# Practical 7

# **Project: User Profile Manager**

**Objective:** Set up MongoDB and Mongoose in a Node.js application and create a basic schema to perform simple database operations.

#### **Tasks**

- Install MongoDB locally or create a free cluster on MongoDB Atlas.
- Set up a new Node.js project and install the required dependencies (express, mongoose, doteny).
- Create a .env file and store your MongoDB connection URI securely.
- Write a connection script in Node.js using Mongoose to connect to MongoDB.
- Define a User schema with fields like name, email, and age.
- Create a simple script to insert a user into the database and log the results in the console.
- Fetch all users from the database and display them in the console

### **Screenshot of code:**

#### index.js

```
.env
                            X JS db.js
                                                  JS User.js
                JS index.js
User-Profile-Manager > JS index.js > ...
  const express = require("express");
  const connectDB = require("./db");
      const User = require("./models/User");
      const app = express();
      app.use(express.json());
      connectDB();
      const insertUser = async () => {
           name: "Yash Bhalodiya",
           email: "d24it155@charusat.edu.in",
            age: 19,
        });
const result = await user.save();
console.log("User inserted:", result);
           console.error("Error inserting user:", err.message);
 24 const fetchUsers = async () => {
        const users = await User.find();
console.log("All users:", users);
          console.error("Error fetching users:", err.message);
       app.listen(3000, async () => {
       console.log("Server running on http://localhost:3000");
       await insertUser();
        await fetchUsers();
```

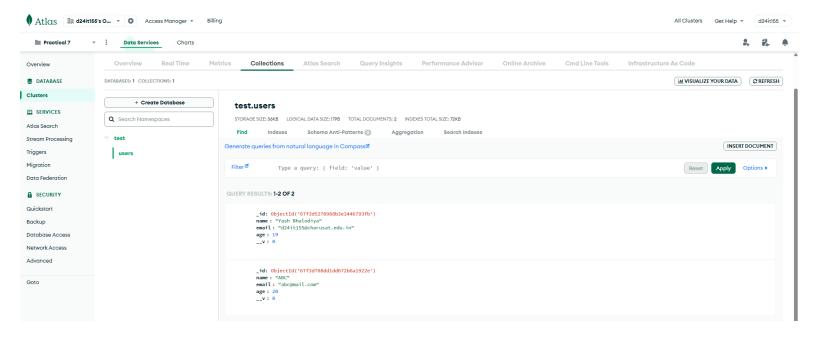
db.js

```
.env
                JS index.js
                                JS db.js
                                            ×
                                                 JS User.js
                                                                  ≡ db.txt
User-Profile-Manager > JS db.js > ...
       const mongoose = require("mongoose");
       require("dotenv").config();
       const connectDB = async () => {
         try {
           await mongoose.connect(process.env.MONGODB_URI, {
             useNewUrlParser: true,
             useUnifiedTopology: true,
           });
           console.log("MongoDB connected successfully");
         } catch (error) {
           console.error("MongoDB connection failed:", error.message);
           process.exit(1);
       };
       module.exports = connectDB;
 18
```

# models/User.js

```
.env
                JS index.js
                                JS db.js
                                                JS User.js
                                                            ×
User-Profile-Manager > models > JS User.js > ...
      const mongoose = require("mongoose");
      const userSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
       name: {
          type: String,
          required: true,
        email: {
          type: String,
          required: true,
          unique: true,
         age: {
          type: Number,
          required: true,
      });
       const User = mongoose.model("User", userSchema);
      module.exports = User;
 22
```

# **Screenshot of Output:**



# **Project: Task Manager API**

**Objective:** Build a RESTful API with Express and Mongoose to manage tasks in a MongoDB collection.

#### **Tasks**

- Define a Task schema with fields like title, description, status (e.g., "Pending", "Completed"), and dueDate.
- Set up the following API endpoints:
- POST /tasks: Add a new task to the database.
- GET /tasks: Retrieve all tasks.
- GET /tasks/:id: Retrieve a specific task by ID.
- PUT /tasks/:id: Update task details by ID.
- DELETE /tasks/:id: Delete a task by ID.
- Test the API endpoints using Postman or Thunder Client.
- Use filters to query tasks based on their status or dueDate.
- Handle basic errors, such as invalid task IDs or missing fields.

#### **Screenshot of Code:**

# index.js

```
Is index.js X

Task-Manager-API > Js index.js > ...

1     const express = require("express");
2     const connectDB = require("./db");
3     const taskRoutes = require("./routes/taskRoutes");
4     require("dotenv").config();
5
6     const app = express();
7     app.use(express.json());
8
9     connectDB();
10
11     app.use("/tasks", taskRoutes);
12
13     const PORT = process.env.PORT || 3000;
14     app.listen(PORT, () => console.log(`Server running on port ${PORT}`));
15
```

### db.js

Page 4 of 8

# routes/taskRoutes.js

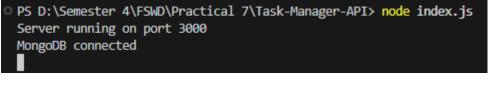
```
JS taskRoutes.js X
Task-Manager-API > routes > JS taskRoutes.js > ...
      const express = require("express");
  const router = express.Router();
      const Task = require("../models/Task");
     // POST /tasks - Create a new task
      router.post("/", async (req, res) => {
      try {
         const task = new Task(req.body);
         await task.save();
        res.status(201).json(task);
        } catch (err) {
         res.status(400).json({ error: err.message });
      });
      router.get("/", async (req, res) => {
       try {
         const { status, dueDate } = req.query;
         const filter = {};
         if (status) filter.status = status;
         if (dueDate) filter.dueDate = { $lte: new Date(dueDate) };
         const tasks = await Task.find(filter);
         res.json(tasks);
        } catch (err) {
         res.status(500).json({ error: err.message });
      });
 31
      router.get("/:id", async (req, res) => {
       try {
          const task = await Task.findById(req.params.id);
         if (!task) return res.status(404).json({ error: "Task not found" });
        res.json(task);
       } catch (err) {
         res.status(400).json({ error: "Invalid ID" });
      });
      router.put("/:id", async (req, res) => {
       try {
          const task = await Task.findByIdAndUpdate(req.params.id, req.body, {
            new: true,
            runValidators: true,
          });
```

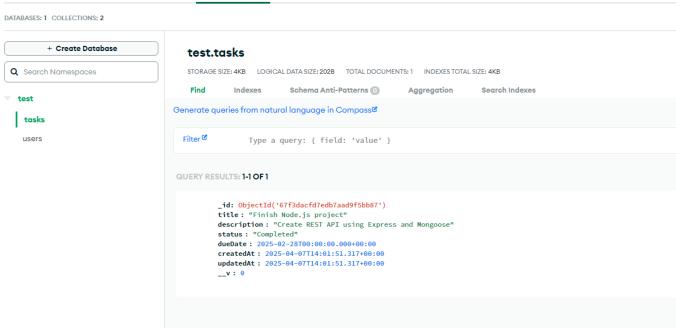
```
});
    if (!task) return res.status(404).json({ error: "Task not found" });
    res.json(task);
  } catch (err) {
    res.status(400).json({ error: err.message });
});
// DELETE /tasks/:id - Delete a task
router.delete("/:id", async (req, res) => {
  try {
    const task = await Task.findByIdAndDelete(req.params.id);
    if (!task) return res.status(404).json({ error: "Task not found" });
    res.json({ message: "Task deleted" });
  } catch (err) {
   res.status(400).json({ error: "Invalid ID" });
});
module.exports = router;
```

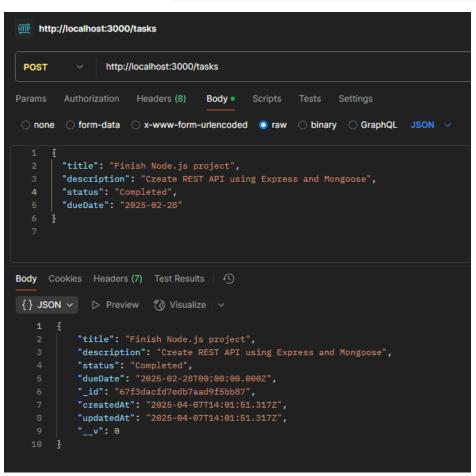
# models/Task.js

```
JS Task.js
           ×
Task-Manager-API > models > JS Task.js > ...
      const mongoose = require("mongoose");
      const taskSchema = new mongoose.Schema({
       title: {
          type: String,
         required: true,
       description: String,
        status: {
        type: String,
enum: ["Pending", "Completed"],
         default: "Pending",
       dueDate: {
          type: Date,
         required: true,
       }, { timestamps: true });
      const Task = mongoose.model("Task", taskSchema);
      module.exports = Task;
 23
```

# **Output:**







Page 7 of 8

GitHub: <a href="https://github.com/BhalodiyaYash155/Practical-7">https://github.com/BhalodiyaYash155/Practical-7</a>

Conclusion: From This Practical I learn the following topics in node.js

- What is MongoDB? NoSQL vs SQL databases
- Installing MongoDB locally and an introduction to MongoDB Atlas
- Setting up a Node.js project
- Installing and configuring Mongoose for MongoDB integration
- Understanding schemas and models in Mongoose
- Implementing Create, Read, Update, and Delete operations with Mongoose
- Introduction to RESTful API routes using Express
- Querying documents with filters and projections