CS 4306: Algorithms Spring 2022 Assignment 4 – Chapter 4 – 100 points

<u>Note 1:</u> If you re-upload revised files, you must re-upload <u>ALL</u> files as the system keeps the most recent uploaded submission only. No zip files, just individual Java files.

Note 2: In addition to the *Algorithm Design Block* (see below if required), please include comments for the code implementation of the algorithm when applicable.

The goal of this assignment is to get more insight into the performance of **Interpolation Search** on sorted lists. Interpolation search is a decrease-and-conquer based algorithm.

Develop this assignment in incremental fashion.

<u>Part 1:</u> Develop <u>class</u> InterpolationSearch() that implements interpolation search discussed in chapter 4. The class design must include three variables:

Found: boolean variable to indicate if key value is found in the list or not (T/F).

Index: integer variable that holds the index of target value if found in the list. Otherwise it holds -1.

Divisions: Integer variable to hold number of divisions performed to find a value (or exhaust the search).

Implement the class constructor such that it takes an *array* and *key* value to search for. Before you proceed to next part, please test this part on its own with simple data to make sure is works properly and those three variables are populated correctly.

Part 2: Implement class TestIS() to define at least the following methods:

Method RandomDistinct(): A method to generate array (call it Values[]) of size 1024 and containing <u>random and distinct</u> numbers between 1 and 9999.,The method then sorts the array Values[] in ascending order.

Method RunIS(): A method to generate a table that looks as follows (populated with dummy data to show expected format). Allow the user to enter the table size (see menu, option 1):

| Key | Found | Index | Divisions |
|------|-------|-------|-----------|
| 1554 | True | 476 | 3 |
| 54 | True | 211 | 2 |
| 7465 | False | -1 | 4 |
| 3261 | True | 431 | 3 |
| 9827 | True | 12 | 1 |
| 543 | True | 379 | 2 |
| 6683 | True | 92 | 3 |
| 1 | False | -1 | 4 |
| 2723 | True | 326 | 5 |
| 329 | True | 288 | 2 |
| 1554 | True | 476 | 3 |
| | | | |

Divisions average: <computer average value of all divisions>
Difference: <3.322 - computed average>

Notice that 3.322 is Log₂ (Log₂ 1024). 1024 is our array size.

To generate the table, use the table size input value (from the user) and run a loop such that each iteration it

generates a key value (between 1 and 9999), creates an object of class InterpolationSearch() that takes array Values[] and Key, and adds object data to the output table (as shown above).

Integrate the following simple menu in the program with these options:

```
-----MAIN MENU-----
```

- 1. Create and display array Values[]
- 2. Read output table size
- 3. Run algorithm and display outputs
- 4. Exit program

Enter option number:

Notice that array Values[] is created once and does not change while running options 2 and 3. It changes only when option 1 is selected.

Option 1 populates Values[] with random and distinct numbers (between 1 and 9999), and then displays the array on screen in rows and columns (30 values per row), use tabs to separate values:

```
1 15 35 44 68 87 89 97 101 116 119 120 126 124 130 134 138 139 142 147 152 158 163 165 169 170 171 174 178 183 199 200 221 225 275 279 280 285 290 295 297 299 301 308 311 312 317 323 327 340 345 352 357 359 260 267 370 387 390 392 ...
```

Algorithm Design Block:

No algorithm design is required for this assignment. However, make sure you document your code properly.

Submission:

Do not forget to include author header in each submitted file, as shown below, and do not forget to document your code. No author header or no proper documentation, no points!

Please submit your .java files InterpolationSearch() and TestIS() to the assignment submission folder in D2L by the due date posted in D2L. Make sure that your code is running correctly right before you upload your files. No zip files or late submissions are accepted.