

Entities & Responsibilities

GameWorld: Manages the game instance & the interface between it and the players (e.g processing for events) by running the main game loop

Tile: Represents the tiles which the dragons will interact with (stand on)

DrawProperties: Data class for organising the drawing properties required for drawing any element

PlayableCharacterVariant: Represents the playable character a player interacts with

GameBoard: Represents the game board. It initialises the game board & runs the interactions with the game board by the players (e.g performing movement, flipping chit card)

ChitCard: Represents the chit cards and their effects

EventBus: Handles registration of listeners, and notification of appropriate listeners on event fire. [Class is for organising all EventListeners into one place]

WinEventXxxx.....: Publisher and listeners for win event

MoveActionXxxx.....: Publisher and listeners for a move action (for characters) that is fired

DrawableByAsset: Indicates that the object is drawable by pygame using assets

DrawAssetInstruction: A data class for organising data required for drawing an asset

ModularClickableSprite: Allows classes to be represented as a sprite that is clickable on a screen.

PlayableCharacterVariant: Represents a variant for the playable character entity

PygameScreenController: Contains useful methods for interacting with pygame's (the game's) screen

main.py: Game config before start, and serves as entry point to game

Patterns Used

Observer: WinEventPublisher, WinEventListener
• Why?: Don't have to check all starting tiles to see if win occured. Allows for wins from other sources

Singleton: EventBus, PygameScreenController
• Why?: Should be one central event bus managing all events

Todo

Cardinalities
PygameScreenController

Later Refactorings Required

Tile now can retrieve & store animal (optional?). Animals are crucial to the movement system of the game.

onClick now takes in PlayableCharacter and Tile

DefaultGameBoard.__init__: First parameter is the sequence of tiles as their identifiers. Second parameter is [[starting tile, tile # to connect to in first parameter, playable character to start in it]]. The second parameter (starting tiles) will be used to make insertions to main tile sequence property. Third parameter is the chit cards to use for the DefaultGameBoard.
DefaultGameBoard.starting_tiles: [starting tiles]
DefaultGameBoard.move_character_by_steps: Moves a dragon from its tile by x number of steps
DefaultGameBoard.flip_chit_card: Flip a chit card on this game board. Chit card object will be obtained by click listener in pygame.
DefaultGameBoard.add_chit_card: Add a chit card to the game board

ChitCard.__init__: Create a chit card with the # number of symbols

ChitCard.on_click: Perform the chit card's effect on the dragon based on the tile it is on. [don't compose dragon with tile (+ till cause circular dependency) because its only necessary for chit card's effects]. Called from GameWorld

ChitCard.set_flipped: Set flippeds state

ModularClickableSprite.get_draw_clickable_assets_instructions(): Get the instructions to draw the clickable assets. In form (draw instruction, clickable object)
ModularClickableSprite.on_click: Allows a class to respond to a click. PlayableCharacter and the Tile its on is passed in

DrawableByAsset.get_draw_assets_instructions: Gets the drawing instructions for drawing an object onto the pygame screen using assets

