

# **MotorsCertification Database Management Project**

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**Data Science and Machine Learning Internship**

## **Introduction:**

HerculesMotoCorp, a leading automobile retailer and garage handler in the United States, specializes in a diverse range of vehicles, from standard automobiles to custom-built models. Given the scale and complexity of their operations, an efficient and well-structured database is essential for seamless record-keeping, compliance with federal regulations, and transparent data access for shareholders.

To address this need, our company has been entrusted with designing a comprehensive database solution that streamlines day-to

-day operations, enhances data accessibility, and ensures regulatory adherence. As the Database Administrator, my objective is to develop a system that empowers HerculesMotoCorp employees with simplified workflows while enabling external stakeholders to analyze key business insights effortlessly.

This project aims to deliver a robust, scalable, and secure database, catering to operational efficiency and strategic decision-making within the organization.

As a part of the MotorsCertification Database Certification Project, the following documents are enclosed

- Design.sql – Table Design Scripts.
- Insertion.sql – Data/Values Insertion
- Task.sql – All Tasks with comments (from Question 4)
- MotorsCertification.bak – Database Backup.

## **Step 1 Database Creation:**

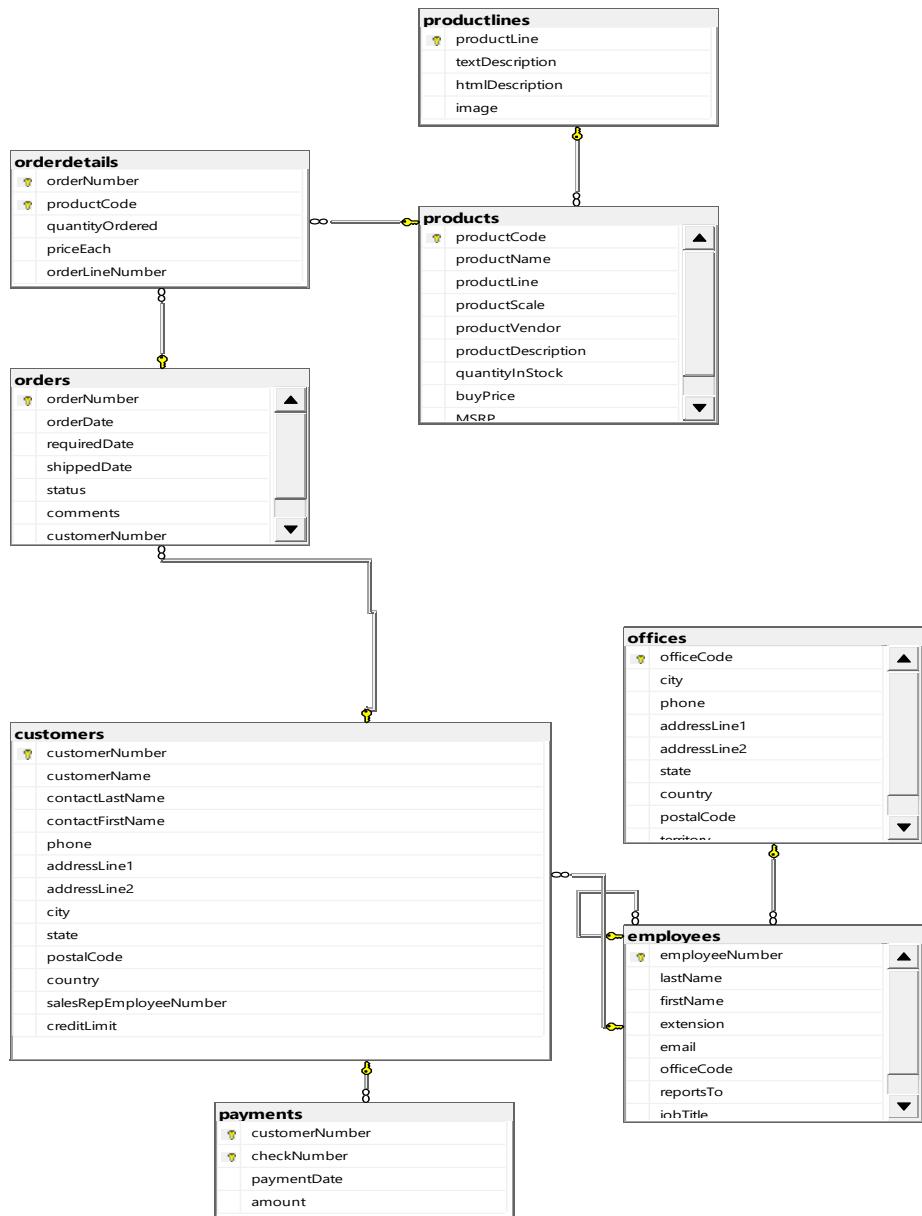
Create the MotorsCertification database in SQL Server. This initializes our workspace

## **Step 2: Build and Setup an ER Model**

Defining the entity relationships based on project parameters:

- orderdetails references orders (orderNumber) & products (productCode).
- customers references employees (salesRepEmployeeNumber).
- employees references offices (officeCode) and itself (reportsTo).
- orders references customers (customerNumber).
- products references productlines (productLine).

The generated ER diagram in SSMS with all above relationships is presented below as a picture



## Step 3: Table Creation

The table is now systematically designed according to the specification provided and found in the design.sql script attached.

## Step 4: Insert the Values

The values have been inserted in the following order and can be found in insert.sql file

Insert into offices

Insert into employees (linked to offices)

Insert into customers (linked to employees)

Insert into orders (linked to customers)

Insert into payments (linked to customers)

Insert into productlines

Insert into products (linked to productlines)

Insert into orderdetails (linked to orders and products)

## Task (tasks.sql)

1. Delete the columns in productlines which are useless that do not infer anything.

Used alter table to perform the function.

```
ALTER TABLE productlines DROP COLUMN htmlDescription;
```

```
ALTER TABLE productlines DROP COLUMN image;
```

	productLine	textDescription
1	Classic Cars	Attention car enthusiasts: Make your wildest car o...
2	Motorcycles	Our motorcycles are state of the art replicas of cla...
3	Planes	Unique, diecast airplane and helicopter replicas ...
4	Ships	The perfect holiday or anniversary gift for executiv...
5	Trains	Model trains are a rewarding hobby for enthusias...
6	Trucks and Buses	The Truck and Bus models are realistic replicas ...
7	Vintage Cars	Our Vintage Car models realistically portray auto...

Since htmlDescription and image are marked as NULL and do not contribute meaningfully to the project requirements, it has been deleted

**2. Use a select statement to verify all insertions as well as updates.**

Used the select option to verify the updates of all the insertion.

```
SELECT TOP 3 * FROM offices;  
SELECT TOP 3 * FROM employees;  
SELECT TOP 3 * FROM customers;  
SELECT TOP 3 * FROM orders;  
SELECT TOP 3 * FROM payments;  
SELECT TOP 3* FROM products;  
SELECT TOP 3 * FROM orderdetails;
```

### **3. Find out the highest and the lowest amount.**

```
--Find out the highest and the lowest amount:  
SELECT MAX(amount) AS HighestAmount, MIN(amount) AS LowestAmount FROM payments;
```

	HighestAmount	LowestAmount
1	101244.59	1491.38

Used max and min to get the desired output and result. It is shown in the above image.

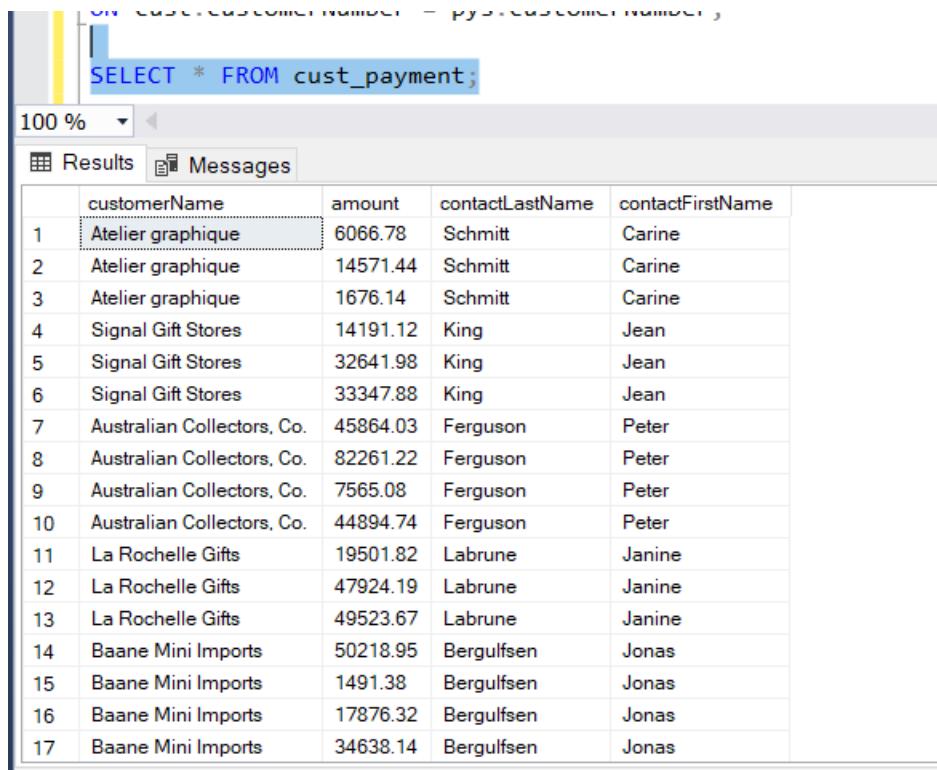
4. Give the unique count of `customerName` from `customers`.

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT customerName) AS UniqueCustomerCount  
FROM customers;
```

	UniqueCustomerCount
1	20

Used distinct function to get the desired output and result is shown in the above image.

**5. Create a view from customers and payments named cust\_payment and select customerName, amount, contactLastName, contactFirstName who have paid.**



The screenshot shows a SQL query results window. The query is:

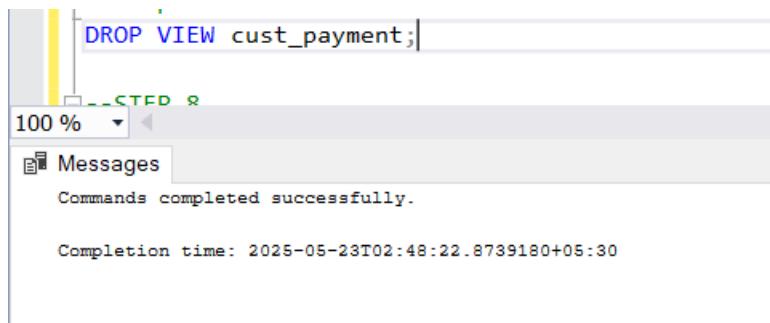
```
SELECT * FROM cust_payment;
```

The results table has four columns: customerName, amount, contactLastName, and contactFirstName. The data is as follows:

	customerName	amount	contactLastName	contactFirstName
1	Atelier graphique	6066.78	Schmitt	Carine
2	Atelier graphique	14571.44	Schmitt	Carine
3	Atelier graphique	1676.14	Schmitt	Carine
4	Signal Gift Stores	14191.12	King	Jean
5	Signal Gift Stores	32641.98	King	Jean
6	Signal Gift Stores	33347.88	King	Jean
7	Australian Collectors, Co.	45864.03	Ferguson	Peter
8	Australian Collectors, Co.	82261.22	Ferguson	Peter
9	Australian Collectors, Co.	7565.08	Ferguson	Peter
10	Australian Collectors, Co.	44894.74	Ferguson	Peter
11	La Rochelle Gifts	19501.82	Labrune	Janine
12	La Rochelle Gifts	47924.19	Labrune	Janine
13	La Rochelle Gifts	49523.67	Labrune	Janine
14	Baane Mini Imports	50218.95	Bergulsen	Jonas
15	Baane Mini Imports	1491.38	Bergulsen	Jonas
16	Baane Mini Imports	17876.32	Bergulsen	Jonas
17	Baane Mini Imports	34638.14	Bergulsen	Jonas

### Drop View

views don't store actual data, so don't have to truncate lets only Drop



The screenshot shows a SQL command window. The command is:

```
DROP VIEW cust_payment;
```

The messages window shows:

```
Commands completed successfully.
```

Completion time: 2025-05-23T02:48:22.8739180+05:30

**6. Create a stored procedure on products which displays productLines for Classic Cars.**

The screenshot shows a SQL query window with the following content:

```
EXEC GetClassicCars;
```

The results pane shows the output of the stored procedure:

	productName	productLine
1	1952 Alpine Renault 1300	Classic Cars
2	1972 Alfa Romeo GTA	Classic Cars
3	1962 Lancia A Delta 16V	Classic Cars
4	1968 Ford Mustang	Classic Cars
5	2001 Ferrari Enzo	Classic Cars
6	1969 Corvair Monza	Classic Cars
7	1968 Dodge Charger	Classic Cars
8	1969 Ford Falcon	Classic Cars

**7. Create a function to get the creditLimit of customers less than 96800.**

The screenshot shows a SQL query window with the following content:

```
SELECT * FROM GetCreditLimitBelow96800();
```

The results pane shows the output of the function:

	customerNumber	customerName	creditLimit
1	103	Atelier graphique	21000
2	112	Signal Gift Stores	71800
3	121	Baane Mini Imports	81700
4	125	Havel & Zbyszek Co	0
5	128	Blauer See Auto, Co.	59700
6	129	Mini Wheels Co.	64600
7	144	Volvo Model Replicas, Co	53100
8	145	Danish Wholesale Imports	83400
9	161	Technics Stores Inc.	84600

**8. Create Trigger to store transaction record for employee table which displays employeeNumber, lastName, firstName and office code upon insertion.**

The screenshot shows a SQL query window with the following content:

```
INSERT INTO employees (employeeNumber, lastName, firstName, extension, email, officeCode, reportsTo, jobTitle)
VALUES
(2025, 'Lilly', 'Pritchett', '4325', 'lilly@classicmodelcars.com', 3, 1143, 'Sales Coordinator');
```

The results pane shows the output of the insert statement:

ID	Surname	GivenName	Office_Location	
1	2025	Lilly	Pritchett	3

**9. Create a Trigger to display customer number if the amount is greater than 10,000**

The screenshot shows a SQL Server Management Studio window. In the query pane, the following T-SQL code is executed:

```
INSERT INTO payments (customerNumber, checkNumber, paymentDate, amount)
VALUES (144, 'DD123456', '2025-09-04', 80000.00);
```

In the results pane, there is one row returned:

customerNumber
144

**10. Create Users, Roles and Logins according to 3 Roles: Admin, HR, and Employee. Admin can view full database and has full access, HR can view and access only employee and offices table. Employee can view all table only.**

```
-- 1. Create Logins for Users
CREATE LOGIN MasterAdmin WITH PASSWORD = 'SecurePassAdmin@99';
CREATE LOGIN HRManager WITH PASSWORD = 'HR_SafeKey_456';
CREATE LOGIN StaffMember WITH PASSWORD = 'EmpAccess_789!';

--2. Create Database Users
USE MotorsCertification;
CREATE USER AdminControl FOR LOGIN MasterAdmin;
CREATE USER HRAccess FOR LOGIN HRManager;
CREATE USER GeneralViewer FOR LOGIN StaffMember;

--3.Define Roles and Assign Permissions
CREATE ROLE SystemManager;
CREATE ROLE HRUnit;
CREATE ROLE DataViewer;

--4.Grant Permissions Based on Roles
GRANT CONTROL ON DATABASE::MotorsCertification TO SystemManager; --Full Access for SystemManager
GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON employees TO HRUnit; --HR Can Only Access employees and offices
GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON offices TO HRUnit;
GRANT SELECT ON SCHEMA::dbo TO DataViewer; --Employees Can Only View All Tables

--5.Assign Users to Roles
ALTER ROLE SystemManager ADD MEMBER AdminControl;
ALTER ROLE HRUnit ADD MEMBER HRAccess;
ALTER ROLE DataViewer ADD MEMBER GeneralViewer;

SELECT * FROM sys.database_role_members
```

-- STEP 13

The screenshot shows a SQL Server Management Studio window. The results of the previous query are displayed in the results pane:

role_principal_id	member_principal_id
16384	1

**11. Schedule a Job which backups and schedule it according to developer preference.**

The screenshot shows a SQL Server Management Studio window. The following T-SQL code is executed:

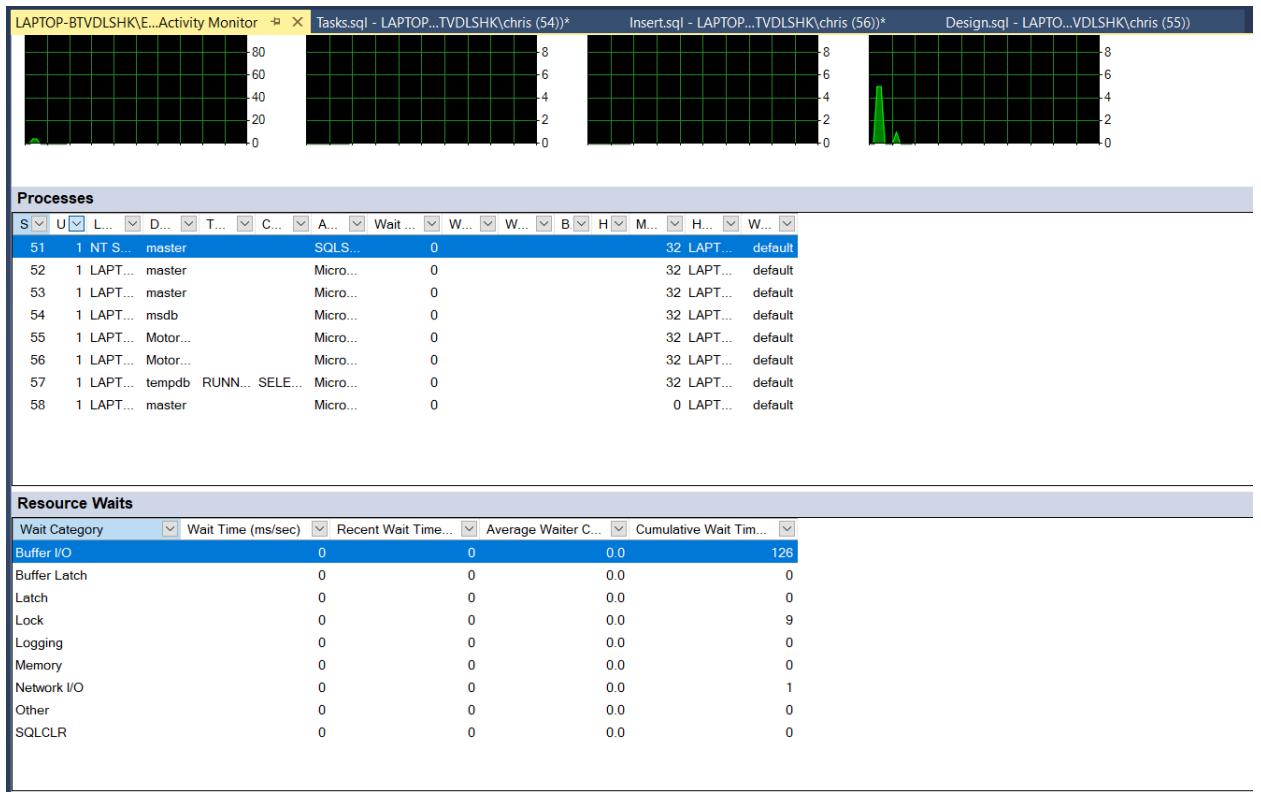
```
BACKUP DATABASE MotorsCertification TO DISK = 'C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL16.EDUREKA\MSSQL\Backup\MotorsCertification1.bak';
```

Below the command, the results pane displays the backup process details:

```
Processed 768 pages for database 'MotorsCertification', file 'MotorsCertification' on file 1.
Processed 2 pages for database 'MotorsCertification', file 'MotorsCertification_log' on file 1.
BACKUP DATABASE successfully processed 770 pages in 0.850 seconds (7.072 MB/sec).

Completion time: 2025-05-23T20:36:46.0403417+05:30
```

**12. Open Activity Monitor and list down some minor observations including Processes, Resource Waits, and Active Expensive Queries.**



## Azure Migration

**12. Migrate the following SQL server workload to azure.**

**Steps to Migrate SQL Server to Azure:**

1. Export the .BAK file.
  - Use SSMS to create a full backup of the database.
2. Use Azure Data Migration Assistant.
  - Analyze and migrate the database schema and data to Azure SQL Server.
3. Restore the database in Azure SQL Server.
  - Use the .BAK file to restore the database in Azure.