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Course: Foundations of Databases & SQL Programming

Assignment 7

<https://github.com/DerekJB1987/DBFoundations-Module07>

Functions

Introduction

This week I started diving deeper into the power of SQL functions and how they are used to retrieve information from a database.

When to use a SQL UDF (User Defined Functions)

A programmer / data analyst can create custom defined functions which are commonly referred to as User Defined Functions or UDFs. These can be used to return a single (Scalar) value as an expression and/or use UDFs to check constraints.

```
CREATE FUNCTION fProductInventoriesWithPreviousMonthCountsWithKPIs(@KPIValue
int)
RETURNS Table
AS
    RETURN SELECT
        [ProductName]
        , [InventoryDate]
        , [InventoryCount]
        , [PreviousMonthCount]
        , [CountVsPreviousCountKPI]
    FROM vProductInventoriesWithPreviousMonthCountsWithKPIs
    WHERE [CountVsPreviousCountKPI] = @KPIValue;

go

SELECT * FROM fProductInventoriesWithPreviousMonthCountsWithKPIs(0) ORDER BY
1,2,3;
```

Figure 1: Example of SQL code where a user created a custom UDF that uses a KPI integer value as a parameter to generate the list of every product (names) that qualifies with that inputted parameter of 0.

Results		Messages			
	ProductName	InventoryDate	InventoryCount	PreviousMonthCount	CountVsPreviousCountKPI
1	Alice Mutton	January,2017	0	0	0
2	Alice Mutton	March,2017	10	10	0
3	Chef Anton's Gumbo Mix	January,2017	0	0	0
4	Chef Anton's Gumbo Mix	March,2017	10	10	0
5	Gorgonzola Telino	January,2017	0	0	0
6	Gorgonzola Telino	March,2017	10	10	0
7	Perth Pasties	January,2017	0	0	0
8	Perth Pasties	March,2017	10	10	0
9	Thüringer Rostbratwurst	January,2017	0	0	0
10	Thüringer Rostbratwurst	March,2017	10	10	0

Figure 2: Retrieved results from the UDF shown in Figure 1 above.

What are differences and similarities between Scalar, Inline, and Multi-Statement Functions

There are multiple looks and types of functions that can be used in SQL statements. Scalar, Inline, and Multi-statement functions are all UDFs.

A **Scalar function** is any function that returns a single value as an expression.

```
Create Function dbo.MultiplyValues(@Value1 Float, @Value2 Float)
Returns Float
As
Begin
    Return(Select @Value1 * @Value2);
End
go
-- Calling the function
Select Tempdb.dbo.MultiplyValues(4, 5);
go
```

Figure 3: Example of SQL code where a user created a scalar function that will return a single value when a user inputs 2 integers that are multiplied when the function is executed

An **Inline function** is a UDF that returns a table as its result. The UDF in Figure 1 and the retrieved results in the table shown in the Figure 2 image are an example of an inline function.

A **Multi-Statement function** is a UDF that returns a table of rows and columns.

Summary

This writeup highlights the similarities, differences between scalar, inline and multi-statement functions and examines when you would want to create and use a SQL UDF.