CSC10006 – Introduction to Database

Chapter 7 Integrity Constraint

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KHOA CÔNG NGHỆ THÔNG TIN TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC KHOA HỌC TỰ NHIÊN



Content

- Overview
- Characteristics of Integrity Constraints
- Classification
- Implementation



Overview

- Integrity Constraints (IC) are <u>discovered from</u> the <u>semantics</u> of the data or the <u>representation</u> of the data in business⁽¹⁾.
- IC is to ensure ⁽¹⁾:
 - The correctness of the data and data schema.
 - The semantic of the database schema.
- When an IC is declared, all instances of a database must satisfy the IC at any time ⁽¹⁾.
- An IC is discovered and declared by database designer during the design phase ⁽¹⁾.
- An IC is defined on a relational schema or involves in may relational schemas ⁽¹⁾.

⁽¹⁾ Fundamental of Databases 4th, Ramez Elmasri & Shamkant B. Navathe, ISBN 0-321-12226-7, 2003



Content

- Overview
- Characteristics of Integrity Constraints
 - Context
 - Content
 - Table of influence
- Classification
- Implementation



Context

Context of an IC

 Relation schemas that are likely to be violated by the IC when performing data updates (adding, deleting, modifying data).

Example (IC₁)

- The salary of a lecturer cannot exceed the head of the department
 - Update operations that affect to the IC1
 - Update the salary of the lecturer
 - Add new a lecturer to department
 - Appoint a new department head
 - Context: GIAOVIEN, BOMON



Context (cont.)

- Example (IC₂)
 - The direct manager (of a lecturer) must be a lecturer in the same department
 - Update operations that affect the IC2
 - Update line manager of a lecturer
 - Add new a lecturer
 - Context: GIAOVIEN



Content

- The content of a IC is presented by:
 - Natural language
 - Easy to understand but lack of formal, consistency
 - Formal language
 - Concise, consistent but sometimes difficult to understand
 - Language forms
 - Relational Algebra
 - (Tuples) Relational Calculus
 - Pseudo Code



Content (cont.)

- Example (IC₁)
 - Natural language
 - The salary of a teacher should not surpass that of his or her department head.
 - Formal language

```
 (\forall t) (\mathsf{GIAOVIEN}(t) \land (\exists s) (\mathsf{BOMON}(s) \land \\ (\exists u) (\mathsf{GIAOVIEN}(u) \land \\ s.\mathsf{TRUONGBM} = u.\mathsf{MAGV} \land \\ s.\mathsf{MABM} = t.\mathsf{MABM} \land \\ t.\mathsf{LUONG} \leq u.\mathsf{LUONG} )))
```



Content (cont.)

- Example (IC₂)
 - Natural language
 - The direct supervisor of a teacher must be a teacher within the same department.
 - Formal language

```
(\forall t)(GIAOVIEN(t) ∧ (t.GVQLCM ≠ null ⇒ (∃s)(GIAOVIEN(s) ∧ s.MABM = t.MABM ∧ s.MAGV = t.GVQLCM )))
```



Influence Table

Determine <u>which update operations</u> need to check for IC when performed on the relations context.

2 types

- Influence table for 1 IC
- Aggregate influence table for all ICs



Influence table for 1 IC

IC title	Insert	Delete	Update
Relation 1	+	_	+ (Attributes)
Relation 2	_	+	_
Relation n	_	+	_

- (+) Violation of IC
- (-) Not violation of IC



Aggregate influence table

	IC 1			IC 2				IC m	1	
	Т	X	S	Т	X	S	 	 Т	X	S
Relation 1	+	-	+	+	-	+		+	-	+
Relation 2	-	+	_							
Relation 3	_	-	+					-	+	-
Relation n				-	+	-		-	-	+



Content

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IC Classification

- ICs are classified into three main categories (1):
 - Inherent-model based constraints (RBTV bắt buộc liên quan đến mô hình dữ liệu).
 - <u>Ex</u>: A relation cannot contain duplicate tuples.
 - Schema-based constraints (RBTV liên quan đến lược đồ của mô hình dữ liệu).
 - <u>Ex</u>: Value domain constraints, key constraints, null constraints, referencial constraints.
 - Application-based constraints (RBTV dựa trên ứng dụng).
 - <u>Ex</u>: The salary of a lecturer cannot exceed the department head.

⁽¹⁾ Fundamental of Databases 4th, Ramez Elmasri & Shamkant B. Navathe, ISBN 0-321-12226-7, 2003



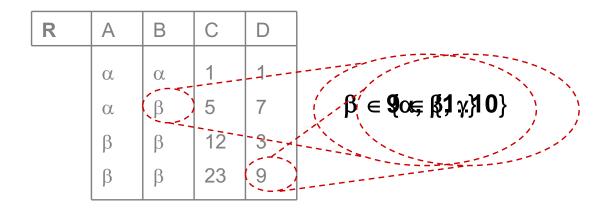
IC Classification

- IC having the context of one relation
 - Domain value (mièn giá trị)
 - Multiple tuples (liên bộ)
 - Multiple attributes (liên thuộc tính)
- IC having the context of many relations
 - Reference (tham chiếu)
 - Multiple tuples through multiple relations (liên bộ liên quan hệ)
 - Multiple attributes through multiple relations (liên thuộc tính liên quan hệ)
 - Inference/calculated attributes (thuộc tính suy diễn)
 - Relations form a cycle in relation graph (chu trình)



IC - Domain Value

Constraints specifying values for an attribute



- Domain value
 - Continuous (liên tục)
 - Disjointed (rời rạc)

- Lecturer's gender must be 'Nam' or 'N\u00fc'
 - Context: GIÁOVIÊN
 - Content:

$$(\forall t)(GIAOVIEN(t) \land (t.PHAI = 'Nam' \lor t.PHAI = 'N\tilde{w}'))$$

or
$$DOM(PHAI) = \{'Nam', 'N\tilde{u}'\}$$

Insert	Delete	Update
+	_	+ (PHAI)
	Insert +	



 Allowance for each work in project must not exceed 20 million VND.

Context: THAMGIAÐT

Ontent:

 $(\forall t)$ (THAMGIAÐT(t) \land t.PHUCÁP \leq 20)

IC4	Insert	Delete	Update
THAMGIAÐT	+	_	+ (PHỤCẤP)



IC - Multiple tuples

 The existence of one or more tuples depends on the existence of one or more other tuples in the same relation

R	Α	В	С	D
	-α	α	1	1
	α	β	5	7
	β	β	12	3
	β	β	23	9

- Special cases
 - IC primary key
 - IC unique (key)



- Department name is unique.
 - Context: BOMON
 - Content:

$$(\forall t1, t2) (BOMON(t1) \land BOMON(t2) \land (t1 \neq t2 \Rightarrow t1.TENBM \neq t2.TENBM))$$

or

$$(\forall t1)(BOMON(t1) \land \neg(\exists t2)(BOMON(t2) \land t1 \neq t2 \land t1.TENBM = t2.TENBM))$$

IC5	Insert	Delete	Update
BOMON	+	-	+ (TENBM)

- A lecturer can participate in up to 5 works in all projects
 - Context: THAMGIAÐT
 - Content:

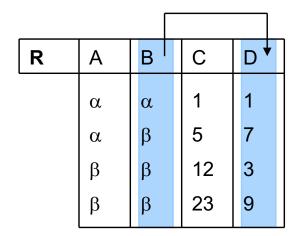
$$(\forall t)(THAMGIADT(t) \land \\ card(\{ \ s \ | \ THAMGIADT(s) \land s.MAGV = t.MAGV \}) \leq 5 \)$$

IC6	Insert	Delete	Update
THAMGIADT	+	_	+ (MAGV)



IC – Multiple attributes

Constraint between attributes in the same relation





- A lecturer must not manage him/herself (Một giáo viên không trực tiếp quản lý chuyên môn chính mình)
 - Context: GIAOVIEN
 - Content:

$$(\forall t)(GIAOVIEN(t) \land (t.GVQLCM = null \lor t.GVQLCM \neq t.MAGV)$$

IC8	Insert	Delete	Update
GIAOVIEN	+	_	+ (GVQLCM)



The start date of a project is always smaller than the end date.

○ Context: ĐÈTÀI

Content:

$$(\forall t)(\ D \ E T \ A \ I(t) \land t.NG \ A \ YBD \le t.NG \ A \ YKT)$$

IC9	Insert	Delete	Update
ĐÈTÀI	+	_	+ (NGÀYBÐ, NGÀYKT)
			NGÀYKT)



The start date of a work is always smaller than the end date of that work.

Context: CÔNGVIỆC

Content:

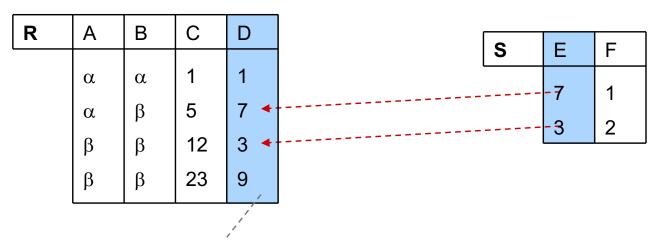
$$(\forall t)(C\hat{O}NGVI\hat{E}C(t) \land t.NG\hat{A}YBD \leq t.NG\hat{A}YKT)$$

IC10	Insert	Delete	Update
CÔNGVIỆC	+	_	+ (NGÀYBÐ, NGÀYKT)



IC - Reference

 Values of attributes in a relation must refer to the values of attributes in other relation.



Bắt buộc phải tồn tại trước

- Special case
 - IC foreign key

Every lecturer must belong to/work in a department.

Context: BOMON, GIAOVIEN

Content:

 $(\forall t)(GIAOVIEN(t) \land (\exists s)(BOMON(s) \land s.MABM = t.MABM))$

IC11	Insert	Delete	Update
GIAOVIEN	+	-	+ (MABM)
BOMON	-	+	+(MABM)



Department head must be a lecturer

Context: BOMON, GIAOVIEN

Content:

 $(\forall t)$ (BOMON(t) \land ($\exists s$)(GIAOVIEN(s) \land s.MAGV = t.TRUONGBM))

IC12	Insert	Delete	Update
GIAOVIEN	-	+	+ (MAGV)
BOMON	+	-	+(TRUONGBM)



IC - Reference (cont.)

- Also called existence dependency
- The context is two relations, but there are cases where it degenerates into a relation
 - Example (IC2)
 - The line manager of a lecturer must be a lecturer in the same department
 - Context: GIAOVIEN
 - Content:

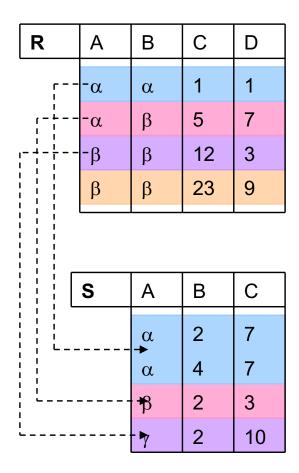
```
(\forallt)(GIAOVIEN(t) \land (t.GVQLCM ≠ null \Rightarrow (\existss)(GIAOVIEN(s) \land s.MABM = t.MABM \land s.MAGV = t.GVQLCM )))
```

IC2	Insert	Delete	Update
GIAOVIEN	+	+	+ (GVQLCM, MABM)



IC – Multiple tuples through multiple relations

IC is defined between tuples in multiple relations





Each project must have at least one work

O Context: DETAI, CONGVIEC

Content:

$$(\forall t)$$
 (DETAI(t) \land ($\exists s$)(CONGIVEC(s) \land t.MADT = s.MADT))

IC13	Insert	Delete	Update
DETAI	+	-	+(MADT)
CONGVIEC	-	+	+ (MADT)

Each department must have at least one lecturer

Context: GIAOVIEN, BOMON

Content:

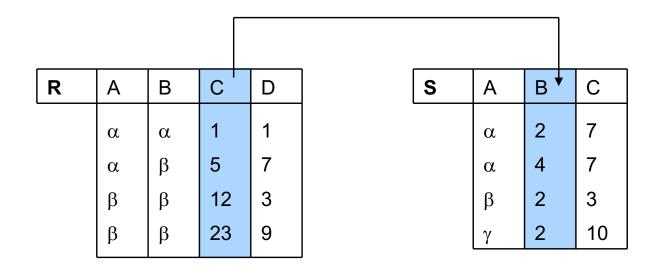
 $(\forall t)$ (BOMON(t) \land ($\exists s$)(GIAOVIEN(s) \land t.MABM = s.MABM))

IC14	Insert	Delete	Update
BOMON	+	-	+(MABM)
GIAOVIEN	-	+	+ (MABM)



IC – Multiple attributes through multiple relation

IC is defined between attributes across multiple relations





The birthday of the department head must be less than the date of acceptance of the head position

Context: GIAOVIEN, BOMON

Content:

 $(\forall t)$ (BOMON(t) \land ($\forall s$)(GIAOVIEN(s) \land (s.MAGV = t.TRUONGBM \Rightarrow s.NGAYSINH < t.NGAYNHANCHUC)))

IC15	Insert	Delete	Update
GIAOVIEN	-	_	+ (NGAYSINH)
BOMON	+	_	+ (NGAYNHANCHUC,
	•	•	TRUONGBM)



Allowance of a work must be smaller than the budget of the project.

Bối cảnh: THAMGIADT, DETAI

Biểu diễn:

$$(\forall t)$$
(THAMGIADT(t) \land $(\forall s)$ (DETAI(s) \land (s.MADT = t.MADT \Rightarrow t.PHUCAP < s.KINHPHI)))

O Bảng tầm ảnh hưởng:

R16	Thêm	Xóa	Sửa
THAMGIADT	+	_	+ (PHUCAP)
DETAI	-	- + (k	(INHPHI)



IC - Inference/calculated attribute

- Calculated attribute (also called inference attribute)
 - Its value is calculated from other attributes
- When a database has a calculated attribute
 - IC ensures the link between the calculated attributes with the source attributes is consistently maintainted



- **BOMON**(MABM, TENBM, TRUONGBM, NGAYNHANCHUC, SO_GV)
- The attribute SO_GV must be equal with the number of lecturers of the department
 - Context: GIAOVIEN, BOMON
 - Content:

$$(\forall t)$$
(BOMON(t) \land t.SO_GV = card({ s | GIAOVIEN(s) \land s.MABM = t.MABM}))

Influence table:

IC17	Insert	Delete	Update
GIAOVIEN	+	+	+ (MABM)
BOMON	_	_	+ (SO_GV)



IC – Relations form a cycle in relation graph

- Database schema can be presented by a graph
 - Vertex (đỉnh)
 - Relation
 - Attribute



Attribute

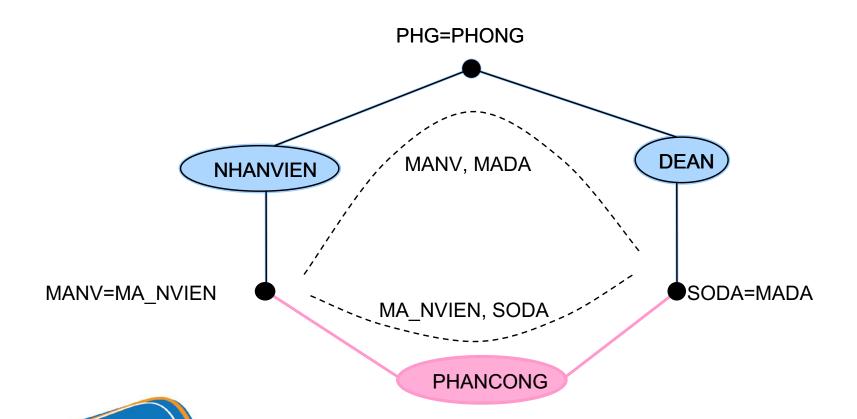
- Edge
 - A line connecting a relation vertex to an attribute vertex in the database schema



- Cycle
 - Graph appears closed path ~ Acyclic database schema



 Employees are only assigned to projects in charged by their departments





Example 17 (cont.)

Context: NHANVIEN, DEAN, PHANCONG

Content:

NVDA \leftarrow NHANVIEN \bowtie PHG=PHONG DEAN (\forall t) (PHANCONG(t) \land (\exists s)(NVDA(s) \land t.MA_NVIEN = s.MANV \land t.MADA = s.SODA))

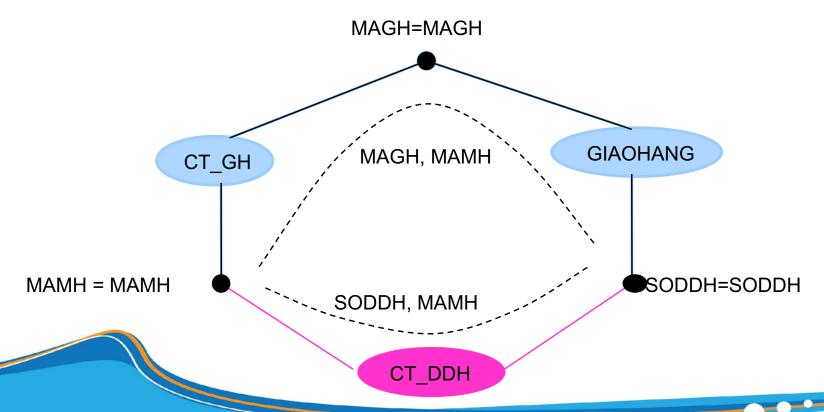
Influence table:

IC17	Insert	Delete	Update
NHANVIEN	_	_	+ (MANV,PHG)
DEAN	_	_	+ (MADA,PHONG)
PHANCONG	+	_	+ (MA_NVIEN,SODA)



- DDH (<u>SODDH</u>, NGAYDH, MAKH)
- CT_DDH (SODDH, MAMH, SOLUONG, DONGIA)
- GIAOHANG(MAGH, NGAYGH, TONGTIEN, SODDH)
- CT_GH (MAGH, MAMH)

IC: Only products ordered by customer are allowed to be delivered.





Content

- Overview
- Characteristics of Integrity Constraints
- Classification
- Implementation
 - Assertion
 - Trigger
 - Transaction (giao tác)
 - Stored Procedure (thủ tục lưu trữ nội)
 - Application (ứng dụng)



Implementation

- The ICs are implemented by:
 - Primary key
 - Foreign key
 - Check constraint
 - Assertion
 - Trigger
 - Transaction



Assertion

- Is an SQL expression that always returns the value TRUE at all times.
 - Users need to tell what must be true
- Syntax

CREATE ASSERTION <Tên_assertion> **CHECK** (<Điều_kiện>)

DROP ASSERTION <Ten_assertion>



 Ngày sinh của trưởng bộ môn phải nhỏ hơn ngày nhận chức



Lương của trưởng bộ môn phải lớn hơn 50000



Example 19 (cont.)

Lương của trưởng bộ môn phải lớn hơn 50000

```
ALTER TABLE BOMON (
TENBM NVARCHAR(50) UNIQUE, Constraint
MABM CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
TRUONGBM CHAR(10),
NGAYNHANCHUC DATETIME,
CONSTRAINT CHK_BM_LUONGTRUONGBM CHECK (
TRUONGBM NOT IN (SELECT MAGV FROM
GIAOVIEN

WHERE LUONG <= 50000 ))
```



Số lượng giáo viên của mỗi bộ môn không quá
 20 người

```
CREATE ASSERTION R16 CHECK (
20 >= ALL ( SELECT COUNT(MAGV)
FROM GIAOVIEN
GROUP BY MABM )
)
```



Example 16 (cont.)

 Số lượng giáo viên của mỗi bộ môn không quá 20 người

```
ALTER TABLE GIAOVIEN ADD

Constraint

CONSTRAINT CHK_GV_SLGVBM CHECK (

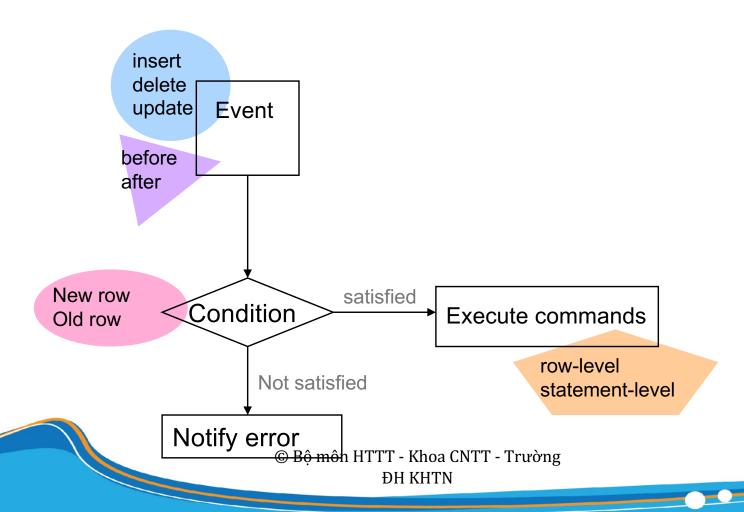
20 >= ALL ( SELECT COUNT(MAGV) FROM GIAOVIEN

GROUP BY MABM ))
```



Trigger

 A set of commands that are automatically executed when an event occurs in the database





Trigger (cont.)

Syntax

```
CREATE TRIGGER <Trigger_name>
AFTER|BEFORE INSERT|UPDATE|DELETE ON <Table>
REFERENCING

NEW ROW|TABLE AS <Name_1>
OLD ROW|TABLE AS <Name_2>
FOR EACH ROW | FOR EACH STATEMENT
WHEN (<Condition>)
<Tập_lệnh_SQL>
```

DROP TRIGGER < Trigger name >



 The salary of the department head must be greater than 50000

```
CREATE TRIGGER TR_BM_UPD

AFTER UPDATE OF TRUONGBM ON BOMON

REFERENCING

NEW ROW AS NewTuple

FOR EACH ROW

WHEN (50000 >= (SELECT LUONG FROM GIAOVIEN

WHERE MAGV=NewTuple.TRUONGBM))

Notify error to users
```



Example 15 (cont.)

 The salary of the department head must be greater than 50000

```
CREATE TRIGGER TR_BM_UPD

AFTER UPDATE OF TRUONGBM ON BOMON

REFERENCING

NEW ROW AS NewTuple
OLD ROW AS OldTuple

FOR EACH ROW

WHEN (50000 >= (SELECT LUONG FROM GIAOVIEN WHERE MAGV=NewTuple.TRUONGBM)))

UPDATE BOMON
SET TRUONGBM=OldTuple.TRUONGBM
WHERE TRUONGBM=NewTuple.TRUONGBM
```



Example 15 (cont.)

 The salary of the department head must be greater than 50000

```
CREATE TRIGGER TR_BM_UPD

AFTER UPDATE OF LUONG ON GIAOVIEN

REFERENCING

NEW ROW AS NewTuple
OLD ROW AS OldTuple

FOR EACH ROW

WHEN (NewTuple.LUONG <= 50000 AND NewTuple.MAGV IN (

SELECT TRUONGBM FROM BOMON ))

UPDATE GIAOVIEN
SET LUONG=OldTuple.LUONG
WHERE LUONG=NewTuple.LUONG
```



Transaction

- A set of instructions that perform a task/transaction in a database, such that
 - Or all instructions are executed successfully
 - Or no instruction is executed
- Ex: transfer money in a bank

Begin transaction Chuyển_tiền
Giảm tiền trong tài khoản người gửi
Tăng tiền trong tài khoản người nhận
Nếu tất cả đều thành công thì complete
Ngược lại roll back

End transaction



Transaction (cont.)

- A transaction ensure
 - Atomicity (Tính nguyên tố)
 - Consistency (Tính nhất quán của CSDL)
 - Related ICs are not violated
 - While executing the transaction
 - Before and after executing the transaction



Each match is a competition of exactly 2 teams

```
Giao tác Thêm_trận_đấu(t, s)
Thêm t vào THIDAU
Thêm s vào THIDAU
Nếu có một thao tác thất bại thì
Quay lui giao tác
Ngược lại
Hoàn tất giao tác
Cuối nếu
Cuối giao tác
```



```
Giao tác Xóa_trận_đấu(ngay, gio)
Với mọi s∈THIDAU (s.NGAY=ngay ∧ s.GIO=gio)
Xóa s khỏi THIDAU
Cuối với mọi
Nếu có một thao tác thất bại thì
Quay lui giao tác
Ngược lại
Hoàn tất giao tác
Cuối giao tác
Cuối giao tác
```



 Each invoice must have at least one invoice detailed line

```
Giao tác Thêm_hóa_đơn
Thêm HOADON
Thêm chi tiết thứ 1 vào CTHD
Thêm chi tiết thứ 2 vào CTHD
...
Nếu có một thao tác thêm thất bại thì
Quay lui giao tác
Ngược lại
Hoàn tất giao tác
Cuối nếu
Cuối giao tác
```



```
Giao tác Thêm_hóa_đơn
Thêm HOADON
Thêm chi tiết thứ 1 vào CTHD
Thêm chi tiết thứ 2 vào CTHD
...
Nếu có một thao tác thêm thất bại thì
Quay lui giao tác
Ngược lại
Hoàn tất giao tác
Cuối nếu
Cuối giao tác
```



Stored Procedure

- DBMSs provide a way to store functions or procedures
 - Stored in the database schema
 - Used in SQL statements
- Syntax

```
CREATE PROCEDURE <Tên_thủ_tục> <DS_tham_số>
AS

Khai báo biến cục bộ
Thân chương trình
GO
```

EXEC <Tên thủ tục> <DS tham số>



Each match is a competition of exactly 2 teams

```
CREATE PROCEDURE Thêm_trận_đấu
t THIDAU, s THIDAU
AS
        begin tran
               Thêm t vào THIDAU
                If @@error<>0 rollback tran
                Thêm s vào THIDAU
                If @@error<>0 rollback tran
        commit tran
GO
EXEC Thêm_trận_đấu x, y
```



Notice

- DBMS will check ICs
 - After an update operation has taken place on the database
 - At the end of each transaction
- Where should an IC be implemented?
 - DBMS
 - Application
 - o Too much Trigger → slow system
 - Stored Procedure → high performance



