```
import pandas as pd
import itertools
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from tqdm import tqdm
tqdm.pandas()
```

Summary

The Deepface framework we used in our study also uses the OpenCv library during the face detection phase. In the process of recognition and vector expression of the face, it uses deep learning-based facial recognition models (Serengil &Özpinar, 2020). Face recognition models are regular convolutional neural networks models. They represent face photos as vectors. We find the distance between these two vectors to compare two faces. Finally, we classify two faces as same person whose distance is less than a threshold value(Serengil, 2020b).

Using the VGG Face face recognition model and the cosine similarity metric, we will calculate the threshold values in the Black Woman Data set.

For the original notebook, see: https://github.com/serengil/deepface/blob/master/tests/Fine-Tuning-Threshold.ipynb

Data set

```
idendities = {
    "Laura Harrier": ["img1.jpg", "img2.jpg", "img3.jpg", "img4.jpg"],
    "Zendaya": ["img5.jpg", "img6.jpg", "img7.jpg", "img8.jpg"],
    "Oprah Winfrey": ["img9.jpg", "img10.jpg", "img11.jpg", "img12.jpg"],
    "Zoe Saldana": ["img13.jpg", "img14.jpg", "img15.jpg", "img20.jpg"],
    "Halle Berry":["img17.jpg", "img18.jpg", "img19.jpg", "img20.jpg"],
    "Viola Davis": ["img21.jpg", "img22.jpg", "img23.jpg", "img24.jpg"],
    "Octavia Spencer": ["img25.jpg", "img26.jpg", "img27.jpg", "img28.jpg"],
    "Rihanna": ["img29.jpg", "img30.jpg", "img31.jpg", "img32.jpg"],
    "Javicia Leslie": ["img33.jpg", "img34.jpg", "img35.jpg", "img36.jpg"],
    "Lashana lynch": ["img37.jpg", "img38.jpg", "img39.jpg", "img40.jpg"],
    "Tessa Thompson": ["img41.jpg", "img42.jpg", "img43.jpg", "img44.jpg"],
    "Damaris Lewis": ["img45.jpg", "img46.jpg", "img47.jpg", "img48.jpg"]
}
```

Positive samples

Find different photos of same people

Negative samples

Compare photos of different people

```
In [9]:
          samples list = list(idendities.values())
In [10]:
          negatives = []
          for i in range(0, len(idendities) - 1):
              for j in range(i+1, len(idendities)):
                  #print(samples_list[i], " vs ",samples_list[j])
                  cross_product = itertools.product(samples_list[i], samples_list[j])
                  cross_product = list(cross_product)
                  #print(cross_product)
                  for cross sample in cross product:
                      #print(cross_sample[0], " vs ", cross_sample[1])
                      negative = []
                      negative.append(cross_sample[0])
                      negative.append(cross_sample[1])
                      negatives.append(negative)
In [11]:
          negatives = pd.DataFrame(negatives, columns = ["file_x", "file_y"])
          negatives["decision"] = "No"
```

Merge Positives and Negative Samples

DeepFace

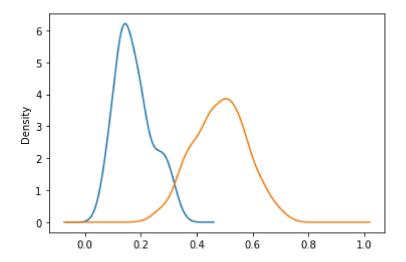
```
In [16]:
          from deepface import DeepFace
In [17]:
          instances = df[["file_x", "file_y"]].values.tolist()
In [18]:
          model_name = "VGG-Face"
          distance_metric = "cosine"
In [19]:
          resp obj = DeepFace.verify(instances, model name = model name, distance metric = dis
         Verification: 100%
         1128/1128 [30:54<00:00,
                                 1.64s/it]
In [24]:
          distances = []
          for i in range(0, len(instances)):
              distance = round(resp_obj["pair_%s" % (i+1)]["distance"], 4)
              distances.append(distance)
In [25]:
          df["distance"] = distances
        Analyzing Distances
In [26]:
          tp_mean = round(df[df.decision == "Yes"].mean().values[0], 4)
```

```
In [26]:
    tp_mean = round(df[df.decision == "Yes"].mean().values[0], 4)
    tp_std = round(df[df.decision == "No"].std().values[0], 4)
    fp_mean = round(df[df.decision == "No"].mean().values[0], 4)
    fp_std = round(df[df.decision == "No"].std().values[0], 4)

In [27]:
    print("Mean of true positives: ", tp_mean)
    print("Std of true positives: ", tp_std)
    print("Mean of false positives: ", fp_mean)
    print("Std of false positives: ", fp_std)

Mean of true positives: 0.1754
    Std of true positives: 0.4833
    Std of false positives: 0.0975
```

Distribution



Sigma

```
In [97]:
          sigma = 3
          #2 sigma corresponds 95.45% confidence, and 3 sigma corresponds 99.73% confidence
          #threshold = round(tp_mean + sigma * tp_std, 4)
          threshold = 0.278 #comes from c4.5 algorithm
          print("threshold: ", threshold)
         threshold: 0.278
In [86]:
          df[df.decision == 'Yes'].distance.max()
         0.3287
Out[86]:
In [87]:
          df[df.decision == 'No'].distance.min()
         0.1986
Out[87]:
```

Evaluation

2 black_woman_dataset/img1.jpg

3 black_woman_dataset/img2.jpg

```
In [98]:
           df["prediction"] = "No"
In [99]:
           idx = df[df.distance <= threshold].index</pre>
           df.loc[idx, 'prediction'] = 'Yes'
In [101...
           df.head(5)
Out[101...
                                    file_x
                                                                 file_y decision distance prediction
           0 black_woman_dataset/img1.jpg
                                           black_woman_dataset/img2.jpg
                                                                            Yes
                                                                                   0.1874
                                                                                                 Yes
                                           black_woman_dataset/img3.jpg
           1 black_woman_dataset/img1.jpg
                                                                                   0.1283
                                                                                                 Yes
                                                                            Yes
```

black_woman_dataset/img4.jpg

black_woman_dataset/img3.jpg

Yes

Yes

0.1408

0.1472

Yes

Yes

Precision: 76.19047619047619 %

Recall: 88.8888888888888 % F1 score 82.05128205128204 % Accuracy: 97.51773049645391 %

In [41]:

df.to_csv("threshold_pivot.csv", index = False)

Test results

Threshold = 0.199

Precision: 98.07% Recall: 70.83 % F1 score 82.25 % Accuracy: 98.04%

Threshold = 0.2473 (1 sigma)

Precision: 95.08 % Recall: 80.55 % F1 score 87.21 % Accuracy: 98.49 %

Threshold = 0.278

Precision: 76.19 % Recall: 88.88 % F1 score 82.05 % Accuracy: 97.51 %

Threshold = 0.3083 (2 sigma)

Precision: 67.64 % Recall: 95.83 % F1 score 79.31 % Accuracy: 96.80 %

Threshold = 0.3693 (3 sigma)

Precision: 33.02 % Recall: 100.0 % F1 score 49.65 % Accuracy: 87.05 %

Threshold = 0.383

Precision: 28.57% Recall: 100.0 % F1 score 44.44 % Accuracy: 84.04%

In []:	