Topics in Advanced Econometrics (ResEcon 703)

Fall 2019 Syllabus

Matt Woerman Resource Economics, UMass Amherst

Course Info

When: Tuesday & Thursday, 10:00–11:15 am

Where: 105 Flint Laboratory

Website: github.com/woerman/ResEcon703

Instructor: Matt Woerman

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Office: 218 Stockbridge Hall
Hours: Tuesday, 2:00-3:00 pm

Course Description

This is the final course in the graduate econometrics sequence in the Department of Resource Economics. Following previous courses on probability and statistics and on linear regression, this course will cover the more advanced topics of nonlinear regression and structural estimation. The goal of this course is to provide students with an in-depth understanding of the most common structural estimation methods in modern empirical economics and with the technical ability to apply these methods to their own research. The course will focus on the application of these methods to discrete choice models, which underly many economic decisions studied in applied microeconomics and related fields.

Prerequisites

Students should have a strong familiarity with statistics, linear algebra, and the classical linear regression model at the level of ResEcon 702 (the prior course in the econometrics sequence). If you have not taken that course but think your background in these topics is sufficient, please see me and we can discuss whether this course is appropriate for you.

Readings

We will use two textbooks for this course:

Train, Kenneth E. 2009. *Discrete Choice Methods with Simulation*. Second Edition. Cambridge University Press.

Greene, William H. 2018. Econometric Analysis. Eighth Edition. Pearson.

The Train textbook is available online for free at: eml.berkeley.edu/books/choice2.html; a paper-back version is also available at a reasonable (relative to other textbooks) price. The Greene textbook is what you used in ResEcon 702; the Seventh Edition is also acceptable, and I will indicate when readings differ for the two editions.

Additional econometric textbooks can serve as useful references if you want to see alternate presentations of the material covered in this course. Two such textbooks that I recommend are:

Cameron, A. Colin, and Pravin K. Trivedi. 2005. *Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications*. Cambridge University Press.

Wooldridge, Jeffrey M. 2010. *Economteric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data*. Second Editon. The MIT Press.

The Cameron and Trivedi textbook is more focused on application than many other econometric texts. The Wooldridge textbook presents more advanced material, which can be particularly helpful as you apply these econometric methods to your own research.

We will also read papers from the economics literature that show practical applications of the structural estimation methods you will learn in class. A tentative list of these papers is:

Adamowicz, Wiktor, Jordan Louviere, and Michael Williams. 1994. "Combining Revealed and Stated Preference Methods for Valuing Environmental Amenities." *Journal of Environmental Economics and Management* 26 (3): 271–292.

Bayer, Patrick, Nathaniel Keohane, and Christopher Timmins. 2009. "Migration and Hedonic Valuation: The Case of Air Quality." *Journal of Environmental Economics and Management* 58 (1): 1–14.

Berry, Steven, James Levinsohn, and Ariel Pakes. 1995. "Automobile Prices in Market Equilibrium." *Econometrica* 63 (4): 841–890.

Crawford, Gregory, and Ali Yurukoglu. 2012. "The Welfare Effects of Bundling in Multichannel Television Markets." *American Economic Review* 102 (2): 643–685.

Fowlie, Meredith. 2010. "Emissions Trading, Electricity Restructuring, and Investment in Pollution Abatement." *American Economic Review* 100 (3): 837–869.

Gruber, Jonathan, and James Poterba. 1994. "Tax Incentives and the Decision to Purchase Health Insurance: Evidence from the Self-Employed." *The Quarterly Journal of Economics* 109 (3): 701–733.

Handel, Benjamin. 2013. "Adverse Selection and Inertia in Health Insurance Markets: When Nudging Hurts." *American Economic Review* 103 (7): 2643–2682.

Nevo, Aviv. 2000. "A Practitioner's Guide to Estimation of Random-Coefficients Logit Models of Demand." *Journal of Economics & Management Strategy* 9 (4): 513–548.

Nevo, Aviv, and Michael D. Whinston. 2010. "Taking the Dogma out of Econometrics: Structural Modeling and Credible Inference." *Journal of Economic Perspectives* 24 (2): 69–82.

Reiss, Peter C., and Frank A. Wolak. 2007. "Structural Econometric Modeling: Rationales and Examples from Industrial Organization." In *Handbook of Econometrics: Volume 6*, edited by James J. Heckman and Edward E. Leamer. Elsevier.

Revelt, David, and Kenneth Train. 1998. "Mixed Logit with Repeated Choices: Households' Choices of Appliance Efficiency Level." *The Review of Economics and Statistics* 80 (4): 647–657.

Rust, John. 1987. "Optimal Replacement of GMC Bus Engines: An Empirical Model of Harold Zurcher." *Econometrica* 55 (5): 999–1033.

Schaefer, Scott. 1998. "The Dependence of Pay-Performance Sensitivity on the Size of the Firm." *The Review of Economics and Statistics* 80 (3): 436–443.

Train, Kenneth, Daniel McFadden, and Moshe Ben-Akiva. 1987. "The Demand for Local Telephone Service: A Fully Discrete Model of Residential Calling Patterns and Service Choices." *The RAND Journal of Economics* 18 (1): 109–123.

Software

We will use the R statistical programming language in this course. R is a free and powerful software environment for statistical analysis. It can be used for almost all analysis in applied economics and related fields: basic statistics, data cleaning, linear regression, structural estimation, data visualization, etc. I will work through examples in class using R, and I will provide example R code for your own use. You may use another programming language in this course if you would like, but I strongly recommend that you learn and use R. I will provide no support for this course in other programming languages, and I will not provide partial credit on problem sets or exams written in a programming language other than R.

I will give an introduction to R early in this course to ensure all students have a basic understanding of key features of the R language. If you have never used R, this introduction may not be sufficient to implement the methods we will cover in this course. Several free online R resources that you may find useful are:

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Introduction to R (www.datacamp.com/courses/free-introduction-to-r)
R for Data Science (r4ds.had.co.nz)
Advanced R (adv-r.hadley.nz)
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Grades

I will assign four problem sets during the semester; each problem set is worth 15% of your final grade. You may work on these problem sets in groups of up to three (and I recommend you do), but each person must submit a unique set of problem set answers. These problems will ask you to apply the estimation methods we learn in class, interpret their results, and draw policy-relevant conclusions, just as you will do in your own research. Some problems will allow you to use "canned" estimation routines, but many will require you to write your own estimation code. A tentative schedule of problem sets, including due dates, is shown below.

I will assign a take-home final exam that is worth 30% of your final grade. The final exam is "single-authored." You are not allowed to collaborate with or consult anyone else while completing this exam. I will give more details about the exam as we get closer to the end of the semester.

Tentative problem set schedule

Problem Set	Date Assigned	Date Due	Material Covered
1	Sept. 10	Sept. 24	Random Utility and Logit Models
2	Sept. 24	Oct. 17	Logit Estimation
3	Oct. 17	Oct. 31	Generalized Extreme Value Model and Estimation
4	Oct. 31	Nov. 21	Mixed Logit Model and Estimation

The remaining 10% of your final grade is for attendance and participation. Attendance is required for this course; you can miss at most two lectures and still receive full points. You are also required to come to lecture prepared and having completed the required reading before class. I will announce required reading during the preceding class and it will appear on slides that I post. A tentative schedule of leacture topics and assigned reading is shown below. You should also bring your laptop to class, so we can all work through examples together.

Academic Honesty Policy Statement

Since the integrity of the academic enterprise of any institution of higher education requires honesty in scholarship and research, academic honesty is required of all students at the University of Massachusetts Amherst. Academic dishonesty is prohibited in all programs of the University. Academic dishonesty includes but is not limited to: cheating, fabrication, plagiarism, and facilitating dishonesty. Appropriate sanctions may be imposed on any student who has committed an act of academic dishonesty. Instructors should take reasonable steps to address academic misconduct. Any person who has reason to believe that a student has committed academic dishonesty should bring such information to the attention of the appropriate course instructor as soon as possible. Instances of academic dishonesty not related to a specific course should be brought to the attention of the appropriate department Head or Chair. The procedures outlined below are intended to provide an efficient and orderly process by which action may be taken if it appears that academic dishonesty has occurred and by which students may appeal such actions. Since students are expected to be familiar with this policy and the commonly accepted standards of academic integrity, ignorance of such standards is not normally sufficient evidence of lack of intent. For more information about what constitutes academic dishonesty, please see the Dean of Students website: www.umass.edu/dean_students/campus-policies.

Disability Statement

The University of Massachusetts Amherst is committed to making reasonable, effective and appropriate accommodations to meet the needs of students with disabilities and help create a barrier-free campus. If you are in need of accommodation for a documented disability, register with Disability Services to have an accommodation letter sent to your faculty. It is your responsibility to initiate these services and to communicate with faculty ahead of time to manage accommodations in a timely manner. For more information, consult the Disability Services website: www.umass.edu/disability.

Tentative lecture and reading schedule

Class	Date	Topics	Readings ¹
1	Sept. 3	Introduction	
2	Sept. 5	R Tutorial	Reiss and Wolak (2007)
3	Sept. 10	Random Utility Model	KT 1-2
4	Sept. 12	Logit Model	KT 3.1, Gruber and Poterba (1994)
5	Sept. 17	Logit Model	KT 3.2-3.6, Adamowicz et al. (1994)
6	Sept. 19	Maximum Likelihood Estimation	WG 7.1-7.2.1, 14.1-14.6
7	Sept. 24	Numerical Optimization	KT 8
8	Sept. 26	Logit Estimation	KT 3.7-3.8, Bayer et al. (2009)
9	Oct. 1	Nonlinear Least Squares	WG 7.2.2-7.2.8 (7.2.2-7.2.6 in 7th Ed.)
10	Oct. 3	Nonlinear Least Squares	Schaefer (1998)
11	Oct. 8	Generalized Method of Moments	WG 13.1-13.5
12	Oct. 10	Generalized Method of Moments	Crawford and Yurukoglu (2012)
	Oct. 15	No class. Monday schedule.	
13	Oct. 17	Generalized Extreme Value Models	KT 4
14	Oct. 22	Generalized Extreme Value Models	Train et al. (1987)
15	Oct. 24	Mixed Logit Model	KT 6.1-6.5
16	Oct. 29	Mixed Logit Model	Revelt and Train (1998)
17	Oct. 31	Mixed Logit Estimation	KT 9.1-9.2, 6.6-6.8
18	Nov. 5	Mixed Logit Estimation	Handel (2013)
19	Nov. 7	Individual-Specific Parameters	KT 11
20	Nov. 12	Individual-Specific Parameters	Fowlie (2010)
21	Nov. 14	Dynamic Discrete Choice	KT 7.7
22	Nov. 19	Dynamic Discrete Choice	Rust (1987)
23	Nov. 21	Endogeneity	KT 13, Nevo and Whinston (2010)
24	Dec. 3	Endogeneity	Nevo (2000) and Berry et al. (1995)
25	Dec. 5	Endogeneity	Nevo (2000) and Berry et al. (1995)
26	Dec. 10	Endogeneity	Nevo (2000) and Berry et al. (1995)

¹ KT refers to chapters in the Train (2009) textbook; WG refers to chapters in the Greene (2018) textbook. Full citations to textbooks and papers are given above.