

Random Vectors Assignment

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Consider the vertices,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

I. VECTORS

parameter	value	description
\mathbf{m}_1	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$	Direction vector of AB : $(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})$
\mathbf{m}_2	$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$	Direction Vector of BC : $(\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})$
\mathbf{m}_3	$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$	Direction vector of CA : $(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})$
$\ \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\ $	8.06	Length of AB
$\ \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B}\ $	5.66	Length of BC
$\ \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\ $	6.40	Length of AC
$\text{rank} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{B} & \mathbf{C} \end{pmatrix}$	3	Points are not collinear
\mathbf{n}_1^\top	$(8 \ 1)$	Normal Vector of line AB
c_1	11	Constant of line AB
\mathbf{n}_2^\top	$(-4 \ 4)$	Normal Vector of line BC
c_2	8	Constant of line BC
\mathbf{n}_3^\top	$(-4 \ -5)$	Normal Vector of line CA
c_3	17	Constant of line CA
area	18	Area of triangle
$\angle A$	44.22°	Angles of Triangle
$\angle B$	52.13°	
$\angle C$	83.66°	

TABLE I.1
VECTORS

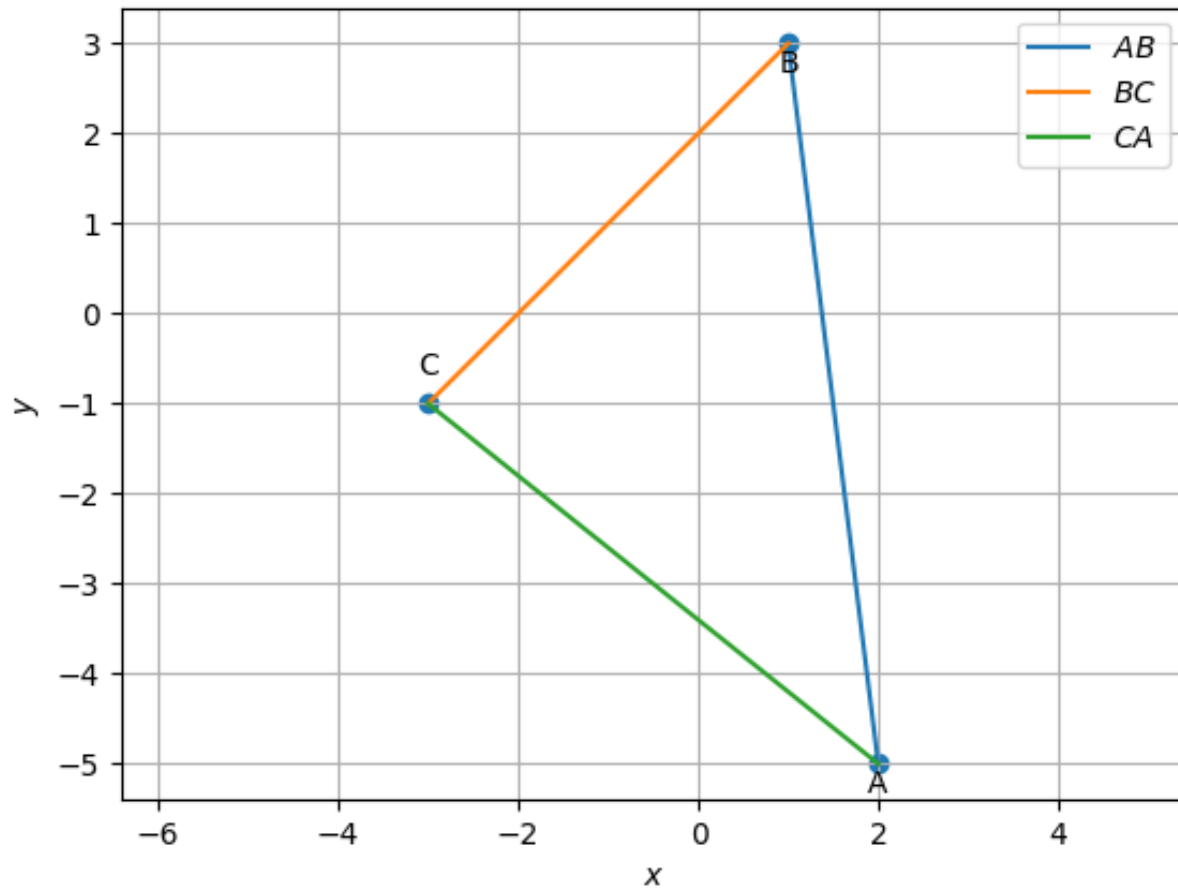


Fig. I.1. Triangle ABC

II. MEDIANS

parameter	value	description
D	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line BC
E	$\begin{pmatrix} -0.5 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line AC
F	$\begin{pmatrix} 1.5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$	midpoint of line AB
\mathbf{n}_4^T	$(6 \ 3)$	Normal Vector of line AD
c_4	-3	Coefficient of line AD
\mathbf{n}_5^T	$(-6 \ 1.5)$	Normal Vector of line BE
c_5	-1.5	Coefficient of line BE
\mathbf{n}_6^T	$(0 \ -4.5)$	Normal Vector of line CF
c_6	4.5	Coefficient of line CF
G	$\begin{pmatrix} 1.39 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$	Centroid of triangle

TABLE II.2
MEDIANS

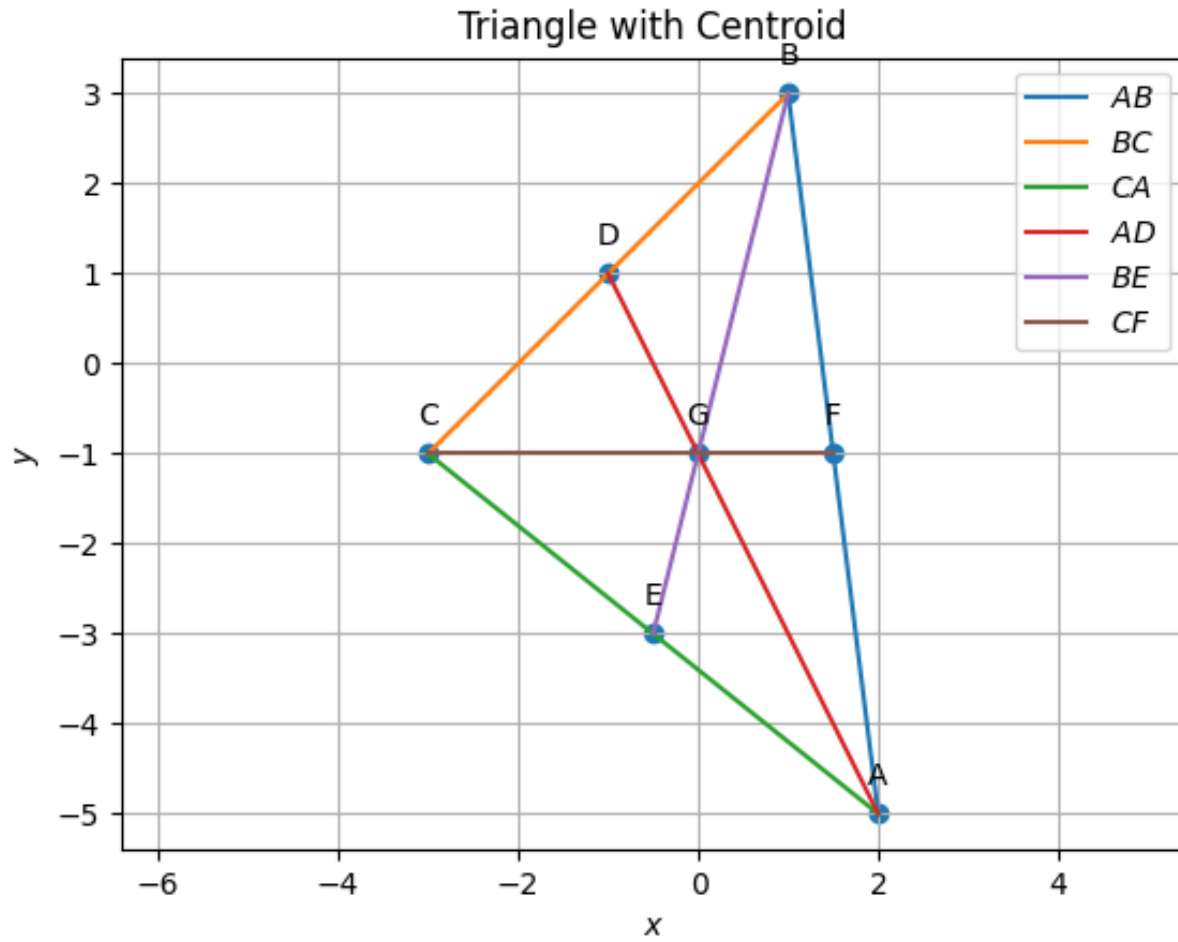


Fig. II.2. Triangle ABC with medians AD, BE and CF

III. ALTITUDES

parameter	value	description
\mathbf{n}_7^T	$(-4 \ -4)$	Normal Vector of altitude AD_1
c_7	12	Coefficient of altitude AD_1
\mathbf{n}_8^T	$(5 \ -4)$	Normal Vector of altitude BE_1
c_8	-7	Coefficient of altitude BE_1
\mathbf{n}_9^T	$(-1 \ 8)$	Normal Vector of altitude CF_1
c_9	-5	Coefficient of altitude CF_1
H	$\begin{pmatrix} -2.11 \\ -0.89 \end{pmatrix}$	Orthocentre of triangle

TABLE III.3
ALTITUDES

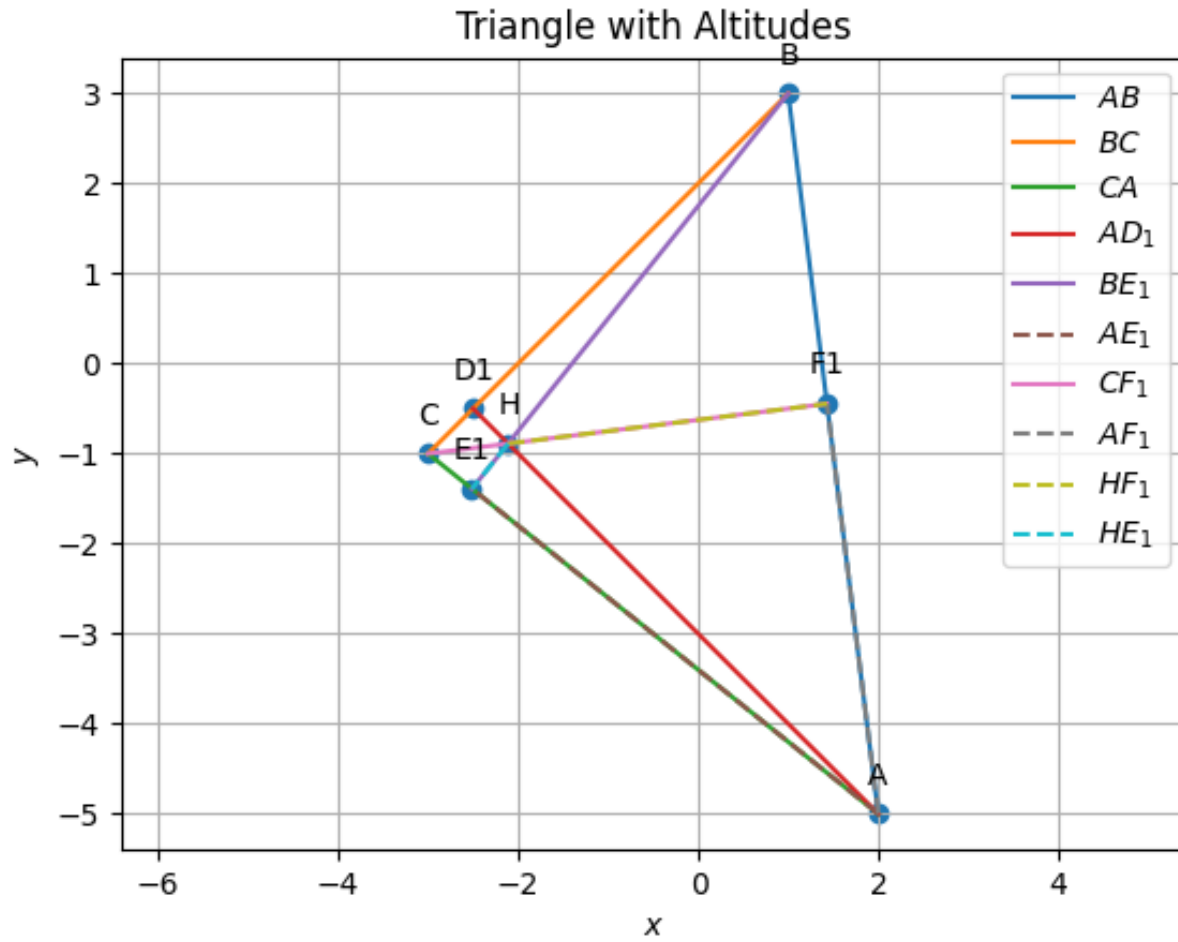


Fig. III.3. Triangle ABC with altitudes AD_1 , BE_1 and CF_1

IV. PERPENDICULAR BISECTOR

parameter	value	description
\mathbf{n}_{10}^T	$(1 \ -8)$	Normal Vector of perpendicular bisector of AB
c_{10}	9.5	Coefficient of perpendicular bisector of AB
\mathbf{n}_{11}^T	$(4 \ 4)$	Normal Vector of perpendicular bisector of BC
c_{11}	0	Coefficient of perpendicular bisector of BC
\mathbf{n}_{12}^T	$(-5 \ -4)$	Normal Vector of perpendicular bisector of CA
c_{12}	-9.5	Coefficient of perpendicular bisector of CA
\mathbf{O}	$\begin{pmatrix} 1.06 \\ -1.06 \end{pmatrix}$	Circumcentre
Radius	4.06	Circumradius

TABLE IV.4
PERPENDICULAR BISECTOR

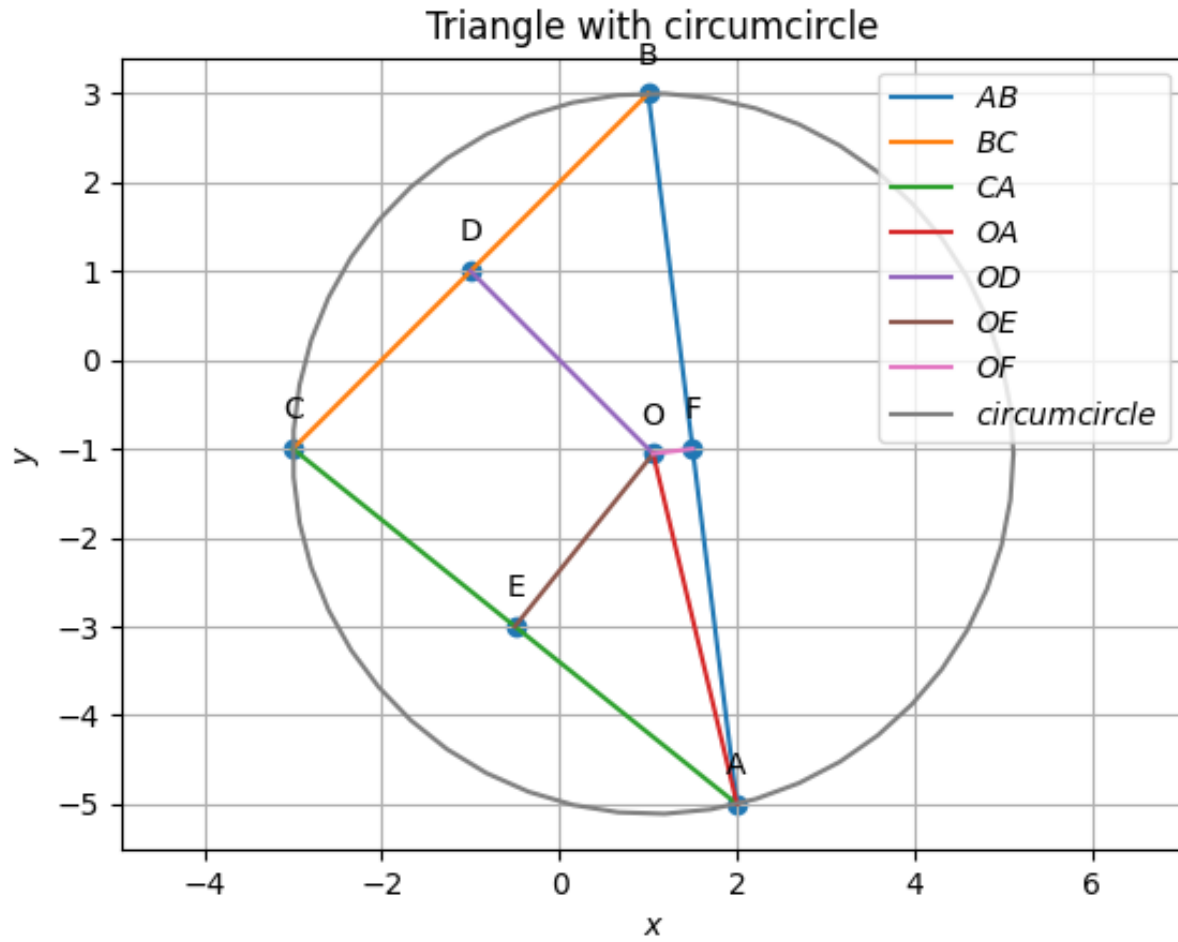


Fig. IV.4. circumcircle of triangle ABC with circumcentre O

V. ANGULAR BISECTOR

parameter	value	description
\mathbf{n}_{13}^T	$(1.62 \ 0.9)$	Normal Vector of Angular bisector of A
c_{13}	-1.29	Coefficient of Angular bisector of A
\mathbf{n}_{14}^T	$(-1.7 \ 0.58)$	Normal Vector of Angular bisector of B
c_{14}	0.05	Coefficient of Angular bisector of B
\mathbf{n}_{15}^T	$(0.08 \ -1.49)$	Normal Vector of Angular bisector of C
c_{15}	1.24	Coefficient of Angular bisector of B
\mathbf{I}	$\begin{pmatrix} -0.32 \\ -0.85 \end{pmatrix}$	Incentre
radius	1.79	Inradius
\mathbf{D}_3	$\begin{pmatrix} -1.59 \\ 0.41 \end{pmatrix}$	Point of Contact on BC
\mathbf{E}_3	$\begin{pmatrix} 1.45 \\ -0.63 \end{pmatrix}$	Point of Contact on AB
\mathbf{F}_3	$\begin{pmatrix} -1.44 \\ -2.25 \end{pmatrix}$	Point of Contact on CA

TABLE V.5
ANGULAR BISECTOR

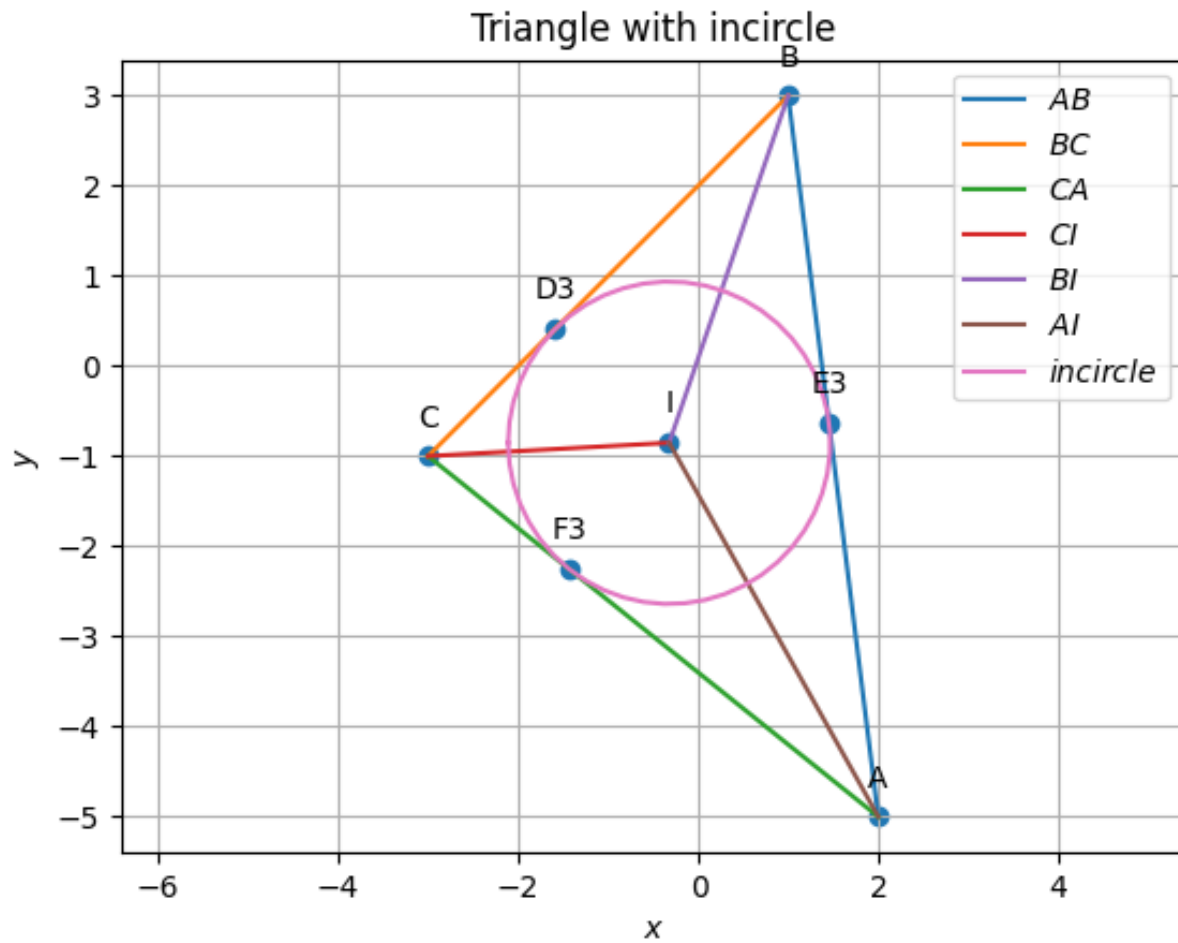


Fig. V.5. incircle of triangle ABC with incentre I