

Reg No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
 Second Semester B.Tech Degree Examination July 2021 (2019 scheme)

Course Code: MAT102

Course Name: VECTOR CALCULUS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND TRANSFORMS

(2019 Scheme)

FN Session

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

**PART A***Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks.*

- 1 Find the unit tangent vector at a point  $t_0 = \frac{\pi}{6}$  to the curve  
 $\vec{r}(t) = \cos 3t \hat{i} + \sin 3t \hat{j} + 3t \hat{k}$ . (3)
- 2 Find the directional derivative of the function  $\phi = 3x^2y - y^3z^2$  at  $(-1, -2, -1)$  in the direction of negative z axis. (3)
- 3 Using Green's Theorem evaluate  $\int_C 2xy dx + (x^2 + x)dy$  where  $C$  is the unit circle in the positive direction. (3)
- 4 Determine whether the vector field  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = (y + z)\hat{i} - (xz^3)\hat{j} + (x^2 \sin y)\hat{k}$  is free of sources and sinks. (3)
- 5 Solve the initial value problem  $y'' + y = 0$ ;  $y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 1$ . (3)
- 6 Find the Wronskian corresponding to the solution of  $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 0$ . (3)
- 7 Find the Laplace Transform of  $\sin 3t \cos 2t$ . (3)
- 8 Evaluate  $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{2}{(s+4)^3} \right]$ . (3)
- 9 Find the Fourier cosine transform of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} k, & 0 < x < a \\ 0, & x > a \end{cases}$ . (3)
- 10 Express  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}, & 0 < x < \pi \\ 0, & x > \pi \end{cases}$  as a Fourier sine integral. (3)

**PART B***Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks***Module-I**

- 11 a) Use a line integral to evaluate the work done by the force field  $\vec{F} = xy^2\hat{i} + xy\hat{j}$  along the triangle with vertices  $(0,0)$ ,  $(2,1)$  and  $(0,1)$  in the positive direction. (7)



- b) Use the given information to find the position and velocity vectors of the particle (7)  
with acceleration  $\vec{a}(t) = -\cos t \hat{i} - \sin t \hat{j}$ ,  $\vec{v}(0) = \hat{i}$ ,  $\vec{r}(0) = \hat{j}$
- 12 a) Evaluate  $\int_C (xyz)dx - \cos(yz) dy$  where  $C$  is the straight line segment from (7)  
(1, 1, 1) to (-2, 1, 3).
- b) Show that the vector field  $\vec{F}(x, y) = \cos y \hat{i} - x \sin y \hat{j}$  is conservative and find (7)  
 $\phi$  such that  $\vec{F} = \nabla \phi$ . Hence evaluate  $\int_{(0,1)}^{(\pi,0)} \cos y dx - x \sin y dy$

## Module-II

- 13 a) Using divergence theorem, evaluate  $\iint_{\sigma} \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} dS$ , where  
 $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = (x^2 + y) \hat{i} + z^2 \hat{j} + (e^y - z) \hat{k}$  and  $\sigma$  is the surface of rectangular (7)  
cube bounded by the coordinate planes and the plane  $x = 3, y = 1, z = 3$ .
- b) Use Stoke's Theorem to evaluate the work done by the force field  
 $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = 3z \hat{i} + 4x \hat{j} + 2y \hat{k}$  over the boundary of the paraboloid (7)  
 $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2, z \geq 0$  with upward orientation.
- 14 a) Let  $\sigma$  be the portion of the surface  $z = 1 - x^2 - y^2$  that lies above the  $xy$ -plane  
and  $\sigma$  is the oriented upwards. Find the flux of the vector field (7)  
 $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x \hat{i} + y \hat{j} + z \hat{k}$  across  $\sigma$ .
- b) Find the mass of the lamina that is the portion of the plane  $x + y + z = 2$  lying in  
the first octant where the density function of the surface is  $\sigma = xz$ . (7)

## Module-III

- 15 a) Solve using the method of undetermined coefficients:  $y'' - 4y' + 4y = 4 \sin^2 x$ . (7)  
b) Solve using the method of variation of parameters:  $y'' + 4y = \sec 2x$ . (7)
- 16 a) Solve using the method of undetermined coefficients:  $y''' + 2y'' - y' - 2y = e^x$ . (7)  
b) Solve the initial value problem  $x^2 y'' - 3xy' + 3y = 0, y(1) = 0, y'(1) = 1$ . (7)

## Module-IV

- 17 a) Using Laplace Transform solve  $y'' + 4y' + 3y = e^{-t}, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 1$ . (7)  
b) Using convolution theorem, find the inverse Laplace Transform of  $\frac{18s}{(s^2+36)^2}$  (7)
- 18 a) Use Laplace Transform to solve  $y'' + 3y' + 2y = u(t-1), y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0$  (7)  
b) Evaluate  $L^{-1} \left[ \frac{2s+1}{s^2+2s+5} \right]$  (7)



## Module-V

- 19 a) Find the Fourier integral representation of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } |x| < 1 \\ 0, & \text{if } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ . (7)
- b) Find the Fourier transform of  $f(x) = e^{-|x|}, -\infty < x < \infty$ . (7)
- 20 a) Represent  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x, & 0 < x < \pi \\ 0, & x > \pi \end{cases}$  as Fourier Cosine Integral. (7)
- b) Find the Fourier sine transform of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < x < 1 \\ -1, & 1 < x < 2 \\ 0, & x > 2 \end{cases}$ . (7)

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