moved to a USB Stick for operational use; also if the profiles are, in future, to be prepared on a Windows machine.

To achieve this portability media tracks should be stored under the /pp_home directory, in sub-directories if desired. If tracks are copied to this location before the profile is prepared then the Profile Editor will automatically compute the appropriate track reference:

- If the file is below the home directory (...../pp_home), as defined in the Options>Edit menu then the file reference will look like '+/track to play.mp4'
- Otherwise the reference will look like '/home/pi/mymedia/track_to_play.mp4'; an absolute reference.

Absolute references do have their uses, for example in specifying internet url's e.g. http://www.mysite.com/ track_to_play.mp4

4.5.3 Show Tracks

The tracks in a show can themselves be shows, so a mediashow could include segments which are themselves mediashows, a menu of mediashows could be produced, or you could have a menu of menus. This is called a 'sub-show'.

Show tracks allow sub-shows to be specified. The sub-show field specifies the label (show-ref) of the show to play.

4.5.4 Labelled Tracks

Labelled tracks are used for special purposes. Two preset labels are currently defined:

Child Show Tracks

These are show type tracks with the show-ref field value of 'pp-child-show'. They are needed in the medialist of a mediashow if 'has-child' is yes. The child-show field is usually refers to a menu but a mediashow could be used.

• Menu Background Tracks

These are menu-background type tracks with the show-ref field value of 'pp-menu-background'. They are needed in the medialist of a menu if 'has-menu-background' is yes.

4.5.5 Track Menus

Track>Add from File

Adds one or more track entries containing media files to the end of the medialist. These may be images, videos or audio tracks. The editor automatically calculates the file location and track type. If either of these is unacceptable then use Track>New to add a blank track of the required type.

The list of extensions that are used to select track type is in the first few lines of the pp_editor.py source. Please raise a bug report if these are inadequate.

Track>Add from Dir

Similar to Add from File, except that all eligible tracks in the directory are added to the medialist.

The list of eligible extensions that is used to select tracks and their types is in the first few lines of the pp editor.py source. Please raise a bug report if these are inadequate.

Track>New

Adds a blank track of the selected type to the end of the medialist.

Track>Edit

Duplicates the Edit Button

Track>Remove

Deletes the track from the medialist, no going back!

4.6 Editor Options

Access from the Options>Edit menu of pp editor.py

Pi Presents Home Directory

This is an important option which must be set to the directory in which any profile directories and relative media is to be assembled. Out of the box it is set to /home/pi/pp_home. If you choose an alternative setting for this then ensure that the directory /pp profiles is created inside the chosen /pp home.

Initial Media Directory

This is just a helper setting to define where 'Add Track' and 'Add from Dir' starts their browsing.

4.7 Editor Command Line Options

-ddebug	Run time errors give alerts and are reported to the terminal window if open. Turning on debugging will in addition provide a trace of the operation of Pi Presents in the terminal window.
	Errors and the trace are also recorded in the /pipresents/pp_log.log file.
-ccode <arg></arg>	Specifies the location of Pi Presents. If not used then the default is
	/home/pi/pipresents.

5 Black Box Operation

There are a number of things to set up to make Pi Presents into a full screen, auto starting, GPIO controlled application. You do not need to use them all.

5.1 Command Line Options

python pipresents.py -h will show the command line options

Options	
-pprofile <arg></arg>	Base name of the profile to be used. e.g. pp_mediashow
	If this is not specified then it defaults to pp_profile.
-ggpio	Use the GPIO for buttons and PIR. To use this Pi Presents must
	be run as root:
	sudo python pipresents.py -g
	The keyboard can still be used if gpio is enabled.
-bnoblank	Disable screen blanking.
	For this to function x11-server-utils must have been installed.
-ffullscreen	Run Pi Presents in full screen mode. For this to function it must
<arg></arg>	be set up as described below.
	<arg> is top, bottom, left, right the location of your taskbar</arg>
-ohome <arg></arg>	Location of the Pi Presents 'home' directory'
	/ 1: XXQDQDXQXX
	e.g. /media/USBSTICK or /home/pi/my_data
	If this option is not specified it defaults to /home/pi
-ddebug	Run time errors give alerts and are reported to the terminal
	window if open. Turning on debugging will in addition provide
	a trace of the operation of Pi Presents in the terminal window.
	Errors and the trace are also recorded in the
	/pipresents/pp_log.log file.
-ccode <arg></arg>	Specifies the location of Pi Presents. If not used then the default
	is /home/pi/pipresents.
-vvalidate	Validate the profile when Pi Presents is started.

5.2 Specify a Profile

The --profile (-p) command line option specifies the profile to use. This is the name of the profile directory in the pp_profiles directory. If the option is omitted it will default to pp_profile.

The prefix pp_ means nothing special other than denoting files provided by the developer.

5.3 Specify a Home Directory

The --home (-o) command line option specifies the location of Pi Presents data home. If the option is omitted it will default to /home/pi.

Hence if both --profile and --home options are omitted the profile directory will be:

```
/home/pi/pp home/pp profiles/pp profile
```

which should contain at least a pp_showlist.json file and optionally xxx.json medialist files. Media files should ideally be stored under:

```
/home/pi/pp home
```

sub-directories are permissible.

USB sticks can be used to hold media. They will be assigned mount points in the /media directory.

```
e.g. /media/KINGSTON
```

Raspbian will auto mount USB sticks if they are present at power on, or plugged in afterwards. If Pi Presents is started at power on it takes up to 10 seconds after Pi Presents starts for the drive to be mounted.

Raspbian will compute the mount point from the name of the drive on the stick. If preparing the USB Stick on Windows machines it appears Windows converts all entered drive names to upper case.

5.4 Using GPIO to Control Pi Presents

GPIO control is enabled using the --gpio command option. If GPIO is used then the command starting Pi Presents must be preceded by sudo.

The following Pins of the GPIO connector 1 correspond to the keyboard keys.

Pin	Button	Equivalent Key	
P1-12	Shutdown	-	Press for 5 seconds to exit Pi
			Presents and shut down the Pi.
P1-15	Down	Cursor Down	
P1-16	Up	Cursor Up	
P1-18	Play	Return	
P1-22	Pause	p or spacebar	toggle pause for videos.
P1-7	Stop	Escape	Stop playing a track or return to

			the higher level show.
P1-11	PIR	Return	Currently acts the same as Play
			button but has opposite polarity
			and de-bounce can be
			configured differently.
-	-	CTRL-BREAK	Abort Pi Presents. Focus must
			be on a Pi Presents window.

The GPIO ports are set up as leading edge triggered inputs with internal pull-up resistors.

- Push buttons should be mechanical, push to make (normally open), and be connected between the GPIO pin and Ground.
- PIR's should have Normally Closed relay contacts and be connected between the GPIO pin and ground.

A 330 ohm resistor is series with the button or PIR is recommended to protect the Pi should the inputs inadvertently be used as outputs.

```
GPIO Pin ---- 330R ---- contact --- 0 volts (Gnd)
```

There is software contact de-bouncing which is set with a small hysteresis. If you have problems with contact bounce increase the THRESHOLD of the appropriate pin by modifying pp buttons.py

5.5 Disable Screen Blanking

To disable screen blanking you must first install xset which is part of the x server utilities package, this should have done if you followed the install instructions..

```
sudo apt-get install x11-xserver-utils
```

You can than use the --noblank command option to disable screen blanking.

5.6 Make Pi Presents Occupy the Whole Screen

Adjust the Taskbar and minimize it:

- Right click on the Taskbar and select Panel setting
- Select the Appearance Tab. Select Solid colour and, choose black with 100% opacity.
- Select the Advanced Tab
 Set 'minimise panel when not in use' to On
 Set 'Size when minimized' to 2 pixels

Change the Openbox configuration so it removes window decorations for Pi Presents (happens only when --fullscreen <arg> option is used):

• Edit the file /home/pi/.config/openbox/lxde-rc.xml to add the following just before the line </applications>

which can be achieved as user Pi using Leafpad. I suggest you make a backup first

Note: The directory .config is already present in the image but you will need to select 'Show Hidden Files' in the File Manager to see it.

• Use the --fullscreen <arg> command option to switch full screen on or off and to specify the location of the taskbar.

5.7 Start Pi Presents when Power is Applied to the Pi

This will function only if you have set 'boot to desktop' using raspi-config.

• Create the folder home/pi/.config/lxsession/LXDE

Note: The directory .config is already present in the image but you will need to select 'Show Hidden Files' in the File Manager to see it.

• In this folder put a file named autostart containing one line specifying the full path:

```
e.g. sudo python /home/pi/pipresents/pipresents.py
<options>
```

• Make the autostart file executable by using the properties menu in the File Manager to alter the permissions on the file.

5.8 Shutdown the Raspberry Pi from the GPIO

Press the Shutdown button for more than 5 seconds. Pi Presents will exit and safely shut down the Pi.

6 Anatomy of Configuration Data

Out of the box configuration data is kept is a directory called /pp_home. /pp_home must contain a directory, /pp_profiles, in which profiles are stored.

A profile is a directory which contains the information needed to configure a single application of Pi Presents. It must contain a pp_showlist.json file and one or more medialist (.json) files.

For portability reasons all media should also be kept under the directory /pp_home, but this is not essential. Media can be stored anywhere under the /pp_home directory using sub-directories if necessary.

The default location of /pp_home is /home/pi; this will need to be overridden by command line options if you are using a USB stick. There is a /pp_home directory in the /pipresents directory, but this should not be used as it contains internal data.

The pp_showlist.json file contains a number of sections, a 'start' show section and a number of sections each defining a user generated show.

Shows in the pp_showlist.json file define the look and feel of the shows and how they link together. Medialist (.json) files in a profile define the content each show and some per track look and feel information.

6.1 Shows

6.1.1 Start Show

This must be present and serves just to initiate the first user defined show.

Field	Examples	Values
type	start	A special type
title	First Show	Text describing the show displayed in the editor.
show-ref	start	must be 'start'
start-show	myfirstshow	Any text without spaces.

6.1.2 Mediashow

A 'Media show' is a sequence of one or more images, videos, messages, menus, mediashows or soundtracks. The content is defined by a medialist (.json) file. A show in the pp_showlist.json defines the look and feel of the show.

Field	Examples	Values
		Essential information
type	mediashow	Cannot be edited
title	My First Show	Text describing the show displayed in the editor or
		menus.
show-ref	myfirstshow	A 'label' by which the show is referenced by other
		shows. Any text without spaces
medialist	mymedia.json	Filename of the medialist file containing the tracks
		for the menu.

Field	Examples	Values
		T
		How the show is to be run
trigger	start	How the media show is started:
		• start - start when Pi Presents starts
		• PIR - wait for a trigger from a PIR,
		• button - wait for the Play button or Return
		key
repeat	interval	How the media show is repeated:
		 oneshot - mediashow is run once
		• interval - run at intervals
repeat-	10	The time between the start of one mediashow and
interval		the start of the next in seconds. If the value is less
		than the length of the show play will be
		continuous. A value of 0 will always give a
		continuous repeat of the show
progress	auto	How the show progresses between tracks:
		 manual - Pi presents will wait for
		next/previous keys/buttons between tracks.
		 auto - tracks play continuously.
sequence		sequence of tracks:
		 ordered - played in the order of the
		medialist
		Mediashows can optionally provide an entry point for a menu. If the Return key or Play button is pressed the menu will be started. The mediashow will continue when the menu terminates.
has-child	yes	yes/no. If yes the child is enabled. This is usually a menu but could be a mediashow. The child is defined in the medialist with the track-ref of pp-child-show.
		A hint is a line of text displayed near the bottom of the screen when has-child is yes. Used as a hint on the existence of a menu and how to enter it.
hint-text	Press Play to	
hint-font	Helvetica 30 bold	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-widget-styling.htm
hint-colour	white	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-widget-
	,,,,,,,	styling.htm
hint-y	100	distance of the text from the bottom of the screen
		(pixels)
		Show text is overlayed on all images in the show.
show-text	Picture of Taj	If not blank the text displayed on the image.
	Mahal	. , ,

Field	Examples	Values
show-text-	Helvetica 30	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-widget-
font	bold	styling.htm
show-text-	white	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-widget-
colour		styling.htm
show-text-x	100	distance of the start of the text from the left of the screen (pixels)
show-text-y	100	distance of the top of the text from the top of the screen (pixels)
		Tracks played in the show need some configuration if not supplied in the medialist
transition	cut	cut, fade, slide, crop. Type of transition between tracks.
		Only cut works until Pi Presents gets GPU
		acceleration. Others are implemented as an
		experiment, but incorrectly.
duration	10	How long an image or message is displayed in
		seconds. A value of 0 displays continuously.
omx-audio	hdmi	hdmi/local/ <blank>. Sound output channel for any</blank>
		track played by omxplayer from the show.
omx-other-		other options for omxplayer (care required to avoid
options		have a nice day!)

6.1.3 Menu

A 'Menu' is a collection of one or more images, videos, messages, menus, mediashows or soundtracks. The content is defined by a medialist (.json) file. A show in the pp_showlist.json defines the look and feel of the menu.

Field	Examples	Values
		Essential information
type	menu	Cannot be edited
title		Text describing the show displayed in the
		editor or menus.
show-ref	mymenu	A 'label' by which the show is referenced
		by other shows. Any text without spaces
medialist	themenu.json	Filename of the medialist file containing the
		tracks for the menu.
		The look and feel of the menu
menu-x	300	integer, x position of the start of the first
		line of the menu (pixels from left of screen)
menu-y	250	integer, y position of the start of the first
		line of the menu (pixels from top of screen)
menu-spacing	70	integer, gap between menu entries (top to
		top)

entry-font	Helvetica 30 bold	Tkinter font name see: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-widget-styling.htm
entry-colour	white	Tkinter colour see: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-widget-styling.htm
entry-select-colour	red	colour when the entry selected
timeout	60	seconds, If there is no activity on the menu Pi presents automatically returns to the previous display. 0 for no timeout.
has-background	yes	yes/no. If yes an image is displayed behind the menu. The image is defined in the medialist with the track-ref of pp-menubackground.
		Menus do not have children; the hint is used for track playing instructions.
hint-text	To Play	
hint-font	helvetica 30 bold	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter- widget-styling.htm
hint-colour	white	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter- widget-styling.htm
hint-y	100	distance of the text from the bottom of the screen (pixels)
		Show text is overlayed on all images opened from the menu.
show-text	Picture of Taj Mahal	If not blank the text displayed on the image.
show-text-font	Helvetica 30 bold	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinterwidget-styling.htm
show-text-colour	white	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinterwidget-styling.htm
show-text-x	100	distance of the start of the text from the left of the screen (pixels)
show-text-y	100	distance of the top of the text from the top of the screen (pixels)
		Tracks played from a menu need some configuration if not supplied in the medialist
transition	cut	see mediashow for values
duration	10	see mediashow for values
omx-audio	hdmi	see mediashow for values
omx-other-options	-t 1	see mediashow for values

6.2 Medialists

Medialists define the content of a show. Each entry is a 'track'. Tracks can be of various types:

- image a still image. Image types are currently those that can be rendered by the Python Imaging Library. Image size should be kept to the 1 megapixel region. Images can be overlaid with Track Text and Show Text
- video a track played by omxplayer. Track types depend on the codec licences purchased from the Foundation.
- audio an audio track played by aplayer on some such. This is currently not implemented; the aim is to enable a number of parallel asynchronous tracks to be played from one Pi. Currently audio tracks are played by omxplayer.
- message displays lines of text against a black background. Can also used to display a blank screen. It provides a simple slide preparation facility. If you want something better use Powerpoint or similar and export as .jpg.
- show shows can be used as tracks allowing nesting to any depth.
- child-show a special type of track to specify the child show of a mediashow.
- menu-background a special type of track to specify the image file to be used as the background for a menu.

Media Track Path References

The leading + sign in file paths allows tracks to be specified relative to the /pp_home directory. If a plus sign is not present then the path must be absolute. It is recommended that media files be stored under /pp_home if the profiles are to be portable.

Track Reference Labels

Some medialist entries will have labels defined by the key 'track-ref'. If the label is blank then the track is included in the menu or mediashow. If the label is not blank then the track is used for a special purpose. Currently there are two special purposes;

- The background image for a menu which has the label pp-menu-background
- The child show of a mediashow which has the label pp-child-show

Labels will be used in the future to respond to asynchronous events.

The field definitions for each type of medialist track follow.

6.2.1 Image

Field	Example	Values
track-ref		A label for the track - blank so that the track is
		included in a menu or mediashow.
type	image	
title		Displayed on a menu and in the editor
location	+/media/sarename.gif	The filename of the track. (relative)
duration	5	Seconds If 0 then image is displayed until
		terminated by user input. If blank then the
		value in the referencing show is used.
transition	cut	cut/fade/rotate/slide/. If omitted then the value
		in the referencing show is used. (Only cut
		currently works)
track-text	Picture of Taj Mahal	If not blank the text displayed on the image.
track-text-	helvetica 30 bold	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-
font		widget-styling.htm
track-text-	white	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-
colour		widget-styling.htm
track-text-x	100	distance of the left end of the text from the left
		of the screen (pixels)
track-text-y	100	distance of the top of the text from the top of
		the screen (pixels)

6.2.2 Video

A track to be played with omxplayer; currently audio tracks use this player.

Field	Example	Values
track-ref		A label for the track - blank so that
		the track is included in a menu or
		mediashow.
type	video	
title	The Film	Displayed on a menu and in the editor
location	/home/pi/myvideos/film.mp4	The filename of the track.
		(absolute)
omx-audio	local	hdmi/local. If blank then the value
		in the referencing show is used.

6.2.3 Message

Field	Example	Values
track-ref		A label for the track - blank so that the track is
		included in a menu or mediashow.
type	message	
title	A Message	Displayed on a menu and in the editor
text	Welcome	The text to be displayed.
duration	5	Seconds. If 0 then message is displayed until
		terminated by user input. If blank then the
		value in the referencing show is used.
message-font	helvetica 30 bold	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-
		widget-styling.htm
message-colour	white	See: http://effbot.org/tkinterbook/tkinter-
		widget-styling.htm

6.2.4 Show

Menus or mediashows can be a track in another show or menu. Uses might be:

- A mediashow made up of smaller mediashows
- A menu of mediashows, particularly presentations
- Menus with sub-menus

Field	Example	Values
track-ref		A label for the track - blank so that the track is included in a menu or mediashow.
type	show	
title	My Other Show	Displayed on a menu and in the editor
sub-show	myothershow	Reference to the show to be run

6.2.5 Child Show

This is a special medialist entry which provides a referencing mechanism for the child show of a mediashow.

track-ref	pp-child-show	The label indicates this contains a reference to a child show. The track will not be included in
		the menu or mediashow.
type	show	
title	Child Show	Displayed on a menu and in the editor
sub-show	mychildshow	Reference to the show to be run

6.2.6 Menu Background

Field	Example	Values
track-ref	pp-menu-background	The label indicates this contains a reference to a menu background. The track will not be included in the menu or mediashow.
type	menu-background	
title	Menu Background	Displayed on a menu and in the editor
location	+/media/sarename.gif	The filename of the track. (relative)

7 Hardware Requirements

Pi Presents can be used with either Rev 1 or Rev 2 Pi's. The GPIO pins have been chosen such that they are version agnostic. 256MB Pi's can be used provided image size kept to the 1 megapixel region.

The RAM memory split is determined by omxplayer and on 256MB machines should be the minimum that omxplayer requires to allow the maximum RAM memory for the handling of images. omxplayer plays some videos using 64MB of RAM; others need 128MB, especially if you want sub-titles.

Display of images is slow. A one megapixel images takes a couple of seconds to display. The one 10 megapixel image I tried took 10 seconds to display and crashed a 256MB Pi. Larger images, greater than the screen pixel size, will do nothing to improve the picture and will take longer to display even on 512MB machines; I use the brilliant Faststone Photo Resizer http://www.faststone.org/FSResizerDetail.htm to reduce the size of images on a Windows PC. The todo list includes using the GPU to display images.

Use the HDMI or 3.5mm jack output for audio. Amplification and volume control will need to be provided in external hardware to suit the application.

8 Updating Pi Presents

Download pipresents from github as described in the README.md file. Data stored in /home/pi/pp_home will not be affected. Do not store your data in the pipresents/pp home directory as it may be overwritten.

As Pi Presents develops new fields will be added to the profile definition and others deleted. To control this the three elements - Pi Presents, the editor and the profiles - must have the same version. Pi Presents will object if a profile with the wrong version

is used. Use the editor which will automatically update the version of the profile and its fields.

The profiles in pipresents-examples will be kept compatible with the latest version of Pi Presents. Beware re-installing these might overwrite profiles you have made. The example profiles can be updated by running them through the editor.

9 Bug Reports and Feature Requests

Please use the Github Issues Tab https://github.com/KenT2/pipresents/issues or the Pi Presents thread https://www.raspberrypi.org/phpBB3/viewtopic.php?f=38&t=29397 on the Raspberry Pi forum to report bugs.

I am keen to improve Pi Presents and your input on real world experiences and requirements would be invaluable to me, both minor tweaks to the existing functionality and major improvements.

10 Known Problems

10.1 Pi Presents locks up in full screen, how do I escape.

This is usually caused by Python reporting an exception due to incorrect configuration data. Use validation in the editor and try the show, not full screen, and running from a terminal window so you can CTRL-C out if CTRL-BREAK fails. Pulling the power has potential for corruption so the ideal solution is to SSH into the Pi from another machine, run (top top -upi) and kill the python process with the k xxxx command. You may need to kill an omxplayer process as well.

10.2 Permission to write to pp_log.log is denied.

The log file pp_log.log is created with the user permissions currently employed. If sudo was used in the command that created the file it is owned by root. Delete the file and then create with user Pi or run pipresents.py without sudo.