

## CHAPTER SUMMARY

### 1. Sorting Algorithms:

- Iss chapter mein mojud sorting algorithms sab ek array ko data storage structure ke taur par qaraar dete hain.
- Sorting mein data items ke keys ko mawafiqat karna shamil hai aur un items ko (haqeeqatan, items ke references ko) tabdeel karna jab tak woh tarteeb mein na aajayein.

### 2. Time Complexity:

- Iss chapter ke tamam algorithms  $O(N^2)$  waqt mein execute hote hain. Lekin phir bhi, kuch algorithms doosron se kafi zyada tez ho sakte hain.

### 3. Invariant:

- Invariant woh shart hai jo ek algorithm chal raha hai ke doran kabhi nahi badalti.

### 4. Bubble Sort:

- Bubble sort sab se kam efficient, lekin sab se simple sort hai.

### 5. Insertion Sort:

- Insertion sort iss chapter mein bayan kiye gaye  $O(N^2)$  sorts mein sab se aam istemal hone wala hai.

### 6. Stability in Sorting:

- Ek sort stable hota hai agar uske andar aise elements ke order ko barqarar rakha jaaye jo ke same key ke hain.

### 7. Temporary Variables:

- Iss chapter ke tamam sorts mein ek se zyada temporary variable ki zarurat nahi hoti, jinme original array bhi shamil hai.