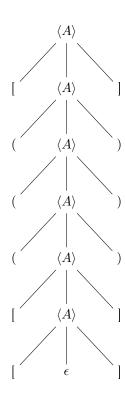
1. BNF - Backus-Naur Form

1.1. Gramática Lineal

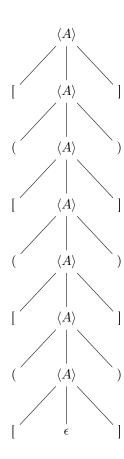
1.1.1. Ejercicio 1

$$\begin{split} \langle A \rangle &\Rightarrow [\langle A \rangle] \\ &\Rightarrow [(\langle A \rangle)] \\ &\Rightarrow [((\langle A \rangle))] \\ &\Rightarrow [(((\langle A \rangle)))] \\ &\Rightarrow [((([\langle A \rangle])))] \\ &\Rightarrow [((([[\langle A \rangle]])))] \\ &\Rightarrow [((([[[\langle A \rangle]])))] \end{split}$$



1.1.2. Ejercicio 2

$$\begin{split} \langle A \rangle &\Rightarrow [\langle A \rangle] \\ &\Rightarrow [(\langle A \rangle)] \\ &\Rightarrow [([\langle A \rangle])] \\ &\Rightarrow [([(\langle A \rangle)])] \\ &\Rightarrow [([([\langle A \rangle])])] \\ &\Rightarrow [([([(\langle A \rangle])])])] \\ &\Rightarrow [([([(\langle A \rangle])])])] \\ &\Rightarrow ([([([([\langle A \rangle])])])] \end{split}$$

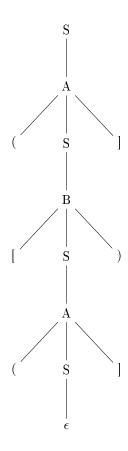


- 2. Otras gramáticas BNF
- 2.1. Ejercicio 3

$$\begin{split} E ::= & E \wedge C \\ & | E \vee C \\ & | C \\ C ::= & \sim C \\ & | F \\ F ::= & (E) \\ & | identificador \end{split}$$

- 3. Gramáticas independientes de contexto
- 3.1. Ejercicio 4

$$\begin{split} S &\Rightarrow A \\ &\Rightarrow (S] \\ &\Rightarrow (B] \\ &\Rightarrow ([S)] \\ &\Rightarrow ([A)] \\ &\Rightarrow ([(S])] \\ &\Rightarrow ([()]) \end{split}$$



3.2. Ejercicio 5

$$S \Rightarrow A$$

$$\Rightarrow (S]$$

$$\Rightarrow (A]$$

$$\Rightarrow ((S]]$$

$$\Rightarrow ((S]]$$

$$\Rightarrow (([S]]]$$

$$\Rightarrow (([S])]]$$

$$\Rightarrow (([(A)]])$$

$$\Rightarrow (([(S])]]$$

$$\Rightarrow (([([S])])]$$

$$\Rightarrow (([([S])])]$$

$$\Rightarrow (([(([S]))])]$$

$$\Rightarrow (([(([S]))])]$$

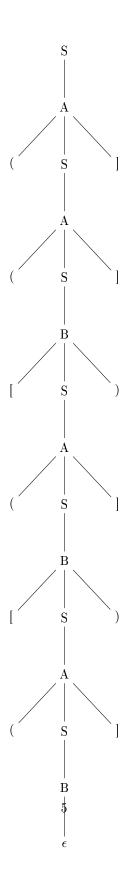
$$\Rightarrow (([(([S]))])]$$

$$\Rightarrow ((((([S])))])$$

$$\Rightarrow ((((([S])))])$$

$$\Rightarrow (((((([S]))))])$$

$$\Rightarrow (((((([S]))))])$$



4. Gramáticas independientes de contexto

4.1. Ejercicio 6

$$Lambda \Rightarrow (Lambda)(Lambda)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda id.Lambda)(Lambda)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda id.id)(Lambda)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda id.id)(\lambda id.Lambda)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda id.id)(\lambda id.Lambda)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda id.id)(\lambda id.id)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda id.id)(\lambda id.id)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda x.id)(\lambda id.id)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda x.x)(\lambda id.id)$$

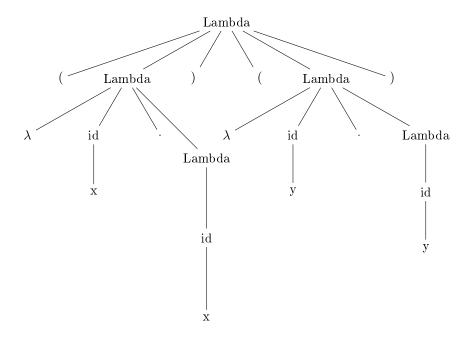
$$\Rightarrow (\lambda x.x)(\lambda id.id)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda x.x)(\lambda y.id)$$

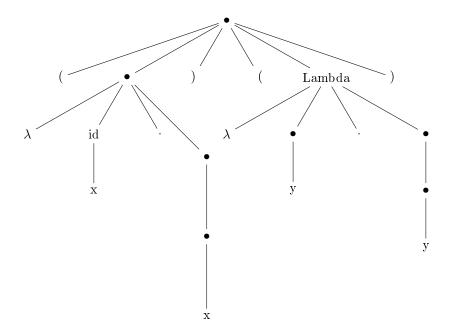
$$\Rightarrow (\lambda x.x)(\lambda y.id)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\lambda x.x)(\lambda y.y)$$

Árbol de derivación



Árbol esqueleto



Árbol esqueleto condensado

 $(\lambda x.x)(\lambda y.y)$

4.2. Ejercicio 7

 $Lambda \Rightarrow \lambda id.Lambda$

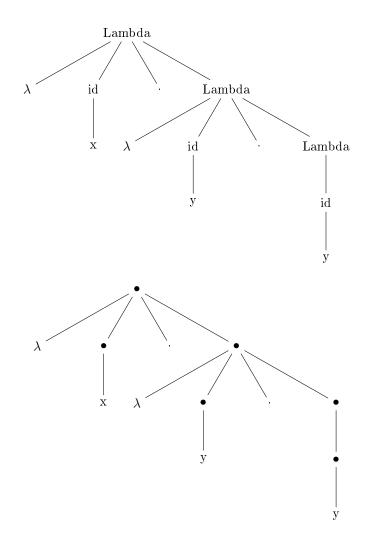
 $\Rightarrow \lambda id.\lambda id.Lambda$

 $\Rightarrow \lambda id.\lambda id.id$

 $\Rightarrow \lambda x. \lambda id. id$

 $\Rightarrow \lambda x. \lambda y. id$

 $\Rightarrow \lambda x. \lambda y. x$



 $\lambda x.\lambda y.x$

5. Otras gramáticas

5.1. Cobol Like Language

5.2. Ejercicio 8

```
a = 5;
b = 6;
c = a + b;
```

5.3. Ejercicio 9

a = 0;

b = 0;

c = 0;

5.4. Diagrama sintáctico

5.5. Ejercicio 10

A/B?C

5.6. Ejercicio 11

A/B/C?D