

Exercice 4

Calculer les transformées de Fourier des signaux suivants :

$$\Delta(X) = \Pi(X) \otimes \Pi(X)$$

$$\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}$$

Calculer :

$$\int \left[\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right]^n dx \quad \text{avec } n=2,3,4..$$

Solutions : 

Solutions

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}(\Delta(x)) &= \mathcal{F}(\Pi(x) \otimes \Pi(x)) = \mathcal{F}(\Pi(x)) \cdot \mathcal{F}(\Pi(x)) \\ &= \frac{\sin(\pi f)}{\pi f} \cdot \frac{\sin(\pi f)}{\pi f} \\ &= \left(\frac{\sin(\pi f)}{\pi f} \right)^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{F}\left(\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}\right) = \int \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} e^{-2\pi j f x} dx = X(f)$$

$$X(-f) = \int \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} e^{2\pi j f x} dx = \mathcal{F}^{-1}\left[\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}\right] = \Pi(-f) = \Pi(f)$$

$$\int \left[\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right]^n dx \quad \text{avec } n=2,3,4..$$

n=2

$$\int \left[\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right]^2 dx = \int_{-0.5}^{+0.5} (\Pi(f))^2 df = 1$$



n=3

$$\begin{aligned} \int \left[\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right]^3 dx &= \int \left[\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right]^2 \left(\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right) dx = \int \left[\mathcal{F} \left(\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right) \right]^2 (\Pi(f)) df \\ &= \int \Pi(f) \otimes \Pi(f) \cdot \Pi(f) df = \int \Delta(f) df = 3/4 \end{aligned}$$

n=4

$$\begin{aligned} \int \left[\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right]^4 dx &= \int \left[\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right]^2 \left(\frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x} \right)^2 dx = \int \Delta(f) \Delta(f) df = \int (\Delta(f))^2 df \\ &= 2 \int_0^1 (-f+1)^2 df = 2 \left[\frac{-(1-f)^3}{3} \right]_0^1 = 2/3 \end{aligned}$$

C'est une application directe du théorème de Parseval

$$\int f(x) \overline{g(x)} dx = \int \widehat{f}(f) \overline{\widehat{g}(f)} df$$

$$\int |f(x)|^2 = \int |\widehat{f}(f)|^2 df$$