

Timers

What to Expect?

- ★ Alarm based Trivial Timer
- ★ Interval Timers based on other Signals

Trivial Timer

- ★ Based on the alarm signal (SIGALRM)
- ★ One Timer per Process
- ★ Timer resolution is in seconds
- ★ Activated using the alarm() system call
 - ◆ Any subsequent calls to alarm cancels the previous ones, if not already triggered
- ★ Triggered after seconds specified in last alarm() call
- ★ SIGALRM handler is the timer handler
- ★ One shot behaviour, unless activated again

Other User Space Timers

- ★ Based on Interval Timers
- ★ Total of three timers possible per Process
 - ITIMER_REAL (Based on real time) – SIGALRM
 - ITIMER_VIRTUAL (Based on execution time) – SIGVTALRM
 - ITIMER_PROF (Based on overall execution time) – SIGPROF
- ★ Timer Resolution is in micro seconds
 - Though expiry may be a little later
- ★ Activated using setitimer system call
 - And can be queried using getitimer system call
- ★ Triggered Periodically, every interval, after current value
 - As specified in the setitimer call
 - From the call to setitimer

Other User Space Timers ...

- ★ POSIX.1-2008 marks the setitimer / getitimer calls obsolete
- ★ Rather recommends the following
 - ▶ timer_settime, timer_gettime
 - ▶ timer_create, timer_delete
 - ▶ timer_getoverrun
- ★ With these, many more interval timers could be used
 - ▶ Using signals other than the 3 usual ones
 - ▶ Also including the real-time signals

What all have we learnt?

- ★ Alarm based Trivial Timer
- ★ Interval Timers based on other Signals

Any Queries?