

# ST227 Table

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Symbol	Name	Description
$S$	State Space	Possible values taken by the Markov chain
$P$	Transition matrix	A matrix containing the probabilities of going between state spaces, rows being “old” and columns being “new” spaces, all 1-step
$P_{ij}$	Transition probability	A probability of Markov Chain going from state $i$ to state $j$ in 1-step
$P_{ij}^n$	Transition probability	A probability of Markov Chain going from state $i$ to state $j$ in $n$ -steps
$\lambda$	Initial distribution	A vector containing distribution of the first state of the chain
$\lambda_i$	Initial probability of state $i$	A probability of state $i$ being the first state of the Markov’s chain
$d_i$	State Period	Greatest Common divisor of all loops leading from state $i$ to $i$
$H_j$	First hitting time	Number of steps until state $j$ is hit
$H_A$	First hitting time	Number of steps until set $A$ is hit
$h_{ij}$	Hitting probability	Probability of reaching state $j$ from state $i$ .
$h_{iA}$	Hitting probability	Probability of entering a set $A$ from state $i$ .
$\eta_{ij}$	Expected hitting time	Expected number of steps until state $j$ is reached from state $i$
$\eta_{iA}$	Expected hitting time	Expected number of steps until set $A$ is reached from state $i$
$T_i$	First Return time	Number of steps until state $i$ loops on itself
$f_i$	Return probability	probability of chain returning back to state $i$ from $i$ , basically $h_{ii}$
$m_i$	Expected return time	Expected number of steps until state $i$ loops on itself, basically $\eta_{ii}$
$V_j$	Number of visits	Number of visits to state $j$
$V_A$	Number of visits	Number of visits to set of states $A$
$\mathcal{T}$	Set of Transient States	Subset of $S$ , containing all transient states
$\mu$	Invariant Measure	A vector describing the measure, or “weight” of each state at every step of the chain. Has a property of $\mu = \mu P^n$
$\pi$	Invariant Distribution	A special case of invariant measure, distribution describing the distribution of the chain at every step of the chain, has a property of $\pi = \pi P^n$ and $\sum_{i \in S} \pi_i = 1$ . Not every chain has $\pi$ .
$\gamma_i^k$	Expected number of visits	Expected number of visits to state $i$ before chain returns to state $k$
$\Pi$	Long Term Transition Matrix	$\Pi = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P^n$ , with all rows equal to $\pi$ . Describes the behaviour of the chain after arbitrarily many steps. Not applicable to every Markov Chain