## Solution to 1.1.2

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Question: The length of side BC is

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \triangleq \sqrt{(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}}$$
 (1)

where

$$\mathbf{A}^{\top} \triangleq \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

**Solution:** Given:

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -4\\6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| = \sqrt{(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}}$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| = \sqrt{(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}}$$
 (5)

Now,

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -1\\11 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^{\mathsf{T}} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})^{\mathsf{T}} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 11 \end{pmatrix}$$
(7)  
$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| = \sqrt{\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 11 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}}$$
(8)

$$=\sqrt{122}\tag{9}$$