Automating Tasks with GitHub Actions



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Overview



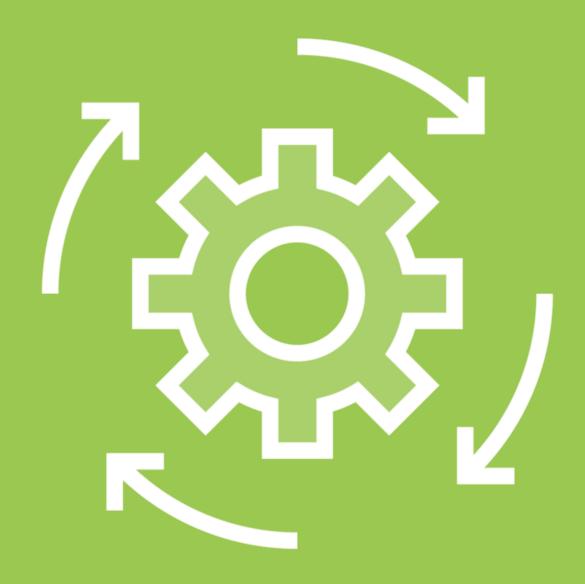
Understanding GitHub Actions

Automating tasks

Setting up continuous integration



Understanding GitHub Actions



Introducing GitHub Actions

We can use GitHub for many parts of the SDLC

Software Development Life Cycle

Tasks can be automated



Introducing GitHub Actions





Event-driven, will trigger tasks

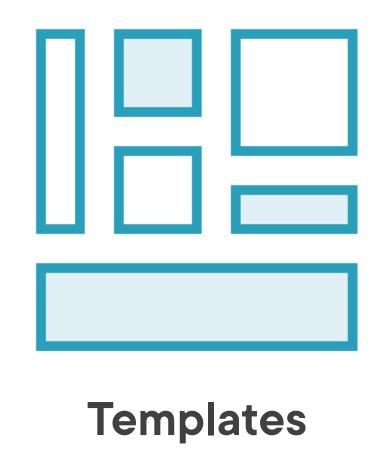


Live in the repository



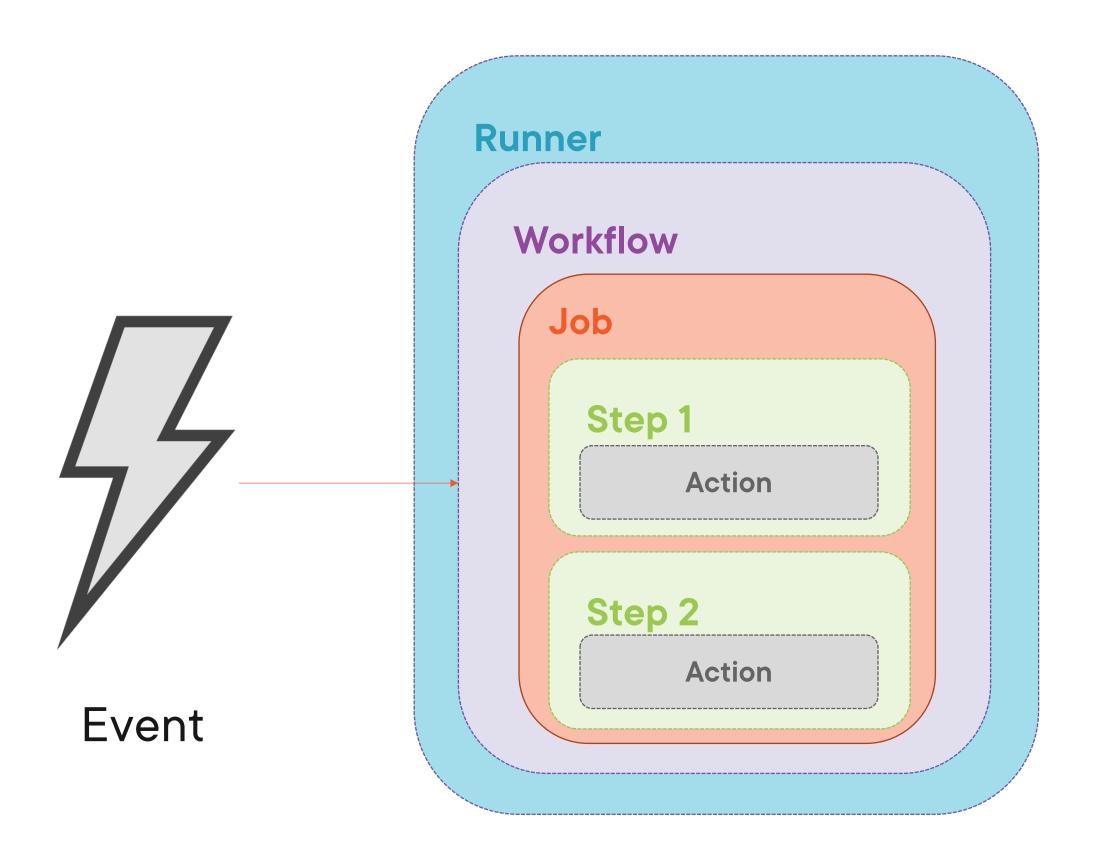
Introducing GitHub Actions







Components of GitHub Actions

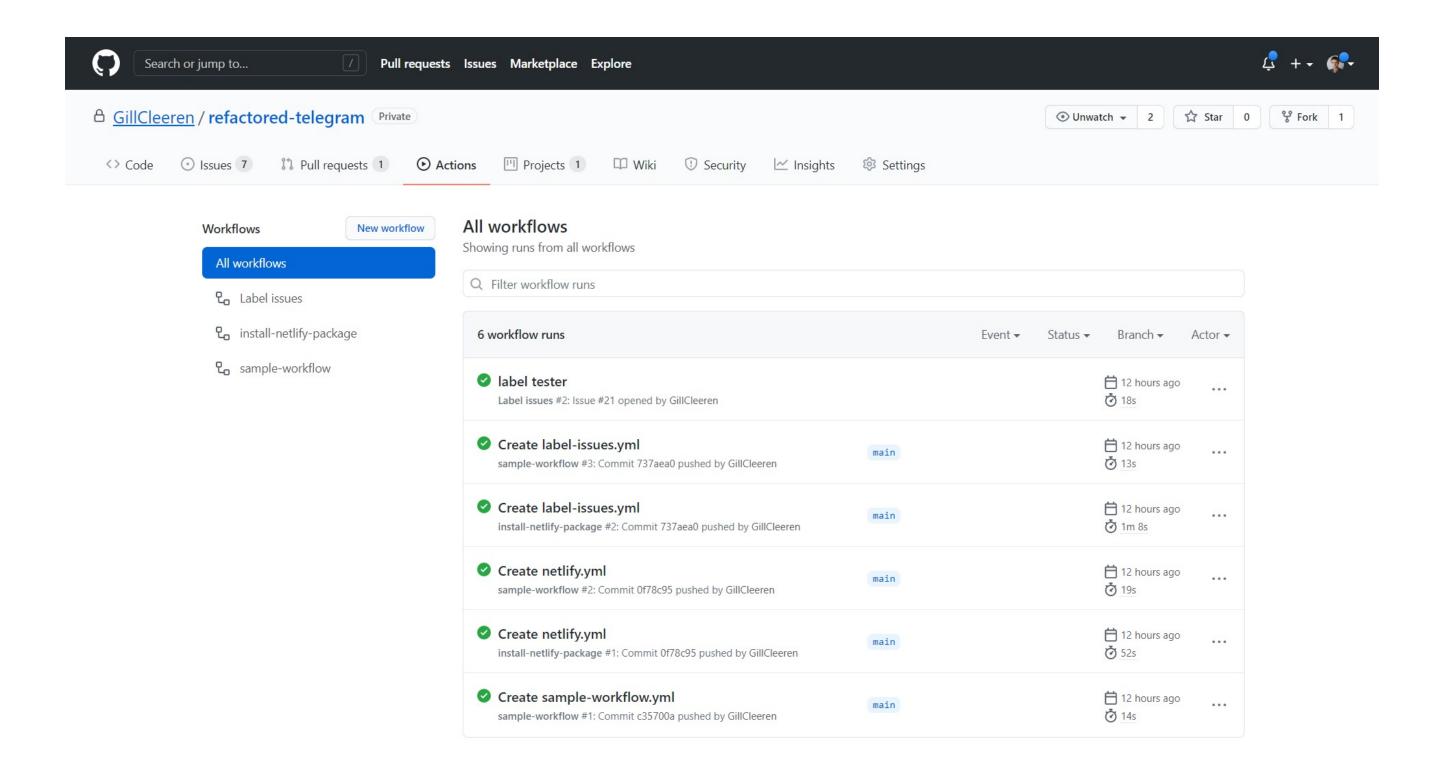


Creating an Action in YAML

```
name: first-github-action
on: [push]
jobs:
   check-bats-version:
     runs-on: ubuntu-latest
     steps:
     - uses: actions/checkout@v2
     - uses: actions/setup-node@v1
     - run: npm install -g bats
     - run: bats -v
```

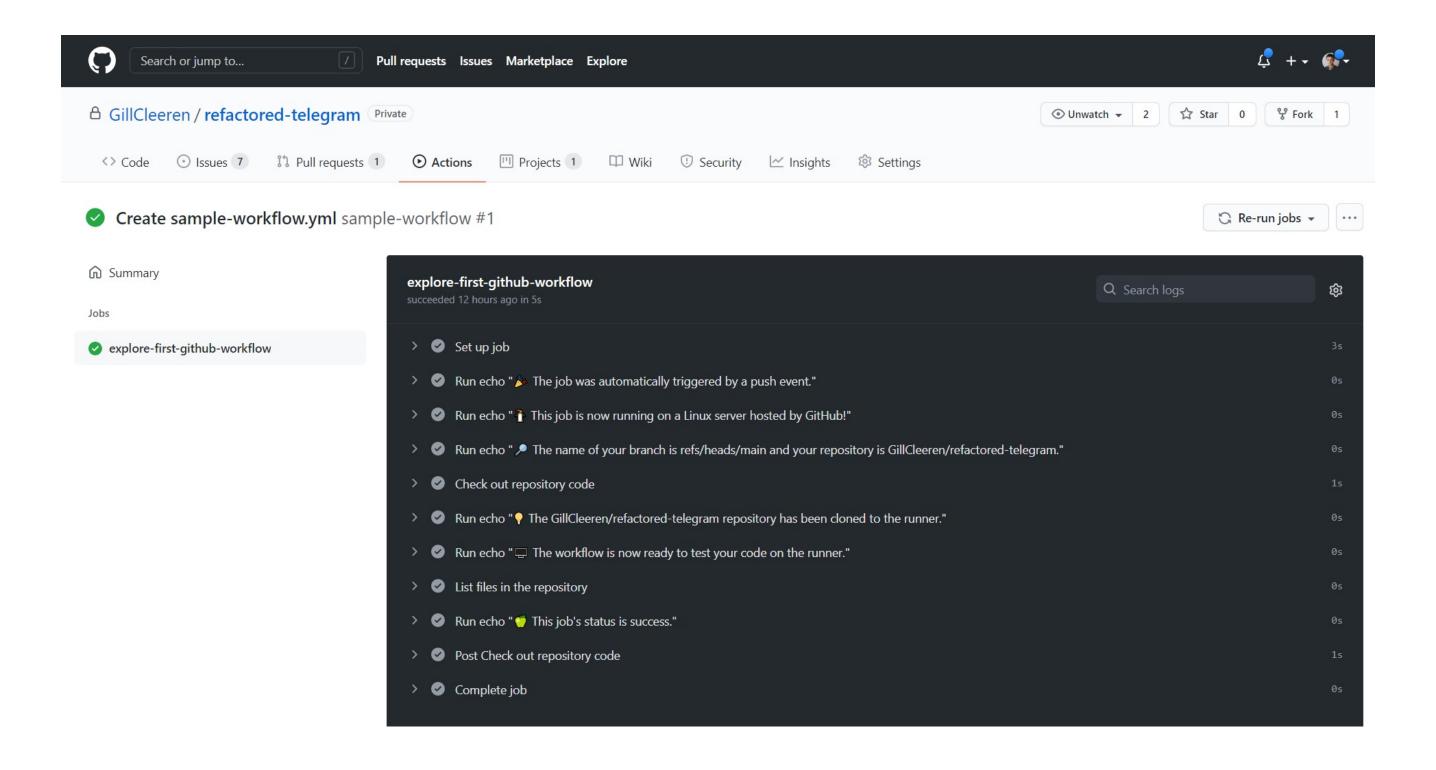


Creating Actions on GitHub



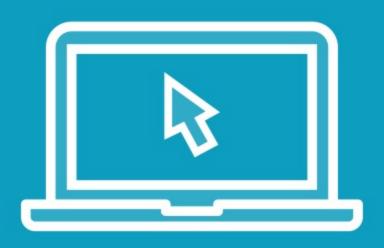


Exploring the Results of the Flow Execution





Demo

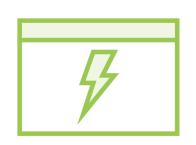


Creating a simple workflow

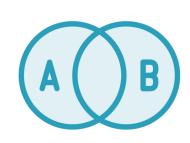
Exploring the results of the flow

Automating Tasks

Types of Events



Event within GitHub



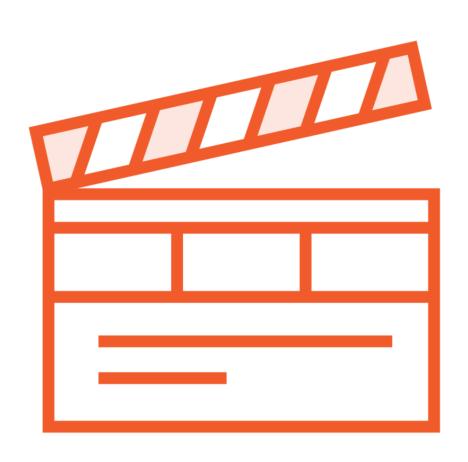
Combination



Scheduled



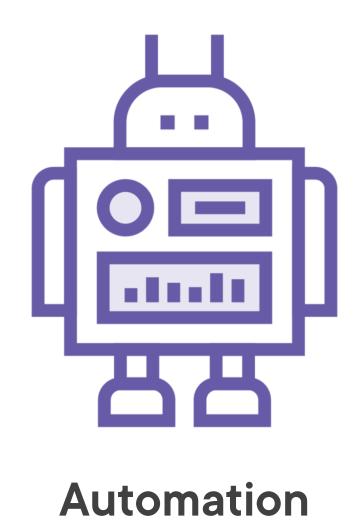
Webhook events

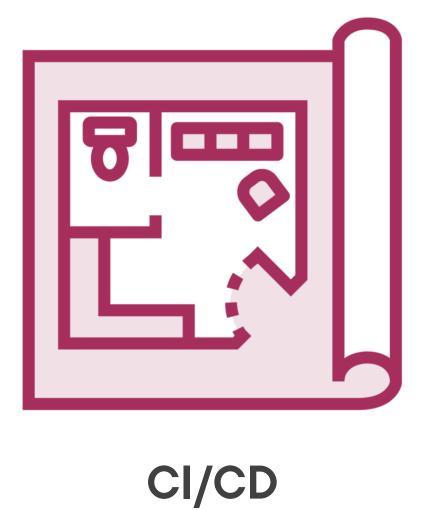


Actions

- Can create own actions
- Use community
 - Marketplace for actions

Types of Workflows







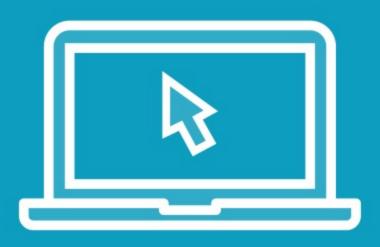
Understanding CI/CD

Continuous integration

Continuous deployment



Demo

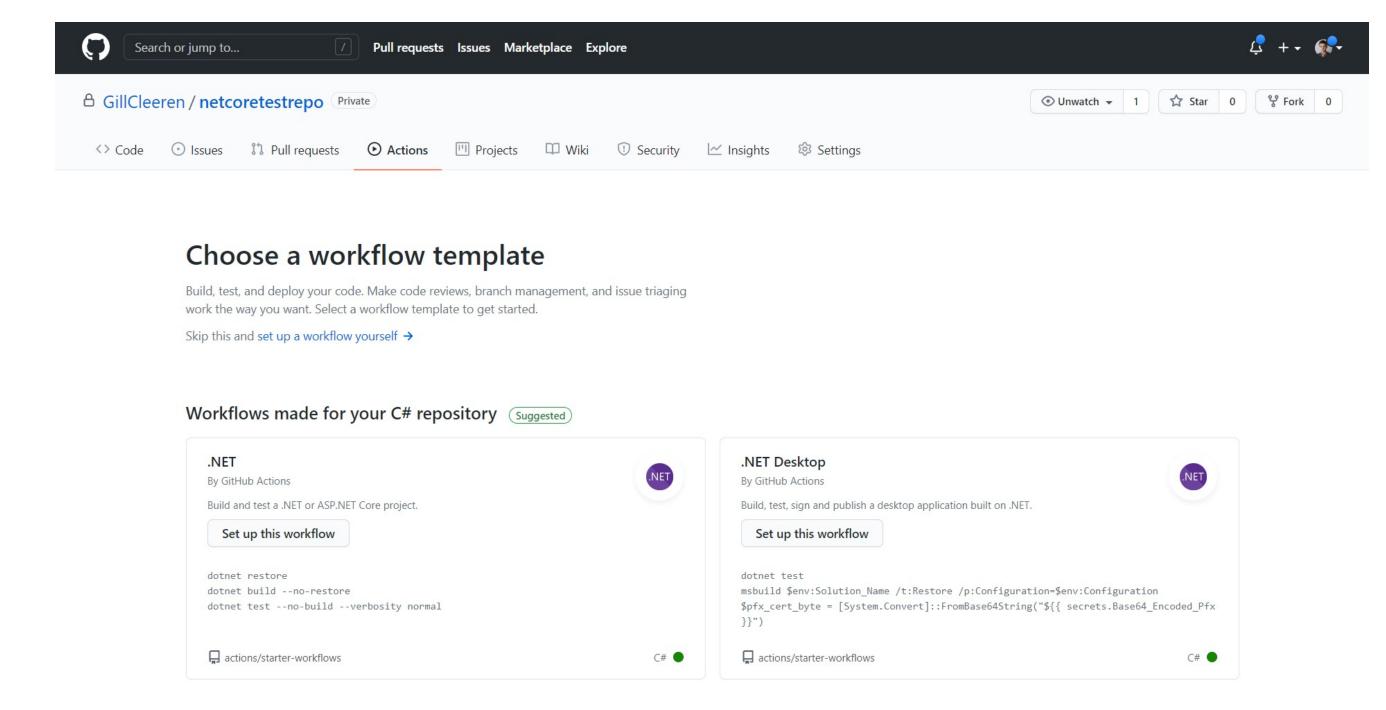


Adding a label using a flow to an issue

Setting Up Continuous Integration



Using Templates





Demo



Setting up a build for .NET Core



Summary



Actions can be used to automate tasks within GitHub

Used often for setting up CI/CD





