

Parameter Estimations

- Q1. Let  $(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$  be random sample of size  $n$  taken from Normal Population with parameters:  
mean  $= \theta_1$  and variance  $= \theta_2$ . Find Maximum Likelihood Estimates of these two parameters.

Sol

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\theta_2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\theta_1)^2}{2\theta_2}}$$

Likelihood  $f^n$ :-

$$L(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n; \theta_1, \theta_2) =$$

$$\frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{n}{2}} \theta_2^{\frac{n}{2}}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2\theta_2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1)^2\right)$$

Take natural logarithm of likelihood  $f^n$

$$\ln L(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n; \theta_1, \theta_2) =$$

$$-\frac{n}{2} \ln(2\pi) - \frac{n}{2} \ln \theta_2 - \frac{1}{2\theta_2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1)^2$$

Take derivative with respect to  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$

and set it equal to zero

$$\frac{d}{d\theta_1} \ln L(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n; \theta_1, \theta_2) = \frac{1}{\theta_2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1) = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{d\theta_2} \ln L(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n; \theta_1, \theta_2) = -\frac{n}{2\theta_2} + \frac{1}{2\theta_2^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \theta_1)^2 = 0$$



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Solving equations, Maximum likelihood estimates for  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$

$$\hat{\theta}_1 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$$

$$\hat{\theta}_2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \hat{\theta}_1)^2$$

$\hat{\theta}_1 \rightarrow$  sample mean  $\bar{x}$

$\hat{\theta}_1 \rightarrow$  unbiased estimator of mean

$\hat{\theta}_2 \rightarrow$  close to sample variance

$$s^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$

$$\therefore \hat{\theta}_2 = \frac{n-1}{n} s^2$$

$\hat{\theta}_2 \rightarrow$  biased estimator of variance

$$E \hat{\theta}_2 = \frac{n-1}{n} \theta_2$$

Q2. Let  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$  be random sample from  $B(m, \theta)$  distribution where  $\theta \in \Theta = (0, 1)$  is unknown &  $m \rightarrow$  known +ve integer. Compute value of  $\theta$  using MLE

Sol.  $x_1 = x_1, x_2 = x_2, \dots, x_n = x_n$

Likelihood function

$$\begin{aligned} L(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n; \theta) &= P_{x_1 x_2 \dots x_n}(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n; \theta) \\ &= \prod_{i=1}^n P_{x_i}(x_i; \theta) \end{aligned}$$



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$$= \prod_{i=1}^n \binom{m}{x_i} \theta^{x_i} (1-\theta)^{m-x_i}$$

$$= \left[ \prod_{i=1}^n \binom{m}{x_i} \right] \theta^{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i} (1-\theta)^{mn - \sum_{i=1}^n x_i}$$

First term doesn't depend on  $\theta$   
 $\therefore L(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n; \theta) = C \cdot \theta^S (1-\theta)^{mn-S}$

Where  $C$  doesn't depend on  $\theta$

$$S = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$$

Differentiate & set derivative to 0

$$\hat{\theta}_{ML} = \frac{1}{mn} \sum_{k=1}^n x_k$$

$$\boxed{\hat{\theta}_{ML} = \frac{1}{mn} \sum_{k=1}^n x_k}$$