Editors' Intro: The Caribbean Digital

Kaiama L. Glover Kelly Baker Josephs Alex Gil

The essays in this inaugural issue of *sx archipelagos* attends to the myriad opportunities and concerns that inform the Caribbean digital - its spaces, methodologies, and imaginations - as praxis and as historicized societal phenomenon. Contributors propose critical perspectives on the challenges and opportunities presented by media technologies that evermore intensely reconfigure the social and geographic contours of the Caribbean. The majority of the papers were generated out of a broad public conversation initiated in 2014 in The Caribbean Digital I, a conversation to which we returned in 2015 with The Caribbean Digital II, and which we intend to continue far into the future. Over the course of these two events, participants engaged with the so-called digital humanities in the so-called Global South as an ethical, political, social, and creative phenomenon. The sustained reflections offered by our contributors very much illustrate the premises we laid out in these public forums. They are attentive to both the possibilities and the constraints of the technologies they evoke, and they consider the ways in which the Internet does and does not provide structural means for facilitating broad engagement, communication, and accessibility in the Caribbean.

In "Digitizing the 'Sound Explosions' of Anglophone Caribbean Performance Poetry," Janet Neigh engages questions of archival best practices, audience, and representation in an insightful discussion of Trinidad's youth-led artist collective The 2 Cents Movement. What, Neigh asks, are the costs and the benefits of relying on the digital for the crucial functions of preserving and circulating Caribbean poetry and other forms of oral and performance art? And how does the relatively new performance platform that is the Internet shed light on the politics of preservation and circulation? Similarly, in "Twitter and a Literature of Traces in #douenislands," Jeannine Murray-Romàn considers the ways in which Caribbean artistic movements - in this instance the Trinidad-based Douen Islands Project - embrace digital technology and social media in their efforts to connect with and implicate a wide and diverse audience. Murray-Romàn's "Twitter-focused analysis" explores figurings of the folk - of the douen in particular - in both the substance and the practice of reading (in) the Caribbean. Both Neigh and Murray-Roman affirm the digital as space wherein, despite myriad and significant challenges, artists and/as social actors are able to connect and collaborate transregionally. Also concerned with technology and the arts in the increasingly digitized Caribbean space, Martin Munro interrogates the relationship between music and digital media in "Who Stole the Soul? Race and Rhythm in the Digital Age." Munro considers whether

the affordances of technology risks endangering the originary radicalism of black music. Might the digital risk making rhythm accessible to global beat-makers in a troublingly race-and-history-free vacuum?

Tonya Haynes's essay, "Mapping Caribbean Cyberfeminisms," also thinks about expanded opportunities for connection and community-building throughout the (cyber)space of the Caribbean and its diasporas. Focused specifically on the phenomenon of online feminist activism, Haynes situates and critiques the vast network of feminist bloggers whose media presence at once forges new political paths and shores up the work of existing on-the-ground activist communities. Finally, mapping is at the heart of Yarimar Bonilla and Max Hantel's "Visualizing Sovereignty: Cartographic Queries for the Digital Age." Reflecting on the ways in which formal representation is deeply connected to and even determinant of philosophical and political phenomena, Bonilla and Hantel ask how sovereignty in the Caribbean might be generatively reimagined through attention to visualization. From infographics to animation, the authors experiment with cartography as dynamic scholarly praxis through which to challenge existing hierarchies of nationhood.

"The Caribbean Digital" is, of course a complex and unbounded space - one that we have only begun to explore in this special section. It is our hope that this wide-ranging and interdisciplinary collage of interventions will provide a rich point of departure for ongoing discussion of the political, ethical, and theoretical stakes of the digital in the Americas.