

Mathematics

Tasks

11/08/2023

Exponents and radicals

11.02

1. $7 \cdot 7 = 49$

$$3^3 = 27 \cdot 3 = 81$$

6: $7^2 < 3^4$ — Pythagora

2. $4^2 = 2^4$, Тоқ, Көк

$$4^2 = 2^4 = 4^2 = (2^2)^2 = 4^2 = 4^2$$

3. ~~$3^5 = (3^2)^3 \cdot 3^1 = 27 \cdot 3 = 81$~~

~~$27 \cdot 3$~~ $3^5 > 5^3$

$$3^4 = 81, 5^3 = 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 75$$

0: $3^5 > 5^3$

4. $3^5 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 3^{-3} = 3^4$; $x^n \cdot x^m = x^{n+m}$

5. $\frac{2^{12}}{2^8} = 2^{12-8} = 2^4 = 2^2 \cdot 2 = 8 \cdot 2 = 16$

$$\frac{x^n}{x^m} = x^{n-m} \text{ — айыры}$$

$$N^0 = 15, 23, 25, 34$$

$$(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{x}})^5 = \left((x^{\frac{1}{3}})^{\frac{1}{2}} \right)^5 = (x^{\frac{1}{6}})^5 = x^{\frac{5}{6}}$$

$$23. (\sqrt[3]{x})^2 = (x^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$15. a^7$$

$$34. \sqrt[3]{8^x} = 8^{\frac{x}{3}} = 128$$

$$2^{\frac{3x}{8}} = 128$$

$$2^x = 128$$

$$2^x = 2^7$$

$$x = 7$$

$$\sqrt{128} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 64} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 32} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 16} =$$

$$= \sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2} = 2^3$$

$$N^0 = 2, 5, 6, 9, 11$$

$$2. \quad 4^{\sqrt{x+1}} - 2^{\sqrt{x+1}+2} = 0$$

$$\left| 4^{\sqrt{x+1}} - 2^{\sqrt{x+1}+2} \right|^2 = 0$$

$$\cancel{4^{\cancel{x+1}}} - \cancel{4^{\cancel{x+1}+4}} = 0$$

$$a^m - a^n = a^n (a^{m-n} - 1)$$

$$2^{\sqrt{x+1}} / (2^{\sqrt{x+1}-2}) = 0$$

$$2^{\sqrt{x+1}} / 2^{\sqrt{x+1}-4} = 0$$

$$2^{\sqrt{x+1}} - 4 = 0, \quad 2^{\sqrt{x+1}} \neq 0$$

$$2^{\sqrt{x+1}} = 4$$

$$\sqrt{x+1} = 2$$

$$(\sqrt{x+1})^2 = 2^2$$

$$x+1 = 4$$

$$x = 3$$

$$2 - 3^{-x} + 3^{x+1} = 0$$

3^{-x} ~~мы~~ это значит что

у нас записываеме градус выше:

$$\frac{1}{3^x}$$

$$2 - \frac{1}{3^x} + 3^{x+1} = 0$$

$$3^{x+1} = 3^x \cdot 3$$

$$2 - \frac{1}{3^x} + 3 \cdot 3^x$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 3^x - 1 + 3 \cdot 3^x \cdot 3^x}{3^x} = 0$$

$$2 \cdot 3^x - 1 + 3 \cdot 3^{2x} = 0$$

$$3^x \cdot 2 - 1 + 3 \cdot (3^x)^2 = 0$$

Переводим во квадратное уравнение

$$3^x \neq a$$

$$3 \cdot (a)^2 + 2 \cdot a - 1 = 0$$

$$3a^2 + 2a - 1 = 0$$

$$D = 4 + 12 = 16$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{16}}{2 \cdot 3(0)} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{16}}{6} =$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm 4}{6} = \frac{-6}{6} = -1; \quad \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3},$$

$$x_1, x_2 = -1; \quad \frac{1}{3}$$

Так как 3^x всегда положительное число, то

$$3^x = \frac{1}{3} = 3^{-1}, \quad x = -1$$

$$56^{2x-8} = 1$$

Тут мы воспользуемся правилом
любое число в степени $0 = 1$,
следовательно!

$$2x - 8 = 0$$

$$2x = 8$$

$$x = 4$$

$$56^{2 \cdot 4 - 8} = 1, \text{ так как } 56^0 = 1.$$

9.

$$3^{7x+4} = \left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{x-3}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = 3^{-1}$$

$$3^{7x+4} - \left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{x-3} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{27} = 3^{-3}$$

$$3^{7x+4} = \left(\frac{1}{3^3}\right)^{x-3}$$

$$(3^{-3})^{x-3} = 3^{-3x+9}$$

$$3^{7x+4} = 3^{-3x+9}$$

$$7x+4 + 3x-9 = 0$$

$$7x+3x = 9-4$$

$$10x = 5$$

$$x = 2 \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$3^{7 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 4}$$

$$2 \frac{7}{2} + \frac{4}{1} = \frac{7+8}{2} = 15$$

$$3^{15} = \left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}-3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{1} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{6}{2} = -5$$

$$3^{15} = \left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{-5} = 27^5 = (3^3)^5$$

$$x \left| \frac{1}{64} \right|^{-8x+3} = \left| \frac{1}{16} \right|^{7x-2}$$

Приведем к общей основе

$$\begin{aligned} 4^2 &= 16 \\ 4^3 &= 64 \end{aligned}$$

Тогда получаем:

$$\left| \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^3 \right|^{-8x+3} = \left| \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^2 \right|^{7x-2}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^{-24x+9} = \left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^{14x-4}$$

$$9 - 24x = 14x - 4$$

$$-24x - 14x = -9 - 4$$

$$-38x = -13$$

$$x = \frac{-13}{-38}$$

$$x = \frac{13}{38}$$