Opgave 4.3.47

alcium Kinetics A function used to describe the kinetics of calcium in the cytogel (the gel of cell cytoplasm in the epithe- lium, an external tissue of epidermal cells) is given by

$$R(c) = \frac{ac^2}{1 + bc^2} - kc,$$

where R(c) measures the release of calcium; c is the amount of free calcium outside the vesicles in which it is stored; and a, b, and k are positive constants. Find and interpret R'(c). Source: Mathematical Biology.

- s. 268

Opstil funktionen R(c)

$$R(c) = \frac{ac^2}{1 + Bc^2} - kc$$

$$R(c) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} - kc$$

Opstil f og g

$$f(x) = ac^{2} \Leftrightarrow f'(x) = 2ac$$

$$g(x) = 1 + Bc^{2} \Leftrightarrow g'(x) = 2bc$$

Brug kvotientreglen

$$R'(c) = \frac{(2ac) * (1 + bc^2) - (ac^2) * (2bc)}{(1 + bc^2)^2} - k$$

Herefter kan tælleren reduceres

$$\begin{aligned} &(2ac)*\left(1+bc^2\right)-\left(ac^2\right)*\left(2bc\right)\\ &\Leftrightarrow 2ac*2acbc^2-\left(ac^2\right)*\left(2bc\right)\\ &\Leftrightarrow 4a^2c^4b-\left(ac^2\right)*\left(2bc\right)\\ &\Leftrightarrow 4a^2c^4b-2abc^3\\ &\Leftrightarrow 2ac \end{aligned}$$

Indsæt den reducerede tæller i R'(c)

$$R'(c) = \frac{2ac}{(1 + bc^2)^2} - k$$