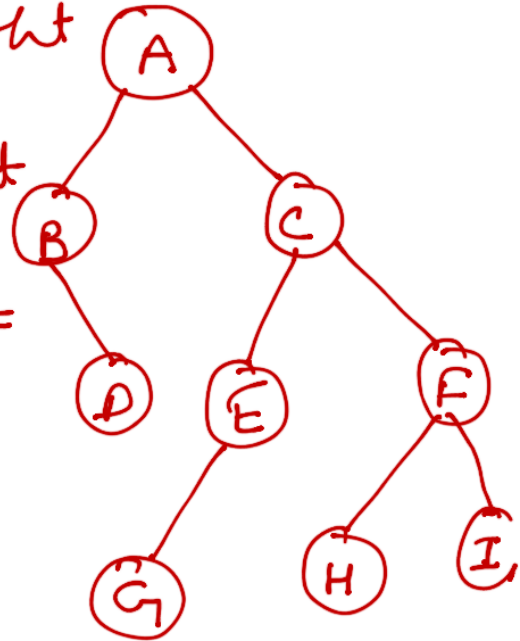


# Tree Traversal

Inorder - Left, Root, Right

Preorder - Root, Left, Right

Postorder - Left, Right, Root



Inorder

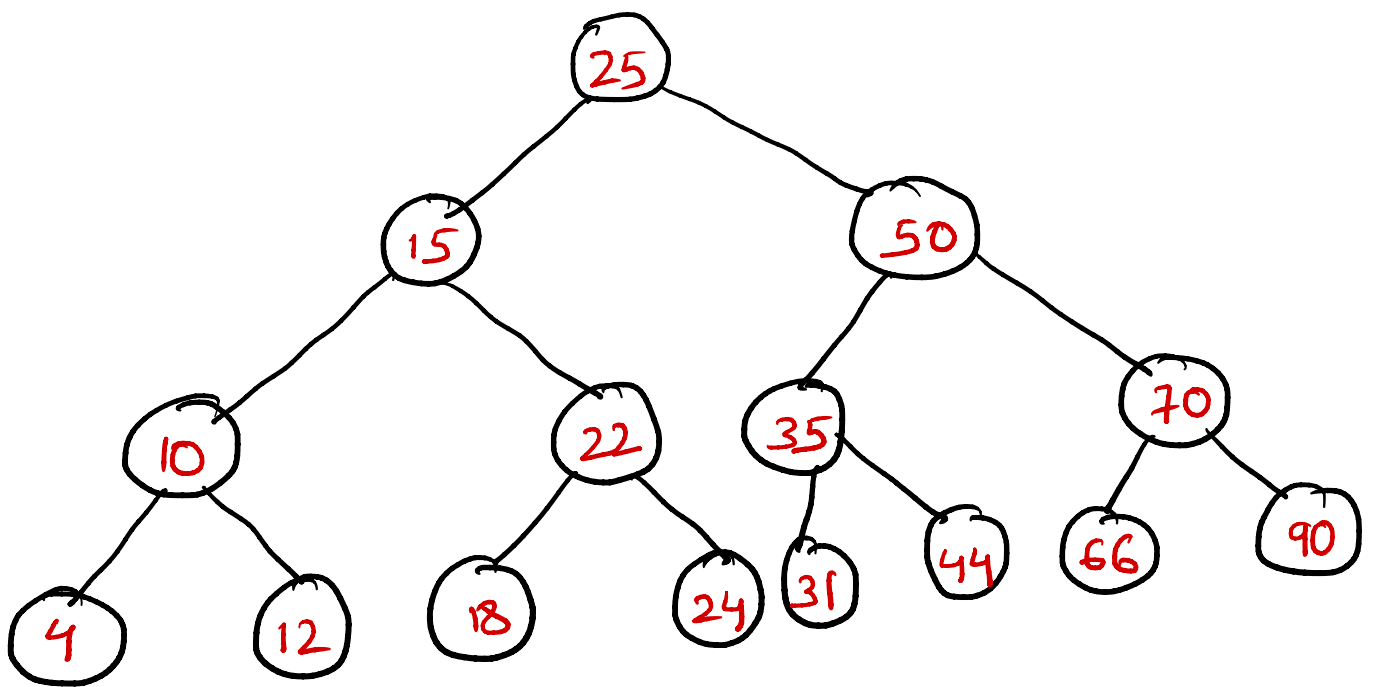
B D A G E C H F I

Preorder

A B D C E G F H I

Postorder

D B G E H I F C A



Inorder: 4, 10, 12, 15, 18, 22, 24, 25, 31, 35, 44, 50, 66, 70, 90

Preorder: 25, 15, 10, 4, 12, 22, 18, 24, 50, 35, 31, 44, 70, 66, 90

Postorder: 4, 12, 10, 18, 24, 22, 15, 31, 44, 35, 66, 90, 70, 50, 25

Preorder (Root)

```
{ if (Root == 0)
  { return }
```

PRINT Root → data

Preorder (Root → left)

Preorder (Root → right)

}

Inorder (Root)

```
{ if (Root == 0)
  { return }
```

Inorder (Root → left)

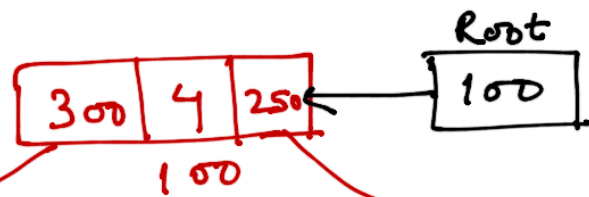
PRINT Root → data

Inorder (Root → right)

}

Postorder (Root)

```
{ if (Root == 0) { return }
  Postorder (Root → left)
  Postorder (Root → right)
  PRINT Root → data }
```



Inorder: Left Root Right

7, 5, 8, 4, 10, 1

Pre-order: Root L R

4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 1

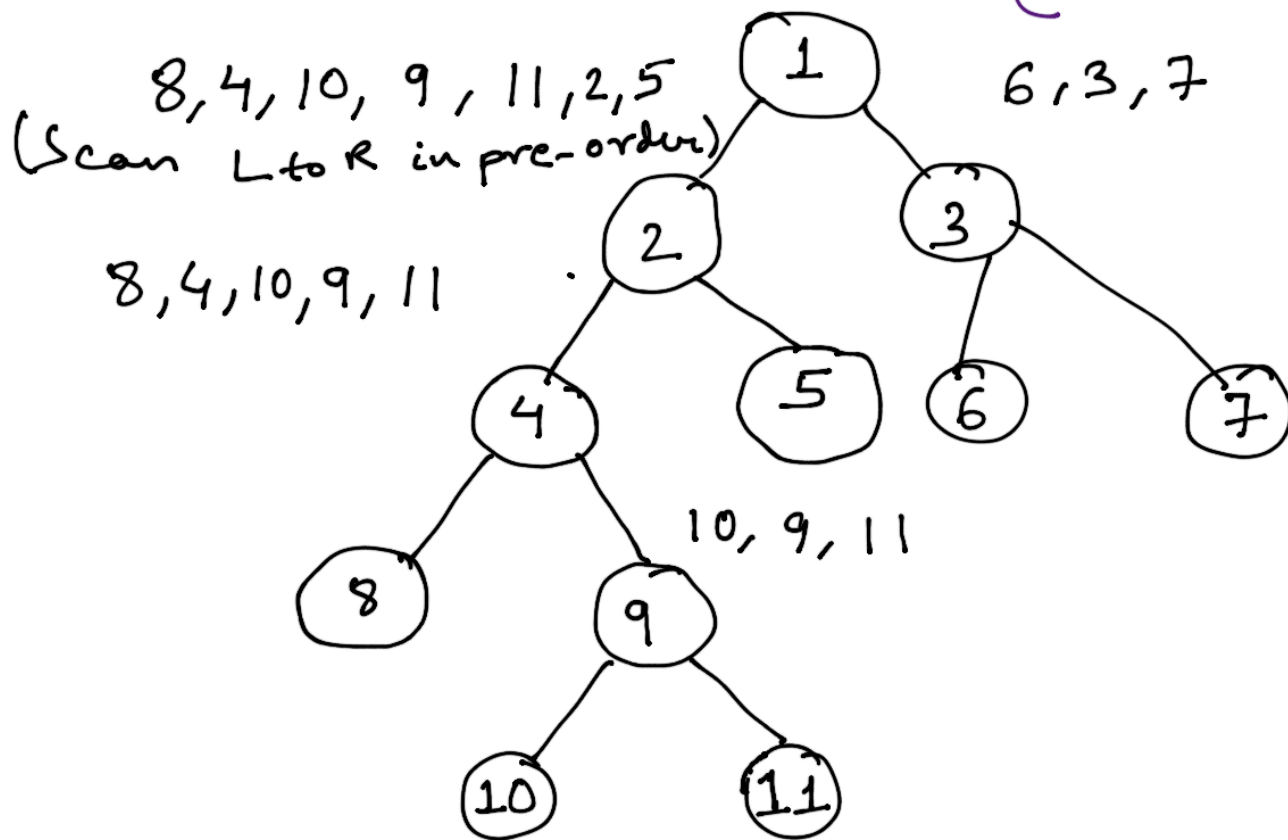
Post-order: L R Root

7, 8, 5, 1, 10, 4

# Construct a Binary tree from Preorder & Inorder

Preorder: 1, 2, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11, 5, 3, 6, 7  
(Root L R)

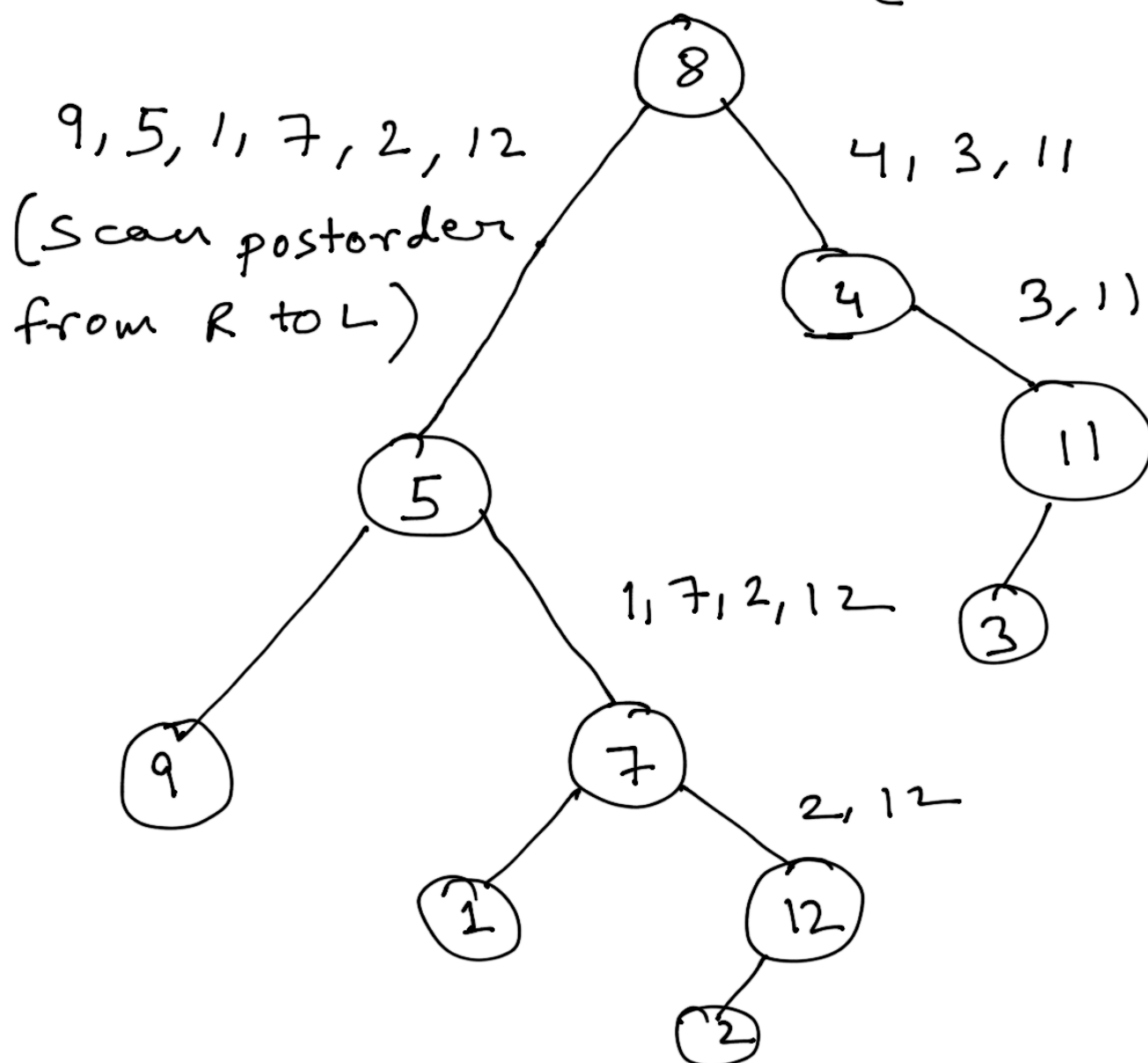
Inorder: 8, 4, 10, 9, 11, 2, 5, 1, 6, 3, 7  
(L Root R)



# Construct a Binary tree from Postorder & Inorder

Postorder: 9, 1, 2, 12, 7, 5, 3, 11, 4, 8  
(L R Root)

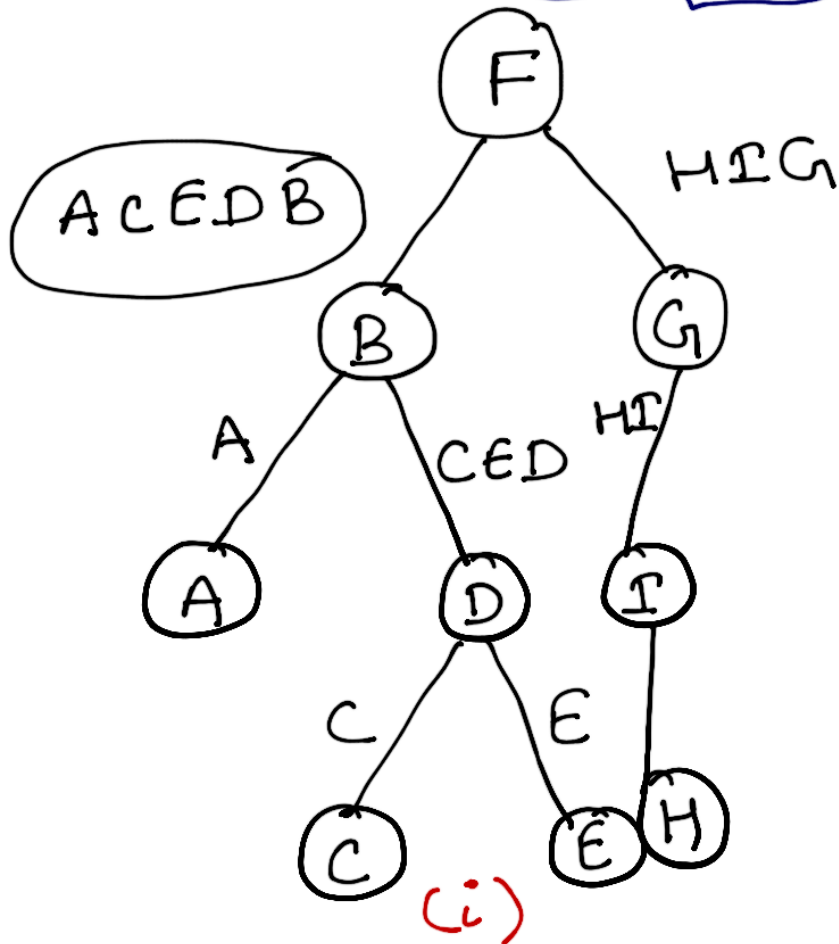
Inorder: 9, 5, 1, 7, 2, 12, 8, 4, 3, 11  
(L Root R)



# Construct Binary Tree from Preorder & Postorder

Preorder: F B A D C E G I H (Root L R)

Postorder: A C E D B H I G f (L R Root)



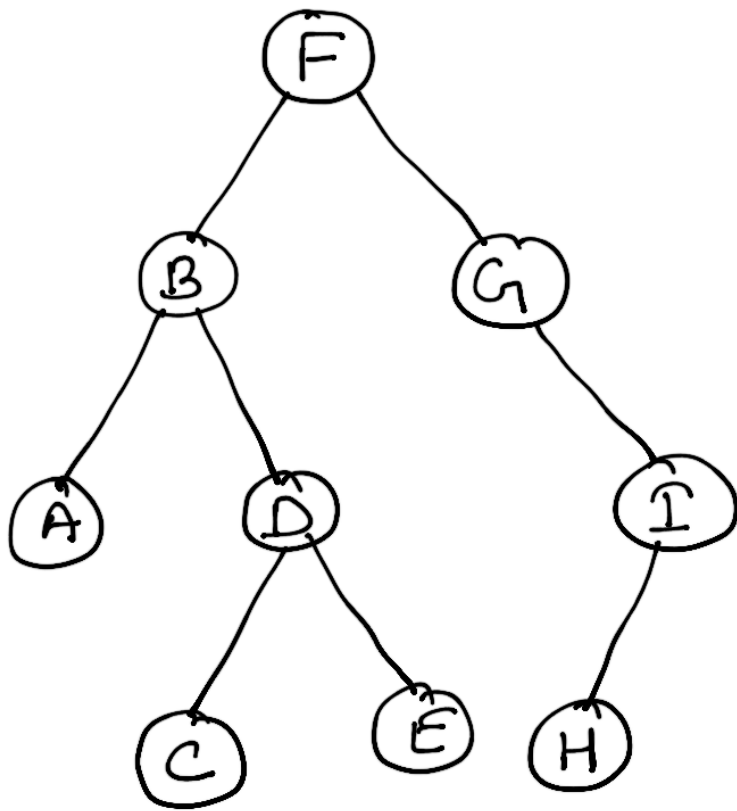
Pre: B A D C E  
Post: A C E D B

Pre: D C E  
Post: C E D

Pre: G I H  
Post: H I G

Pre: I H  
Post: H I

\* Successor of root in Pre-order & then all elements till successor are part of left sub-tree else right sub-tree

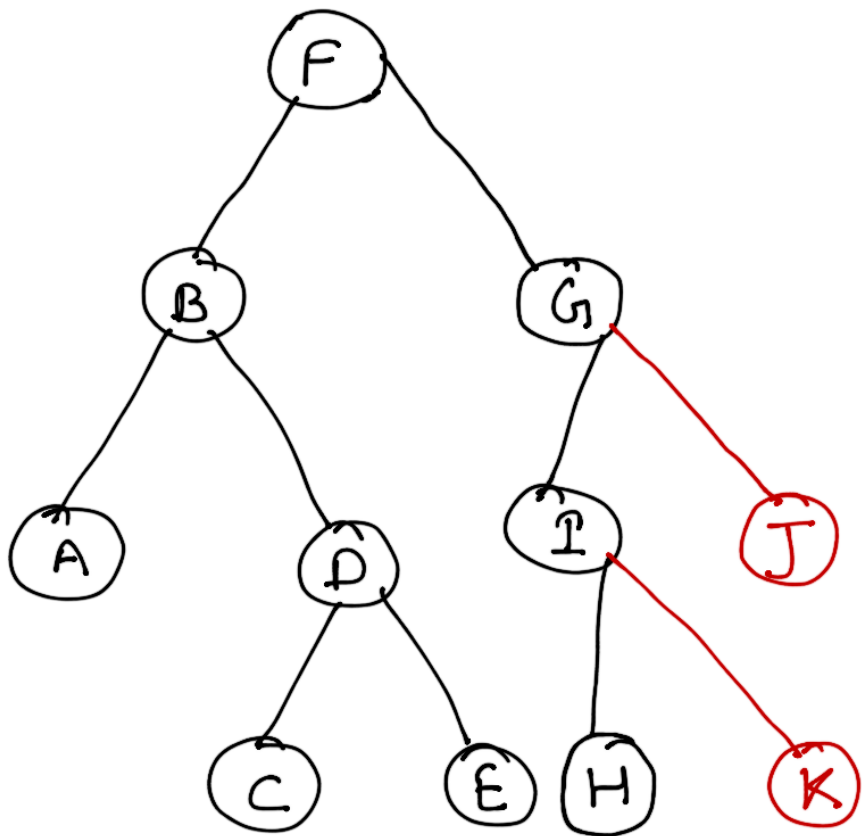


(ii)

find preorder traversal &  
postorder traversal ??

Preorder:

Postorder:



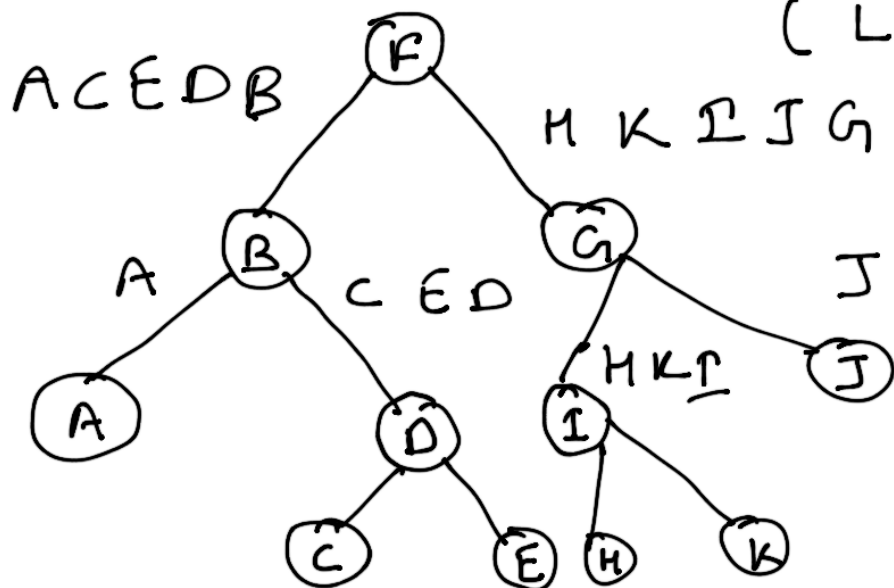
(i) Full Binary Tree

Preorder: F B A D C E G I H K J

(Root L R)

Postorder: A C E D B H K I J G F

(L R Root)



(ii) Full Binary Tree



## Remember:

If preorder & postorder are given, we can construct

- A unique Full Binary Tree
- NOT a unique Binary Tree