

## Assignment 2

SQL> desc Borrower;

Name	Null?	Type
-----		
CUST_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(20)
LOAN_NO	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)

SQL> select \* from Account;

ACC_NO	BRANCH_NAME	BALANCE
-----		
101	Sb road	4000
102	Mg road	5000
103	Vile Parle	6000
104	Akurdi	13000

SQL> select \* from branch;

BRANCH_NAME	BRANCH_CITY	ASSETS
-----		
Sb road	Pune	200
Mg road	Nashik	250
Vile Parle	Mumbai	190
Akurdi	Pune	300

SQL> select \* from customer;

CUST_NAME	CUST_STREET	CUST_CITY
-----		
ABC	Street 1	Pune
PQR	Street 2	Nashik

XYZ	Street 3	Mumbai
VVV	Street 4	Pune

SQL> select \* from Depositor;

CUST_NAME	ACC_NO
-----	
PQR	102
ABC	101
XYZ	103
VVV	104

SQL> select \* from Loan;

LOAN_NO	BRANCH_NAME	AMOUNT
-----		
1	Sb road	1000
2	Mg road	11000
3	Vile Parle	13000
4	Akurdi	1400

SQL> select \* from Borrower;

CUST_NAME	LOAN_NO
-----	
PQR	2
ABC	1
XYZ	3
VVV	4

**Q1. Find the names of all branches in loan relation.**

```
SQL> SELECT Branch_name FROM LOAN GROUP BY Branch_name;
```

BRANCH\_NAME

-----

Sb road

Mg road

Akurdi

Vile Parle

**Q2. Find all loan numbers for loans made at Akurdi Branch with loan amount > 12000.**

```
SQL> select loan_no from loan1 where branch_name='AKURDI' and amount>12000;
```

LOAN\_NO

-----

1004

**Q3. Find all customers who have a loan from bank. Find their names, loan\_no and loan amount.**

```
SQL> SELECT cust_name,Loan.loan_no,amount FROM Borrower,Loan WHERE  
Loan.loan_no=Borrower.loan_no;
```

CUST_NAME	LOAN_NO	AMOUNT
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-----

ABC	1	1000
-----	---	------

PQR	2	11000
-----	---	-------

XYZ	3	13000
-----	---	-------

VVV	4	1400
-----	---	------

**Q4. List all customers in alphabetical order who have  
loan from Akurdi branch.**

```
SQL> SELECT CUST_NAME FROM LOAN,BORROWER WHERE LOAN.LOAN_NO=BORROWER.LOAN_NO AND  
BRANCH_NAME='AKURDI' ORDER BY CUST_NAME;
```

no rows selected

**Q5. Find all customers who have an account or loan or both at bank.**

```
SQL> SELECT CUST_NAME,LOAN.LOAN_NO,AMOUNT FROM BORROWER,LOAN WHERE  
LOAN.LOAN_NO=BORROWER.LOAN_NO;
```

CUST_NAME	LOAN_NO	AMOUNT
-----		
ABC	1	1000
PQR	2	11000
XYZ	3	13000
VVV	4	1400

**Q6. Find all customers who have both account and loan at bank.**

```
SQL> SELECT CUST_NAME FROM DEPOSITOR UNION SELECT CUST_NAME FROM BORROWER;
```

CUST_NAME
-----
PQR
ABC
XYZ
VVV

**Q7. Find all customer who have account but no loan at the bank.**

```
SQL> SELECT CUST_NAME FROM CUSTOMER MINUS SELECT CUST_NAME FROM BORROWER;
```

no rows selected

**Q8. Find average account balance at Akurdi branch.**

```
SQL> SELECT AVG(balance) FROM Account WHERE branch_name='Akurdi';
```

```
AVG(BALANCE)
```

```
-----
```

```
13000
```

**Q9. Find the average account balance at each branch**

```
SQL> SELECT branch_name,AVG(balance) FROM Account GROUP BY branch_name;
```

```
BRANCH_NAME      AVG(BALANCE)
```

```
-----
```

```
Sb road          4000
```

```
Mg road          5000
```

```
Akurdi           13000
```

```
Vile Parle       6000
```

**Q10. Find no. of depositors at each branch.**

```
SQL> SELECT COUNT(cust_name),branch_name FROM Account,Depositor WHERE  
Account.Acc_no=Depositor.Acc_no GROUP BY branch_name;
```

```
COUNT(CUST_NAME) BRANCH_NAME
```

```
-----
```

```
1 Sb road
```

```
1 Mg road
```

```
1 Akurdi
```

```
1 Vile Parle
```

**Q11. Find the branches where average account balance > 12000.**

SQL> SELECT branch\_name,AVG(balance) FROM Account GROUP BY branch\_name HAVING  
AVG(balance)>12000;

BRANCH_NAME	AVG(BALANCE)
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Akurdi	13000
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**Q12. Find number of tuples in customer relation.**

SQL> SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM customer;

COUNT(\*)

-----

4

**Q13. Calculate total loan amount given by bank.**

SQL> select sum(amount) from loan1;

SUM(AMOUNT)

-----

185000

**Q14. Delete all loans with loan amount between 1300 and 1500.**

SQL> delete from Loan where amount>1300 and amount<1500;

0 rows deleted.

**Q15. Delete all tuples at every branch located in Nigdi.**

SQL> DELETE FROM Account WHERE branch\_name='Nigdi';

0 rows deleted.

**Q.16. Create synonym for customer table as cust.**

SQL> CREATE SYNONYM cust FOR customer;

Synonym created.

**Q.17. Create sequence roll\_seq and use in student table for roll\_no column.**

SQL> CREATE SEQUENCE ROLL\_SEQ START WITH 1 INCREMENT BY 1 MINVALUE 1 MAXVALUE 100;

Sequence created.