

**SATHYABAMA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY**  
**SCHOOL OF COMPUTING**  
**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING**  
**SCSA 2604 NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING LAB**

**LAB 2: WORD GENERATION**

**AIM:** Word generation using NLTK

**PROCEDURE:**

**Loading Resources:** Install NLTK if necessary and download the 'punkt' and 'gutenberg' resources to tokenize text and access the Gutenberg corpus.

**Loading Corpus:** Load a specific corpus (here, the Gutenberg corpus) from NLTK, which provides a collection of words.

**Bigram Generation:** Create bigrams (pairs of consecutive words) from the loaded corpus to understand word associations and probabilities.

**Text Generation Loop:** Generate text by selecting subsequent words based on the last word generated, using the bigram model. This process is repeated a specified number of times (20 iterations in this case).

**Random Selection:** Randomly choose the next word from the possibilities obtained from the bigrams that follow the last generated word.

**Display Generated Text:** Print the generated sequence of words.

The following algorithm outlines the steps involved in generating text based on a chosen corpus using bigram models and random selection of subsequent words for text generation.

**ALGORITHM:**

1. **Install and Import Libraries:** Install NLTK (!pip install nltk) and import the required libraries (nltk and random).
2. **Download NLTK Resources:** Download NLTK resources, specifically the 'punkt' and 'gutenberg' corpora.
3. **Load Corpus:** Load a corpus from NLTK (e.g., Gutenberg corpus).
4. **Create Bigram Model:** Generate a list of bigrams (pairs of consecutive words) from the loaded corpus.
5. **Choose Starting Word:** Select a starting word for text generation.
6. **Generate Text:**

- a. Iterate a specified number of times (here, 20 iterations).
  - b. For each iteration:
  - c. Find all possible words that follow the last generated word in the bigrams.
  - d. Randomly select a word from the possible words to continue the sequence.
  - e. Append the selected word to the generated text.
7. Output Generated Text: Display the generated text.

**PROGRAM:**

```
!pip install nltk

import nltk

import random

# Download NLTK resources (run only once if not downloaded)
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('gutenberg')

# Load a corpus (for example, the Gutenberg corpus)
words = nltk.corpus.gutenberg.words()

# Create a bigram model
bigrams = list(nltk.bigrams(words))

# Choose a starting word (you can choose any word from the corpus)
starting_word = "the"

generated_text = [starting_word]

# Generate 20 words of text
for _ in range(20):
    # Get all bigrams that start with the last generated word
```

```
possible_words = [word2 for (word1, word2) in bigrams if word1.lower() ==  
generated_text[-1].lower()]
```

```
# Choose a word randomly from the possible options
```

```
next_word = random.choice(possible_words)
```

```
generated_text.append(next_word)
```

```
# Print the generated text
```

```
print(' '.join(generated_text))
```

### OUTPUT:

Requirement already satisfied: nltk in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (3.8.1)

Requirement already satisfied: click in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nltk) (8.1.7)

Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nltk) (1.3.2)

Requirement already satisfied: regex<=2021.8.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nltk) (2023.6.3)

Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from nltk) (4.66.1)

[nltk\_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk\_data...

[nltk\_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!

[nltk\_data] Downloading package gutenber to /root/nltk\_data...

[nltk\_data] Package gutenber is already up-to-date!

the sea , avoided . Hence it my life in the left to keep my witness shall no hesitation , accept