# synthetic datasets

```
Warning: package 'bartMachine' was built under R version 4.3.3

Warning: package 'randomForest' was built under R version 4.3.3

Warning: package 'missForest' was built under R version 4.3.3

Warning: package 'dbarts' was built under R version 4.3.3

Warning: package 'BART' was built under R version 4.3.3

Warning: package 'bench' was built under R version 4.3.3

Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.3
```

### create dataset

```
linear_dgp_fun <- function(n_train, n_test, p, beta, noise_sd) {
    n <- n_train + n_test
    X <- matrix(rnorm(n * p), nrow = n, ncol = p)
    y <- X %*% beta + rnorm(n, sd = noise_sd)
    data_list <- list(
        X_train = X[1:n_train, , drop = FALSE],
        y_train = y[1:n_train],
        X_test = X[(n_train + 1):n, , drop = FALSE],
        y_test = y[(n_train + 1):n]
    )
    return(data_list)
}
linear_dgp <- create_dgp(</pre>
```

```
.dgp_fun = linear_dgp_fun, .name = "Linear DGP",
  # additional named parameters to pass to .dgp_fun()
  n train = 350, n test = 120, p = 4, beta = c(1,2,1.5,3), noise sd = 1
dataset_dgp_fun <- function(datasetname){</pre>
  address <- "C:/Users/pyk/Desktop/nus/RA/project/imodels-data-master/data_cleaned/"</pre>
  file <- paste0(datasetname,".csv")</pre>
  file_path <- paste0(address,file)</pre>
  df <- read.csv(file_path)</pre>
  x \leftarrow df[, -ncol(df)]
  y <- df[, ncol(df)]
  train_indices <- createDataPartition(y, p = 0.8, list = FALSE)</pre>
  data_list <- list(</pre>
    X_train <- x[train_indices, ],</pre>
    y_train <- y[train_indices],</pre>
    X_test <- x[-train_indices, ],</pre>
    y_test <- y[-train_indices]</pre>
  return(data_list)
dataset_dgp <- create_dgp(.dgp_fun = dataset_dgp_fun,.name = 'heart',</pre>
                             datasetname = "heart")
```

### linear\_dgp

```
DGP Name: Linear DGP
Function: function (n_train, n_test, p, beta, noise_sd)
Parameters: List of 5
$ n_train : num 350
$ n_test : num 120
$ p : num 4
$ beta : num [1:4] 1 2 1.5 3
$ noise_sd: num 1
```

## build BART model

```
BART_fun <- function(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, df,k,q) {
  train_X <- data.frame(X_train)</pre>
  test_X <- data.frame(X_test)</pre>
  t <- bench::mark(fit <- wbart(x.train = train_X,
                                   y.train = y_train,
                                   x.test = test_X,
                                   k = k,
                                   sigdf = df,
                                   sigquant = q
                                   ))
  time <- mean(t$time[[1]])</pre>
  predictions <- colMeans(fit$yhat.test)</pre>
  mse_score <- mean((y_test - predictions)^2)</pre>
 return(list(time = time, mse=mse_score))
}
dbarts_fun <- function(X_train, y_train, X_test, y_test, df,k,q){</pre>
  train_X <- data.frame(X_train)</pre>
  test_X <- data.frame(X_test)</pre>
  t <- bench::mark(bart_model <- bart(x.train = train_X,
                                           y.train = y_train,
                                           x.test = test_X,
                                           k = k,
                                           sigdf = df,
                                           sigquant = q))
  time <- mean(t$time[[1]])</pre>
  predictions <- colMeans(bart_model$yhat.test)</pre>
  mse_score <- mean((y_test - predictions)^2)</pre>
  return(list(time = time, mse=mse_score))
}
bartMachine_fun <- function(X_train, y_train, X_test,y_test,df,k,q){</pre>
  train_X <- data.frame(X_train)</pre>
  test X <- data.frame(X test)</pre>
  t <- bench::mark(bart_model <- bartMachine(
          X = train_X,
          y = y_train,
          k = k
```

```
nu = df,
                                q=q)
                         # The value of calculating the time required for modeling
      time <- mean(t$time[[1]])</pre>
      predictions <- predict(bart_model,test_X,type = "prob")</pre>
      mse_score <- mean((y_test - predictions)^2)</pre>
      return(list(time = time, mse=mse_score))
SoftBart_fun<- function(X_train, y_train, X_test,y_test,num_trees,alpha,beta){</pre>
      train_X <- data.frame(X_train)</pre>
      test_X <- data.frame(X_test)</pre>
      t <- bench::mark({bart_model <- softbart(X = train_X, Y = y_train, X_test = test_X, hyperations to the test_X = test_X =
                         #print(t)
      time <- mean(t$time[[1]])</pre>
      predictions <- bart_model$y_hat_test_mean</pre>
      mse_score <- mean((y_test - predictions)^2)</pre>
      return(list(time = time, mse=mse_score))
RF_fun <- function(X_train, y_train, X_test,y_test){</pre>
      train_X <- data.frame(X_train)</pre>
      test_X <- data.frame(X_test)</pre>
      t <- bench::mark({rf model <- randomForest(x=train X, y=y train)})
      time <- mean(t$time[[1]])</pre>
      predictions <- predict(rf_model, test_X)</pre>
      mse_score <- mean((y_test - predictions)^2)</pre>
      return(list(time = time, mse=mse_score))
```

### create evaluation

```
posterior_mse <- function(fit_results,truth_col,estimate_col){
   y_test = fit_results$truth_col
   pred = fit_results$estimate_col
   return(mean((y_test - pred)^2))
}

pred_err <- create_evaluator(</pre>
```

```
.eval_fun = posterior_mse, .name = 'Posterior MSE',
    # additional named parameters to pass to .eval_fun()
    truth_col = "y_test", estimate_col = "predictions"
)

BART <- create_method(
    .method_fun = BART_fun, .name = "BART",
    # additional named parameters to pass to .method_fun()
    k=2.5,q=0.95,df=4
)</pre>
```

```
dbarts <- create method(.method_fun = dbarts_fun,.name = "dbarts",
                         k=2.5, q=0.95, df=4)
bartMachine <- create method(.method fun = bartMachine fun,.name = "bartMachine",
                         k=2.5, q=0.95, df=4)
SoftBart <- create_method(.method_fun = SoftBart_fun,.name = "SoftBart",</pre>
                         num_trees=50,alpha=0.95,beta=2)
RF <- create_method(.method_fun = RF_fun,.name = "RandomForest")</pre>
# Create experiment
experiment <- create experiment(name = "Test Experiment") %>%
  add_dgp(linear_dgp) %>%
  add_dgp(dataset_dgp) %>%
  add_method(dbarts) %>%
  add_method(BART) %>%
  add_method(bartMachine) %>%
  add_method(SoftBart) %>%
  add_method(RF)%>%
  add_evaluator(pred_err)
results <- run_experiment(experiment, n_reps = 4, save = TRUE)
```

#### Fitting Test Experiment...

Warning: Some expressions had a GC in every iteration; so filtering is disabled.

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Warning in randomForest.default(x = train\_X, y = y\_train): The response has five or fewer unique values. Are you sure you want to do regression?

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Warning: Some expressions had a GC in every iteration; so filtering is disabled.

Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `truth\_col`.

Warning: Unknown or uninitialised column: `estimate\_col`.

Evaluation completed | time taken: 0.000297 minutes

Saving eval results...

Eval results saved | time taken: 0.077636 seconds

\_\_\_\_\_

No visualizers to visualize. Skipping visualization.

-----

# Render automated documentation and view results
#render docs(experiment)

```
result <- results$fit_results
result</pre>
```

```
# A tibble: 40 x 5
  .rep .dgp_name .method_name time
                                         mse
  <chr> <chr>
                <chr>
                        <list>
                                       <dbl>
1 1
      Linear DGP BART
                           <bench_tm [1]> 1.41
2 1
       Linear DGP RandomForest <bench_tm [1] > 2.98
3 1
      4 1
      Linear DGP bartMachine <bench_tm [1]> 1.36
5 1
      Linear DGP dbarts
                          <bench_tm [1]> 1.42
```

```
<bench_tm [1]> 0.123
6 1
        heart
                   BART
7 1
        heart
                   RandomForest <bench_tm [1]> 0.127
                               <bench_tm [1]> 0.118
8 1
        heart
                   SoftBart
9 1
        heart
                   bartMachine <bench_tm [1]> 0.120
                                <bench_tm [1]> 1.52
10 1
                   dbarts
        heart
# i 30 more rows
```

### result\$time\_numeric <- as.numeric(result\$time)</pre>

```
result$Resource <- paste(result$.dgp_name, result$.method_name, sep="_")

# Calculate MSE for each group
summary <- result %>%
    group_by(Resource) %>%
    summarise(
        Mean_MSE = mean(mse),
        Var_MSE = sd(mse),
        Mean_time = mean(time_numeric),
        Var_time = sd(time_numeric))
```

### # A tibble: 10 x 5

	Resource	Mean_MSE	Var_MSE	Mean_time	Var_time
	<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>
1	Linear DGP_BART	1.22	0.174	3.96	0.287
2	${\tt Linear~DGP\_RandomForest}$	2.87	0.186	0.208	0.0404
3	Linear DGP_SoftBart	1.09	0.110	40.8	2.46
4	Linear DGP_bartMachine	1.27	0.143	1.32	0.0737
5	Linear DGP_dbarts	1.16	0.210	0.922	0.186
6	heart_BART	0.130	0.0106	3.91	0.487
7	heart_RandomForest	0.141	0.0126	0.179	0.0191
8	heart_SoftBart	0.132	0.0124	26.8	1.04
9	heart_bartMachine	0.130	0.0102	1.07	0.0895
10	heart_dbarts	1.45	0.108	0.993	0.137