Embedded I/O Management

What to Expect?

- Basic I/O Management Support
- Advanced I/O Management
 - Video Subsystem
 - Audio Subsystem

I/O Management Overview

- ★ Linux provides a uniform i/f to on-board I/O Devices
- ★ Categorized as follows
 - Link oriented (Network Devices)
 - Block oriented (Storage Device)
 - All Other (Sequential) Devices
- Sequential Device or Character Device category is one of the largest, with majority of Devices falling under this
- So, based on the specialized functions, this have been further categorized
 - Basic I/O (GPIOs, and all that uses plain character drivers)
 - Custom I/O (tty, audio, video, ..)

Basic I/O Management

- Device Category
 - Domain-specific Electronics
 - Actuators, Sensors, ...
 - General Purpose I/O
 - → A2D, D2A, ...
- Driver Type: Character

Bus I/O Management

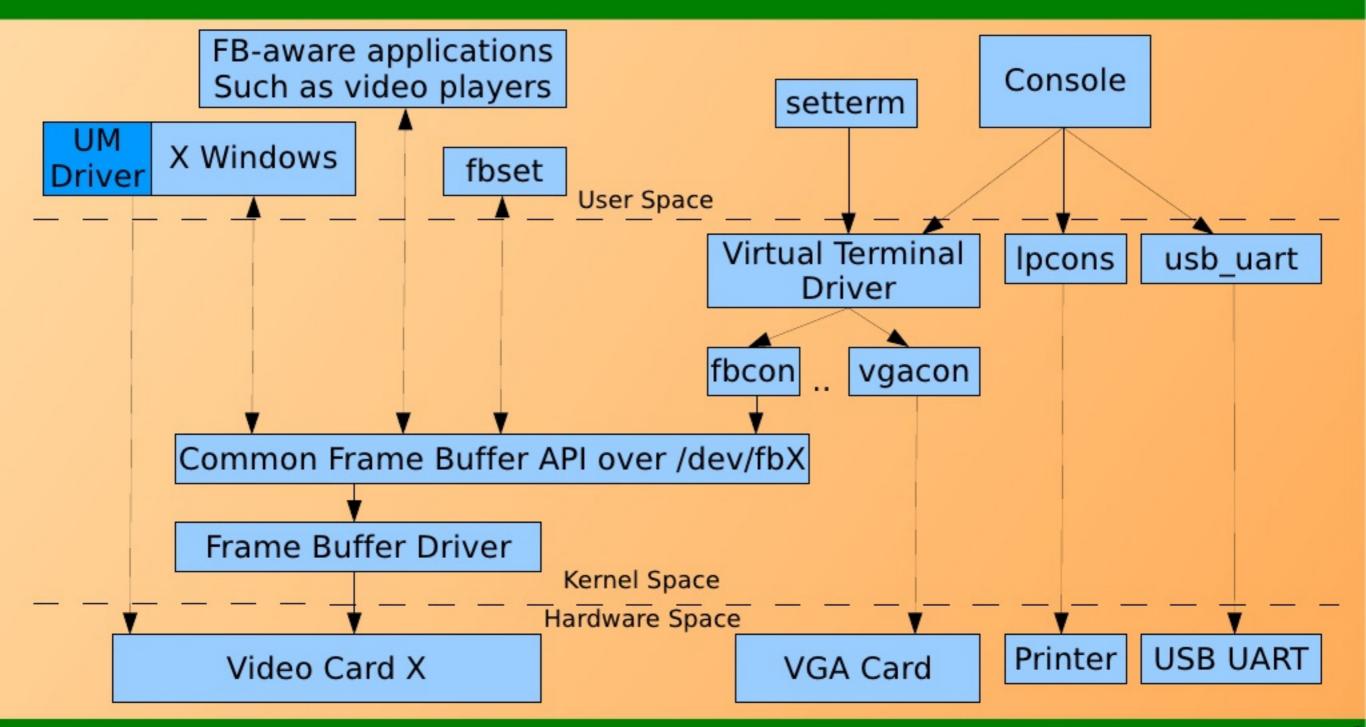
- ★ Device Category: I²C, SPI,
- Driver Category: Character with Platform
- Porting mostly involves
 - Respective bus controller code (driver) to be enabled in the kernel

Custom I/O Management

- Topics under Consideration
 - Video
 - Audio

Video Drivers

Video Subsystem



FB Programming Interface

```
★Header: linux/fb.h>
★Data Structures
  struct fb_info - Main data structure
  struct fb_ops - Entry points
  struct fb_var_screen_info - Resolution, ...
  struct fb fix screen info - FB start addr, ...
  struct fb_cmap - RGB colour map
*APIs
  int register_framebuffer(struct fb_info *fb_info);
  int unregister_framebuffer(struct fb_info *fb_info);
  struct fb_info *framebuffer_alloc(size_t size, struct device *dev);
  void framebuffer_release(struct fb_info *info);
  int fb_alloc_cmap(struct fb_cmap *cmap, int len, int transp);
  void fb_dealloc_cmap(struct fb_cmap *cmap);
★Source: drivers/video/
```

struct fb_ops

```
★ fb open - Open

★ fb release - Close

* fb check var - Check video parameters
★ fb set par - Set video controller registers
* fb setcolreg - Create pseudo colour palette map
the blank - Blank / Unblank display
* fb fillrect - Fill rectangle with pixel lines
fb_copyarea - Copy rectangular area between screens
* fb imageblit - Draw an image to the display
★ fb rotate - Rotate the display
* fb ioctl - loctl interface for device specific commands
```

Console Programming Interface

- Header: linux/console.h>
- ★ Data Structures
 - struct console top-level console driver
 - struct consw bottom-level console driver
- * APIs
 - void register_console(struct console *);
 - int unregister_console(struct console *);
 - int register_con_driver(const struct consw *csw, int first, int last);
 - int unregister_con_driver(const struct consw *csw);

Porting a Video Driver

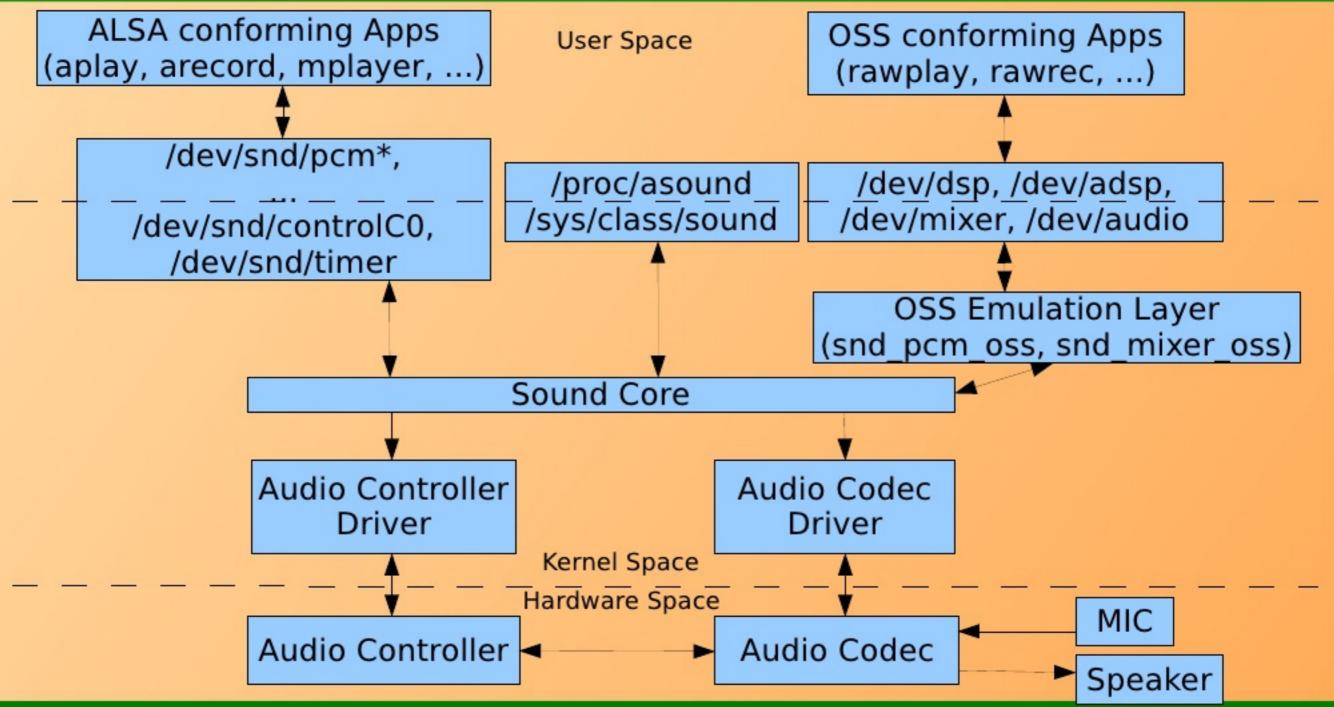
- Standard Video Chipset
 - Mostly involves changing pin assignments as per the Board Design
- New Video Chipset
 - Complete Driver as per the preceeding discussions, need to be implemented

Browse some Video Drivers

- * For Frame Buffer drivers
 - Browse the drivers/video/ folder
- * For Console drivers
 - Browse the drivers/video/console/ folder

Audio Drivers

Audio Subsystem



ALSA Sound Card Interface

- * Header: linux/sound/core.h>
- Data Structure: struct snd_card
- * APIs
 - int snd_card_create(int idx, const char *id, struct module *module, int extra_size, struct snd_card **card_ret);
 - int snd card free(struct snd card *card);
 - int snd card register(struct snd card *card);

ALSA PCM Interface

- ★ Header: linux/sound/pcm.h>
- ★ Data Structure
 - struct snd_pcm
 - struct snd_pcm_ops
- * APIs
 - int snd_pcm_lib_malloc_pages(struct snd_pcm_substream *substream, size_t size);
 - int snd_pcm_lib_free_pages(struct snd_pcm_substream *substream);
 - int snd_pcm_new(struct snd_card *card, const char *id, int device, int playback_count, int capture_count, struct snd_pcm **rpcm);
 - void snd_pcm_set_ops(struct snd_pcm * pcm, int direction, struct snd_pcm_ops *ops);

ALSA Sound Card Interface

- * Header: linux/sound/control.h>
- Data Structure: struct snd_kcontrol_new
- * APIs
 - int snd_ctl_add(struct snd_card * card, struct snd_kcontrol * kcontrol);
 - int snd_ctl_remove(struct snd_card * card, struct snd kcontrol * kcontrol);

Porting a Audio Driver

- Standard Audio Codec
 - Mostly involves changing pin assignments as per the Board Design
- New Audio Codec
 - Complete Driver as per the preceeding discussions, need to be implemented

Browse some Audio Drivers

- * For ALSA drivers
 - Browse the sound/ folder
 - Say sound/arm/aaci.*

What all have we learnt?

- Basic I/O Management Support
- Advanced I/O Management
 - Video Subsystem
 - Frame Buffer Programming Interface
 - Console Programming Interface
 - Porting
 - Audio Subsystem
 - ALSA Programming Interface
 - Porting

Any Queries?