

## 二阶段测验题

1. 向量组  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4$  线性无关, 则无关的是 ( )

A  $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2$   $\alpha_2 + \alpha_3$   $\alpha_3 + \alpha_4$   $\alpha_4 + \alpha_1$   $\times$  1, 3 与 2, 4 的和相等

B  $\alpha_1 - \alpha_2$   $\alpha_2 - \alpha_3$   $\alpha_3 - \alpha_4$   $\alpha_4 - \alpha_1$   $\times$  4项和 = 0

C  $(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 \quad \alpha_2 + \alpha_3 \quad \alpha_3 + \alpha_4 \quad \alpha_4 - \alpha_1)$   $\checkmark$

$= (\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  逆, 对  $(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4)$  做列变换  
秩不变 = 4,  $\therefore$  无关

D  $\alpha_1 + \alpha_2$ ,  $\alpha_2 + \alpha_3$ ,  $\alpha_3 - \alpha_4$ ,  $\alpha_4 - \alpha_1$  第1, 3, 4项的0和 = 第2项

2.  $A = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} k & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & k & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$   $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$  线性无关, 则

$\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$  线性无关, 则  $R(A) = 3$ , 则  $|A| \neq 0$

$|A| = \begin{vmatrix} k-1 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & k & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = k^2 - k - 6 \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow k \neq 3 \text{ 且 } k \neq -2. (B)$

3. 与第一阶段 11 题同 (B)

4. 下列正确的是

(A)  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s$  线性相关, 则  $A\alpha_1, A\alpha_2, \dots, A\alpha_s$  线性相关  $\checkmark$

$\exists k_1, k_2, \dots, k_s$  不全为 0,  $k_1\alpha_1 + k_2\alpha_2 + \dots + k_s\alpha_s = 0 \Rightarrow A(k_1\alpha_1 + k_2\alpha_2 + \dots + k_s\alpha_s) = 0$

即  $k_1A\alpha_1 + k_2A\alpha_2 + \dots + k_sA\alpha_s = 0$  (A)  $\checkmark$  则 (B)  $\times$  结论相反

(C) 若  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s$  线性无关, 则  $A\alpha_1, A\alpha_2, \dots, A\alpha_s$  线性相关

(D) 若  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \dots, \alpha_s$  线性无关, 则  $A\alpha_1, A\alpha_2, \dots, A\alpha_s$  线性无关

(C), (D) 不确定, 取决于  $A$  的情况, 如令  $(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

则  $A\alpha_1, A\alpha_2, A\alpha_3$  为  $A$  的前3列 有可能相关, 也有可能无关.

(5) 已知 4 维列向量  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$  线性无关, 若  $\beta_i$  与  $\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3$  正交 ( $i=1, 2, 3, 4$ ),

则  $R(\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3, \beta_4) \leq 1$

$\beta_i$  都是齐次方程组  $\begin{cases} \alpha_1^T x = 0 \\ \alpha_2^T x = 0 \\ \alpha_3^T x = 0 \end{cases}$  的解  $A = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1^T \\ \alpha_2^T \\ \alpha_3^T \end{pmatrix} \quad R(A) = 3 \quad \therefore \text{解空间为 1 维}$

$\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3, \beta_4 \in \text{解空间} \Rightarrow R(\beta_1, \beta_2, \beta_3, \beta_4) \leq 1$

(6) I.  $\begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{pmatrix}$  II.  $\begin{matrix} \beta_1 = (\alpha_1, a_{14}) \\ \beta_2 = (\alpha_2, a_{24}) \\ \beta_3 = (\alpha_3, a_{34}) \end{matrix}$

A. (I) 相关  $\Rightarrow$  (II) 相关  $\times$  B. (II) 相关  $\Rightarrow$  (I) 无关  $\times$

C. (II) 无关  $\Rightarrow$  (I) 无关  $\times$  D. (I) 无关  $\Rightarrow$  (II) 无关  $\checkmark$

书上结论: 无关向量组, 延长后仍无关.

(A)  $\Leftrightarrow$  (C) 反例 II:  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

(B) (II) 相关, (I) 必相关

7. 设  $A$  是  $n$  阶非零阵,  $A^3=0$ ,  $I$  为  $n$  阶单位阵, 则正确的是 (C)

$I-A$  可逆  $I+A$  可逆

$$I = I - A^3 = (I-A)(I+A+A^2)$$

$$(1-x^3 = (1-x)(1+x+x^2))$$

$$I = I + A^3 = (I+A)(I-A+A^2)$$

$$(1+x^3 = (1+x)(1-x+x^2))$$

$\Rightarrow I-A, I+A$  都可逆