## IILM University, Greater Noida End Semester Examination

Name:					
Enrolment N	No:				
	Name of the School	School of Basic and Applied Sciences	Name of the Department	Department of Physics	
	Name of the Program	B.Tech. CSE	Course Code/ Course Name/ Name of the faculty	UBS1008-Physics	
	Session	2024-25	Branch, Year & Semester	CS, 1st, 1st	
	Time/Max Marks	3 Hours/100	Set	Α	
	Note:  1) Attempt all sections (A, B & C).  2) Attempt all questions in section A & B.  3) Section C consists of 5 questions. One question from each unit. Questions may have internal choice from the same unit. Attempt all questions.				

Q No.	✓ QUESTIONS	MARKS	СО
	SECTION-A: Attempt all the following questions in brief.		(10x2=20)
Q1(a)	Explain the concept of skin depth in the context of electromagnetic wave propagation. Write its mathematical expression.	2	1
(6) (6)	Briefly discuss the concept displacement current.	2	1
(6)	Write two inadequacies of Classical Mechanics.	2	2
9	Describe the tunneling effect in quantum mechanics and how it differs from classical expectations.	2	2
	Give one example of three level laser and four level laser each.	2	3
(P)	List and explain the basic components of an optical fibre.	2	3
(g)	Define superconductivity and transition temperature.	2	4
(h)	Discuss the expression for Fermi Dirac distribution function.	2	4
(i)	Write any two allotropes of carbon and describe their structure.	2	5
<u>හ)</u>	Give two industrial applications of nanomaterials.	2	5
	SECTION-B: Attempt all questions.		(5x6=30)
O2(a)	A 1000 W sodium lamp radiating its power. Calculate the electric field and magnetic field strength at 4m from the lamp.	6	1
(b)	Determine the velocity and kinetic energy of an electron having de-Broglie wavelength $1\text{\AA}$ . Given mass of electron = $9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ and Planck's constant h = $6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$	6	2
(c)	A glass fibre has a core material of refractive index 1.50, cladding material of refractive index 1.47. If it is surrounded by air, compute (i) the critical angle at the core cladding interface; (ii) numerical aperture; (iii) acceptance angle	6	3
(d)	A superconducting tin has a critical temperature of 3.7 K in zero magnetic fields and a critical field of 0.0306 Tesla at 0 K. Find the critical field at 2 K.	6	4
(e)	Discuss any four differences between SEM and TEM.	6	5

(Q3(a) ∮	JSECTION-C: Attempt all questions. Attempt any one part of each question.	(5	x10=50)
	State Poynting's Theorem for the flow of energy in electromagnetic waves. Derive the		
	mathematical expression for the Poynting vector and analyse how it relates to energy flux in electromagnetic fields.		
	and the metals.		
	OR	10	
0200		10	1
Q3(b)	Use Maxwell equations from electrodynamics to show E and B follows the wave equation.	to a	
1	Further show that the velocity of plane electromagnetic waves in the free space is given by		
	$=1/\sqrt{(\mu_0\varepsilon_0)}$ .		
Q4(a) / I	Explain the physical significance of wave function "ψ". Derive time independent		
S	chrödinger wave equation.		
	1.7		
	OR		
Q4(b) so	alve Schrödinger's ware	10	2
	olve Schrödinger's wave equation for a particle in one dimensional rigid box of side a,		
""	ving potential energy (V) as follows:		
	$V(x) = \infty \text{ for } x < 0 \text{ and } x > a$ $V(x) = 0 \text{ for } 0 \le x \le a$		
	$V(x) = 0 \text{ for } 0 \le x \le a$		
5(a) Wit	h the help of diagram describe the process of spontaneous and stimulated emission of		-
radi	ation. Also obtain an expression for Einstein's coefficient of spontaneous and stimulated		
emis	sion of radiation.		\
min of the last			
	OR	10	3
50			
Clas	sify the types of optical fibres based on their modes of propagation and index profile.	1	1
Con	npare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light		
Con	apare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light ain the fibres.		
Conwith	apare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light nin the fibres.		
Corwith Dis	making the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light ain the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors,		
Corwith Dis	apare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light nin the fibres.		
Corwith Dis	in the fibres.  cuss the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.	10	
Corwith (6(a)) Dis	making the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light ain the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors,	10	4
Corn with Dis con	in the fibres.  cuss the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR	10	4
Corn with Conn conn conn conn conn conn conn conn	papare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light hin the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR  Colain the characteristics of Type I and Type II superconductors. Discuss the important	10	4
Corn with Dis con C	phase the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light hin the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR  Plain the characteristics of Type I and Type II superconductors. Discuss the important perty that changes during the superconducting transition.	10	4
Con with Dis con C	papare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light hin the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR  Plain the characteristics of Type I and Type II superconductors. Discuss the important perty that changes during the superconducting transition.  Ing the concept of density of states (DOS), explain 0D, 1D, 2D, and 3D nanomaterials and	10	4
Corn with Con	papare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light hin the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR  Colain the characteristics of Type I and Type II superconductors. Discuss the important perty that changes during the superconducting transition.  Ing the concept of density of states (DOS), explain 0D, 1D, 2D, and 3D nanomaterials and the the dependency of their DOS on energy with help of suitable diagram. Provide specific	10	4
Cornwith Disconn	papare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light hin the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR  Plain the characteristics of Type I and Type II superconductors. Discuss the important perty that changes during the superconducting transition.  Ing the concept of density of states (DOS), explain 0D, 1D, 2D, and 3D nanomaterials and	10	4
Corn with Con	papare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light hin the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR  Plain the characteristics of Type I and Type II superconductors. Discuss the important perty that changes during the superconducting transition.  Ing the concept of density of states (DOS), explain 0D, 1D, 2D, and 3D nanomaterials and the the dependency of their DOS on energy with help of suitable diagram. Provide specific imples of materials in each category.		
Corn with Con	papare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light hin the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR  Colain the characteristics of Type I and Type II superconductors. Discuss the important perty that changes during the superconducting transition.  Ing the concept of density of states (DOS), explain 0D, 1D, 2D, and 3D nanomaterials and the the dependency of their DOS on energy with help of suitable diagram. Provide specific	10	5
Correction with the construction of the constr	paper the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light him the fibres.  Cuss the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR  Plain the characteristics of Type I and Type II superconductors. Discuss the important perty that changes during the superconducting transition.  Ing the concept of density of states (DOS), explain 0D, 1D, 2D, and 3D nanomaterials and te the dependency of their DOS on energy with help of suitable diagram. Provide specific imples of materials in each category.		
Corwith (6(a)) Disconding (26(b)) Exp pro (27(a)) Usi relations	papare the characteristics of each type and explain how it affects the propagation of light hin the fibres.  Course the formation of bands in solids and differentiate between semiconductors, ductors, and insulators.  OR  Plain the characteristics of Type I and Type II superconductors. Discuss the important perty that changes during the superconducting transition.  Ing the concept of density of states (DOS), explain 0D, 1D, 2D, and 3D nanomaterials and the the dependency of their DOS on energy with help of suitable diagram. Provide specific imples of materials in each category.		

1.10