## **Functions in Python**

.Why Functions

.Function defination

.Positional and Keyword Arguments in Functions

```
In [2]: num=24
         if num%2==0:
             print("The number is even")
         else:
             print("The num is odd")
         The number is even
 In [4]: def even_odd(num):
             if num%2==0:
                  print("The number is even")
             else:
                  print("The num is odd")
 In [5]: even_odd(34)
         The number is even
In [6]: even_odd(99)
         The num is odd
 In [9]: ## print vs return
         def hello_world():
             print('Hello welcome')
In [11]: val=hello_world()
         Hello welcome
In [12]: print(val)
         None
In [17]: def hello_world():
             return "Hello welcome"
```

```
In [18]: val=hello world()
In [19]: print(val)
         Hello welcome
In [20]: def add number(num1, num2):
             return num1+num2
In [21]: | val=add_number(24,48)
In [22]: val
Out[22]: 72
In [25]: ## postional argument
         ## keyword argument
         def hello(name,age=29):
                                          ## postional argument=name, keyword argu=age
             print("My name is {} and age is {}".format(name,age))
In [26]: hello('Krish')
         My name is Krish and age is 29
In [27]: def hello(*args,**kwargs):
             print(args)
             print(kwargs)
In [28]: hello('desh', 'verma', age=32, dob=1990)
         ('desh', 'verma')
         {'age': 32, 'dob': 1990}
In [31]: | lst=['desh', 'verma']
         dict args={'age':32,'dob':1990}
In [34]: hello(*lst,**dict_args) ## * is postional arg and ** is keyword arg
         ('desh', 'verma')
         {'age': 32, 'dob': 1990}
In [56]: lst=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7]
```