Twitter Sentiment Analysis

Background

- Social media has created a new way for individuals to express their thoughts and opinions
- This medium is used by an estimated 2.95 billion people worldwide
- Sentiment analysis is the process of retrieving textual information and discerning which emotions are exhibited by the author

Introduction

- Assume that each tweet falls into one of three categories
 - Negative
 - Neutral
 - Positive
- Recognizing each sentiment does not have the same level of difficulty
- Real people can only agree on sentiment 70-90% of the time









Problem Statement

- For this project, we aim to classify each tweet as either
 - Negative
 - Neutral
 - Positive
- Accuracy will be measured in two ways
 - % of tweets correctly classified
 - Precision of the average (aggregate) score of a basket of tweets



Tweet 1: I love the world!

Tweet 2: I hate the world!

Tweet 3: I am indifferent about the world.



Tweet 1: I love the world!

Tweet 2: I hate the world!

Tweet 3: *I am indifferent about the world.*



CountVectorizer

	I	love	hate	am	indifferent	about	the	world
Tweet 1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Tweet 2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
Tweet 3	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1



Tweet 1: I love the world!

Tweet 2: I hate the world!

Tweet 3: I am indifferent about the world.



CountVectorizer

	I	love	hate	am	indifferent	about	the	world
Tweet 1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Tweet 2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
Tweet 3	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1

TfidfTransformer



Tweet 1: I love the world!

Tweet 2: I hate the world!

Tweet 3: I am indifferent about the world.



CountVectorizer

class

	I	love	hate	am	indifferent	about	the	world
Tweet 1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Tweet 2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
Tweet 3	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1

TfidfTransformer

	1	love	hate	am	indifferent	about	the	world
Tweet 1	0.41	0.70	0	0	0	0	0.41	0.41
Tweet 2	0.41	0	0.70	0	0	0	0.41	0.41
Tweet 3	0.29	0	0	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.29	0.29

Predict class using Random Forest, KNeighbors, Logistic Regression, etc.

Tweet 1: I love the world!

Tweet 2: I hate the world!

Tweet 3: I am indifferent about the world.

CountVectorizer

class

Pipeline

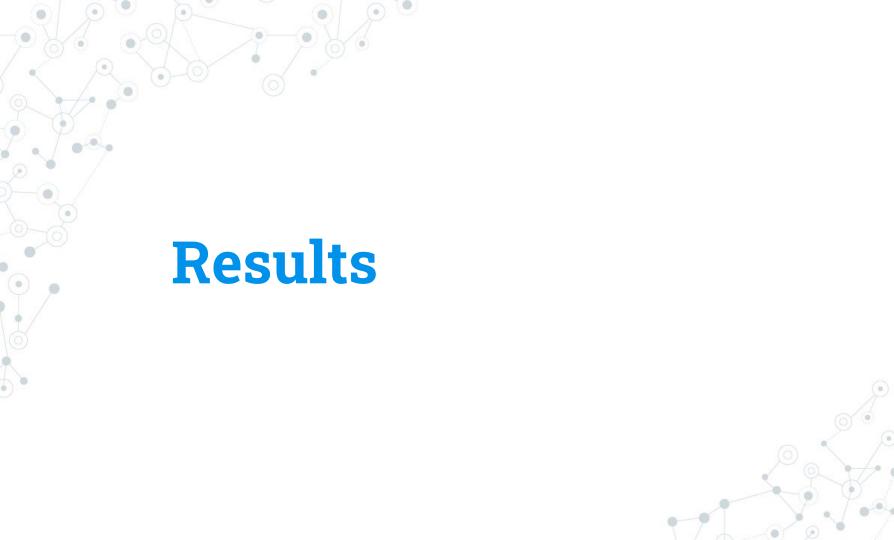
allows for automated cross validation

	1	love	hate	am	indifferent	about	the	world
Tweet 1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Tweet 2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
Tweet 3	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1

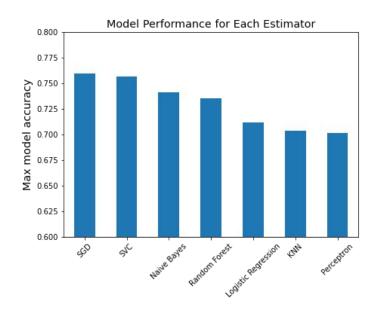
TfidfTransformer

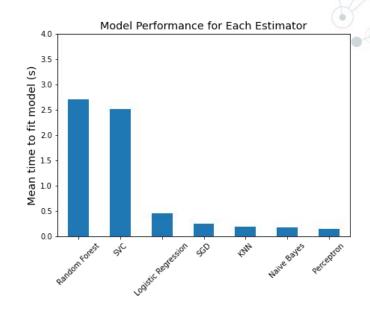
		love	hate	am	indifferent	about	the	world
Tweet 1	0.41	0.70	0	0	0	0	0.41	0.41
Tweet 2	0.41	0	0.70	0	0	0	0.41	0.41
Tweet 3	0.29	0	0	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.29	0.29

Predict class using Random Forest, KNeighbors, Logistic Regression, etc.



Results: Estimator Performance





- Best accuracy: Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD)
- Worst accuracy: Perceptron

- Fastest: Perceptron
- Slowest: Random Forest

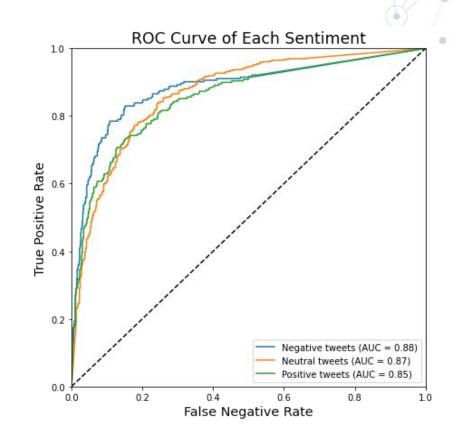
Results: Best Model Performance

- Accuracy was very good considering the subjective nature of the problem
 - Recall a "perfect" model can only achieve 70-90% accuracy

Cross validation accuracy	Test set accuracy
75.99%	77.94%

Results: Sentiment Validation

The ROC curve implies model is relatively good at predicting all three sentiments equally

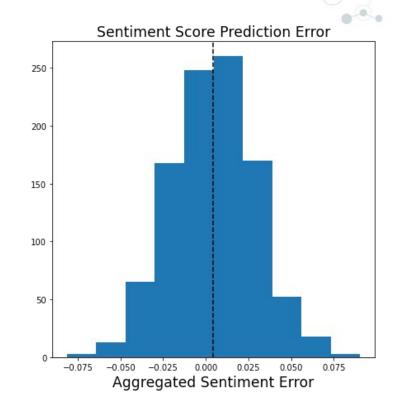


Results: Model Validation

Tweet	Negative probability	Neutral probability	Positive probability
I love the world	0%	0%	100%
I hate the world	100%	0%	0%
I am indifferent about the world	16.7%	81.1%	2.3%

Results: Aggregate Score Validation

- We created 1,000 bootstrap samples and calculated the aggregate sentiment score
- 95% of predictions were within ± 0.05 of the actual score
- Now we can test it on real tweets





Coronavirus

Aggregate sentiment score: -3%

Key terms:

- > Iowa
- ➤ (Iowa) Governor (Kim) Reynolds
- Warning
- > Health



Coronavirus

Search Term	Reopen	Economy	School	Summer	Future
Aggregate Sentiment Score	- 9%	20%	41%	- 20%	11%



Government Officials

Search term	Agg. Score (excluding retweets)	Agg. Score (including retweets)
(Donald) Trump	1 %	6 %
(Joe) Biden	-3 %	9 %
(Nancy) Pelosi	- 43 %	- 23 %
Mitch McConnell	2 %	1 %
(Barack) Obama	19 %	28 %
Republicans	- 4 %	4 %
Democrats	- 3 %	0 %

