

Instructions for installing RTDE (Real-Time Data Exchange)

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These instructions describe the installation and execution of the RTDE (Real-Time Data Exchange). There are several ways to make the RTDE work. In this guide we only deal with methods that use Ubuntu 22.04. This can be explained for permission reasons. The accessibility of various parameters that need to be changed for the RTDE are much easier to access and change on Ubuntu 22.04.

The RTDE can also be installed in other ways, but these are not described here. If you are interested in other methods, this <u>website</u> can help. Since the UR-RTDE was developed by independent programmers, there is no guarantee that the RTDE will be installed successfully, as it has often not been updated and may therefore contain errors or missing information.

This guide deals **exclusively** with two RTDE installation methods:

- 1. A virtual machine (with Ubuntu 22.04) on a computer with Windows as an operating system
- 2. A computer with Ubuntu 22.04 as operating system



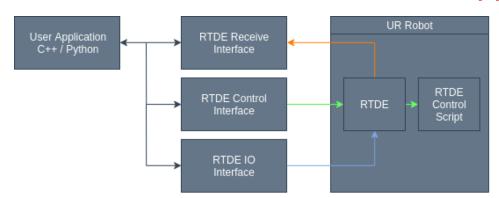


Illustration of how the RTDE Library works

The illustration above shows how the RTDE works. The RTDE makes it possible to establish real-time communication between the computer and the robot. For this purpose, either a Python or C++ library is installed, which interacts with the robot in three different ways. These interaction options are called interfaces.

- **RTDE Receive Interface** is used to receive data from the UR robot.
- **RTDE Control Interface** is used to send data to the robot from the computer or to forward commands to the robot.
- **RTDE IO Interface** is used to control external elements of the robot (e.g. the gripper) or to read their data.

These three interaction options are then forwarded directly from the robot through port 30004 in order to act on the robot's RTDE, which has an influence on the RTDE control script.



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Compatibility

Robots

Compatibility was only tested on the UR10 robot in the robotics laboratory at Munich University of Applied Sciences. However, according to the documentation, these robots should also be compatible:

- CB-Series from CB3/CB3.1 Software 3.3
- e-Series

On the official website of <u>Universal Robots</u> you can check whether a robot belongs to one of these series and is therefore compatible or not.

Operating system

The compatibility of the operating system was only tested for Ubuntu 22.04 in the robotics laboratory at Munich University of Applied Sciences. The RTDE documentation states that the following operating systems are also compatible:

- Ubuntu 16.04 (Xenial Xerus)
- Ubuntu 18.04 (Bionic Beaver)
- Ubuntu 20.04 (Focal Fossa)
- macOS 10.14 (Mojave)
- Windows 10 Pro x64

As these have not been tested, no responsibility is accepted for testing on operating systems other than Ubuntu 22.04.



Virtual machine

This part only concerns 1. a virtual machine (with Ubuntu 22.04) on a computer with Windows as an operating system.

Installation

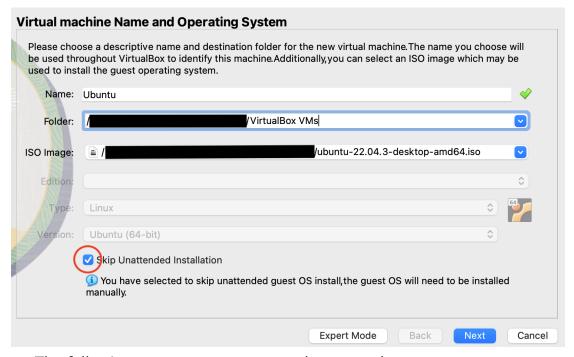
Two elements are required for the installation:

- The virtual machine software. It is recommended to use this <u>virtual</u> machine.
- The ISO file of the Ubuntu 22.04 operating system, which can be found here.

Virtual machine configuration



When you open the VirtualBox Manager software, you should see the bar. To create a virtual machine, press the *New* button circled in red.



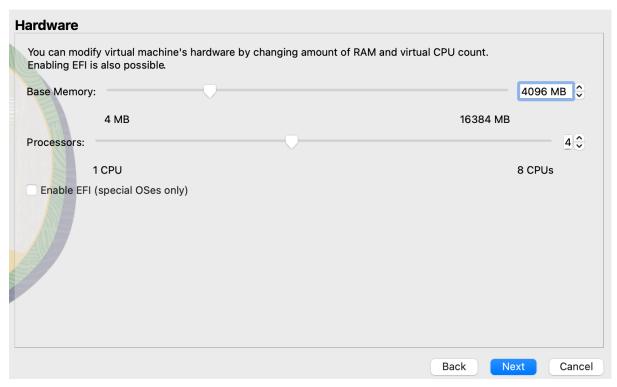
The following parameters must now be entered:

- **Name**, this can be freely chosen. Here it is specified as *Ubuntu*.
- Folder, do not touch this link as it is specified by default.



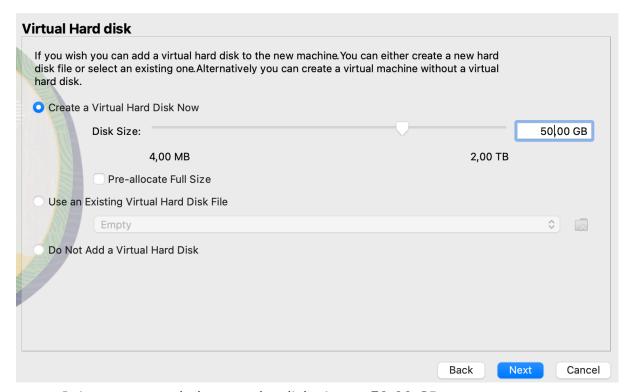
- **ISO Image**, the ISO file of Ubuntu 22.04 must be indicated for this link.
- **Skip Unattended Installation**, this field is not checked by default, but it must be checked so that the Ubuntu installation can be carried out correctly.

Once the various information has been taken into account, you can click Next.

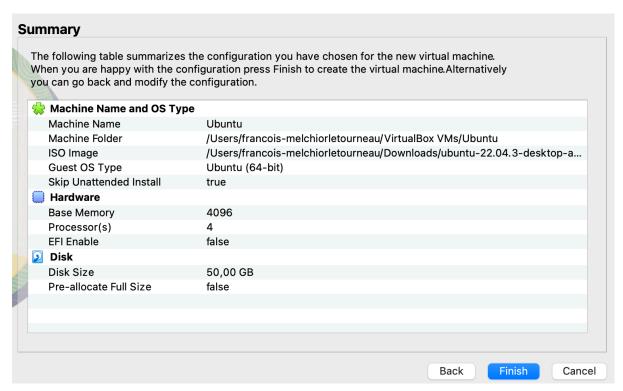


The performance data of the virtual machine must be entered here. It is recommended to enter 4096 MB for the base memory and 4 processors.





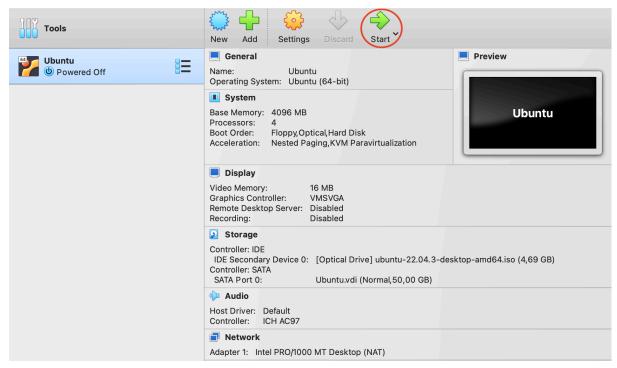
It is recommended to set the disk size to 50.00 GB.



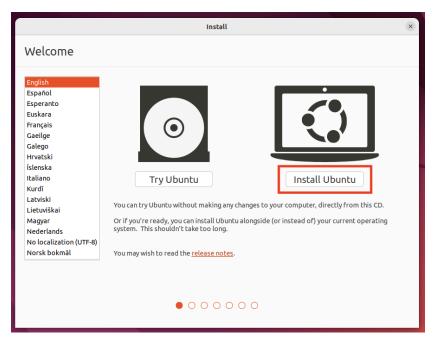
Finally, press the *Finish* button. The virtual machine is now configured.



Ubuntu 22.04 Installation

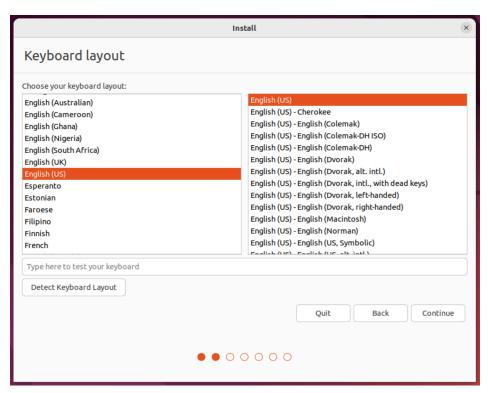


To start the virtual machine and begin the installation of Ubuntu 22.04, press the *Start* button marked in red.

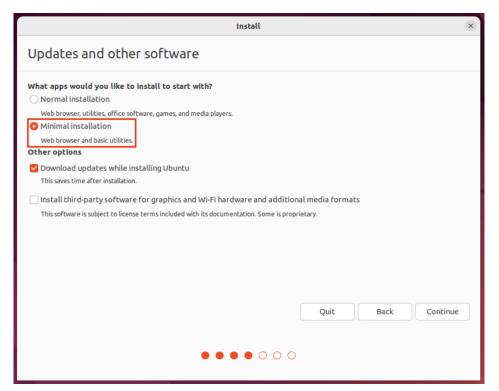


This interface follows after starting the virtual machine. *Install Ubuntu* must be clicked here. The language can be selected in the left-hand column. In this case, the language is set to English.



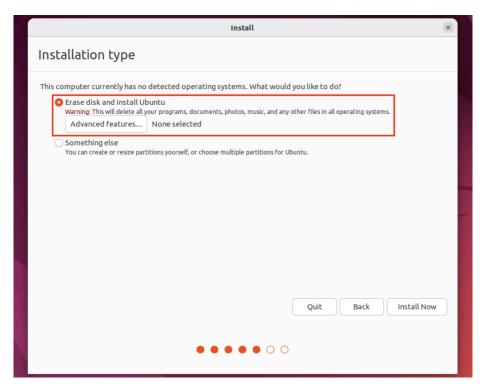


The keyboard setting can be selected here. Thanks to the *Detect Keyboard Layout* button, the keyboard of the device can be found.



Select Minimal Installation.



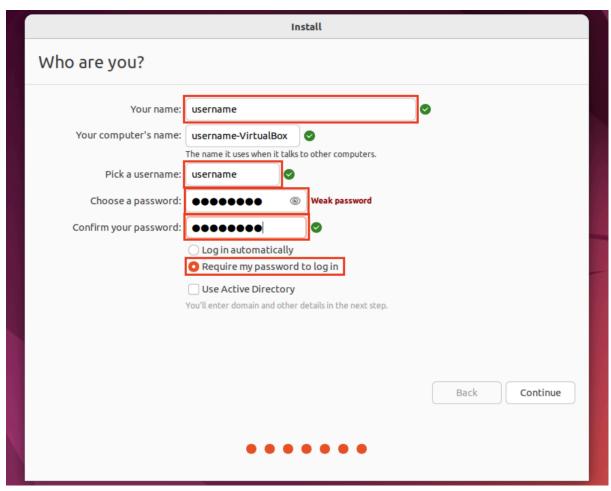


Select Erase disk and install Ubuntu.



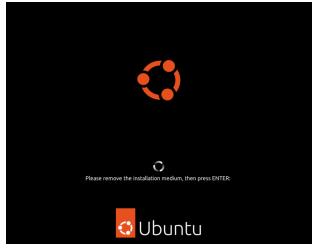
Choose timezone.





Enter username and password. Then select the *Require my password to log in* button.

Finally, the virtual machine will restart and display the screen below. Then press the ENTER key. The Ubuntu 22.04 installation is complete.





Docker installation

Activation of the Ubuntu real-time kernel

REMINDER: This method only works for Ubuntu 22.04

In this part, all "commands" in the black boxes must be entered in the Ubuntu terminal.

Instead of <free token> you have to type in the Free Personal Token of your Ubuntu account. To create an Ubuntu account, follow this <u>link</u>. To <u>create</u> or <u>copy</u> the Free Personal Token.

sudo ua attach <free token>

The version needs to be tested afterwards.

ua version

If the result is something lower than 27.8, then this command must be entered in the terminal:

sudo apt install ubuntu-advantage-tools=27.8~22.04.1

This command activates the real-time kernel, which enables constant communication between the robot and computer in the RTDE.

ua enable realtime-kernel --beta

The computer must then be restarted. This command can be entered or it can also be done manually.

reboot



Docker configuration

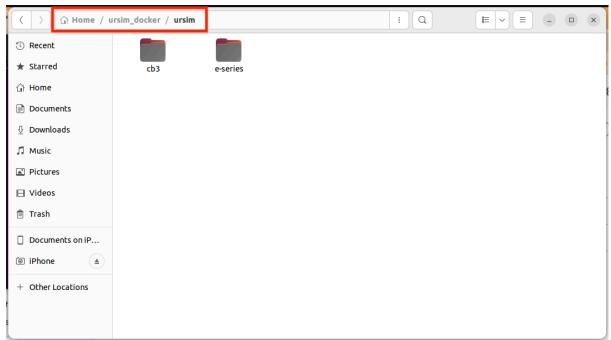
The terminal must be opened again.

```
git clone https://github.com/urrsk/ursim_docker.git
```

The following commands must be executed in sequence:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install docker.io
sudo systemctl start docker
sudo systemctl enable docker
sudo systemctl status docker
sudo usermod -aG docker $USER
su - $USER
```

Two documents are to be modified in the *Files* app. First, the *Home* folder must be opened. Then the *ursim_docker* folder and then the *ursim* folder. The screen should look like this:



The red rectangle can help you to be sure that you are in the right folder.



The next step is a little more complicated. In both folders (*cb3* and *e-series*) there is a document *Dockerfile*. When you open it, you have to add the following line:

FROM ubuntu:latest

Replace with the following:

FROM ubuntu:20.04

REMINDER: This action must be carried out in both folders.

The following must then be entered in the terminal:

cd ursim_docker/

docker build ursim/e-series -t myursim --build-arg VERSION=5.11.1.108318 --build-arg
URSIM="https://s3-eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/ur-support-site/118926/URSim_Linux-5.11.1.1083
18.tar.gz"

After installation:

cd ~

docker run --rm -it -p 5900:5900 -p 29999:29999 -p 30001-30004:30001-30004 myursim

After the Docker image has been loaded once, the Ctrl+C key can be pressed to stop the Docker.



Python library installation

The terminal must be opened and the following commands executed:

```
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:sdurobotics/ur-rtde
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt install librtde librtde-dev
```

```
pip install --user ur_rtde
```

```
sudo apt-get install libboost-all-dev
```

```
git clone https://gitlab.com/sdurobotics/ur_rtde.git
cd ur_rtde
git submodule update --init --recursive
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ..
make
sudo make install
```

The terminal can then be closed.



IP addresses

To be able to program the robot using the UR-RTDE Python Library, the IP addresses of the robot and computer must be set to enable them to communicate with each other.

For example: The computer has the IP address 169.254.217.10

 \rightarrow The robot is given the following IP address so that both can communicate: 169.254.217.11