

~~Queue~~ Stack (STL)
Queue Operations

Derek Stanley Kannan
IBMIACS015

```
void create(int str)
```

```
{ struct node *newnode, *temp, *head;
```

```
  if (str == 1)
```

```
    head = head1;
```

```
  else
```

```
    head = head2;
```

```
  int item;
```

```
  newnode = (struct node *) malloc (sizeof (struct node));
```

```
  printf ("Enter the data");
```

```
  scanf ("%d", &item);
```

```
  newnode->data = item;
```

```
  if (head == NULL)
```

```
  { newnode->next = NULL;
```

```
    head = newnode;
```

```
    if (str == 1)
```

```
      head1 = head;
```

```
    else
```

```
      head2 = head;
```

```
    printf ("Node created\n");
```

```
  }
```

```
  else
```

```
  { temp = head;
```

```
    while (temp->next != NULL)
```

```
    { temp = temp->next; }
```

```
    temp->next = newnode;
```

```
    newnode->next = NULL;
```

```
    printf ("Node created\n");
```

```
  }
```

```
}
```

```
void concat()
```

```
{ struct node *temp1 = head1, *temp2 = head2;
  while (temp1->next != NULL)
    temp1 = temp1->next;
  temp1->next = temp2;
}
```

```
void reverse(int str)
```

```
{ struct node *prev = NULL, *current, *next = NULL;
  if (str == 1)
  { current = head1; }
  else if (str == 2)
  { current = head2; }
  while (current != NULL)
  { next = current->next;
    current->next = prev;
    prev = current;
    current = next; }
  if (str == 1)
    head1 = prev;
  else if (str == 2)
    head2 = prev;
  display(str);
}
```

```

void display (int str)
{
    struct node *ptr = NULL;
    if (str == 1)
        ptr = head1;
    else if (str == 2)
        ptr = head2;
    if (ptr == NULL)
    {
        printf("Nothing to print\n");
    }
    else
    {
        while (ptr != NULL)
        {
            printf("%d ", ptr->data);
            ptr = ptr->next;
        }
    }
}

```