

atelier-2b

February 12, 2024

1 Atelier 2 - Systèmes de recommandation

1.0.1 Question 5 (b)

En utilisant les approches I-I et U-U, quels films sont recommandés pour un utilisateur qui a voté 5 pour Clockwork Orange (no. 179) et pour Full Metal Jacket (no. 188)? (10 pts.)

```
[2]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tqdm.autonotebook as tqdm
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

votes = pd.read_csv("data/votes.csv")
items = pd.read_csv("data/items.csv")
users = pd.read_csv("data/u.csv")

MUI = votes.pivot(index="user.id", columns="item.id", values="rating")
MUI_numpy = MUI.to_numpy()

def cosinus_matrices(A, B):
    A = A.copy()
    B = B.copy()
    A[np.isnan(A)] = 0
    B[np.isnan(B)] = 0
    axis = 1
    col_norm_A = np.linalg.norm(A, axis=axis, keepdims=True)
    col_norm_B = np.linalg.norm(B, axis=axis, keepdims=True).T
    W = A @ B.T / (np.abs(col_norm_A * col_norm_B) + 1e-10)
    W = W * (np.ones_like(W) - np.identity(W.shape[0]))
    return W

MUI_Query = np.zeros_like(MUI_numpy)
MUI_Query[0, 179] = 5
MUI_Query[0, 188] = 5

def Biais_mat(R):
```

```

R_moy_u = np.nanmean(R, axis=1, keepdims=True)
R_moy_i = np.nanmean(R, axis=0, keepdims=True)
R_moy = (R_moy_u + R_moy_i) / 2
return R_moy

MUI_numpy = MUI_numpy - Biais_mat(MUI_numpy)
MUI_Query = MUI_Query - Biais_mat(MUI_Query)

```

Approche Utilisateur-Utilisateur

```

[3]: similariter = cosinus_matrices(MUI_numpy, MUI_Query)[: , 0]
np.argsort(similariter)[::-1]
items[" movie title "].iloc[np.argsort(similariter)[::-1][:10]]

```

```

[3]: 155                                Reservoir Dogs (1992)
258                                George of the Jungle (1997)
766                                Addiction, The (1995)
639    Cook the Thief His Wife & Her Lover, The (1989)
40                                Billy Madison (1995)
414                                Apple Dumpling Gang, The (1975)
521                                Down by Law (1986)
24                                Birdcage, The (1996)
381    Adventures of Priscilla, Queen of the Desert, ...
322                                Dante's Peak (1997)
Name: movie title , dtype: object

```

Approche Item-Item

```

[4]: similariter = cosinus_matrices(MUI_numpy.T, MUI_Query.T)[: , 0]
np.argsort(similariter)[::-1]
items[" movie title "].iloc[np.argsort(similariter)[::-1][:10]]

```

```

[4]: 73                Faster Pussycat! Kill! Kill! (1965)
103                Theodore Rex (1995)
246                Turbo: A Power Rangers Movie (1997)
34                Free Willy 2: The Adventure Home (1995)
102                All Dogs Go to Heaven 2 (1996)
111                Flipper (1996)
137                D3: The Mighty Ducks (1996)
36                Nadja (1994)
109                Operation Dumbo Drop (1995)
33                Doom Generation, The (1995)
Name: movie title , dtype: object

```

1.0.2 Question 6 (b)

Je suis une femme ingénieure de plus de 52 ans. Quelle est la probabilité que j'aime Toy Story? Utilisez une approche Bayésienne dichotomique où le seuil pour aimer est un vote de 4 et plus et

où celui de l'âge est fixé à 52 ans. Présumez de l'indépendance des facteurs. (10 pts.)

```
[5]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tqdm.autonotebook as tqdm

votes = pd.read_csv("data/votes.csv")
items = pd.read_csv("data/items.csv")
users = pd.read_csv("data/u.csv")

MUI = votes.pivot(index="user.id", columns="item.id", values="rating")
MUI_numpy = MUI.to_numpy()
```

$$P(\text{aime} | \text{age} > 52, \text{job} = \text{ingenieur}) = \frac{P(\text{age} > 52, \text{job} = \text{ingenieur} | \text{aime}) * P(\text{aime})}{P(\text{age} > 52, \text{job} = \text{ingenieur})}$$

```
[6]: aime_toyStory = (MUI_numpy >= 4)[: , 0]
users_above_52_ingenieur = (users[" age "] > 52) & (users[" job "] == "engineer").to_numpy()

Prob_aime_toyStory = np.mean(aime_toyStory)
Prob_users_above_52_ingenieur = np.mean(users_above_52_ingenieur)
Prob_users_above_52_ingenieur_sachant_aime_toyStory = np.
    mean(users_above_52_ingenieur[aime_toyStory])
Prob_aime_toyStory_sachant_users_above_52_ingenieur = (
    Prob_users_above_52_ingenieur_sachant_aime_toyStory * Prob_aime_toyStory
) / Prob_users_above_52_ingenieur
Prob_aime_toyStory_sachant_users_above_52_ingenieur
```

[6]: 0.4285714285714286

La probabilité qu'une personne aime Toy Story sachant que je suis une femme ingénieure de plus de 52 ans est de **0.43**.