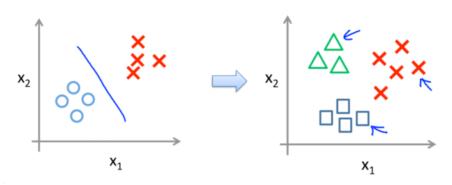
Class 3 Softmax回归

2018年10月17日 17:31

• 简介:

- Softmax回归是一种多分类模型,也叫多分类逻辑回归;
- 在NLP(Natural Language Processing) 中,也被叫做最大熵模型;
- Softmax是一种被广泛使用的分类算法。



• 模型假设:

• 假设

$$p(y = j | x; \theta) = h_j(x) = \frac{e^{\theta_j^T x}}{1 + \sum_{j'=1}^{c-1} e^{\theta_{j'}^T x}}, j = 1, \dots, C - 1$$
$$p(y = C | x; \theta) = h_C(x) = \frac{1}{1 + \sum_{j'=1}^{c-1} \exp\{\theta_{j'}^T x\}}$$

• 上面两个式子可合并为简洁形式

$$p(y=j|x;\theta) = h_j(x) = \frac{e^{\theta_j^{\mathrm{T}}x}}{\sum_{j'=1}^C e^{\theta_{j'}^{\mathrm{T}}x}} \ , j=1,2,\ldots,C, \text{where } \theta_C = \vec{0}$$

参数

$$\theta_{C\times M}$$

其中, c 为类别数量, M为样本数量

• 最大似然估计:

• 对数似然函数 (多分类问题)

$$l(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \log p(y^{(i)}|x^{(i)}; \theta)$$
Softmax Regression
$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \log \prod_{j=1}^{C} \left(\frac{e^{\theta_{j}^{T}x}}{\sum_{j'=1}^{C} e^{\theta_{j'}^{T}x}} \right)^{1\{y^{(i)}=j\}}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{C} 1\{y^{(i)} = j\} \log \left(\frac{e^{\theta_{j}^{T}x}}{\sum_{j'=1}^{C} e^{\theta_{j'}^{T}x}} \right)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{C} 1\{y^{(i)} = j\} \log h_{j}(x^{(i)})$$

> 对于二分类问题,采用逻辑回归

$$l(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} y^{(i)} \log h_{\theta} \left(x^{(i)} \right) + \left(1 - y^{(i)} \right) \log \left(1 - h_{\theta} \left(x^{(i)} \right) \right)$$

> 当Softmax回归模型的类别数为2时,退化为逻辑回归模型。

• 梯度下降优化

梯度

$$\frac{\partial l(\theta)}{\partial \theta_k} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left(1\{y^{(i)} = k\} - h_k(x^{(i)}) \right) x^{(i)}$$

Error × Feature

其中:

$$\frac{\partial \log h_j(x)}{\partial \theta_k} = \begin{cases} (1 - h_k(x))x, & j = k \\ -h_k(x)x, & j \neq k \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial \sum_{j=1}^{C} 1\{y=j\} \log h_j(x)}{\partial \theta_k} = \begin{cases} (1 - h_k(x))x, & y = k \\ -h_k(x)x, & y \neq k \end{cases}$$
$$= (1\{y=k\} - h_k(x))x$$

• 梯度下降

$$\theta_k := \theta_k + \alpha \sum_{i=1}^{N} (1\{y^{(i)} = k\} - h_k(x^{(i)})) x^{(i)}$$
where $h_k(x) = \frac{e^{\theta_k^T x}}{\sum_{k'=1}^{C} e^{\theta_{k'}^T x}}, k = 1, 2, ..., C$

• 随机梯度下降

随机选择一个样本, 更新参数:

$$\theta_k := \theta_k + \alpha (1\{y = k\} - h_k(x))x$$