IT623 - Lab Assignment 9

1. Implement BFS on a given graph.

Code:

```
import java.util.*;
public class Program1
  int node;
  LinkedList<Integer> list[];
  Queue<Integer> q;
  Program1(int v)
     node = v;
     list = new LinkedList[node];
     for(int i = 0; i < v; i++)
     {
       list[i] = new LinkedList<>();
     }
     q = new LinkedList<Integer>();
  }
  void insertEdge(int v, int w)
     list[v].add(w);
  }
```

```
void BFS(int n)
{
  boolean nodes[] = new boolean[node];
  int a = 0;
  nodes[n]=true;
  q.add(n);
  while (q.size() != 0)
     n = q.poll();
     System.out.print(n+" ");
     for (int i = 0; i < list[n].size(); i++)
     {
        a = list[n].get(i);
        if (!nodes[a])
          nodes[a] = true;
          q.add(a);
       }
     }
  }
}
public static void main(String args[])
{
   Program1 p1 = new Program1(14);
  p1.insertEdge(1, 2);
  p1.insertEdge(1, 3);
  p1.insertEdge(3, 6);
  p1.insertEdge(3, 7);
  p1.insertEdge(7, 10);
```

```
p1.insertEdge(7, 11);
  p1.insertEdge(2, 4);
  p1.insertEdge(2, 5);
  p1.insertEdge(5, 9);
  p1.insertEdge(4, 8);
  p1.insertEdge(8, 12);

System.out.println("Breadth First Traversal for the graph is ");
  p1.BFS(1);
}
```

Output Snapshot:

2. Print largest value of each row in tree.

Code:

```
import java.util.*;

public class Program2 {
    static class Node {
        int value;
        Node left, right;
    };
```

```
static void findByLevel(Vector<Integer> res, Node root, int d) {
      if (root == null)
            return;
      if (d == res.size())
           res.add(root.value);
      else
            res.set(d, Math.max(res.get(d), root.value));
      findByLevel(res, root.left, d + 1);
      findByLevel(res, root.right, d + 1);
}
static Vector<Integer> largestValue(Node root) {
      Vector<Integer> res = new Vector<>();
      findByLevel(res, root, 0);
      return res;
}
static Node newNode(int data) {
      Node temp = new Node();
      temp.value = data;
      temp.left = temp.right = null;
      return temp;
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
      Node root = null;
      root = newNode(1);
      root.left = newNode(3);
      root.right = newNode(2);
```

Output Snapshot:



3. Populate the next pointer of each node as follows.

Code:

```
class Node {
    int data;
    Node left, right, nextRight;

    Node(int item) {
        data = item;
        left = right = nextRight = null;
    }
}
```

```
}
public class Program3 {
      static class BinaryTree {
            Node root;
            void connectRecur(Node p) {
                  if (p == null)
                        return;
                  if (p.nextRight != null)
                        connectRecur(p.nextRight);
                  if (p.left != null) {
                        if (p.right != null) {
                               p.left.nextRight = p.right;
                               p.right.nextRight = getNextRight(p);
                        } else
                               p.left.nextRight = getNextRight(p);
                        connectRecur(p.left);
                  } else if (p.right != null) {
                        p.right.nextRight = getNextRight(p);
                        connectRecur(p.right);
                  } else
                        connectRecur(getNextRight(p));
            }
            Node getNextRight(Node p) {
                  Node temp = p.nextRight;
                  while (temp != null) {
                        if (temp.left != null)
                               return temp.left;
                        if (temp.right != null)
                               return temp.right;
```

```
temp = temp.nextRight;
                  }
                  return null;
            }
            public static void main(String[] args) {
                  BinaryTree tree = new BinaryTree();
                  tree.root = new Node(1);
                  tree.root.left = new Node(2);
                  tree.root.right = new Node(3);
                  tree.root.left.left = new Node(4);
                  tree.root.left.right = new Node(5);
                  tree.root.right.right = new Node(7);
                  tree.root.right.left = new Node(6);
                  tree.connectRecur(tree.root);
                  if (tree.root.nextRight == null && tree.root.right.nextRight
                  == null && tree.root.right.right.nextRight == null)
                        System.out.println(tree.root.data + " null " +
                        tree.root.left.data + " " + tree.root.left.nextRight.data
                         + " null " + tree.root.left.left.data + " " +
                        tree.root.left.left.nextRight.data + " "+
                        tree.root.right.left.data + " " +
                        tree.root.right.left.nextRight.data + " null ");
            }
      }
}
```

Output Snapshot:

