

## **Assignment-7**

**Answer-1 : Inline-Element** - An inline element only takes up as much width as necessary. And the inline element does not start on a new line. **Example** : <a> , <span> , <img> etc.

**Block-Element** - A block-level element always starts on a new line, and the browsers automatically add some space before and after the element. A block-level element always takes up the full width available in the browser. **Example** : <p> , <hr> , <h1> , <div> etc .

### **Difference Between Inline and Block Elements-**

Block elements cover space from left to right as far as it can go. Inline elements only cover the space as bounded by the tags in the HTML element. Block elements have top and bottom margins. Inline elements don't have a top and bottom margin.

**Answer-2** : The <img> tag is used to embed an image in an HTML page.

Images are not technically inserted into a web page; images are linked to web pages. The <img> tag creates a holding space for the referenced image.

When we use the attribute of img tag , the src attribute provides an image address to the browser and browser renders the image.

The <img> tag has two required attributes:

- src - Specifies the path to the image
- alt - Specifies an alternate text for the image, if the image for some reason cannot be displayed

**Answer-3 : <ol>**

**<li>One</li>**

**<li>Two</li>**

**</ol>**

**Or**

**<ul>**

**<li>One</li>**

**<li>Two</li>**

**</ul>**

**Answer-4 :** `<a href="other page address" target="_blank">Click here</a>`