

Dog Facts: Dog Breeds & Groups

A **breed** is a relatively homogeneous group of animals within a species, developed and maintained by man. All dogs, impure as well as pure-bred, and several wild cousins such as wolves and foxes, are one family. Each breed was created by man, using selective breeding to get desired qualities. The result is an almost unbelievable diversity of purebred dogs which will, when bred to others of their breed produce their own kind. Through the ages, man designed dogs that could hunt, guard, or herd according to his needs.

The following is the listing of the 7 American Kennel Club Groups in which similar breeds are organized. There are other dog registries, such as the United Kennel Club (known as the UKC) that lists these and many other breeds of dogs not recognized by the AKC at present.

Sporting Group



Naturally active and alert, Sporting dogs make likeable, well rounded com-

panions. Members of the Group include pointers, retrievers, setters and spaniels. Remarkable for their instincts in water and woods, many of these breeds actively continue to participate in hunting and other field activities. Potential owners of Sporting dogs need to realize that most require regular, invigorating exercise.

American Water Spaniel Brittany Chesapeake Bay Retriever Clumber Spaniel Cocker Spaniel Curly-Coated Retriever English Cocker Spaniel English Springer Spaniel **English Setter** Field Spaniel Flat-Coated Retriever German Shorthaired Pointer German Wirehaired Pointer Golden Retriever Gordon Setter Irish Setter Irish Water Spaniel Labrador Retriever Pointer Sussex Spaniel Vizsla Weimaraner Welsh Springer Spaniel

Wirehaired Pointing Griffon

Non-Sporting Group

Non-sporting dogs are a diverse group. Here are sturdy animals with as different personalities and appearances as the Chow Chow, Dalmatian, French Bulldog, and Keeshond. Talk about differences in size, coat, and visage! Some, like the Schipperke and Tibetan Spaniel are uncommon sights in the average neighborhood. Others, however, like the Poodle and Lhasa Apso, have quite a large following. The breeds in the Non-Sporting Group are a varied collection in terms of size, coat, personality and overall appearance.

American Eskimo Dog Bichon Frise Boston Terrier Bulldog Chinese Sharpei Chow Chow Dalmatian Finnish Spitz French Bulldog Keeshond Lhasa Apso Poodle Schipperke Shiba Inu

Tibetan Spaniel

Terrier Group

People familiar with this Group invariably comment on the distinctive terrier personality. These are feisty, energetic dogs whose sizes range from fairly small, as in the Norfolk, Cairn or West Highland White Terrier, to the grand Airedale Terrier. Terriers typically have little tolerance for other animals, including other dogs. Their ancestors were bred to hunt and kill vermin. Many continue to project the attitude that they're always eager for a spirited argument. Most terriers have wiry coats that require special care known as stripping in order to maintain a characteristic appearance. In general, they make engaging pets, but require owners with the determination to match their dogs' lively charac-

Australian Terrier Bedlington Terrier Border Terrier **Bull Terrier** Cairn Terrier Dandie Dinmont Terrier Fox Terrier (Smooth) Fox Terrier (Wire) Irish Terrier Kerry Blue Terrier **Lakeland Terrier** Manchester Terrier Miniature Bull Terrier Miniature Schnauzer Norfolk Terrier Norwich Terrier Scottish Terrier Sealyham Terrier Skye Terrier Soft Coated Wheaten Terrier Staffordshire Bull Terrier Welsh Terrier West Highland White Terrier

Airedale Terrier

American Staffordshire Terrier

Hound Group



Most hounds share the common ancestral trait of being used for hunting. Some use

acute scenting powers to follow a trail. Others demonstrate a phenomenal gift of stamina as they relentlessly run down quarry. Beyond this, however, generalizations about hounds are hard to come by, since the Group encompasses quite a diverse lot. There are Pharaoh Hounds, Norwegian Elkhounds, Afghans and Beagles, among others. Some hounds share the distinct ability to produce a unique sound known as baying.

Afghan Hound Basenji Basset Hound Beagle Black and Tan Coonhound Bloodhound Borzoi Dachshund Foxhound (American) Foxhound (English) Greyhound Harrier Ibizan Hound Irish wolfhound Norwegian Elkhound Otterhound Petit Basset Griffon Vendeen Pharaoh Hound Rhodesian Ridgeback Saluki Scottish Deerhound Whippet