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### 121904 VOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNO

Second Semester B. Tech Degree Examination July 2021 (2019 scheme)

Course Name: BASICS OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

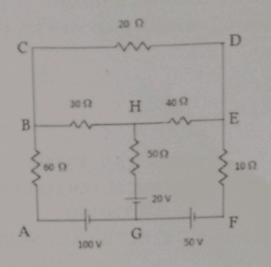
(2019 Scheme)

# PART I: BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Duration:90min Max. Marks:50 PART A Marks Answer all questions, each carries 4 marks. (4) A conductor of length 0.5m kept at right angles to a uniform magnetic field of flux density 2Wb/m<sup>2</sup> moves with a velocity of 75 m/s at an angle of 60<sup>0</sup> to the field. Calculate the emf induced in the conductor. Define mutual inductance. Two coupled coils of self inductance 0.8H and (4) 2 0.35H have a coefficient of coupling 0.9. Find the mutual inductance between the coils. State and explain Kirchhoff's laws with examples 3 (4) Find the trignometrical, exponential and polar forms of the vector 8+i6. 4 (4) Define (i) active power, (ii) reactive power, (iii) apparent power and (iv) power 5 (4) factor of an ac circuit. PART B Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 10 marks Module-I Use nodal analysis to find V1 in the given circuit. (10) $2 k\Omega$ 3 mA 3 km 3 V 2 kn 1 mA OR Find the current in each branch of the following circuit using mesh analysis? 7

(10)

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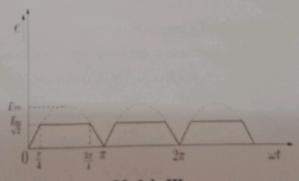
#### Module-II

An iron ring of cross sectional area 1cm<sup>2</sup> is wound with a coil of 2000 turns. (10)

Calculate the magnetising current required to produce a flux of 0.1 mWb in the iron path if mean length of the path is 30cm and relative permeability of iron is 2500. Neglect magnetic leakages and fringing.

#### OR

A full wave rectified sine function is clipped at 0.707 of its maximum value as shown in figure. Find the average and rms values of the function.



#### Module-III

A sinusoidal voltage V=230∠15 of frequency 50 Hz is applied to a series RL circuit consisting of R=5 Ω and =0.1 H. Calculate (i) rms current and its phase angle (ii) power factor (iii) average power (iv) reactive power and (v) apparent power drawn by the circuit.

#### OR

A balanced 3 phase load consists of 3 coils each of resistance 6 Ω and inductive (10) reactance of 8 Ω. Determine the line current and power absorbed when the coils are (i) star connected (ii) delta connected across 400V, 3 phase supply.

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|        |          | PART II: BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING Duration   |      |
|--------|----------|---|------|
| Max. N | Mark     | s: 50   | Mark |
| 12     | 1        | PART A  Answer all questions, each carries 4 marks.  In a 4 band resistor the last colour in the colour band is gold. If the upper range                        | (4)  |
|        |          | of resistance is $3.465\Omega$ find its colour code.  | (4)  |
| 13     |          | Differentiate between Avalanche breakdown and Zener breakdown?  | (4)  |
| 14     |          | Draw and avalain the block diagram of a public address system.  | (4)  |
| 15     |          | Give reasons for decrease in transistor amplifier gain at low frequencies and   |      |
|        |          | high frequencies.   | (4)  |
| 16     |          | Explain the relevance of Intermediate Frequency in a superheterodyne receiver.  | (4)  |
|        |          | PART B  Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 10 marks   |      |
| 17     | a)       | Module-IV What are the different types of inductors? Give two typical applications of inductor.   | (5)  |
|        | b)       | Describe the VI characteristics of PN junction diode.   | (5)  |
| 10     | ,        | OR  |      |
| 18     | a)       | Derive the relation between common base current gain and common emitter current gain,   | (4)  |
|        | b)       | Sketch the output characteristic of a transistor and explain different regions of   |      |
|        | ,        | operation.  | (6)  |
|        |          | Module-V  |      |
| 19     | a)       | Explain the working of a full wave bridge rectifier.  |      |
|        | b)       | Explain the working of an RC coupled amplifier.   | (5)  |
| 20     | -        | OR  Describe the working of a zener diode voltage regulator.  | (5)  |
| 20     | a)<br>b) | Draw and explain the frequency response of an RC coupled amplifier.   | (5)  |
|        |          | Module-VI   | (5)  |
| 21     | a)       | (AM) Wave C:  | (0)  |
|        |          | that modulating signal is of frequency im and amplitude Vm and carrier is   |      |
|        |          | that modulating signal is of frequency fm and amplitude V <sub>m</sub> and carrier is of frequency fc and amplitude Vc. Take modulation index as m. What is the |      |
|        | 6)       | With a neat sketch explain AM super heterodyne receiver.  | (5)  |
|        | U)       | OR  |      |
| 22     | a)       |   | (5)  |
|        | b)       | Describe the principle and block diagram of a GSM system.  Explain the concept of cells and frequency reuse in cellular communication.                          |      |
|        |          | *****   | (5)  |
|        |          | Page 3 of 3   | (5)  |