

Archetype Modeling Language (AML)

Presentation to HL7/OMG Joint
Working Group

Outline

- CIMI and AML
- AML – Purpose and Goals
- OMG, UML, and UML Profiles
- AML Submission overview
- State of current submission

CIMI AND AML

CLINICAL INFORMATION MODELING INITIATIVE (CIMI)

Clinical Information Modeling Initiative

Mission

Improve the interoperability of healthcare systems through shared implementable clinical information models.

(A single curated collection.)

Clinical Information Modeling Initiative

Goals

- Shared repository of detailed clinical information models
- Using a single formalism
- Based on a common set of base data types
- With formal bindings of the models to standard coded terminologies
- Repository is open and models are free for use at no cost

Clinical Information Modeling Initiative

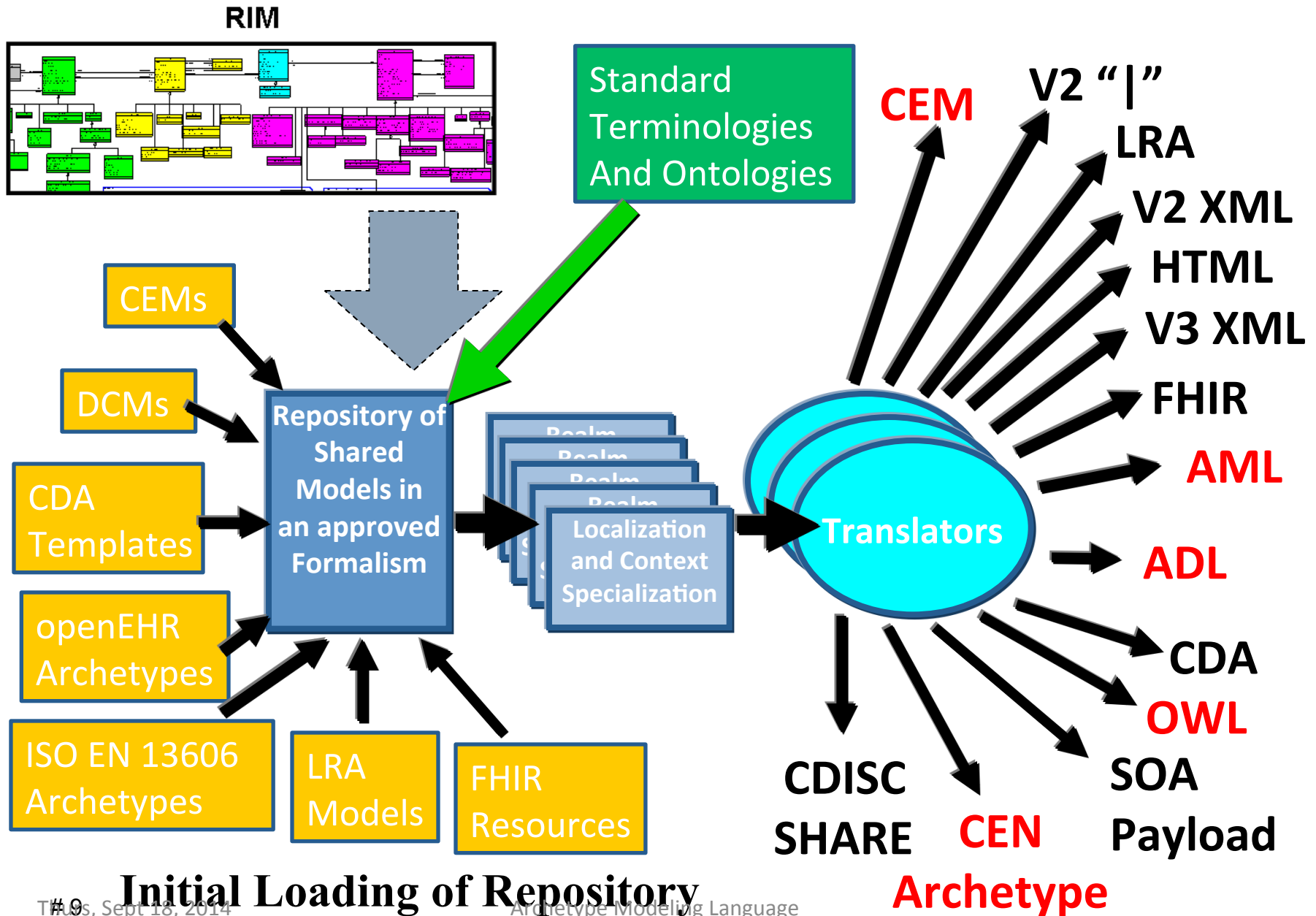
Models that support multiple contexts

- EHR data storage
- Message payload and service payload
- Decision logic (queries of EHR data)
- Clinical trials data (clinical research)
- Quality measures
- Normalization of data for secondary use
- Creation of data entry screens (like SDC)
- Capture of coding output from NLP

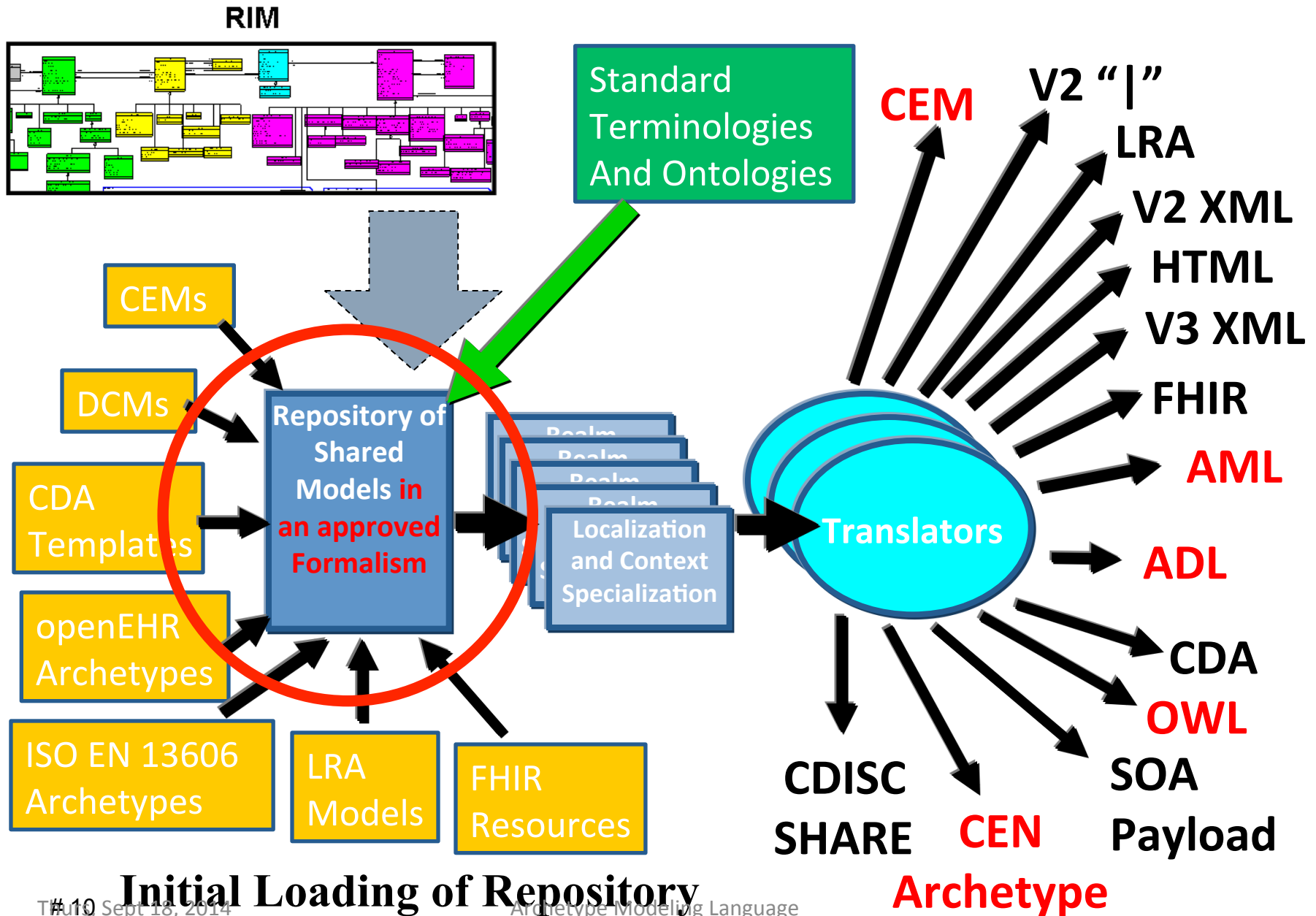
Strategic Goal

- Be able to share data, applications, reports, alerts, protocols, and decision support modules with anyone in the WORLD
- Goal is “plug-n-play” interoperability

CIMI Repository



CIMI Repository



SELECTED CIMI POLICIES, DECISIONS, AND MILESTONES

London, Dec 1, 2011

- ADL 1.5 as the initial formalism, including the Archetype Object Model
- **A CIMI UML profile (Archetype Modelling Language, AML) will be developed concurrently as a set of UML stereotypes, XMI specifications and transformations**

Terminology

- **SNOMED CT is the primary reference terminology**
- **LOINC is also approved as a reference terminology**
 - In the event of overlap, SNOMED CT will be the preferred source
- CIMI will propose extensions to the reference terminologies when needed concepts do not exist
 - CIMI will have a place to keep needed concepts that are not a part of any standard terminology
- CIMI has obtained a SNOMED extension identifier
- CIMI will adhere to IHTSDO Affiliate's Agreement for referencing SNOMED codes in models
 - Copyright notice in models, SNOMED license for all production implementations
- CIMI will create a Terminology Authority to review and submit concepts to IHTSDO as appropriate

Terminology (cont)

- The primary version of models will only contain references (pointers) to value sets
- We will create tools that read the terminology tables and create versions of the models that contain enumerated value sets (as in the current ADL 1.5 specification)

The Ultimate Value Proposition of CIMI

- Interoperable sharing of:
 - Data
 - Information
 - Applications
 - Decision logic
 - Reports
 - Knowledge

AML PURPOSE AND GOALS

Archetype Modeling Language RFC (AML)

Goal:

“Create a standard for modeling Archetype Models (AMs) using UML, to support the representation of Clinical Information Modeling Initiative (CIMI) artifacts in UML. ”

AML Profiles

Profiles Called for in RFP

- **Reference Model Profile(RMP)** - enable the specification of reference models, upon which archetypes can be based
- **Constraint Model Profile(CMP)** - support the specification of constraints on a given reference model, to enable the development of archetypes, including Clinical Information Models (CIMs)
- **Terminology Binding Profile (TBP)** - support the binding of information models to terminology, with optional support for binding to CTS2.

AML Profiles

Additional Profiles Described in Submission

- **Archetype Profile** – Archetype Library, Archetypes and Archetype Versions
- **Rules Profile** – define a common constraint profile, compatible with a subset of OMG Object Constraint Language (OCL) and covering ADL Rules..
- **Identification and Designation** – Link to ISO 11179
- **Metadata Profile** – description and state of model artifacts. Who, what, why, where, when...

Initial Submission

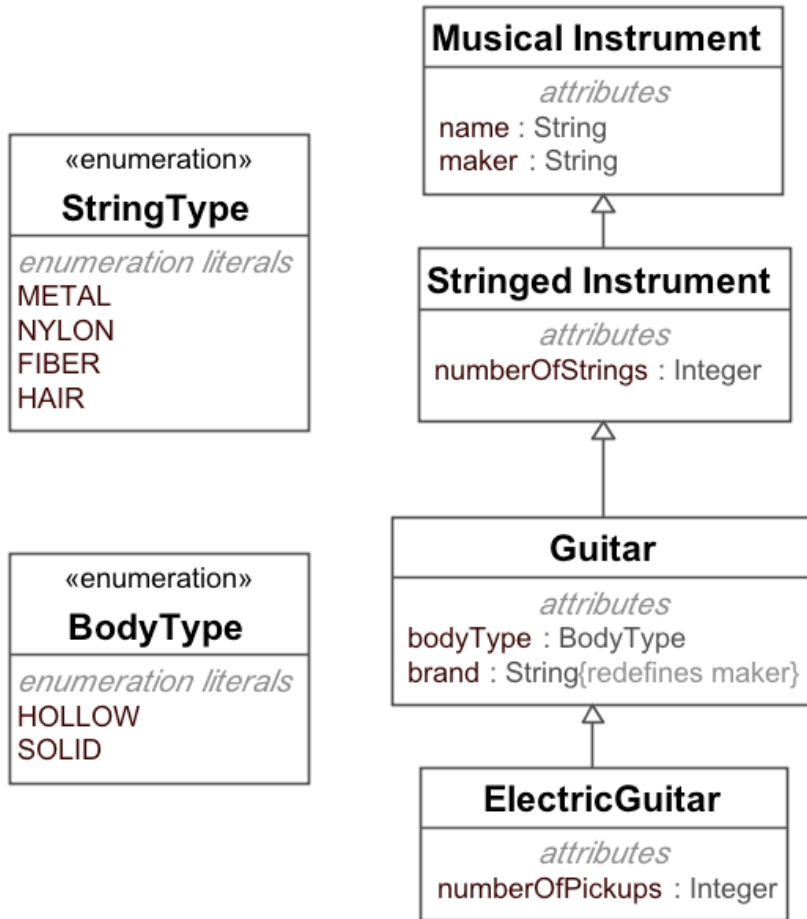
- Addresses **archetype, reference model, constraint model, terminology binding profile identification and designation and metadata profile**
- Rules (OCL) out of scope for current submission
 - Rules is is a not-insignificant task
 - Harmonization may be an issue

WHAT ARE “ARCHETYPES”?

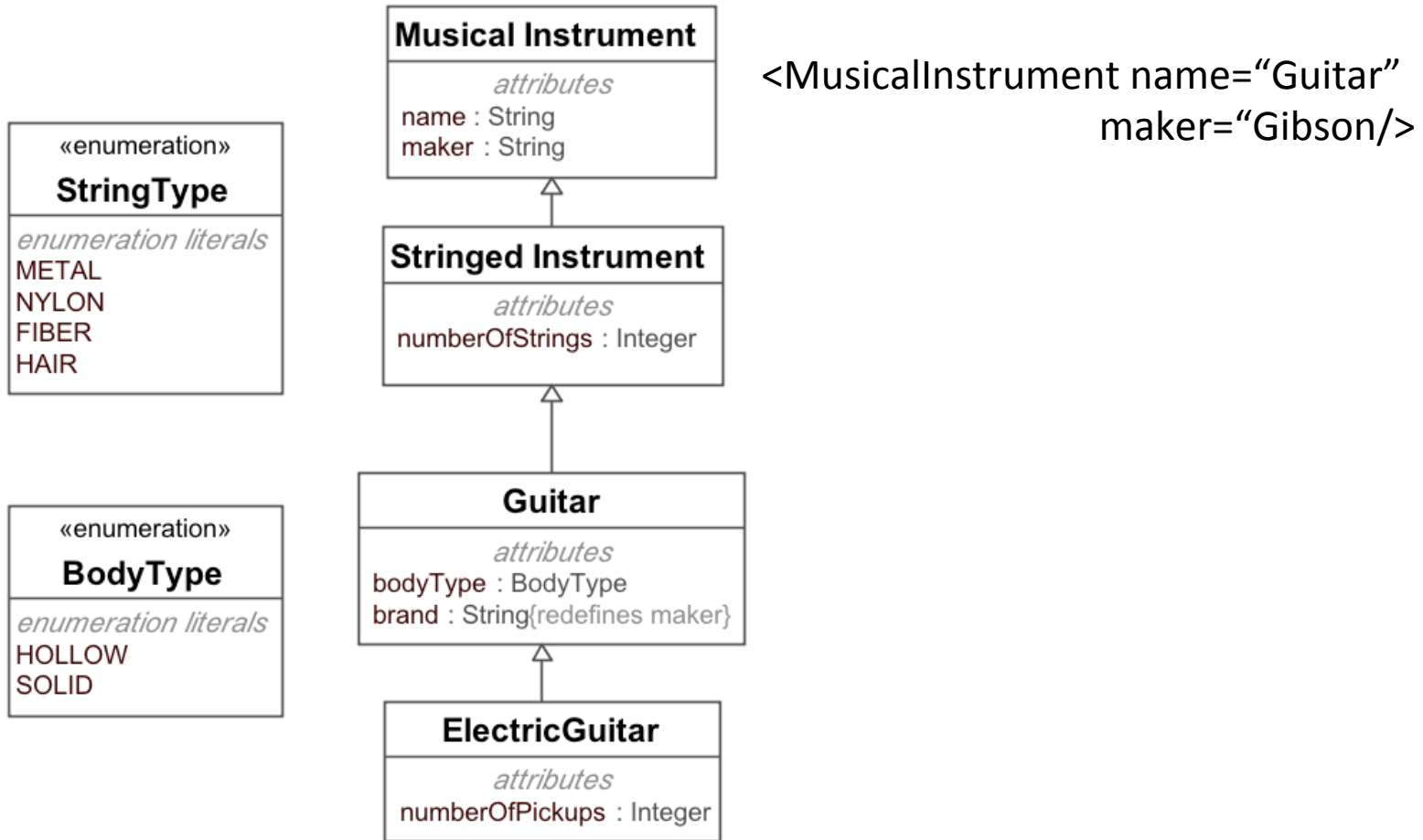
“Top Down” Modeling

- Additive
 - Start with most abstract
 - Specialize adding properties and relationships
- Instances only valid at selected level up

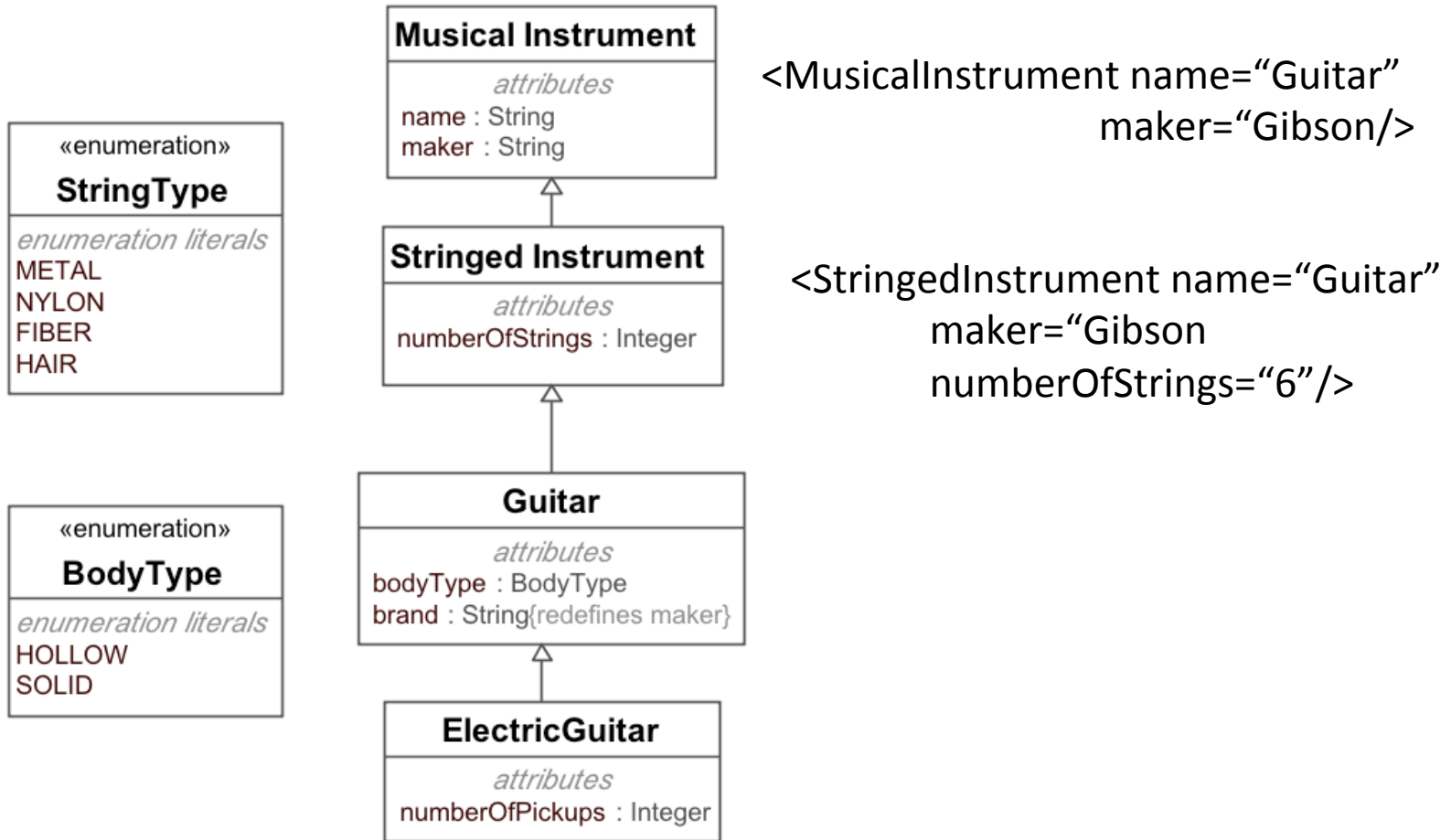
“Top Down” Modeling



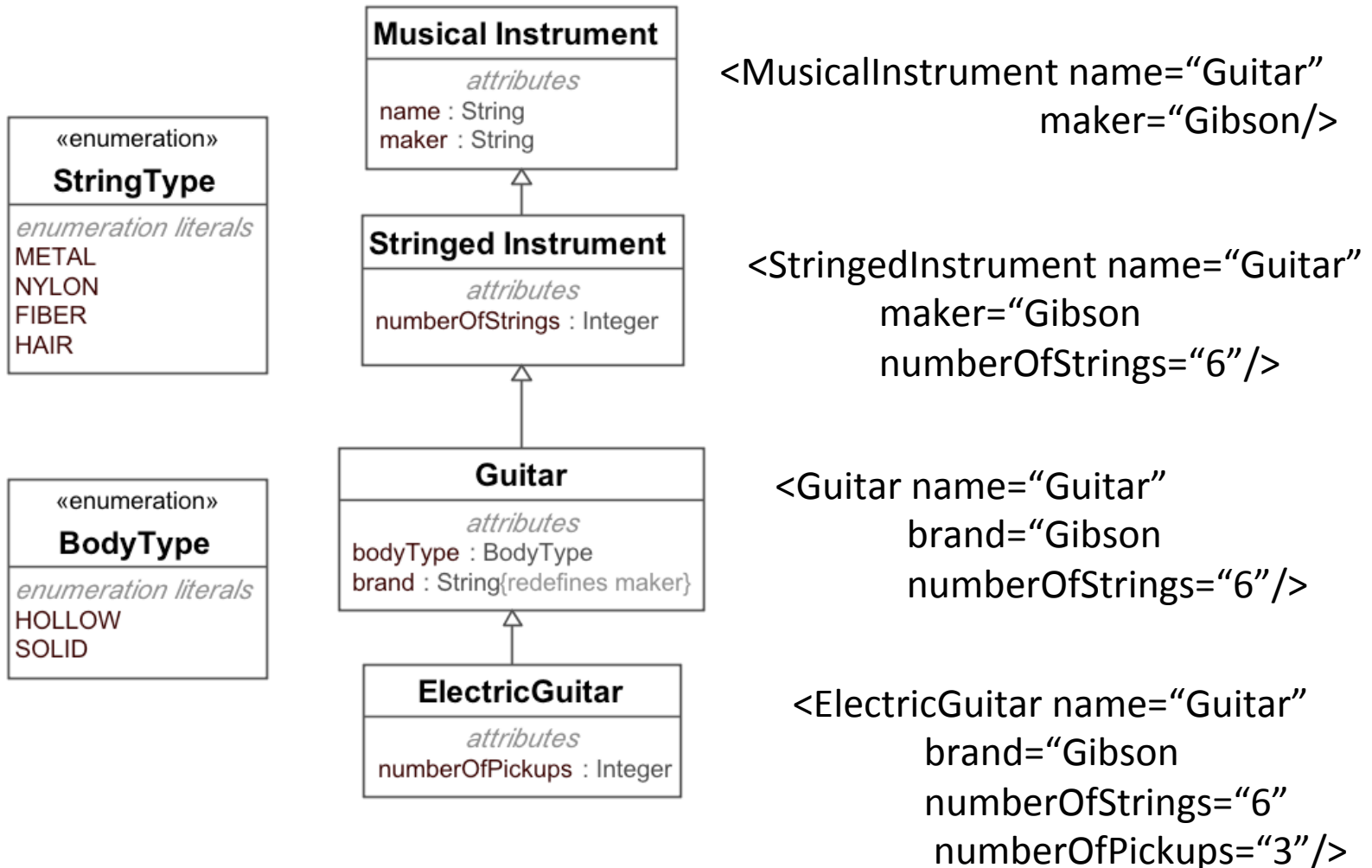
“Top Down” Modeling



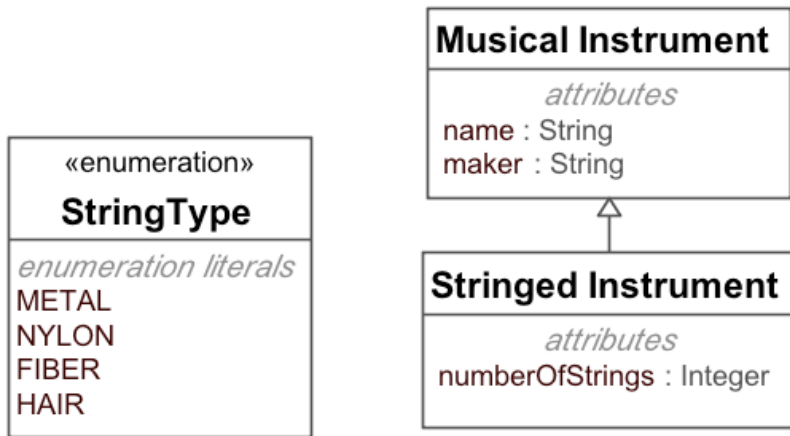
“Top Down” Modeling



“Top Down” Modeling



“Top Down” Modeling



← If this is my model ...

```
<ElectricGuitar name="Guitar"
  brand="Gibson
  numberOfStrings="6"
  numberOfPickups="3"/>
```

← ... this makes no sense!

Constraint or “Bottom Up” Modeling

- Start with general model
 - Becomes the most abstract level of exchange
- Specialize by restriction
 - Cardinality
 - Value and value ranges
 - Optional → mandatory / prohibited
 - Enumeration subsets
 - Renaming

Constraint Based Models

- Start with UML “Reference Model” that defines the most abstract level of exchange
- Add constraints (restrictions) on reference model
 - Can serve as detailed type checking for input
 - Can serve as a generic grammar (!)
 - Can function as a query language

Constraints as a Grammar

- Without
 - Abnormal HCT == lab result with code '1234-5', abnormal flag set? Result > specified value?
 - Information is coded *in applications(!)*
 - Brittle
 - Rigid
- With
 - Abnormal HCT == {set of constraints}
 - Applications *reference* model

Constraints

- Need a grammar/interchange format
 - ADL 1.5.1 suites the bill well
 - UML XML (once AML is complete)
- Tooling
 - ADL Workbench / Clinical Knowledge Manager
 - UML Tools (once AML is complete)
- Representational forms
 - ADL WB / Mindmaps / JSON / XML / ...
 - UML Profile / Model tools

OMG, UML, AND UML PROFILES

Object Management Group (OMG)

- Standards *consortium*
- Home to UML and Model Driven Architecture (MDA)
- “No Shelf-ware” policy – standards must be accompanied by implementations
- Platform Technical Committees – architecture, tools, middleware
- Domain Technical Committees – “vertical” domains (Healthcare, Manufacturing, Robotics, Space, ...)

UML

A standard for representing and exchanging models

- A model *of* models (a “metamodel”)
 - “Class”, “Property”, “Generalization”, “Association”
- Representation for elements (An *instance* of a “Class” is represented as a box with separate slots...”
- Model of model exchange

Model of “Class”

11.4.2 Abstract Syntax

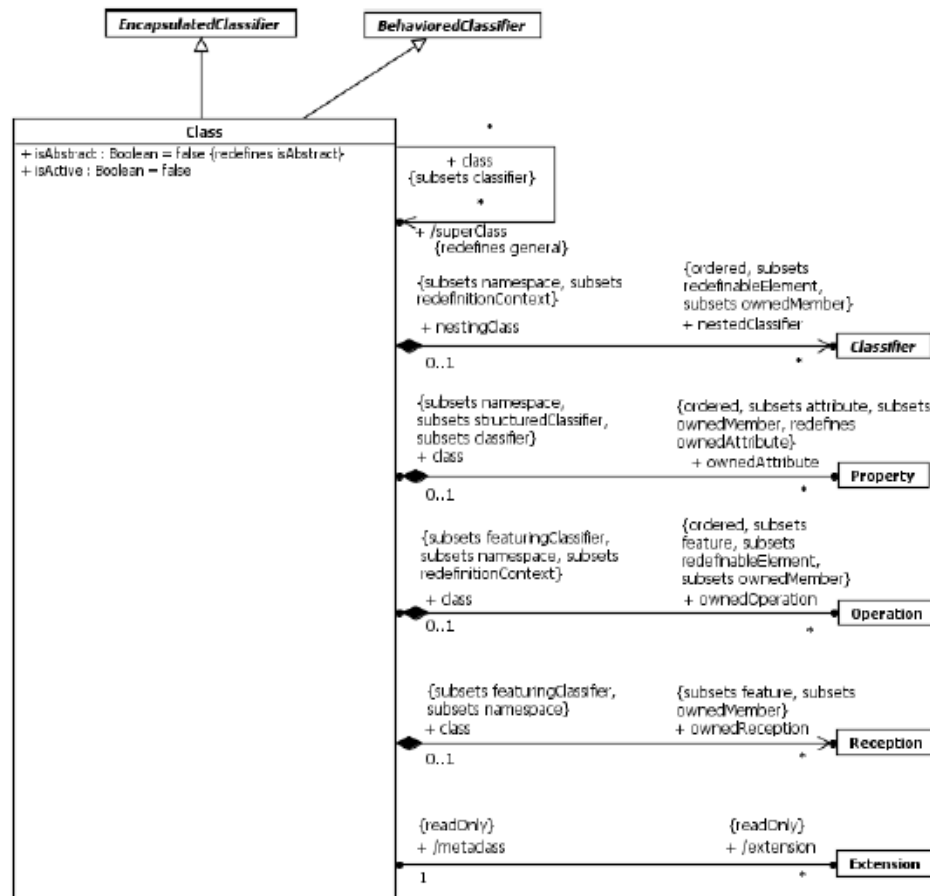


Figure 11.15 Classes

Representation of “Class”

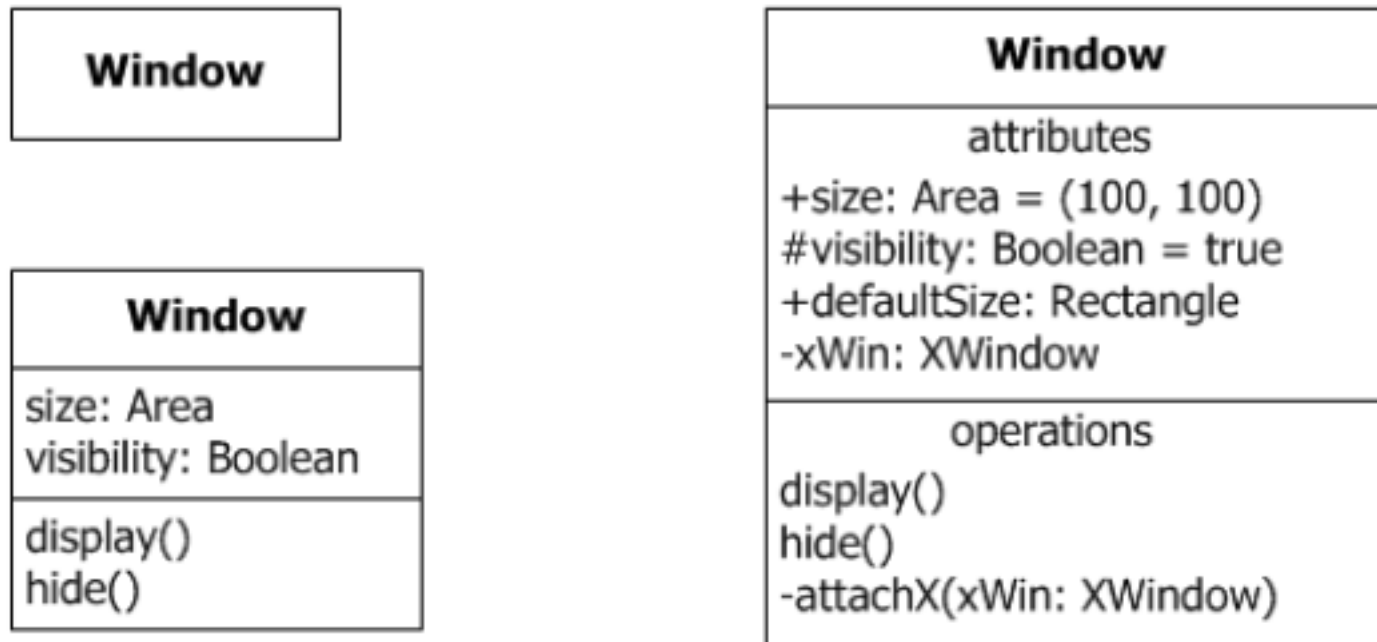
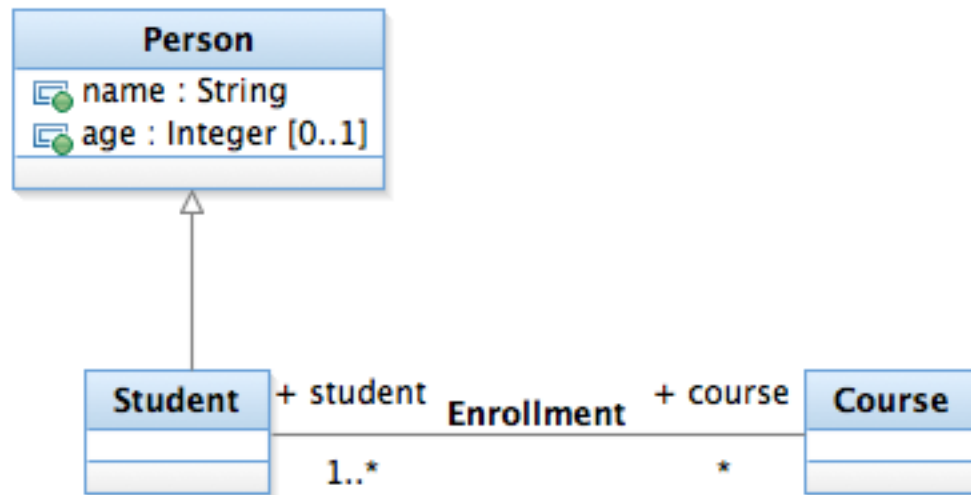


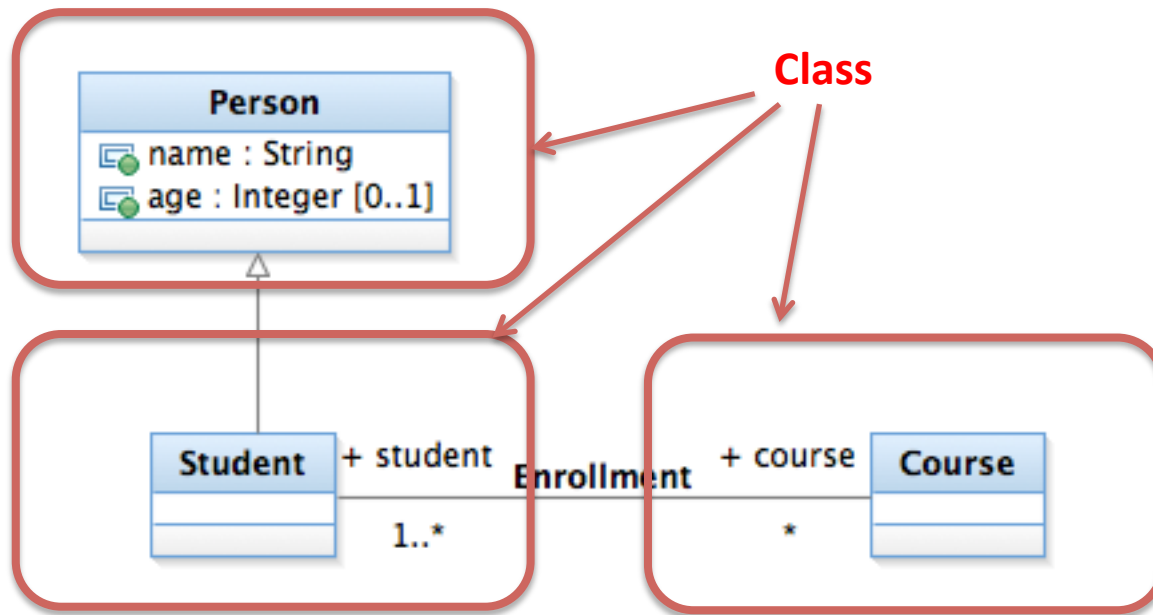
Figure 11.16 Class notation variants

Figure 11.17 shows the visibility grouping option (see [9.2.4](#)) applied to the attribute **Window**.

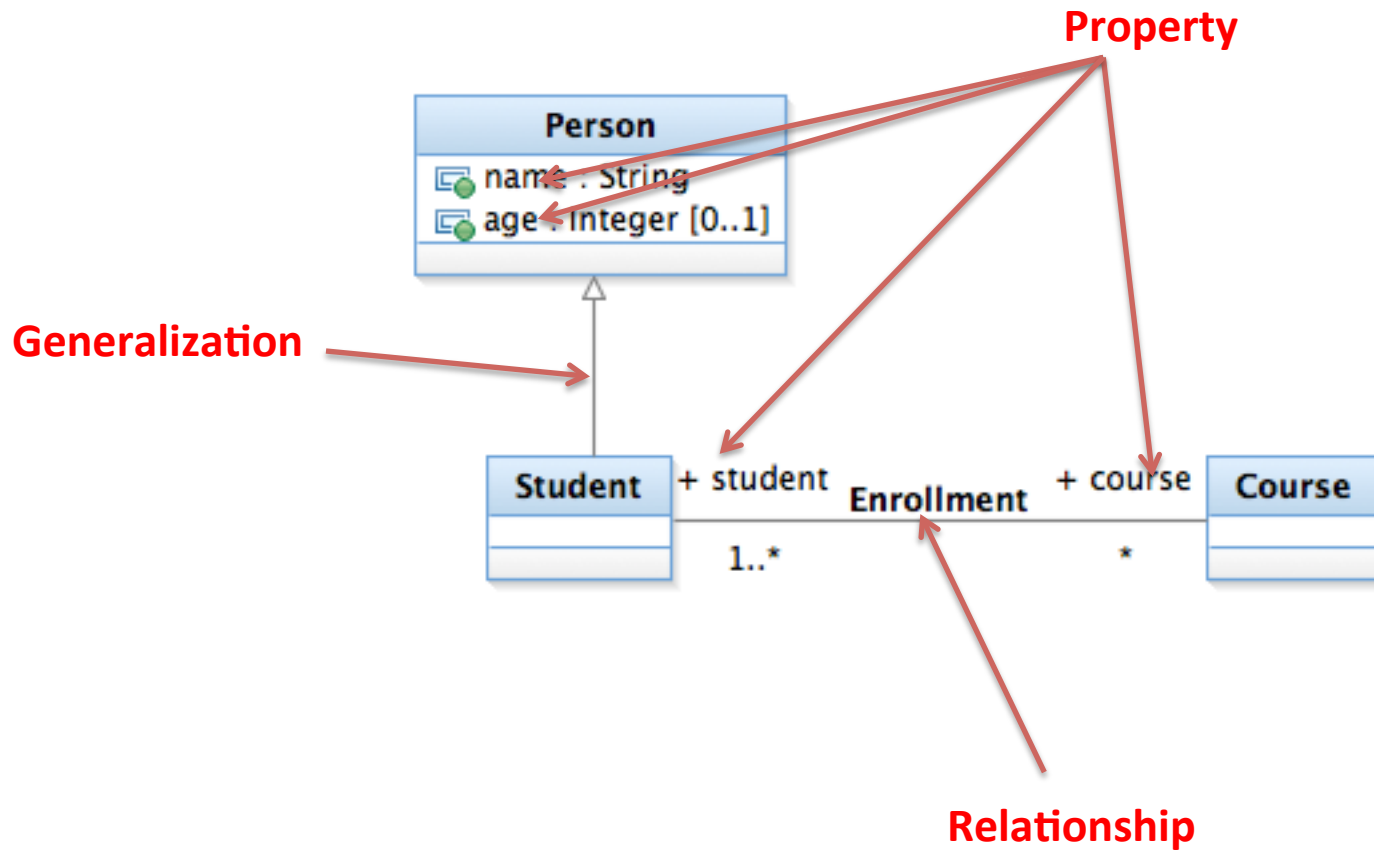
UML Model *Instance*



UML Model *Instance*



Instances



Model Interchange

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<uml:Package xmi:version="2.1" xmlns:xmi="http://schema.omg.org/spec/XMI/2.1"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:ecore="http://www.eclipse.org/emf/2002/Ecore"
  xmlns:uml="http://schema.omg.org/spec/UML/2.2"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://schema.omg.org/spec/UML/2.2 http://www.eclipse.org/uml2/3.0.0/UML"
  xmi:id="_PCoU8J_YEe00_ccVLTZGDA" name="UML Sample">
  <packageImport xmi:type="uml:PackageImport" xmi:id="_PCoU85_YEe00_ccVLTZGDA">
    <importedPackage xmi:type="uml:Model" href="pathmap://UML_LIBRARIES/UMLPrimitiveTypes.library.uml#_0"/>
  </packageImport>
  <packagedElement xmi:type="uml:Package" xmi:id="_VdF28J_YEe00_ccVLTZGDA" name="PersonPackage">
    <packagedElement xmi:type="uml:Class" xmi:id="_Ydyn0J_YEe00_ccVLTZGDA" name="Student">
      <generalization xmi:type="uml:Generalization" xmi:id="_B1-w0KABEe00_ccVLTZGDA" general="_8ML2wKAAEe00_ccVLTZGDA"/>
      <ownedAttribute xmi:type="uml:Property" xmi:id="_hWMXkKC3Ee00_ccVLTZGDA" name="course" visibility="public"
        type="_uapgsJ_YEe00_ccVLTZGDA" association="_hWLJcKC3Ee00_ccVLTZGDA">
        <upperValue xmi:type="uml:LiteralUnlimitedNatural" xmi:id="_hWNlSaC3Ee00_ccVLTZGDA" value="*" />
        <lowerValue xmi:type="uml:LiteralInteger" xmi:id="_hWNlSkC3Ee00_ccVLTZGDA" />
      </ownedAttribute>
```

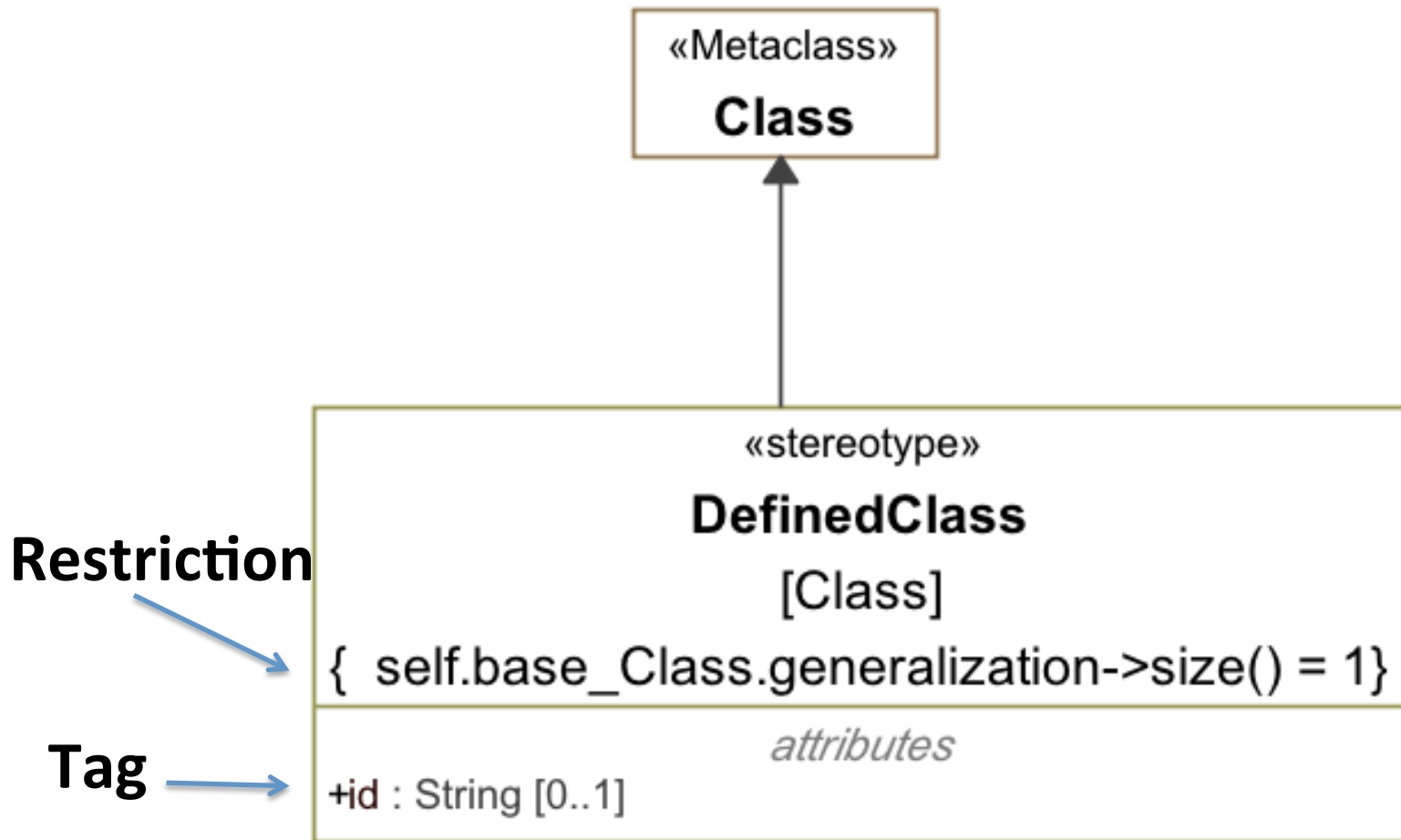

UML

- Good at general, “extensible” models
- NOT so good at “constraint” models
- *Extensible* – elements the metamodel itself can be extended as a “Profile”

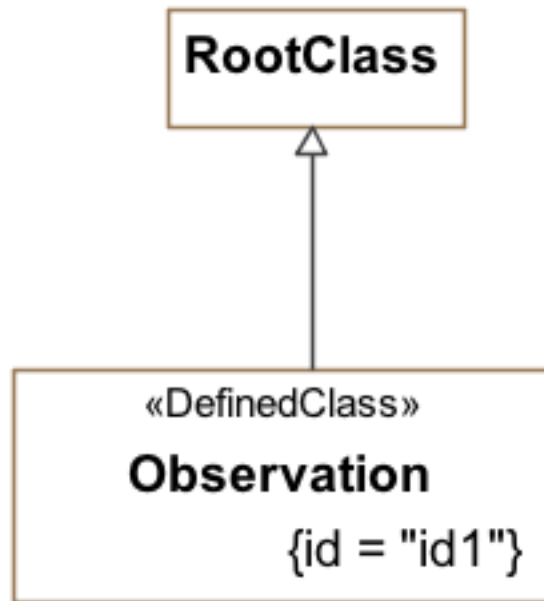
Extension

‘Particularization’ of UML by specializing some of its elements, imposing new restrictions on them but respecting the UML metamodel, and without modifying the original semantics of the UML elements (i.e., the properties of the UML classes, associations, attributes, etc., will remain the same, but new constraints will be added to their original definitions and relationships).

Extension



Using a Stereotype (extension)



Profile

- Collections of Stereotypes and Classes
- Semantics of the above
- *Suggestions* for representation and use

The (or “A”) GOAL is to have UML model vendors incorporate profiles as first class items into their tools...

OMG STANDARDS PROCESS

OMG RFP Process

- 1) TC issues RFP – requirements document
- 2) Organizations submit responses
 - 1) Initial submission – draft responses shown, discussed.
 - 2) Final submission – (typically) one harmonized response
- 3) Response(s) are balloted
- 4) Accepted response becomes a Beta Specification / Finalization Task Force formed
- 5) FTF report submitted and Beta Specification becomes a final specification.

Members Only

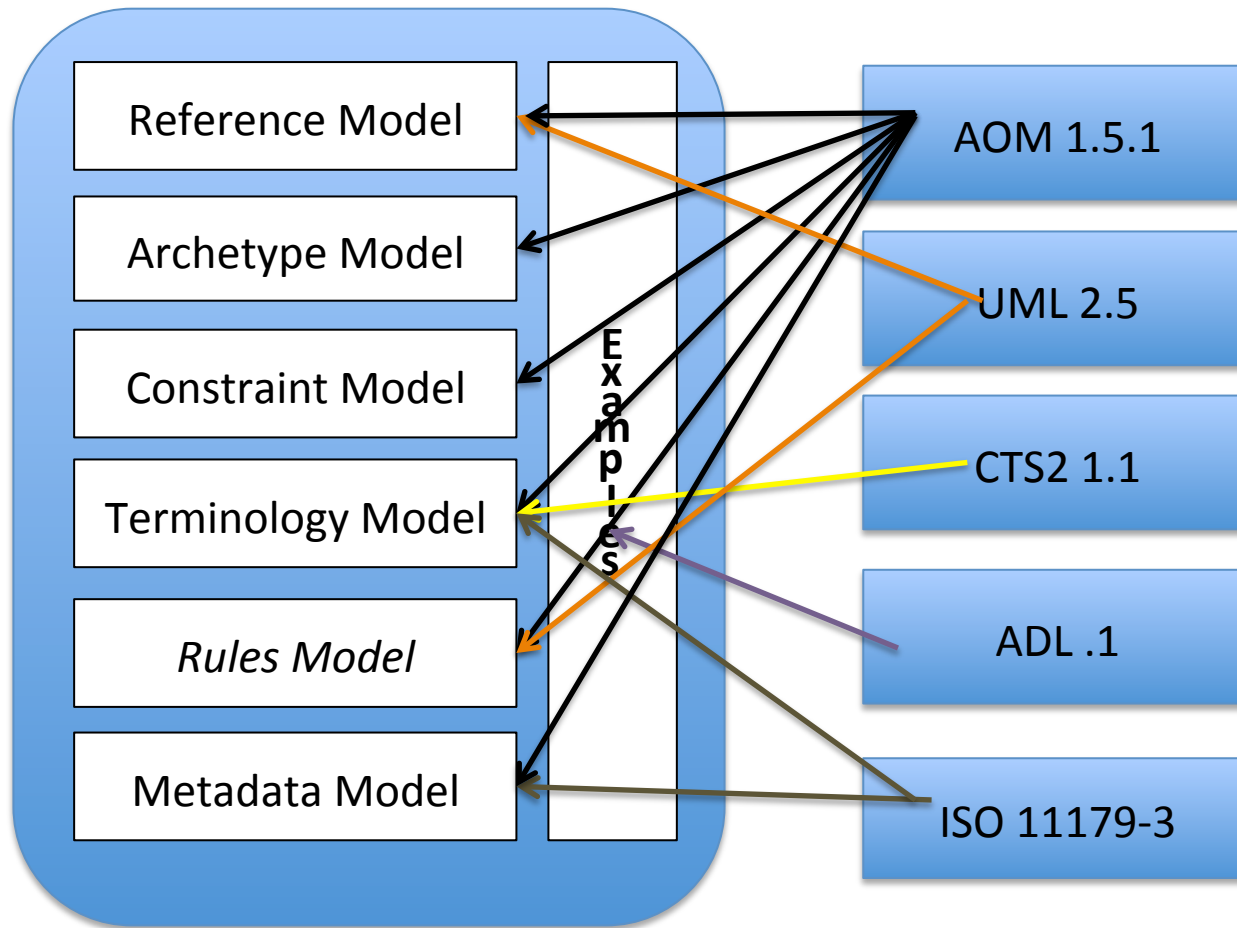
Public

AML Submission

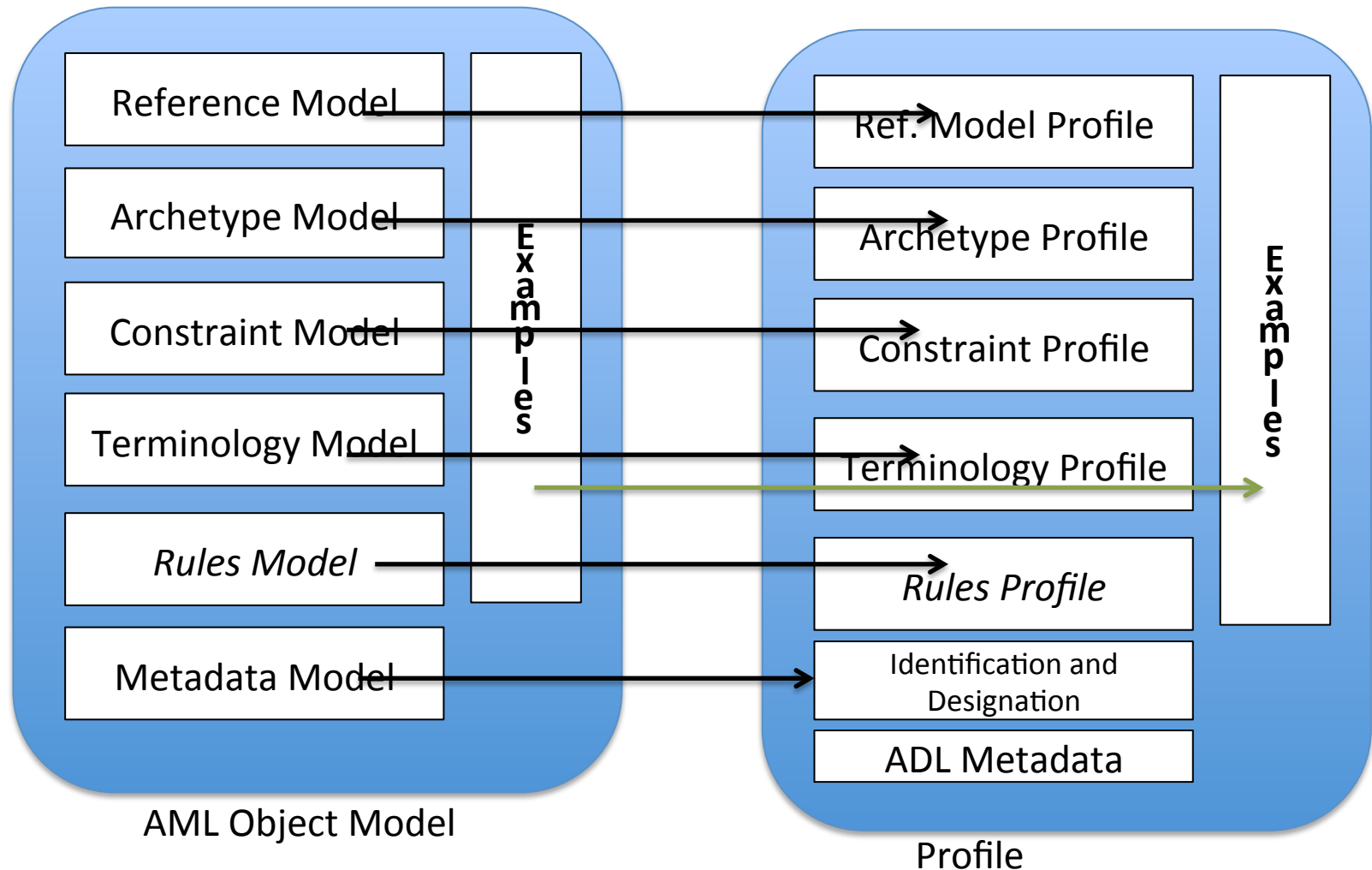
- Boilerplate (Chapters 1-7)
- Metamodel – (Chapter 8) *what* we are trying to do
- Profiles – (Chapter 9...) *how* we do it (profiles)

AML Submission

AML Object Model



AML Submission Profiles



AML SUBMISSION OVERVIEW

REFERENCE MODEL PROFILE

Reference Model Object Model

- Identify the subset of UML that will be recognized by AML
 - Class
 - Property (SingularProperty / CollectionProperty)
 - DataType (UML Sense)
 - Enumeration
 - PrimitiveType
 - ConceptReference
 - Namespace / Package

Reference Model Profile

- Identify the “primitive” types that can be constrained
 - Boolean, String, Integer, Real
 - DateTime, Date, Time, Duration
- Provide stereotypes to identify components of the reference model that are constrained by the Profile primitive types
- Provide abstract types that need to be realized in any model
 - ArchetypeId, ArchetypeVersionId, ArchetypeMetadata

ARCHETYPE PROFILE

Archetype Profile

Archetype Library : a collection of archetypes that apply to the same reference model

Archetype : a constraint applied to a specific class in a reference model

ArchetypeVersion : the state of a constraint at a point in time

ADL

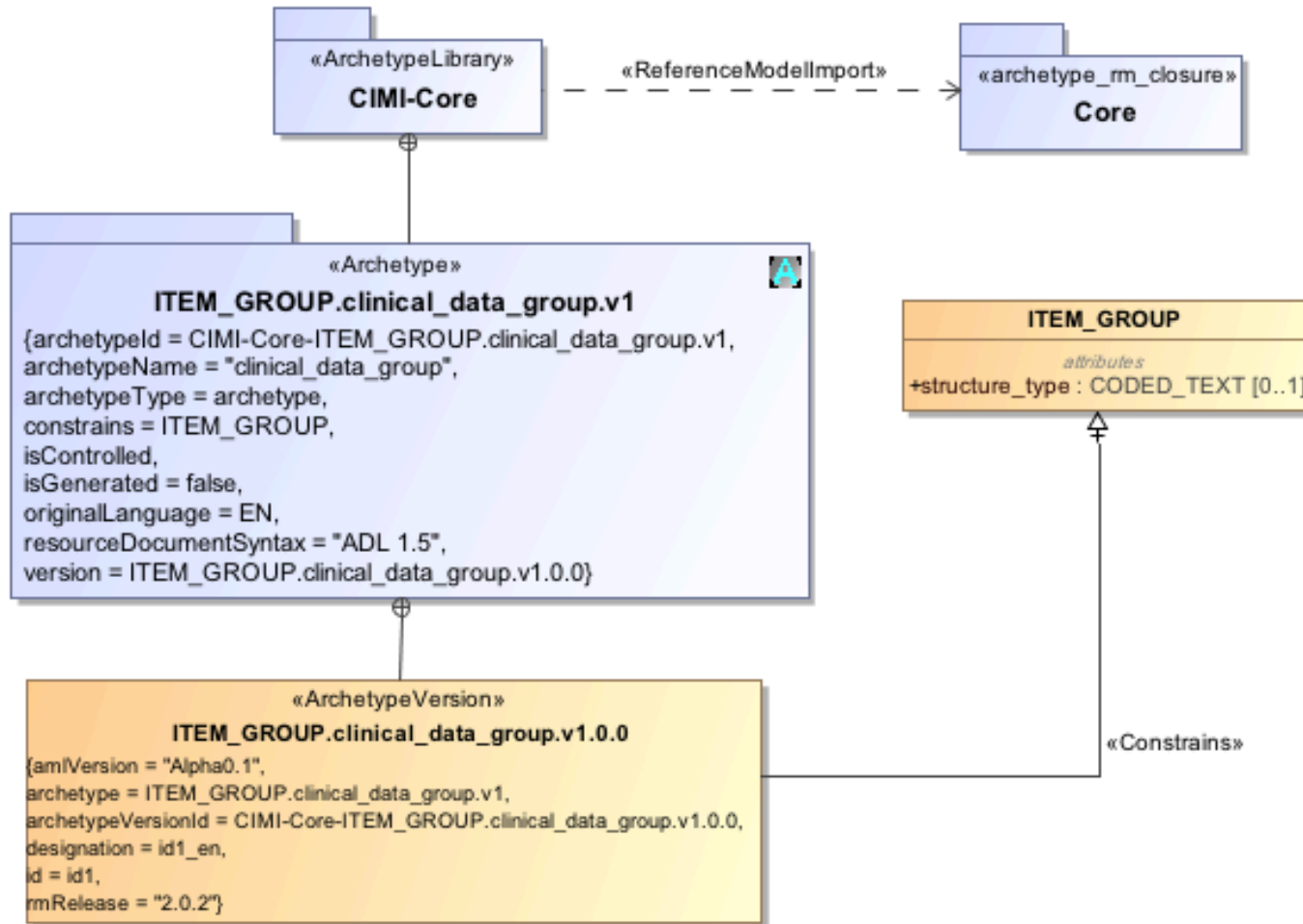
```
archetype (adl_version=1.5.1)
  CIMI-Core-ITEM_GROUP.clinical_data_group.v1.0.0

language
  original_language = <[ISO_639-1::en]>

description
  original_author = <
    ["name"] = <"Thomas Beale">
    ["organisation"] = <"Ocean Informatics">
    ["email"] = <"thomas.beale@oceaninformatics.com">
    ["date"] = <"10/04/2014">
  >
  details = <
    ["en"] = <
      language = <[ISO_639-1::en]>
      purpose = <"Pattern archetype for CIMI:CDG">
      keywords = <"Entry", ...>
      copyright = <"© 2014 CIMI">
    >
  >
  lifecycle_state = <"unmanaged">
  other_details = <
    ["model_level"] = <"reference">
  >

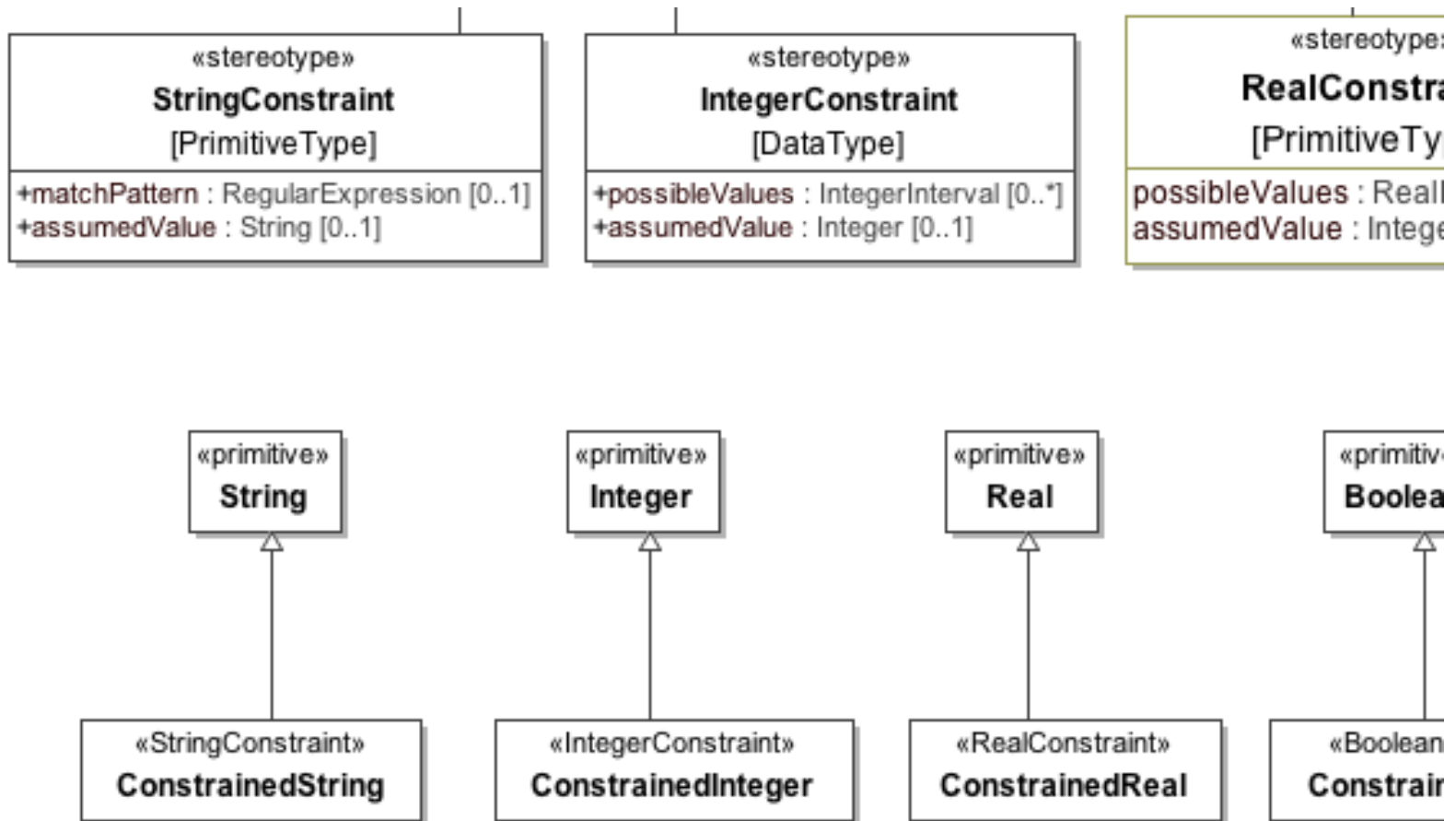
definition
  ITEM_GROUP[id1] -- CLINICAL_DATA_GROUP
```

AML

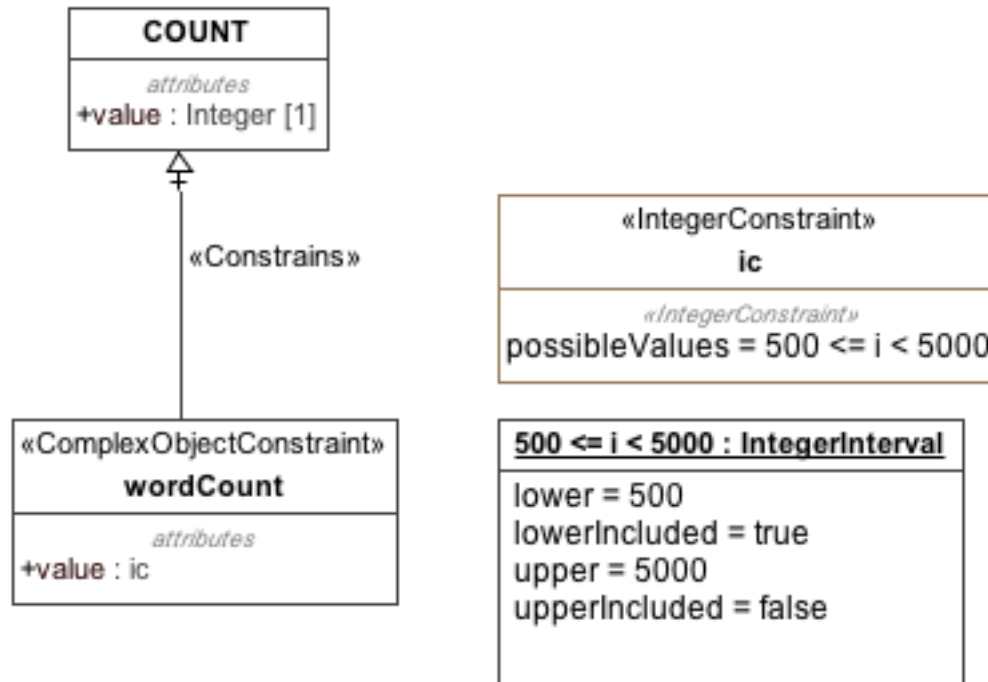


CONSTRAINT PROFILE

“Primitive Type” Constraints



“Primitive Type” Example



Constraint Profile

- Root is *ObjectConstraint* – a class with:
 - Exactly one superclass (either reference model class or another *ObjectConstraint*)
 - No additional attributes
 - Can only “subset” or “redefine”

Constraint Types

Object Constraints

- **ComplexObject**: constrains class properties (i.e. attributes and relationship targets)
- **PrimitiveObject**: constrains ranges, content, sizes, etc. of data types
- **Enumeration**: constrains members of enumerations
- **Slot**: constrains types of 'imported' constraints
- **Proxy**: references to external constraint

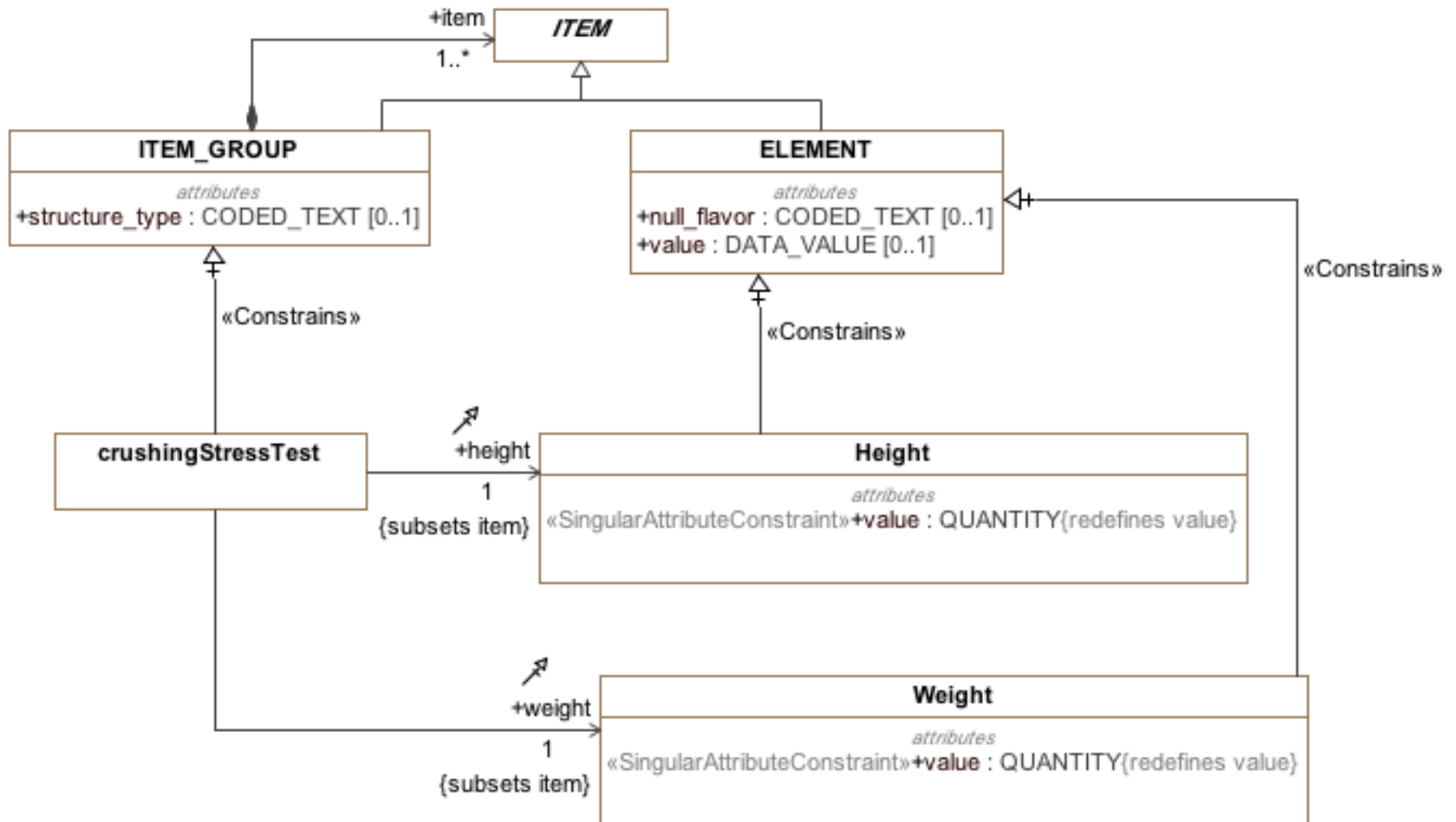
Constraint Types

Attribute Constraints

Constraints on UML *properties*

- **SingularAttributeConstraint** ([0..1],[1..1])
 - Alternative
 - Presence (required / prohibited)
- **AttributeCollectionConstraint**([x..*])
 - Cardinality: total # of instances
 - Subsets: n..m instances of type A, n..m of B, etc.

Constraint Example



IDENTIFICATION AND DESIGNATION PROFILE

Identification and Designation

Advised by ISO 11179-3

- IdentifiableItem
 - Namespace + id
- DesignatableItem
 - Language + sign + [description]
- Namespaces
- “meaning” linkage from Class

11179-3 Identification

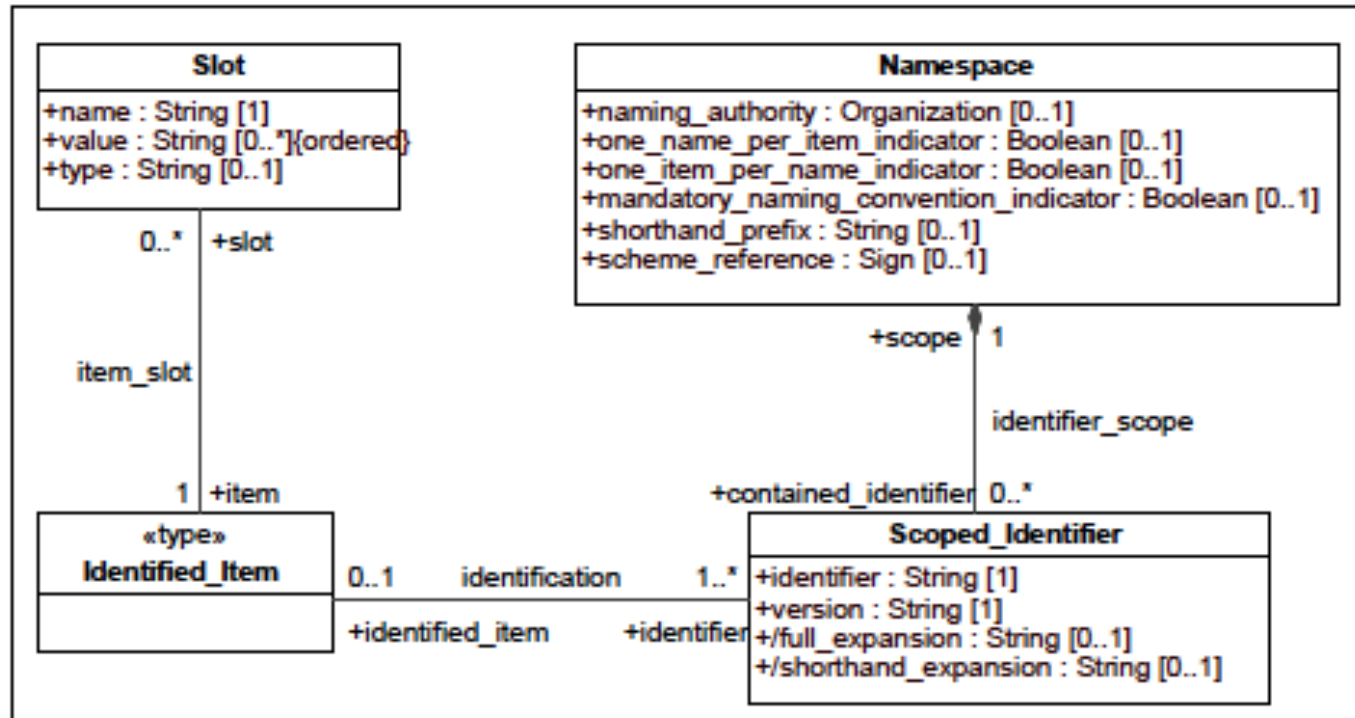


Figure 5 — Identification metamodel region

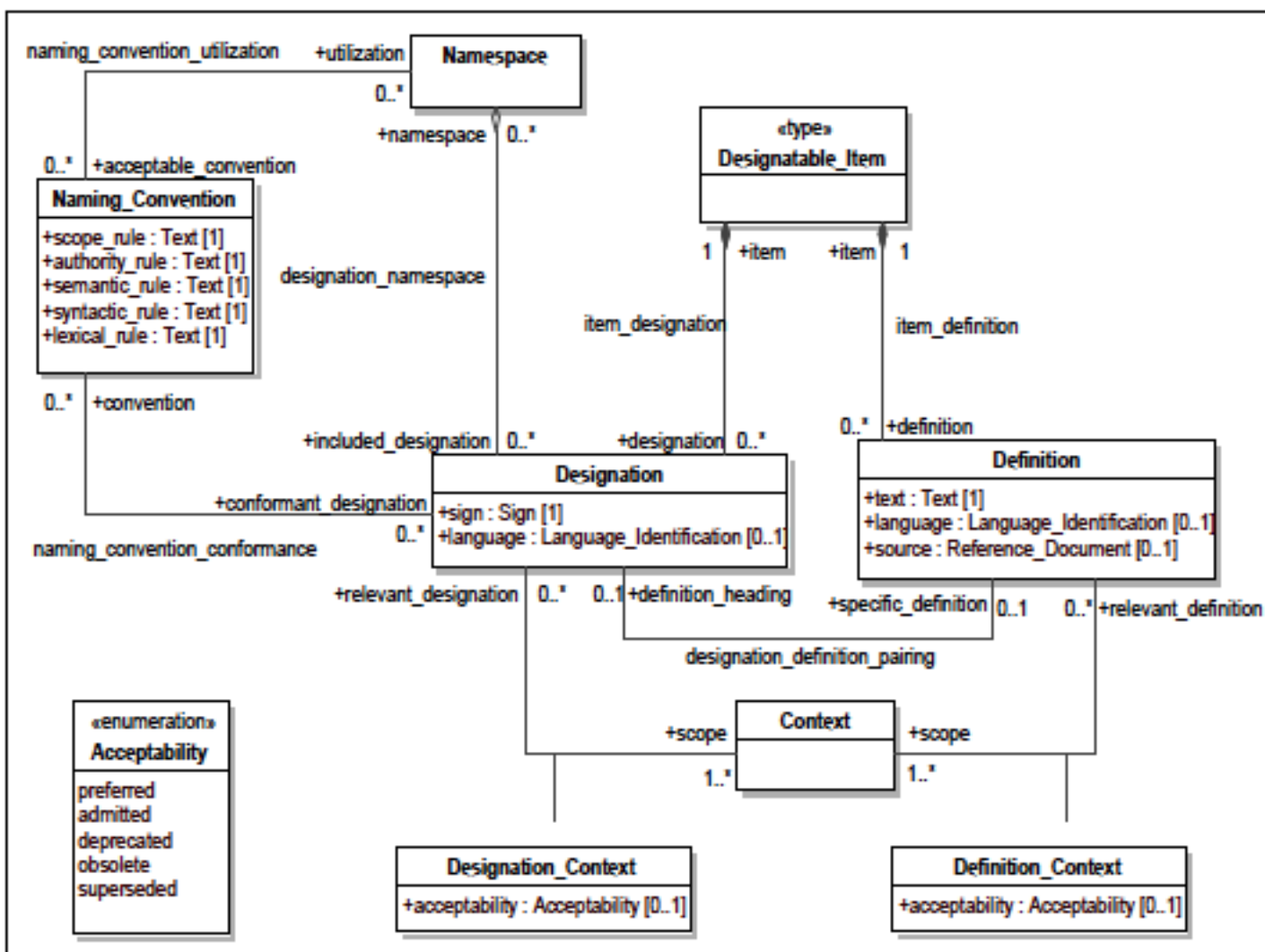
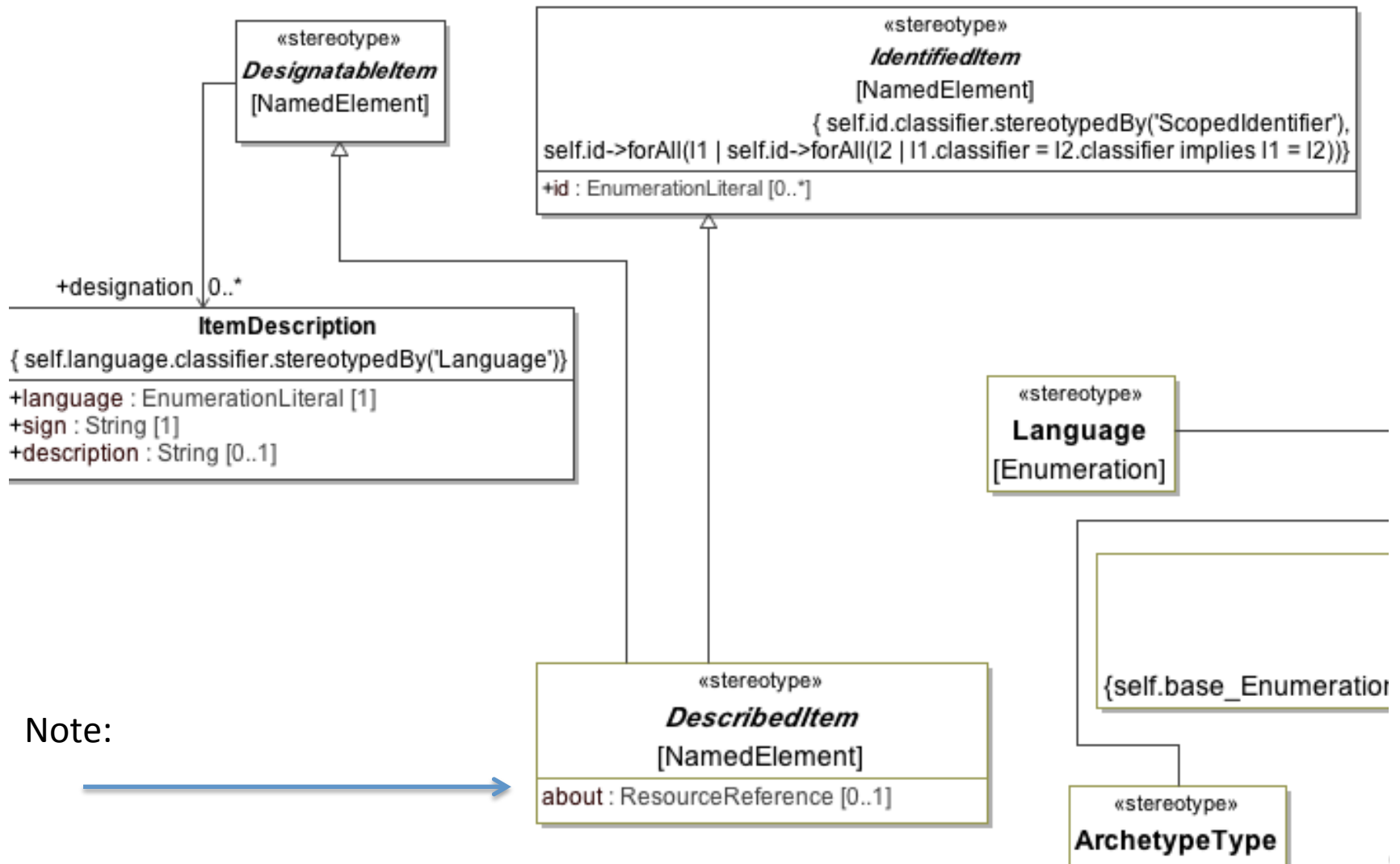
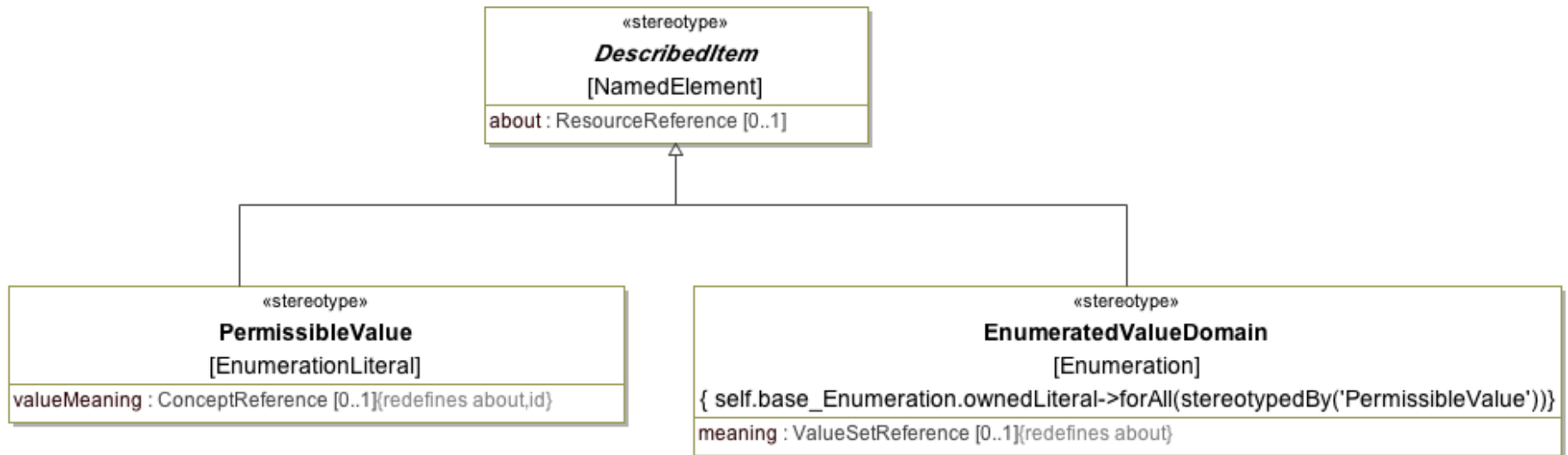


Figure 6 — Designation and Definition metamodel region

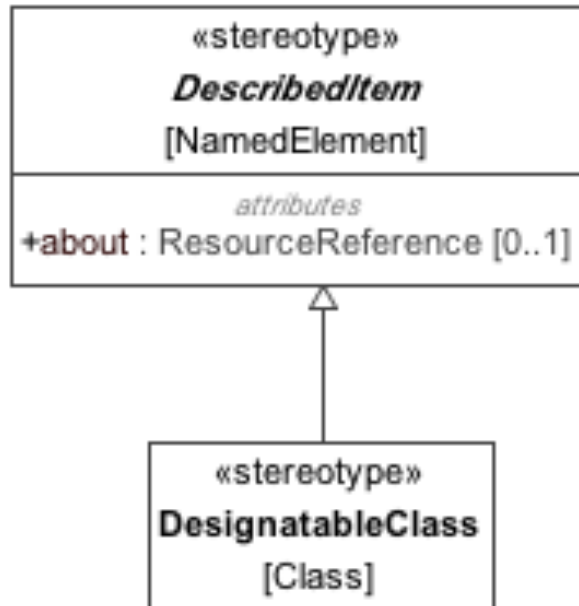
Designatable/Identified/Described



EnumeratedValueDomain and PermissibleValue

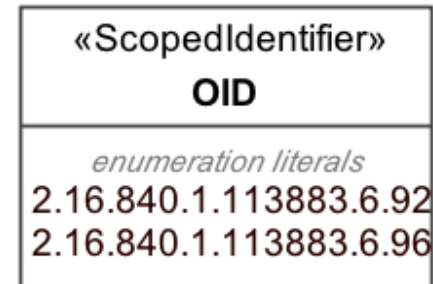
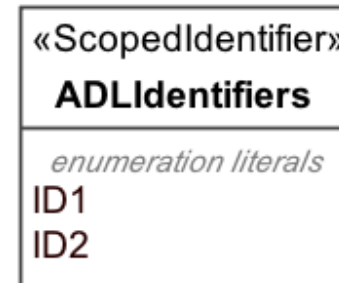
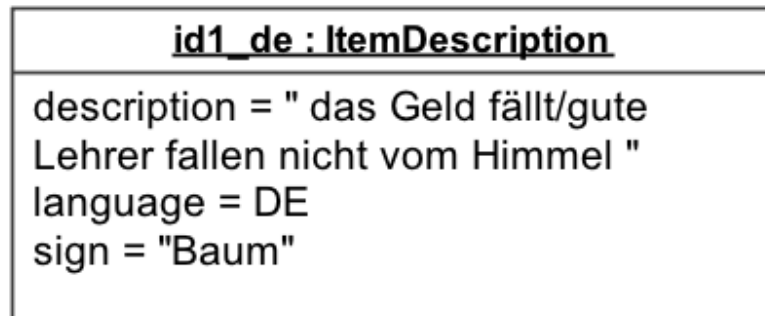
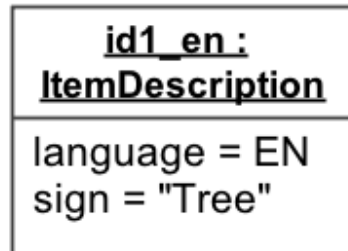


Identification and Designation in Action



Any UML NamedElement can Be marked as “Described”

Identification and Designation in Action



TERMINOLOGY BINDING PROFILE

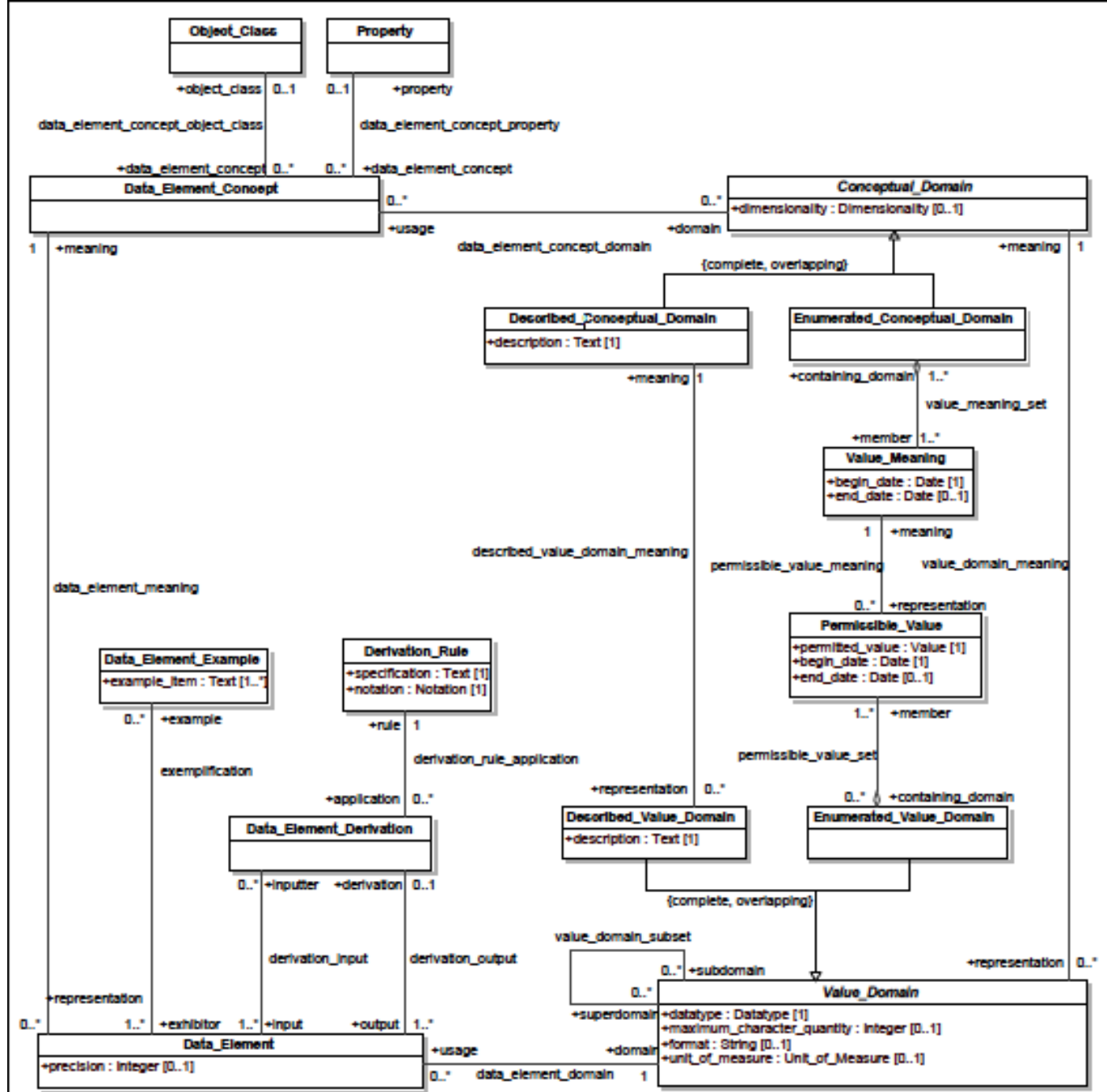


Figure 16 — Consolidated Data Description metamodel



Representation

ADL Terminology

- Term Definitions Section
 - Covered in Identification and Designation
- Term Bindings Section
 - Covered in Identification and Designation *about* item (see note earlier)
- Value Sets Section

ADL Terminology

Term Definitions

Identifier

ItemDescription

```
terminology
  term_definitions = <
    ["en"] = <
      ["id1"] = <
        text = <"Apgar score">
        description = <"Clinical score derived from assessment of respiratory
irritability, muscle tone and skin colour.">
      >
      ["id4"] = <
        text = <"1 minute">
        description = <"Apgar score 1 minute after birth.">
      >
      ["id6"] = <
        text = <"Heart Rate">
        description = <"Recording of the infant's heart rate.">
      >
      ["at7"] = <
        text = <"Absent">
        description = <"No heart beat is seen, felt or heard.">
```

ADL Terminology

Term Bindings

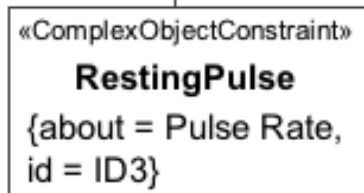
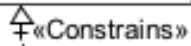
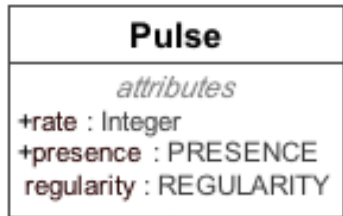
```
term_bindings = <
  ["openehr"] = <
    ["at1046"] = <http://openehr.org/id/382>
    ["at1047"] = <http://openehr.org/id/144>
  >
  ["snomedct"] = <
    ["id3"] = <http://snomed.info/id/78564009>
    ["ac2"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394009>
    ["ac3"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394015>
  >
>
value sets = <
```

ADL Terminology

Term Bindings

```
term_bindings = <
  ["openehr"] = <
    ["at1046"] = <http://openehr.org/id/382>
    ["at1047"] = <http://openehr.org/id/144>
  >
  ["snomedct"] = <
    ["id3"] = <http://snomed.info/id/78564009>
    ["ac2"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394009>
    ["ac3"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394015>
  >
>
value sets = <
```


Term Bindings Example



Pulse Rate : ConceptReference

describingCodeSystem = SNOMED_CT_INTL_20140731
 description = 78564009_en
 id = 78564009
 uri = "http://snomed.info/id/78564009"

20140731 : CodeSystemVersionReference

uri = "http://snomed.info/sct/9000000000000207008/version/20140731"

SNOMED_CT_INTL_20140731 : CodeSystemReference

uri = "http://snomed.info/sct/9000000000000207008"
 version = 20140731

78564009_en : ItemDescription

language = EN
 sign = "Pulse Rate"

Value Sets

Three Flavors

- Local – Equivalent to UML Enumeration
- External – Reference to Externally Defined Value Set
- Mapped Value Set
 - Local Permissible Values (enumeration)
 - External “value meaning”

ADL Terminology

Local Value Sets

```
term_bindings = <
  ["openehr"] = <
    ["at1046"] = <http://openehr.org/id/382>
    ["at1047"] = <http://openehr.org/id/144>
  >
  ["snomedct"] = <
    ["ac2"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394009>
    ["ac3"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394015>
  >
  >
  value_sets = <
    ["ac1"] = <
      id = <"ac1">
      members = <"at1025", "at1026">
    >
    ["ac3"] = <
      id = <"ac3">
      members = <"at7", "at1029", "at8", "at9">
    >
  >
</pre>
```

Local Value Set

<p>«EnumeratedValueDomain» Pulse Presence (synthesised) {id = AC1}</p>
<p><i>enumeration literals</i> «PermissibleValue»AT1025 «PermissibleValue»AT1026</p>

ADL Terminology

External Value Set

```
term_bindings = <
  ["openehr"] = <
    ["at1046"] = <http://openehr.org/id/382>
    ["at1047"] = <http://openehr.org/id/144>
  >
  ["snomedct"] = <
    ["ac2"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394009>
    ["ac3"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394015>
  >
>
value_sets = <
  ["ac1"] = <
    id = <"ac1">
    members = <"at1025", "at1026">
  >
  ["ac3"] = <
    id = <"ac3">
    members = <"at7", "at1029", "at8", "at9">
  >
>
```

External Value Set

«EnumeratedValueDomain» Rate (synthesised) {id = AC2, meaning = sctid_12394009}
<i>enumeration literals</i> «PermissibleValue»422119006{valueMeaning = 422119006}

422119006 : ConceptReference

uri = "http://snomed.info/id/422119006"

sctid_12394009 : ValueSetReference

uri = "http://snomed.info/id/12394009"

ADL Terminology

Mapped Value Set

```
term_bindings = <
  ["openehr"] = <
    ["at1046"] = <http://openehr.org/id/382>
    ["at1047"] = <http://openehr.org/id/144>
  >
  ["snomedct"] = <
    ["ac2"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394009>
    ["ac3"] = <http://snomed.info/id/12394015>
  >
>
value_sets = <
  ["ac1"] = <
    id = <"ac1">
    members = <"at1025", "at1026">
  >
  ["ac3"] = <
    id = <"ac3">
    members = <"at7", "at1029", "at8", "at9">
  >
>
```

Mapped Value Set

- What do we use for ‘permissible value’?
 - Local identifier
 - Concept identifier
- How does this evolve?
- More to come when we examine instance data

STATE OF CURRENT SUBMISSION

OMG Process

- 1) TC issues RFP – requirements document
- 2) Organizations submit responses
 - 1) Initial submission – draft responses shown, discussed.
 - 2) Final submission – (typically) one harmonized response
- 3) Response(s) are balloted
- 4) Accepted response becomes a Beta Specification / Finalization Task Force formed
- 5) FTF report submitted and Beta Specification becomes a final specification.

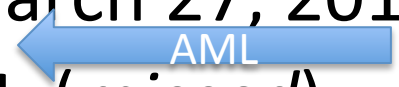


Members Only

Public

Where we are

- 1) AML RFP Issued – June 2012
- 2) LOI Deadline – January 14, 2014
 - 1) VA, Mayo, SemantX, The Software Revolution, Visumpoint
- 3) Initial submission – Feb 24, 2014
 - 1) One joint submission received
- 4) Submission presented to OMG – March 27, 2014
- 5) ~~Revised submission – May 19, 2014 (missed)~~
Revised submission – Nov 8, 2014



References

RFP

http://www.omg.org/techprocess/meetings/schedule/AML_RFP.html

Initial Submission

<http://www.omg.org/cgi-bin/doc?health/14-02-01>

ADL 1.5

<https://github.com/openEHR/specifications/blob/master/publishing/architecture/am/adl1.5.pdf>

AOM 1.5

<https://github.com/openEHR/specifications/blob/master/publishing/architecture/am/aom1.5.pdf>

UML 2.5

<http://www.omg.org/cgi-bin/doc?ptc/13-09-05.pdf>

GIT Repository

<https://github.com/opencimi/AML>