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EN
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## Programming Fundamentals using Python - Science Graduates - Foundation Program

Programming is one of the core skills expected from a software professional. In this course we would introduce the basic building blocks of programming using 'Python...More

Start

**Learning Progress**

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This content is hierarchical. Progress will be calculated on the basis of children resources

**Completion Certificate**

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**Overview**
Contents
Discussions

### What you will learn

Provide insights into basics of programming Introduce fundamentals of Python programming Discuss the various control structures in Python Introduce data structures in Python Discuss on how to build a robust Python code Introduce how to organize the Python code Discuss basic software development activities like unit testing and debugging a Python program

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### At a glance

- Course
- 66h 10m
- Beginner Level
- Free
- Infosys Wingspan
- EN
- Foundation Program, Basics, Logic, Algorithms, Pseudo-code, Program, Selection control structure, Iteration control structure, if, else, elif, while, for, in, range, operators, variables, functions, unit testing, logic coverage, boundary value analysis, debugging, collections, list, string,

Thank you. Your test submitted.

You have cleared this assessment.

Obtained Percentage

Obtained Marks

73.33 %

11 / 15

Best Attempt Score:73.33 % on 26-03-2025

What would be the output of following Python code?

```
name1="Roger"  
name2="Robert"  
  
def swap_names(name1,name2):  
    temp=name1  
    name1=name2  
    name2=temp  
  
print("Before swapping: name1="+name1+" name2="+name2)  
swap_names(name1,name2)  
print("After swapping: name1="+name1+" name2="+name2)
```

- A) Before swapping: name1=Roger name2=Robert <br>  
After swapping: name1=None name2=None
- B) Before swapping: name1=Roger name2=Robert <br>  
After swapping: name1=Robert name2=Robert
- C) Before swapping: name1=Roger name2=Robert <br>  
After swapping: name1=Roger name2=Robert
- D) Before swapping: name1=Roger name2=Robert <br>  
After swapping: name1=Robert name2=Roger

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☒ D

What is the output of the below Python code?

```
code="jack and jill went up the hill"
for temp in code.split():
    if(temp.endswith("ill")):
        print("Count :",code.count("ill"))
        break
code=code.replace("j","m")
for temp in code.split():
    if(len(temp)%2!=0):
        temp_string=(str)(temp)
        code=code.replace(temp_string,temp_string.upper())
print(code)
```

- A) Count : 2 <br>  
mack AND mill went up THE hill
- B) Count : 3 <br>  
Mack and Mill went up the Hill
- C) Count : 3 <br>  
MACK and MILL WENT UP the HILL
- D) Count : 1 <br>  
mack and mill went up the hill

- ☒ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Warning

This operat

Choose an expression (from the options given) which would give the same logical outcome for the expression given below:

var1=5

var2=5

var3=1

var4=1

var5=0

$(var1 + var2) > (var3 / var4)$  and  $var5 \leq (var1 - var3 * var2)$

- ☐ not  $((var3 \geq var4) \text{ and } (var3 == var4))$
- ☒ not  $((var4 \geq var2) \text{ or } (var1 == var3))$
- ☐  $(var4 \geq var2) \text{ and } (var1 \geq var2)$
- ☐  $(var3 == var4) \text{ and } (var1 > var2)$

Warning

This operation is disabled.

Ok

Consider a Python dictionary which represents a ship's crew.

```
ship_crew={  
    "Co-Captain": "Jack",  
    "Chief officer": "Mack",  
    "Chief steward": "Harry",  
    "Chief cook": "Mala"  
}
```

Jack has been promoted as a Captain and a new member Tom has joined as a Co-Captain. What code should be written in order to have these details updated in the dictionary. Choose TWO CORRECT options from below.

- A) `ship_crew['Co-Captain']="Tom"`   <br>  
    `ship_crew['Co-Captain']=ship_crew['Captain']`
- B) `ship_crew['Co-Captain']="Tom"`   <br>  
    `ship_crew['Captain']="Jack"`
- C) `ship_crew['Captain']=ship_crew['Co-Captain']`   <br>  
    `ship_crew['Co-Captain']="Tom"`
- D) `ship_crew['Captain']="Tom"`   <br>  
    `ship_crew['Co-Captain']="Jack"`

☐ A

☒ B

☐ C

☒ D

Warning

This operation i



What will be the output of the below Python code?

```
list1=[1,2,1,3,3,1,2,1,2,1]
tuple1=("A","B","C","D")
tuple1+=("E",)
list2=[]
for var1 in range(5,len(list1)):
    list2.append(list1[var1-5]+list1[var1])
for var1 in range(0,len(list2)):
    print(tuple1[var1],list2[var1])
```

A) This code will result in an error as we cannot concatenate a tuple to a str

B) This code will result in an error as tuple is immutable

C) A 2 <br>

B 4 <br>

C 2 <br>

D 5 <br>

E 4

D) A 2 <br>

B 4 <br>

C 2 <br>

D 5 <br>

☐ A

☐ B

☒ C

☐ D

What is the output of the below Python code?

Note: Assume that necessary imports have been done

```
temp=[ 'Mysore', 'Bangalore', 'Pune', 'Chennai' ]  
temp.sort()  
count1=len(temp[0])  
count2=len(temp[-1])  
final_val=math.ceil(count1/count2)  
print(final_val)
```

Warn

This op

☒ 3

☐ 2

☐ 1

☐ 4



What would be the output of the below Python code?

```
var1=0  
var2=10  
while var1<=10 and var2>=1:  
    print(var1,var2)  
    var2=var2-1  
    var1=var1+1  
    if(var1==var2):  
        break
```

A) 0 10 <br>  
1 9 <br>  
2 8 <br>  
3 7 <br>  
4 6 <br>  
5 5

B) 1 9 <br>  
2 8 <br>  
3 7 <br>  
4 6

C) 0 10 <br>  
1 9 <br>  
2 8 <br>  
3 7 <br>  
4 6

D) 1 9 <br>  
2 8 <br>  
3 7 <br>  
4 6 <br>  
5 5

- ☐ A  
☐ B  
☒ C  
☐ D

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What does the below Python code do?

```
for var1 in range(1,6):  
    for var2 in range(1,6):  
        if(var1%var2!=0):  
            pass  
        elif(var2<var1):  
            continue  
        else:  
            print(var1*var2)
```

- ☐ Prints the square of numbers from 1 to 6
- ☒ Prints the square of numbers from 1 to 5
- ☐ Prints prime numbers from 1 to 6
- ☐ Prints prime numbers from 1 to 5

When the values of  $\text{var1}=7$ ,  $\text{var2}=6$  and  $\text{var3}=3$ , which among the following logical expressions would be FALSE?

- i.  $(\text{var1} + \text{var2}) > (\text{var3})$  and  $(\text{var1} * \text{var2} + \text{var3}) >= (\text{var3} + \text{var1})$
- ii.  $(\text{var1} * \text{var2}) > (\text{var3} * \text{var1})$  and  $(\text{var1} * \text{var2}) <= (\text{var1} * \text{var2} * \text{var3})$
- iii.  $(\text{var1} * \text{var3}) > (\text{var1} * \text{var2} * \text{var3})$  or  $(\text{var1} * \text{var3}) <=$
- iv.  $\text{not}((\text{var1} * \text{var3}) > (\text{var3} * \text{var1}) \text{ and } (\text{var1} * \text{var3}) <=$

- ☐ only i
- ☒ only ii
- ☐ only iii
- ☐ only iv

Warning

This operation is disabled.

Ok

Consider below Python codes:

```
#####Code 1#####
my_str="All3 that4 glitters8 is2 not3 gold4"
my_lst=[]

for char in my_str:
    if(char.isdigit()):
        my_lst.append((int)(char))
        my_str=my_str.replace(char, " ")
print(my_str,my_lst)

#####Code 2#####
my_str="All3 that4 glitters8 is2 not3 gold4"
my_lst=[]

for char in my_str:
    if(char.isdigit()):
        my_lst.append(char)
        my_str.replace(char, " ")
print(my_str,my_lst)
```

Which of the above code(s) will produce below output?  
All that glitters is not gold [3, 4, 8, 2, 3, 4]

- ☐ Both Code 1 and Code 2
- ☒ Only Code 1
- ☐ Only Code 2
- ☐ Neither Code 1 nor Code 2

What would be the output of the below Python code?

```
var = 200
if (var > 200):
    print("Within first block")
    if (var == 150):
        print("Which is 150")
    elif (var == 100):
        print("Which is 100")
elif (var > 50):
    print("Within second block")
    if (var%5 == 0):
        print("Which is multiple of 5")
    elif (var%10 == 0):
        print("Which is multiple of 10")
    else:
        print("Neither multiple of 5 nor multiple of 10")
else:
    print("Could not find true expression")

print("Good bye!")
```

- A) Within second block <br>  
Which is multiple of 5 <br>  
Good bye!
- B) Could not find true expression <br>  
Good bye!
- C) Within second block <br>  
Neither multiple of 5 nor multiple of 10 <br>  
Good bye!
- D) Within first block <br>  
Which is 100 <br>  
Good bye!

- ☒ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Consider the marks list given below.

Identify the Python code to be written in the Line 1 such that the output is ["FA2",95]

```
marks=["FA1",80,"FA2",85,"FA3",95]  
report=marks[-4:]  
#Line1_____  
print(report)
```

- ☒ report=report[:1]+marks[5:]
- ☐ report=marks[2:3]+marks[-2:]
- ☐ report=marks[-4:-2]
- ☐ report=report[:2]

Warning

This operation is disabled.

Ok

What will be the output of the below Python code?

```
num1=11//10
num2=11%10
num3=20
num4=40
num5=5

if(num3>num4):
    if(num3>num5):
        print(num5*num4/num3)
    else:
        print(num3/num5)
else:
    if(num1==num2):
        print(num4/num3)
    else:
        print(num4/num5)
```

- ☒ 2.0
- ☐ 4.0
- ☐ 10.0
- ☐ 8.0



What is the output of the below Python code?

```
temp="Hello? how are you?"
if(temp.isdigit()):
    temp+="fine"
else:
    for var1 in range(len(temp)):
        if(temp[var1]=='?'):
            final_val=temp[:var1]
            break
    if(final_val.endswith('u')):
        final_val.replace('you', 'u')
    else:
        final_val=final_val.upper()
print(final_val)
```

- ☒ HELLO?
- ☐ HELLO
- ☐ fine
- ☐ Hello? how are u?

What will be the output of the below Python code?

```
def func(sample, res, key, val):  
    if(key in sample):  
        res=True  
        sample.update({key:val})  
    res=False  
  
res=None  
sample={"XS":1, "X":0, "XL":3, "XXL":4}  
func(sample, res, "X", 2)  
print(sample["X"], res)
```

- ☐ 0 None
- ☒ 2 None
- ☐ 0 True
- ☐ 2 False