| | Navn: | | Skole: | |
|--|---------------|--|-----------------------|------------------|
| | Klasse: 20 | | Dato: 28. august 2021 | Fag: Matematik A |

Opgave 473

$$\vec{a} = \begin{pmatrix} -4\\3\\2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\5\\-6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -4\\3\\2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1\\5\\-6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} (-4) + 1\\3 + 5\\2 + (-6) \end{pmatrix}$$

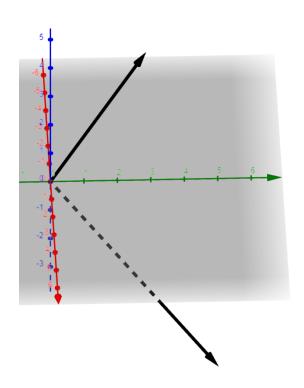
$$\vec{a} + \vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -3\\8\\-4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

$$|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = \sqrt{(-3)^2 + 8^2 + (-4)^2}$$

$$|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = \sqrt{89}$$

$$|\vec{a} + \vec{b}| = 9.43$$



$$\begin{aligned} P_{pilpunkt} &= (x+1; y+3; z+2) \\ P_{pilpunkt} &= ((-3)+1; 8+3; (-4)+2) \\ P_{pilpunkt} &= (-2; 11; -2) \end{aligned}$$