

**EDUCATION****University of Massachusetts Amherst****Fall 2016 - Present**

MS/Ph.D. in Computer Science

CGPA - 4.0/4.0

**Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur****July 2010 - May 2015**

Dual Degree: Bachelors - Electrical Engineering, Masters - Instrumentation &amp; Signal Processing

CGPA - 9.25/10.0 (Rank - 1/30)

**PUBLICATIONS**

- Interpolation-Prediction Networks for Irregularly Sampled Time Series. (ICLR'19, New Orleans)\* [\*:1st Author]
- Modeling Irregularly Sampled Clinical Time Series. (ML for Health Workshop - NeurIPS'18, Montreal)\*
- Prediction and Imputation in Irregularly Sampled Clinical Time Series Data using Hierarchical Linear Dynamical Models. (EMBC '17, Korea)
- Estimation of Blood Pressure from Non-invasive Data. (EMBC '17, Korea)\*
- Non-invasive Cuffless Blood Pressure Measurement by Vascular Transit Time. (VLSID '15, India)\*

**EMPLOYMENT****Research Assistant****University of Massachusetts Amherst****Fall 2016 - Present****Interpolation-Prediction Networks for Irregularly Sampled Time Series**

- Proposed a new deep learning architecture for addressing the problem of supervised learning with sparse and irregularly sampled multivariate time series.
- Our model outperformed a range of baseline and recently proposed models on both classification and regression tasks.

**Research Intern****Microsoft Research, Redmond****Summer 2018**

- Developed a novel method for time series forecasting with uncertainty estimates using Deep Neural Networks.
- Investigated the effectiveness of likelihood-based loss functions in quantifying uncertainty estimates.
- Proposed a multi-time scale ensemble approach to improve the uncertainty estimates for long horizon forecasts.

**Research Intern****Xerox Research Centre India****Summer 2015**

- Improved the prediction results in modeling irregularly sampled physiological signals over the state-of-the-art Multi Task Gaussian Process method which inherently fits the irregular sampling through temporal kernels.
- Addressed the challenge of irregular sampling by incorporating a temporal difference variable within the state equation of the Kalman filter model whose parameters are estimated using observed data.

**Research Intern****Samsung Electronics, Korea****Summer 2013**

- Developed an emotion detection system based on Active Shape Models to identify human alertness and emotions.

**PROJECTS****Analysis of Dropout in Deep Networks****Oct 2017 - Dec 2017**

- Exposed surprising differences between the behavior of dropout and more traditional regularizers like weight decay.
- Presented a counterpoint to the suggestion that dropout discourages co-adaptation of weights.

**Deep Learning Approach to Generate Image Captions****Oct 2016 - Dec 2016**

- Developed a model with Deep Convolutional network to encode an image into a fixed-length vector representation and Long Short Term Memory (also experimented with RNNs) to decode this representation into a caption.
- Our model with LSTM as language model yielded comparable results with the state-of-the-art models.

**Aspect Based Sentiment Analysis using Deep Learning****Oct 2016 - Dec 2016**

- Implemented a Convolutional Neural Network to identify the aspects present in a review and predicted their sentiment/polarity; and also experimented with adding additional features such as POS tags.
- Our model yielded better results than the top teams at Semantic Evaluation 2015 Competition in aspect identification task for Laptop domain data while ranked 3rd for Restaurant domain data.

**Blood Pressure Estimation from Photoplethysmogram signal** (*Master's Thesis*)**Aug 2014 - Apr 2015**

- Estimated blood pressure (BP) from the features of the PPG using NNs and Multi-Task Gaussian Processes.
- Evaluated both the models on 100 patient data extracted from the MIMIC database and found that the proposed methods give better results in comparison to other non-invasive techniques used for BP estimation.

**Non-invasive Cuffless Blood Pressure Measurement** (*Bachelor's Thesis*)**Aug 2013 - Apr 2014**

- Project deals with the estimation of human blood pressure from using PCG and PPG signals.
- Estimated the BP with an accuracy of more than 94% when compared to conventional BP measuring devices.

**AWARDS AND HONORS**

Institute Silver Medal; Best Project Award for Master's Thesis; Samsung Innovation Award 2014; WISE Scholarship

**TECHNICAL SKILLS**Python; Keras; TensorFlow; Torch; SQL; C; Perl; Java; MATLAB; R; Verilog; GIT; L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X; Solidworks; LabVIEW