



Getting started with Dev Containers





Dev environments and experiences

Preparation

Team work



Setup time

Prerequisites and dependencies Many tools and frameworks



Differentiation

Different tools and requirements in multidisciplinary team



Maintain versions

Branches with different tools Side-by-side install





Personalization

Your development environment Personal preferences



Remote work

Secure, safe and compliant Any place in world



Peer reviews

Pull requests
Clone (remote) repositories

DemoContainers



Running a container as development environment





Fundamentals of Dev Containers

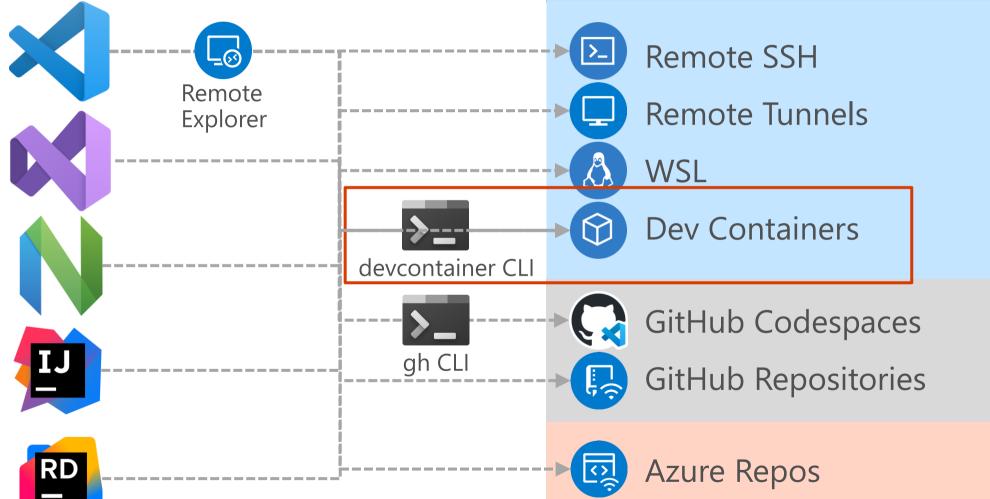




Connecting remotely



Extension pack with 4 extensions



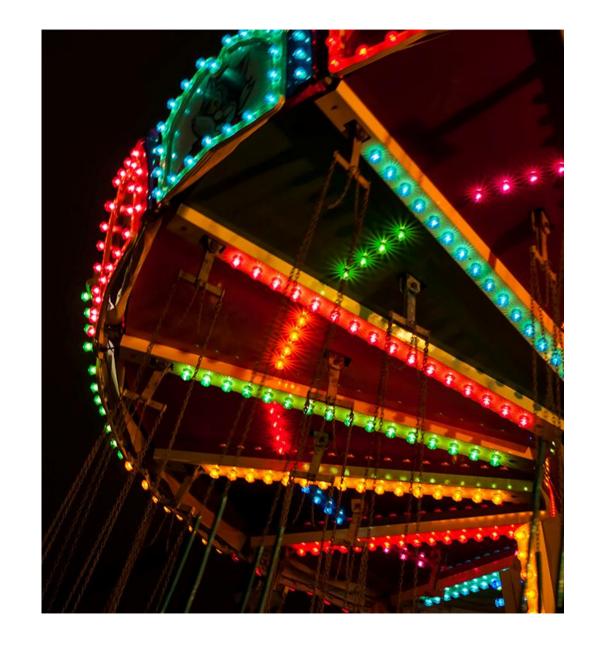






DemoRemote Explorer

Connecting to running container

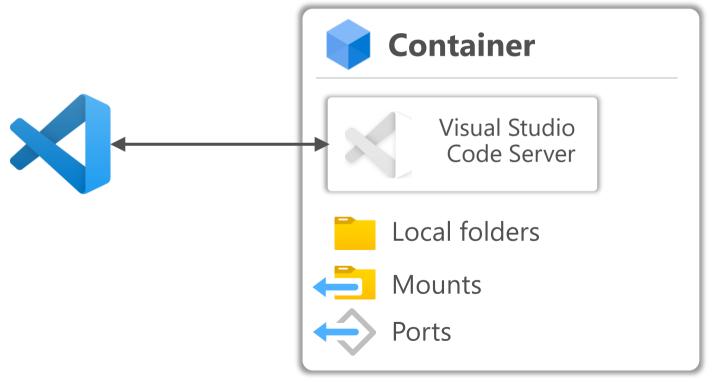




Connecting to any container

Prerequisites for Linux distro apply

Running on local or remote machine, Kubernetes or in Docker Compose



Automatically installs

Visual Studio Code Server
/vscode/vscode-server
/root/.vscode-server

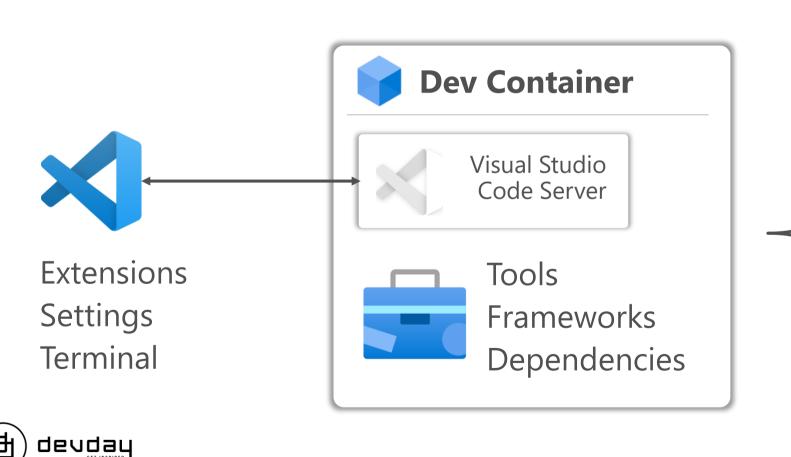
Default extensions

GitHub Copilot
GitHub Copilot Chat
GitHub Pull Requests

Configurable in
Settings



Anatomy of a Dev Container



Definitions

Base image
Dockerfile
Installed Features

Hosting

Labels

Environment variables
Host requirements
Lifecycle hooks
Ports
Mounts

Choosing your dev container strategy

1. Regular Container

- Manual creation
- Harder management
- Limited development experience

2. Base image

- Leverage existing dev container images
- Easy to get started in most situations

3. Custom Dockerfile

- Create new image base from scratch
- Enhance dev container images

4. Docker Compose

- Use compositions for complex projects
- Run dependencies from container
- For mono-repo in heterogeneous technologies



DemoDefining Dev Containers

Select a container configuration template or enter a custom template id

Show All Definitions...

Show all available predefined container definitions.

Learn More Documentation on predefined container definitions

C# (.NET) devcontainers Suggested by GitHub Copilot

Develop C# and .NET based applications. Includes all needed SDKs, extensions, and depende...

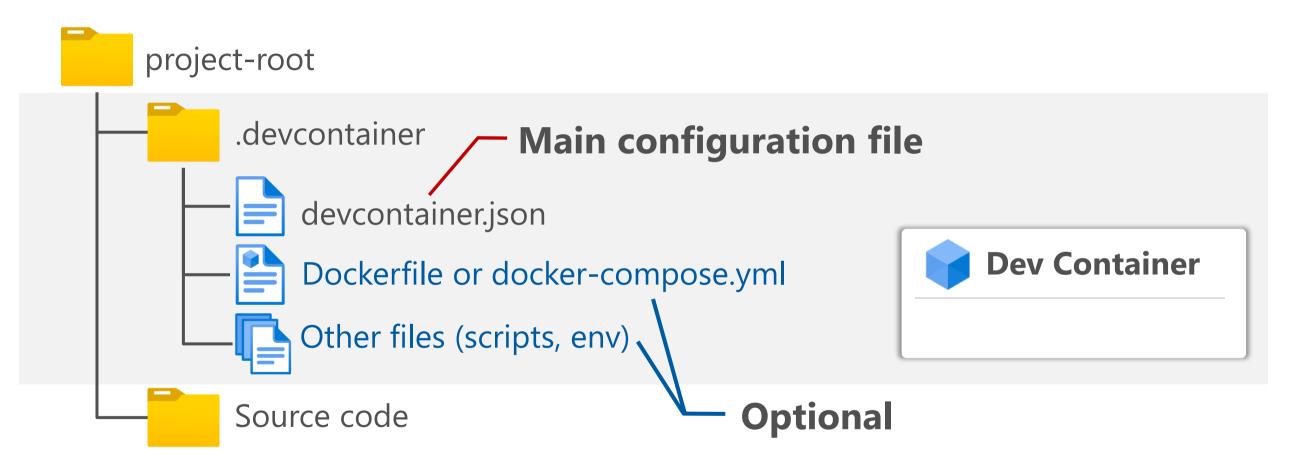
Alpine devcontainers S

Simple Alpine container with Git installed.





Defining your Dev Container as code





Location of container configuration files



Workspace

Resides within root of source code folder Most common scenario



User data

Centralized location outside of source code Keeps configuration separate



Image

Configuration based on container image name Automatically applied when attaching



Repository

Matches origin of remote repository For repositories outside of your control



Find it at:

%APPDATA%\Roaming\Code\User\
globalStorage\
ms-vscode-remote.remote-containers

Folders:

configs
imageConfigs
repositoryConfigs (create yourself)

Development container specification

"provide a way to enrich containers with the content and metadata necessary to enable development inside them"

Originally by Microsoft and Visual Studio Code team Now community driven Define repeatable development environments

Metadata to drive tooling and dev experiences JSON with comments file (**devcontainer.json**) Image labels used as an array of metadata snippets

Containers.dev

Development Containers

Overview Reference Specification Supporting Tools Guides Available Features Available Templates Collections

Specification

Reference Implementation

devcontainer.json schema

Dev Container metadata reference

Features

Features distribution

Templates

Templates distribution

Contributing

Specification

Dev Container metadata reference

The devcontainer.json file contains any needed metadata and settings required to configurate a development container for a given well-defined tool and runtime stack. It can be used by tools and services that support the dev container spec to create a development environment that contains one or more development containers.

Metadata properties marked with a formula can be stored in the devcontainer.metadata container image label in addition to devcontainer.json. This label can contain an array of json snippets that will be automatically merged with devcontainer.json contents (if any) when a container is created.

General devcontainer.json properties

Property	Туре	Description			
name	string	A name for the dev container displayed in the UI.			
forwardPorts 🥠	array	An array of port numbers or "host:port" values (e.g. [3000, "db:5432"]) that should always be forwarded from inside the primary container to the local			

Microsoft base images for Dev Containers

mcr.microsoft.com/devcontainers/base



Alpine: 3.17-3.20,

Debian: 9 (stretch), 10 (buster), 11 (bullseye), 12 (bookworm)

Ubuntu: 18 (bionic), 20 (focal), 22 (jammy), 24 (noble)

Semantic versioning for unique combinations:

OS version

Toolset (differs per OS)

Example: base:1.1.0-ubuntu-24.04 or just base:ubuntu



Zsh, Oh my zsh, non-root user vscode

Configurable root or base image user



Common dev tools and dependencies

Multiple devcontainer definitions

Organize in subfolders
Searches in several locations

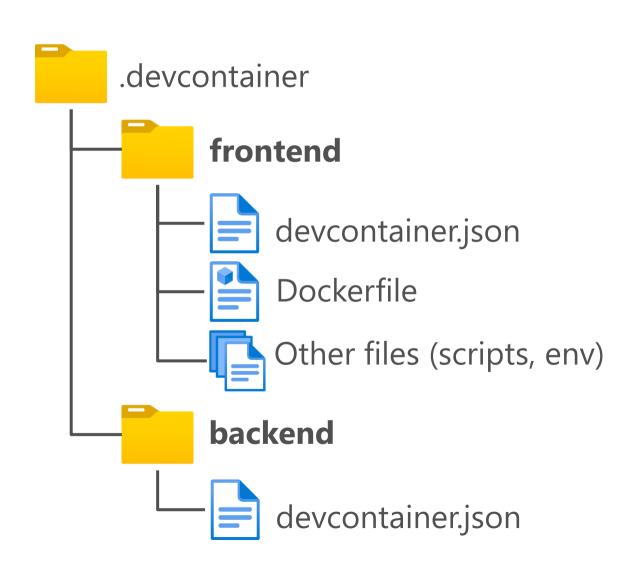
.devcontainer folder and subfolders

.devcontainer.json in root

With a dot (not a typo)

Ability to switch easily

>Dev Containers: Switch container



Templates for Dev Containers

- Distributions Alpine, Ubuntu, Debian
- **Universal**
 - Many frameworks and tools (.NET, Node, Python, PHP, Ruby, Java, ...)

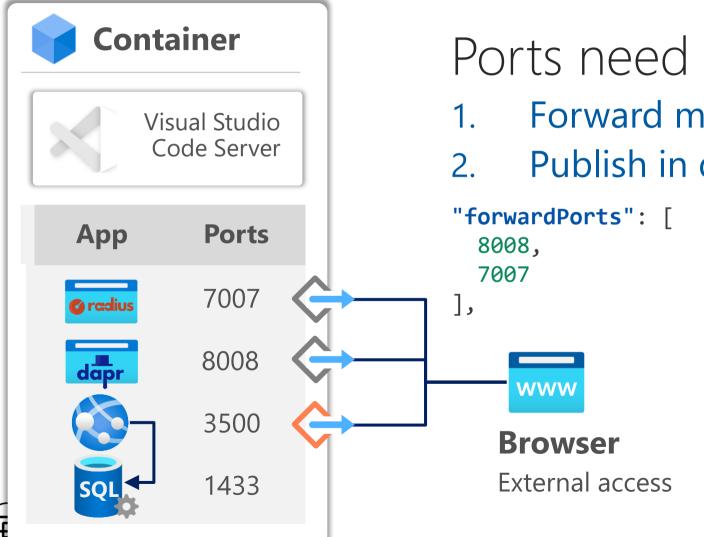
 Default template for GitHub Codespaces
- Language and framework starting points

 Docker enabled (Docker or Kubernetes)

 C#, C++, F#, Java, PHP, Python, Ruby, Rust, Node, Jekyll, Markdown
- Community templates https://containers.dev/templates



Container ports



Ports need to be exposed

- 1. Forward manually or automatic
- 2. Publish in dev container definition

```
"portsAttributes": {
    "7007": {
        "label": "radius-dashboard",
        "onAutoForward": "notify",
        "protocol": "http"
```

	Port		Forwarded Addre	SS	Running P
0	1337		localhost:1337		
•	backend (3000)		127.0.0.1:3000		rad run ./d
•	3500		127.0.0.1:3500		rad run ./d
•	radius-dashboard	(70	localhost:7007		rad run ./d
0	dapr-dashboard (8008)	localhost:8008		

Demo Developing for Radius









Install: Kubernetes cluster, dapr, radius

Extra CLIs: kubectl, helm, k3d

Visual Studio Code: Extensions and settings

Lifecycle of a Dev Container



Defines commands for lifecycle events

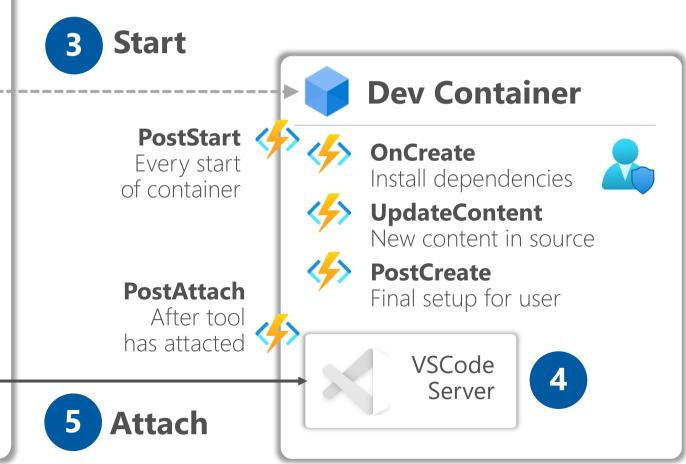


Local computer

Image creationUse base image-or- build container image







Templates and features





Dev Container templates and features

Apply templates and features to your repository



devcontainer templates apply

--template-id ghcr.io/alexthissen/devcontainers/radius:1.1



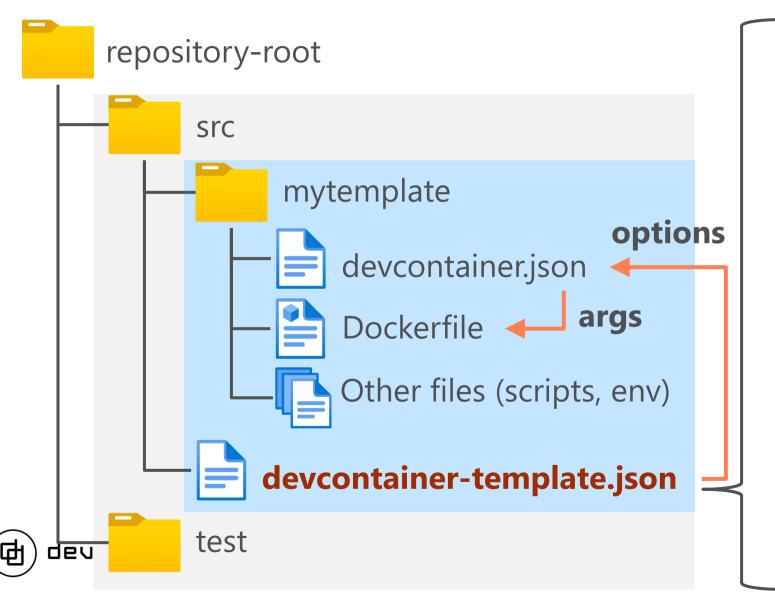
Pre-packaged set of files

Published tarballs

Different structure for templates and features

Use existing templates and features
Build your own

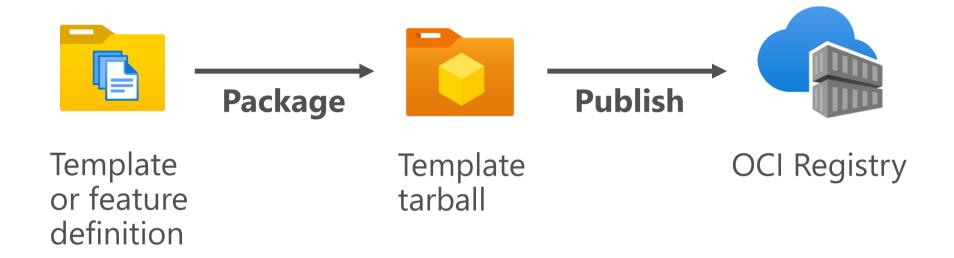
Defining your template for a Dev Container



Metadata and options

```
"id": "cc65",
"version": "1.2.0",
"name": "cc65", ...
"options": {
  "cc65Version": {
    "type": "string",
    "description": "Version:",
    "proposals": [
      "latest",
      "2.19",
      "2.18"
    "default": "latest"
```

Creating devcontainer templates and features



Inception

Use a devcontainer to create a template or features

Template and feature starter repositories

https://github.com/devcontainers/template-starter and feature-starter

DevContainer features

What is a feature?

Runnable scripts during image creation after Dockerfile

Many features available

Docker in Docker, Docker outside Docker

Tools: Kubectl, Helm, Minikube

CLI: Dapr, Azure, GitHub, AWS, .NET

Languages: PHP, Go, Ruby, Rust, C++, ...

Build your own feature

Prebuild packages (like templates)

Local features

```
"features": {
    "ghcr.io/.../docker-in-docker:2": {},
    "ghcr.io/.../azure-cli:1": {},
    "ghcr.io/.../github-cli:1": {},
    "ghcr.io/rio/features/k3d:1": {}
},
```

```
"features": {
   "./local-features/git": { }
}
```

Example feature: Common-utils

Installed for each base dev container image Alpine, Debian, Ubuntu

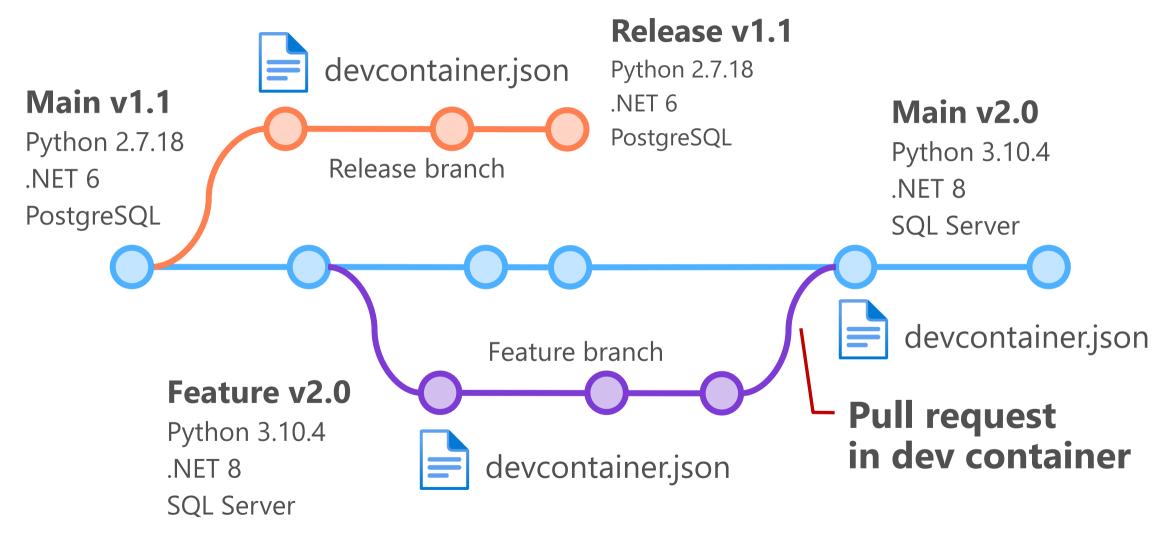
```
"features": {
    "ghcr.io/devcontainers/features/common-utils:2": {
        "installZsh": "true",
        "configureZshAsDefaultShell": "false",
        "username": "vscode",
        "userUid": "1000",
        "userGid": "1000",
        "upgradePackages": "true"
```

Working with **Code** and **Automation** for Dev Containers



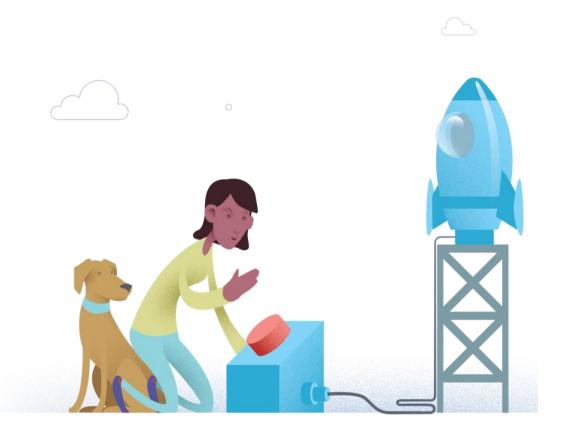


Branching





Prebuilding



Benefits to pre-build your dev container images:

Faster startup times
Simplifies configuration
Specific version of tools
Improve supply-chain security and avoid potential breaks



Automation

Leverage GitHub Actions and Azure Pipelines

Action: devcontainer/actions and devcontainer/ci



Task: DevcontainersCi

Publish

templates and features

Prebuild

dev container images

Build

from dev container



name: Run make ci-build in dev container

uses: devcontainers/ci@v0.3

with:

cacheFrom: ghcr.io/alexthissen/devcontainer/radius

push: never

runCmd: make ci-build

Building in devcontainer from pipeline

Workflow permissions

Choose the default permissions granted to the GITHUB_TOKEN when running workflows in this organization. You can specify more granular permissions in the workflow using YAML. Learn more about managing permissions.

Repository administrators will only be able to change the default permissions to a more restrictive setting.

- O Read and write permissions Required for pipelines to write packages

 Workflows have read and write permissions in the repository for all scopes.
- Read repository contents and packages permissions

 Workflows have read permissions in the repository for the contents and packages scopes only.

Choose whether GitHub Actions can create pull requests or submit approving pull request reviews.

✓ Allow GitHub Actions to create and approve pull requests

Save

Personalization of your development environment





Dotfiles ~/.*



Many files to customize your environment bash, ash, zsh and fish terminal look and feel Git behavior

All start with a dot (.)
Use ls -la to see them



Common files

- .bash_profile
- .bashrc
- .profile
- .zshenv
- .zprofile
- .zshrc
- .zlogin
- .gitconfig

Dotfiles support

dotfiles repository can be cloned into devcontainer

```
"dotfiles.repository": "https://github.com/alexthissen/dotfiles.git",
"dotfiles.installCommand": "",
"dotfiles.targetPath": "~/dotfiles",
```

- 1. Search for installation shell files
- 2. If none present, symlink all dot files to ~

Separate files for bash and zsh

Installation files

install.sh
install
bootstrap.sh
bootstrap
script/bootstrap
setup.sh
setup
script/setup



Configuration and settings

1. Customizations per tool

```
"customizations": {
   "vscode": {
       "settings": {
           "terminal.integrated.shell.linux": "/bin/ash",
           "hexeditor.columnWidth": 32,
           "hexeditor.defaultEndianness": "little",
                                                          Extension settings
           "makefile.configureAfterCommand": false
                                                          Configuration per
       "extensions": [
                                                          extension
           "ms-vscode.makefile-tools",
           "ms-vscode.hexeditor"
                                    Extensions
                                    Specific to dev container
```

2. Settings sync

Oh-my-zsh

Automatically installed by common-utils Included in Microsoft base images

Customize files .zshrc and .zprofile Choose theme zsh_Theme="agnoster"

For example: Agnoster (https://github.com/agnoster/agnoster-zsh-theme)



Reference



https://github.com/devcontainers/

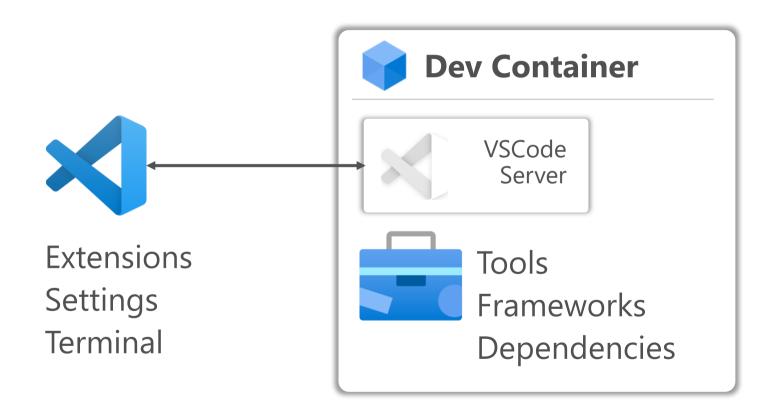
https://containers.dev/

https://code.visualstudio.com/docs/devcontainers/containers

https://code.visualstudio.com/remote/advancedcontainers/overview



Summary





Thanks for attending!

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https://openfeedback.io/dd2024/2024-11-07/686614