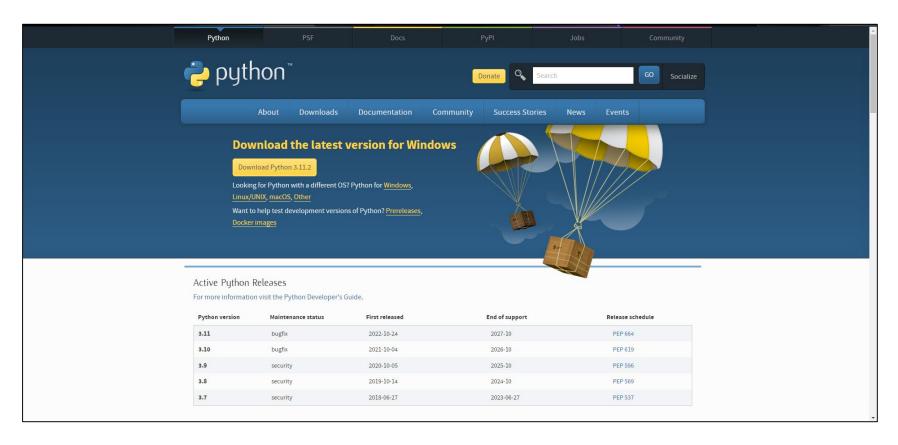
Python_intro

- Google에서 python 검색
- 공식 사이트 접속: https://www.python.org/

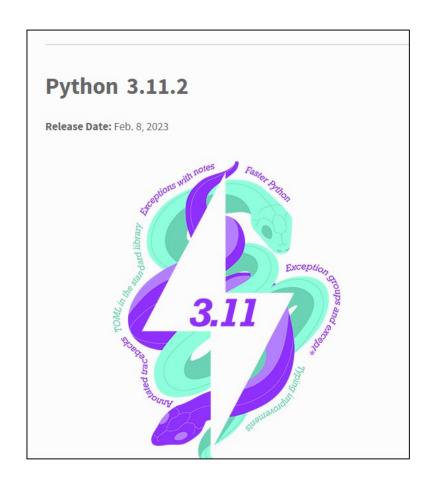


• 다운로드





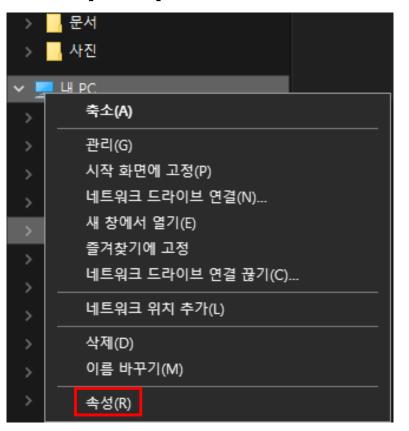
• 본인의 운영체제에 맞게 설치

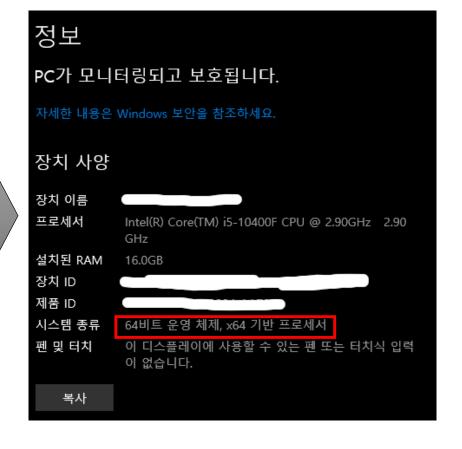




Version	Operating Sys
Gzipped source tarball	Source release
XZ compressed source tarball	Source release
macOS 64-bit universal2 installer	macOS
Windows embeddable package (32-bit)	Windows
Windows embeddable package (64-bit)	Windows
Windows embeddable package (ARM64)	Windows
Windows installer (32-bit)	Windows
Windows installer (64-bit)	Windows
Windows installer (ARM64)	Windows

- 자신의 PC의 운영체제 bit 확인
 - [내 PC] 오른쪽 클릭 -> 속성

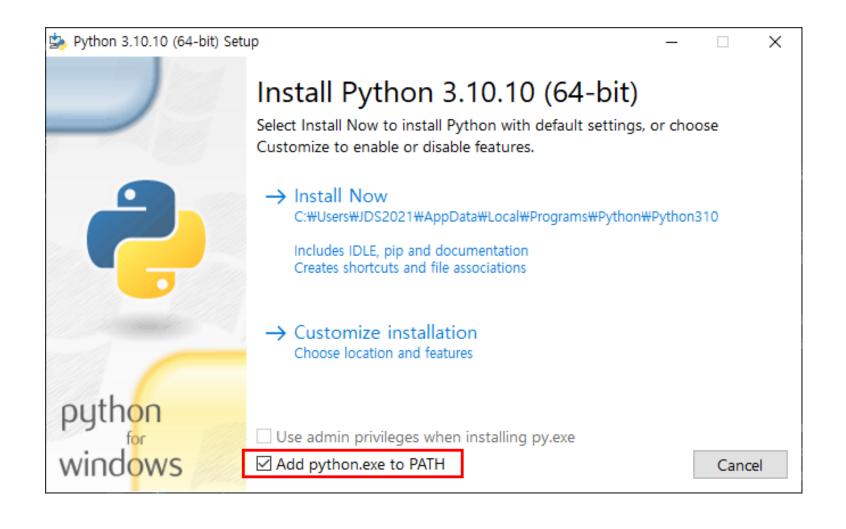




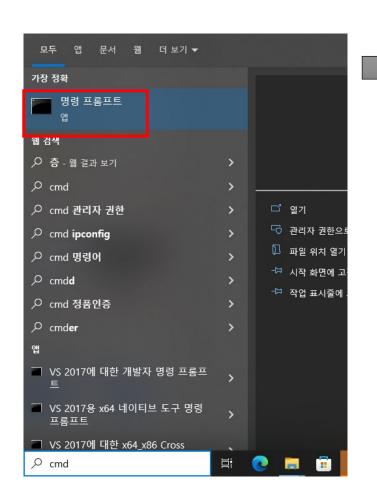
- 현재 Python은 크게 2.x버전과 3.x버전으로 나뉘어짐
- 크게 다르기 때문에 구분해서 사용
- 3.x 버전으로 실습



• 환경변수 설정: Add python.exe to PATH

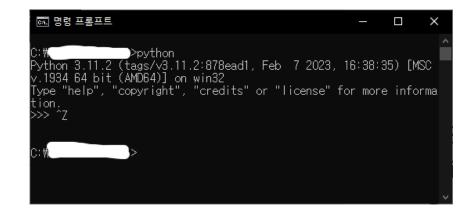


- TEST(python 인터프리터)
 - 시작 메뉴의 검색창에 cmd를 입력 -> cmd.exe실행





Python을 입력시 위의 메뉴가 뜨면 설치 성공(Python 인터프리터 환경)종료는 [Ctrl]+[z]키를 누른후 [Enter]



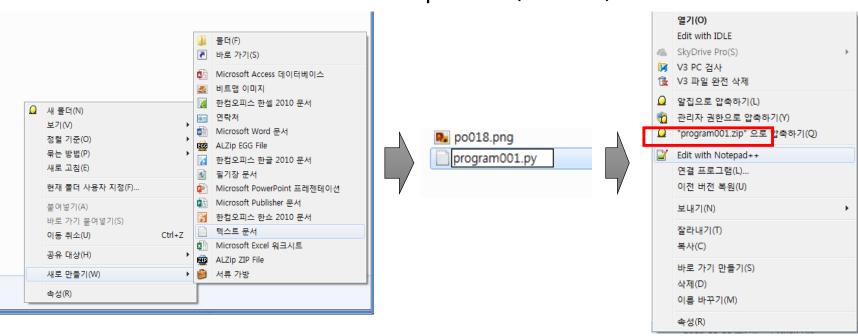
Python

• Python 인터프리터

- 작업폴더 생성
- 소스코드(text파일) 생성
- 파일명 변경(이때 확장자는 .py)



• 해당 파일 오른쪽 클릭후 Notepad++(메모장)로 실행

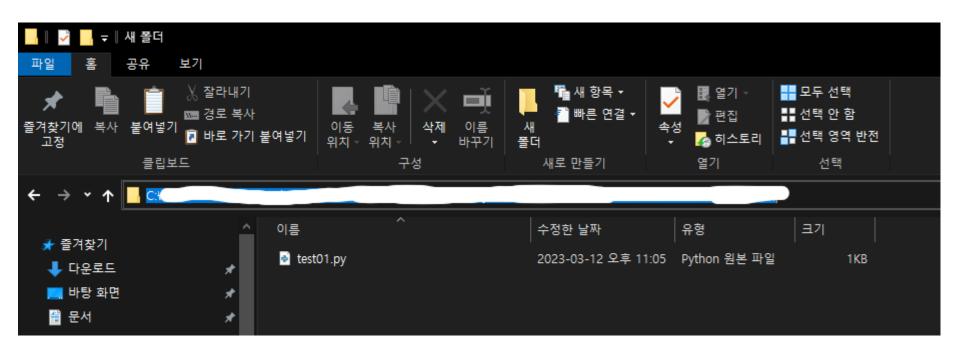


• 기본 작업 환경

저장 필수!

```
🏋 F:₩강의\+2015_03₩1_컴개론₩python₩00₩program001.py - Notepad++
파일(F) 파진(E) 찾기(S) 보기(V) 인코딩(N) 언어(L) 설정(T) 매크로 실행 플러그인 창 ?
    📴 deeptool2_stl_sigmoid_cross_mini,cpp 🖾 📴 we,txt 🖾 📴 kor_vector,nnlm,c200,neg30, w2,h50,wc1e-3,i1,txt 🔀 📴
      import sys
      import os
      import time
    ⊢while i==0 :
 10
 11
 12
 13
 14
         print s+" *
 15
 16
         time.sleep(0.07)
 17
 18
         os.system('cls')
 19
 20
         if (j%10 > 5):
 21
             s = s[0:len(s)-2]
 22
 23
             s = s + " "
 24
 25
         j = j + 1
```

- 현재 작업폴더 경로 복사
- cmd창에 경로 적용
 - >> cd [경로]
 - 붙이기: 오른쪽 마우스 클릭



- Python 파일 실행
 - >>python [파일명]
- 종료는 [Ctrl]+[c]





a distribution of the Python (or other language)
 programming languages for scientific computing

Pros

- one-stop destination for important data science and program ming tools such as Jupyter.
- supports multiple environments
- install multiple libraries in Python easily
 - >> conda install numpy

Anaconda Navigator

Download [link]

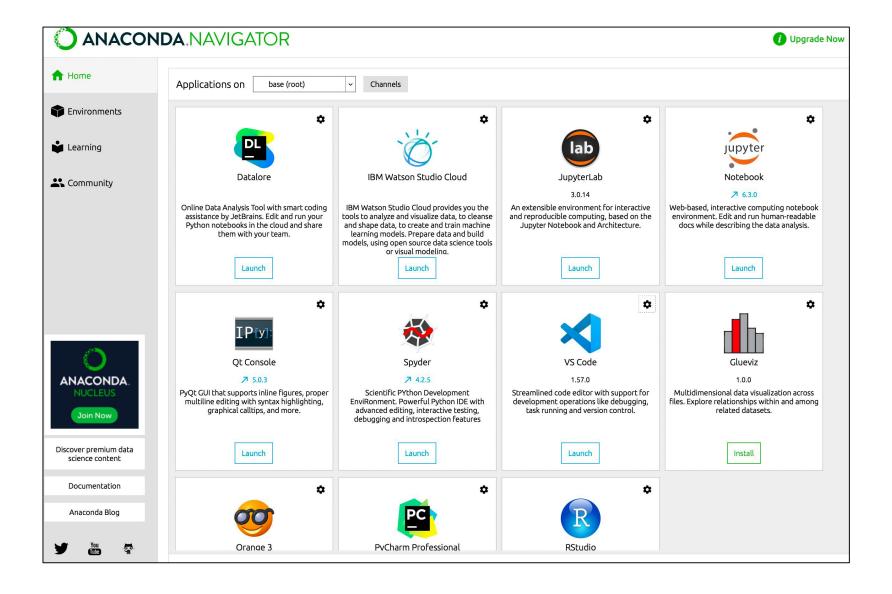


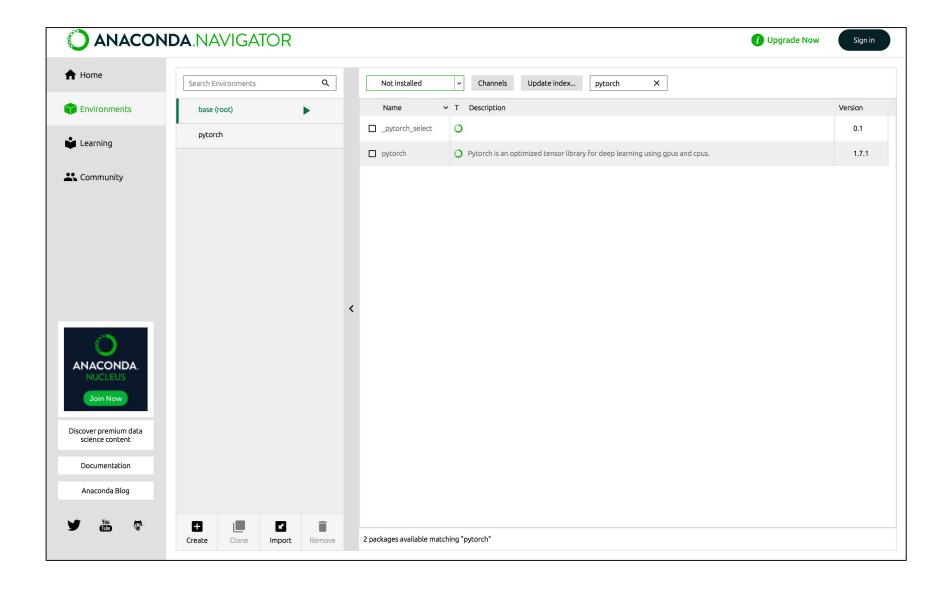
Individual Edition

Your data science toolkit

With over 25 million users worldwide, the open-source Individual Edition (Distribution) is the easiest way to perform Python/R data science and machine learning on a single machine. Developed for solo practitioners, it is the toolkit that equips you to work with thousands of open-source packages and libraries.







Python_Jupyter





- a web-based interactive computing platform.
 - Provides in-line code execution using blocks

```
[2]: a = np.arange(10)

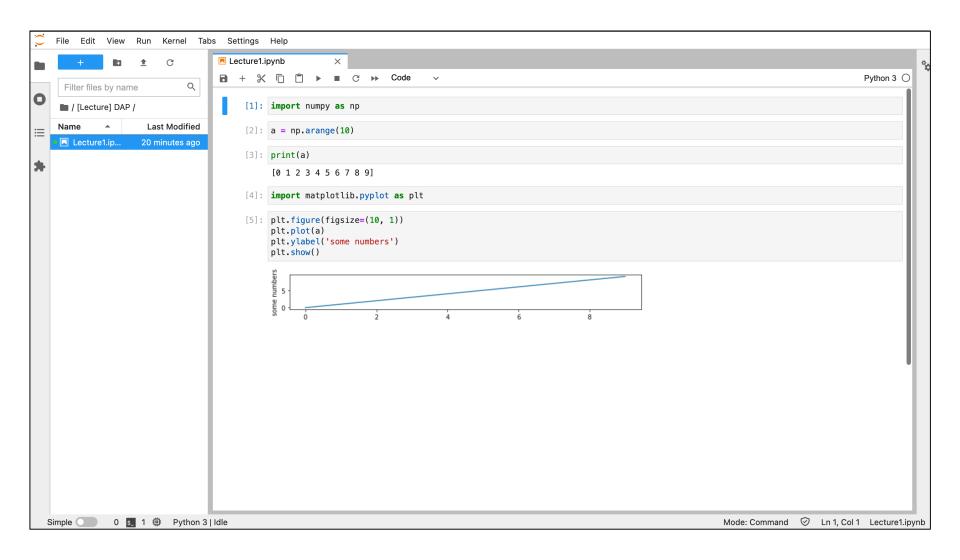
[3]: print(a)

[0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
```

• Provides in-line graphing support.

```
[5]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 1))
plt.plot(a)
plt.ylabel('some numbers')
plt.show()
```

Python_Jupyter



Python_Colab

<u>Colab</u>



- allows you to write and execute Python in your browser
 - Zero configuration required
 - Free access to GPUs (include Nvidia K80s, T4s, P4s and P100s, but time limited)
 - Easy sharing
- pro version is also provided







Faster GPUs

Priority access to faster GPUs and TPUs means you spend less time waiting while code is running.

Longer runtimes

Longer running notebooks and fewer idle timeouts mean you disconnect less often.

More memory

More RAM and more disk means more room for your data.

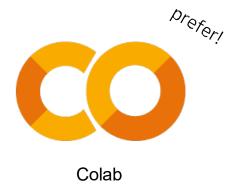
Python 환경

Either one is fine!





VS.



Local

Cloud

실습 0101

파이썬으로 계산기로 사용하여 다음 연산을 한다.

1.
$$3 \times 2 - 8 \div 4$$

2.
$$25 \times 6 \div 3 + 17$$

3.
$$39021 - 276920 \div 12040$$

4.
$$2^6 - 10 \% 6$$

위 식에서 %는 나머지를 구하는 연산이다.

실습평가 제출

- 1. 구글 클래스룸 과제에 제출: 코드(ipynb)
 - 파일명: [학번]_[이름]_[실습 번호].ipynb
 - e.g. 10701_홍길동_0101.ipynb
- 2. 구글 클래스룸 과제에 제출: 코드(py) + 결과 이미지(jpg, etc)
 - 파일명: [학번]_[이름]_[실습 번호].py + [학번]_[이름]_[실습 번호].jpg
 - e.g. 10701_홍길동_0101.py + 10701_홍길동_0101.jpg
 - 결과 이미지는 확장자 무관
- 지정된 형식(1 또는 2), 기한 준수 (특히 기간엄수)
- 구글 클래스룸 참여 차후 공지