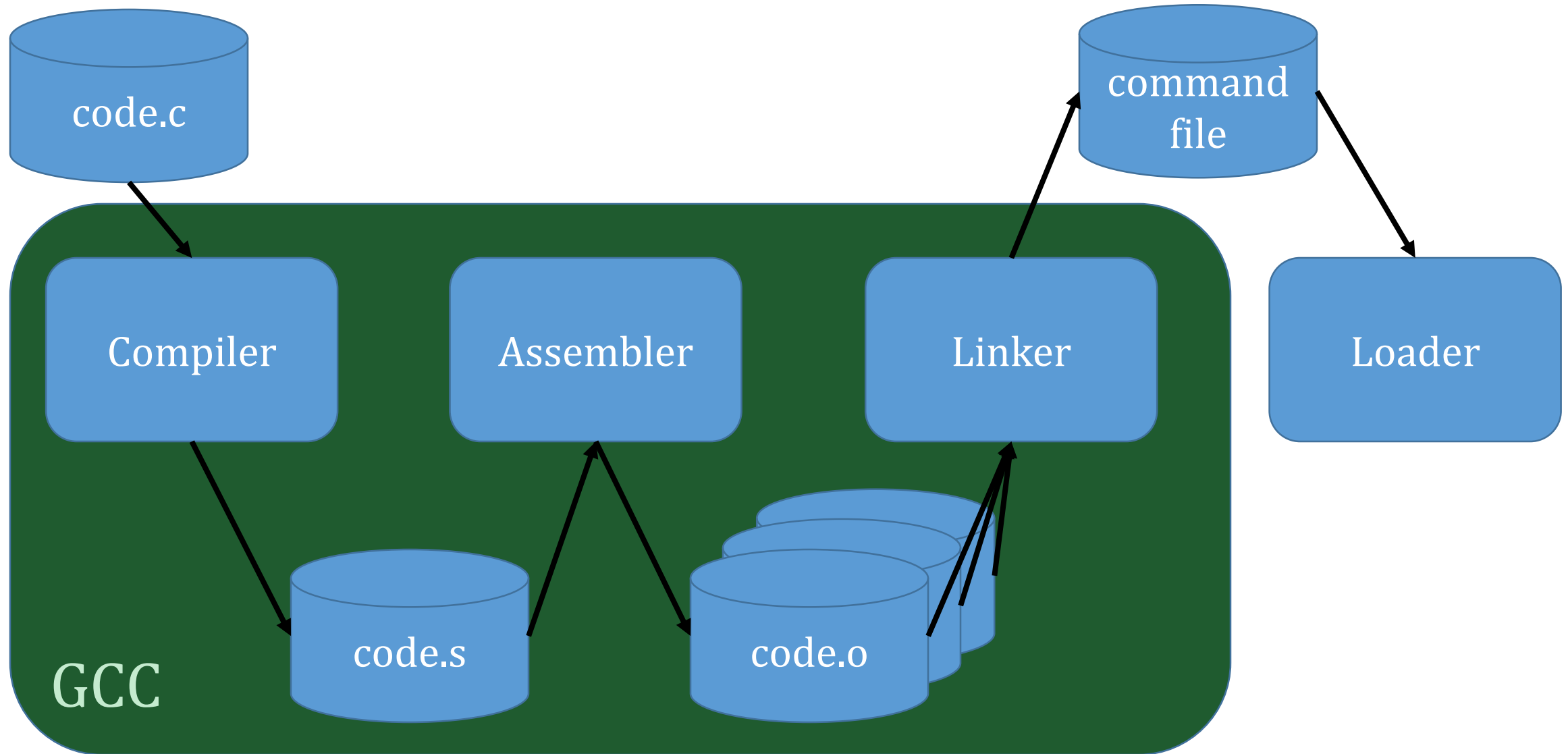


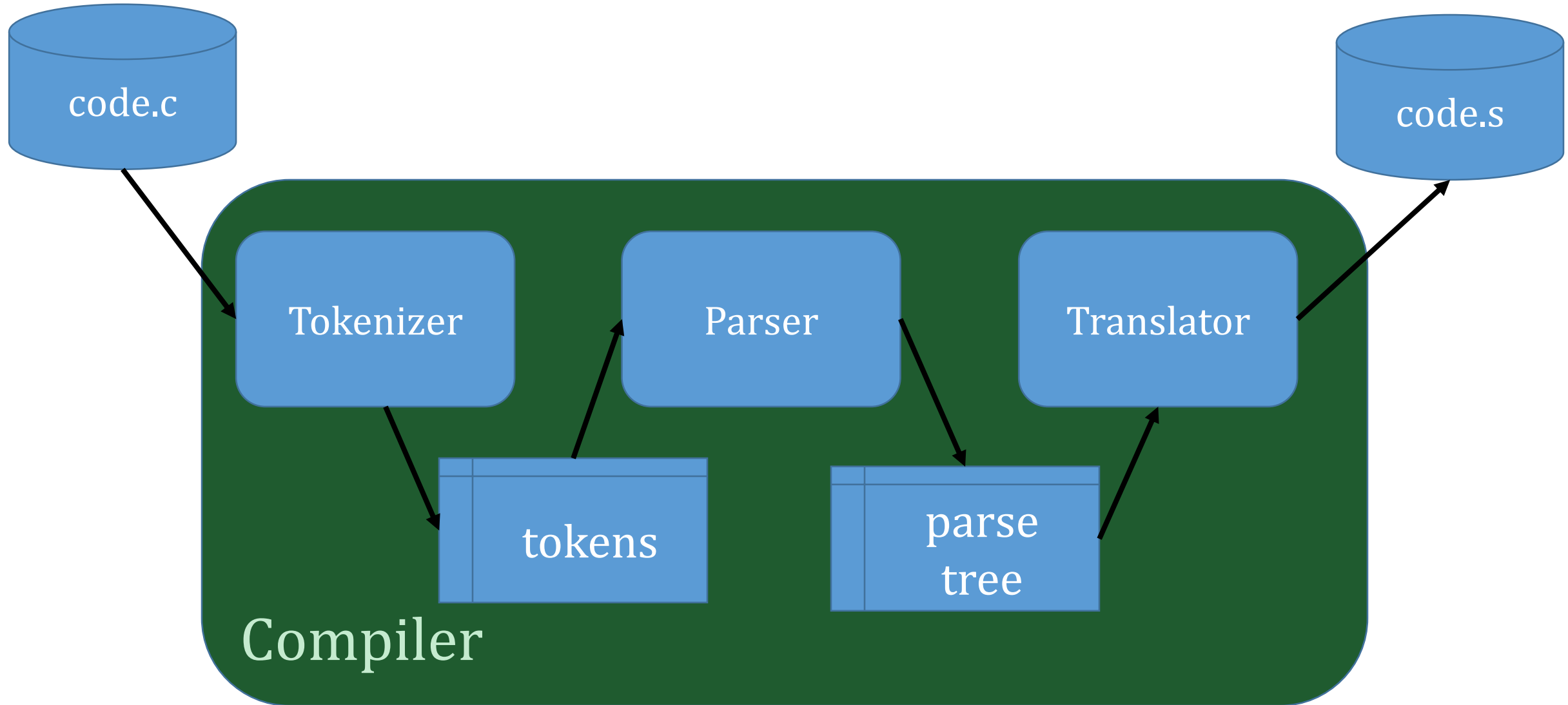
# C Internals

Text: Introduction to Computer Systems : Chapters 11,14.3

# From C to Execution



# C Compiler Components



# Example: Simple C Program

```
int bignuff(int x) { return (x>10)?1:0; }
```

```
int main(int argc,char **argv) {  
    if (bignuff(12)) return 0;  
    return 1;  
}
```

# Tokenizer

```
int bignuff(int x) { return (x>10)?1:0; }
```

```
int main(int argc,char **argv) {  
    if (bignuff(12)) return 0;  
    return 1;  
}
```

```
int bignuff ( int x ) { return ( x > 10 ) ? 1 : 0 ; } \n \n int main ( int argc ,  
char * * argv ) { \n \t if ( bignuff ( 12 ) return 0 ; \n \t return 1 ; \n }
```

The diagram illustrates the mapping of tokens to non-terminals in a grammar. Tokens are represented by blue boxes, and non-terminals by green boxes. Arrows indicate the derivation from tokens to non-terminals and then to the final 'program' node.

**Token sequence:** `int bignuff ( int x ) { return ( x > 10 ) ? 1 : 0 ; } \n \n int main ( int argc ,`

**Non-terminals and their derivations:**

- func.sig.** is derived from `int`, `bignuff`, `(`, `int`, `x`, `)`, `{`, `return`, `(`, `x`, `>`, `10`, `)`, `?`, `1`, `:`, `0`, `;`, `}`, `\n`, `\n`.
- func.def.** is derived from `int`, `main`, `(`, `int`, `argc`, `,`.
- program** is derived from `func.sig.` and `func.def.`.

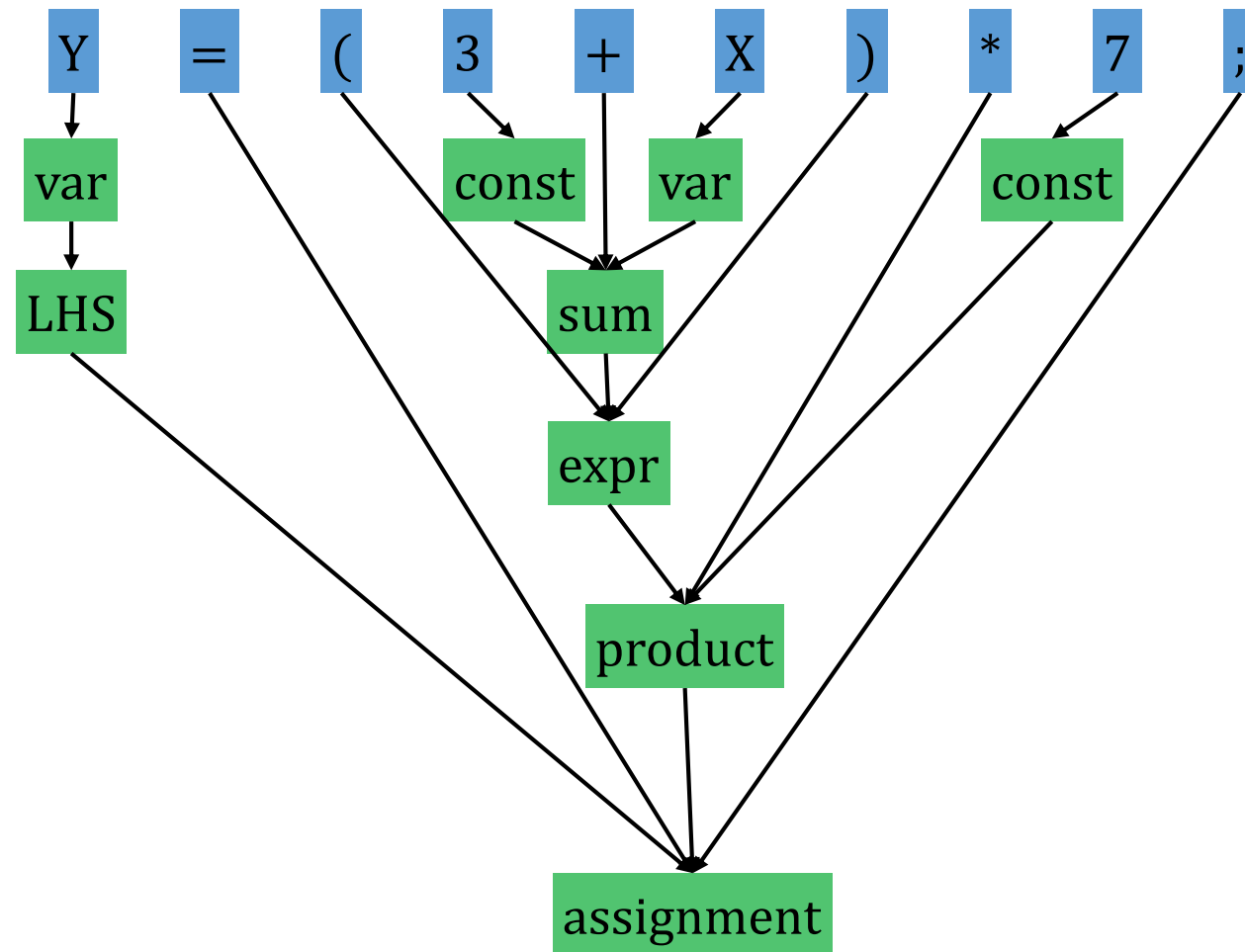
**Intermediate non-terminals and their derivations:**

- arglist** is derived from `int`, `x`.
- arg** is derived from `int`, `x`.
- condition** is derived from `x`, `>`, `10`.
- expression** is derived from `x`, `>`, `10`, `?`, `1`, `:`, `0`.
- ret. stmt** is derived from `return`, `(`, `x`, `>`, `10`, `)`, `?`, `1`, `:`, `0`, `;`, `}`.
- func.sig.** is derived from `int`, `main`, `(`, `int`, `argc`, `,`.
- func.def.** is derived from `int`, `main`, `(`, `int`, `argc`, `,`.

# Translator

- Reads tree starting at root `program`
- At each level
  - writes assembly code to start that level
  - invokes translator for each component
  - writes assembly code to finish that level

# Translator Example



-> assignment

-> product

-> expr

-> sum

-> const: and r0,r0,#0

<- const: add r0,r0,#3

-> var: ldr r1,r6,x1A

<- var:

<- sum: add r0,r1,r0

<- expr:

-> const: add r1,r1,#0

<- const: add r1,r1,#7

<- product: jsr mult0r1

<- assignment: str r0,r6,#0C



# Function Activation Frame

- “Frame” – list of data (not always same type)
- Activation Frame: Data associated with One Function Invocation
- Activation Frame Contents:
  - Return Address
  - Return Value
  - Argument Values
  - Local Variable Values
  - Saved Register Values
- Created on function invocation
- Deleted after function returns

ret@   retval   arg1   arg2   x   y   r0   r1   r7
--

# Frame Stack

- Stack of Activation Frames
- Function Invocation  $\Leftrightarrow$  Push Activation Frame on Frame stack
- Function return  $\Leftrightarrow$  Pop Activation Frame off of Frame stack
- OS pushes “main” frame stack on stack frame when started
- Frame stack contains history of who’s calling whom

# Frame Stack Example

```
1: int main() { int x=5;  
2:   return (bignuff(  
3:     add3(  
4:       add3(x)))  
5:       ?0:x; }  
6: int bignuff(int n) {  
7:   if (n>10) return 1;  
8:   return 0; }  
9: int add3(int n) {  
10:  n=n+3;  
11:  return n; }
```

## Frame Stack

main

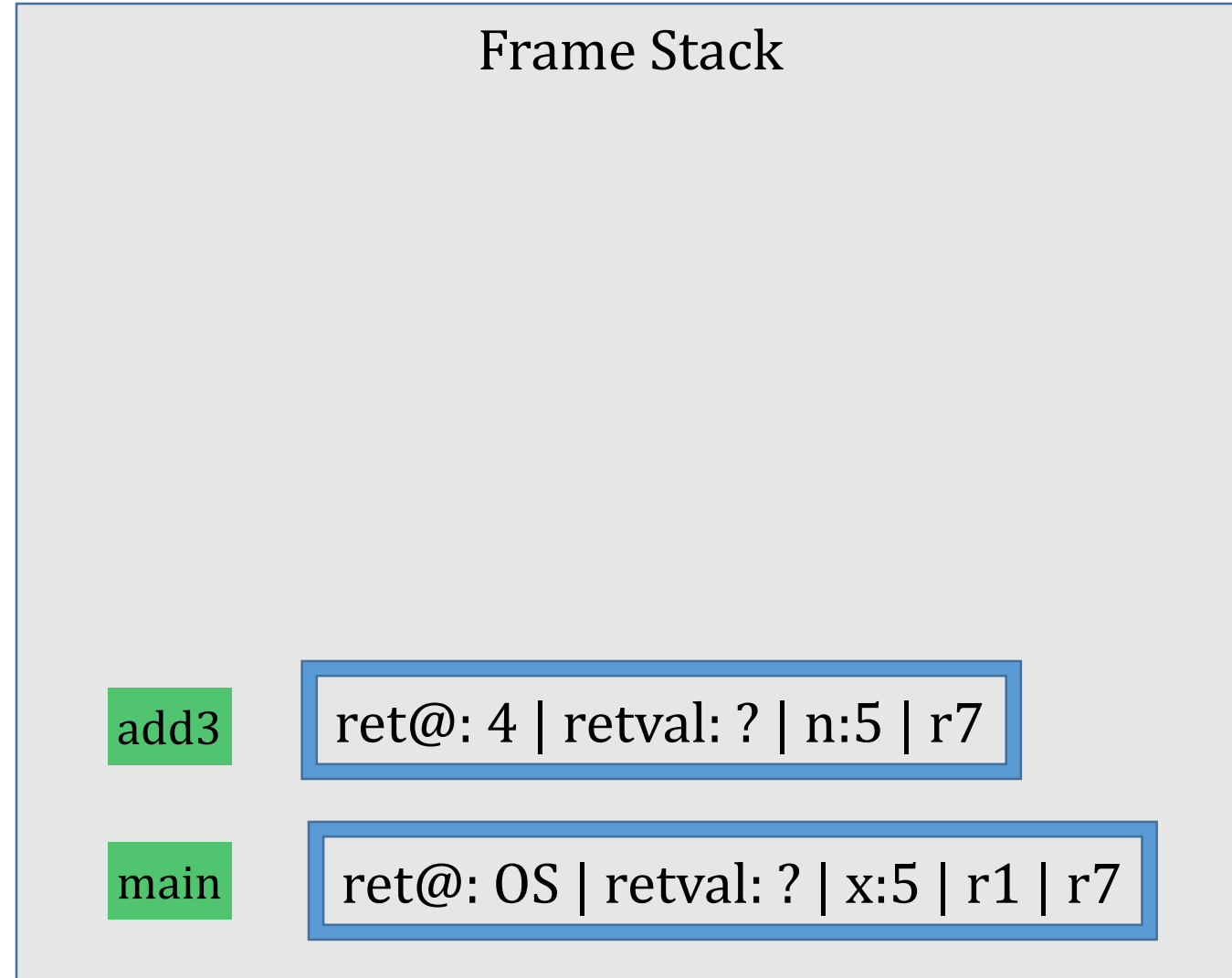
ret@: OS | retval: ? | x:5 | r1 | r7

# Frame Stack Example

```

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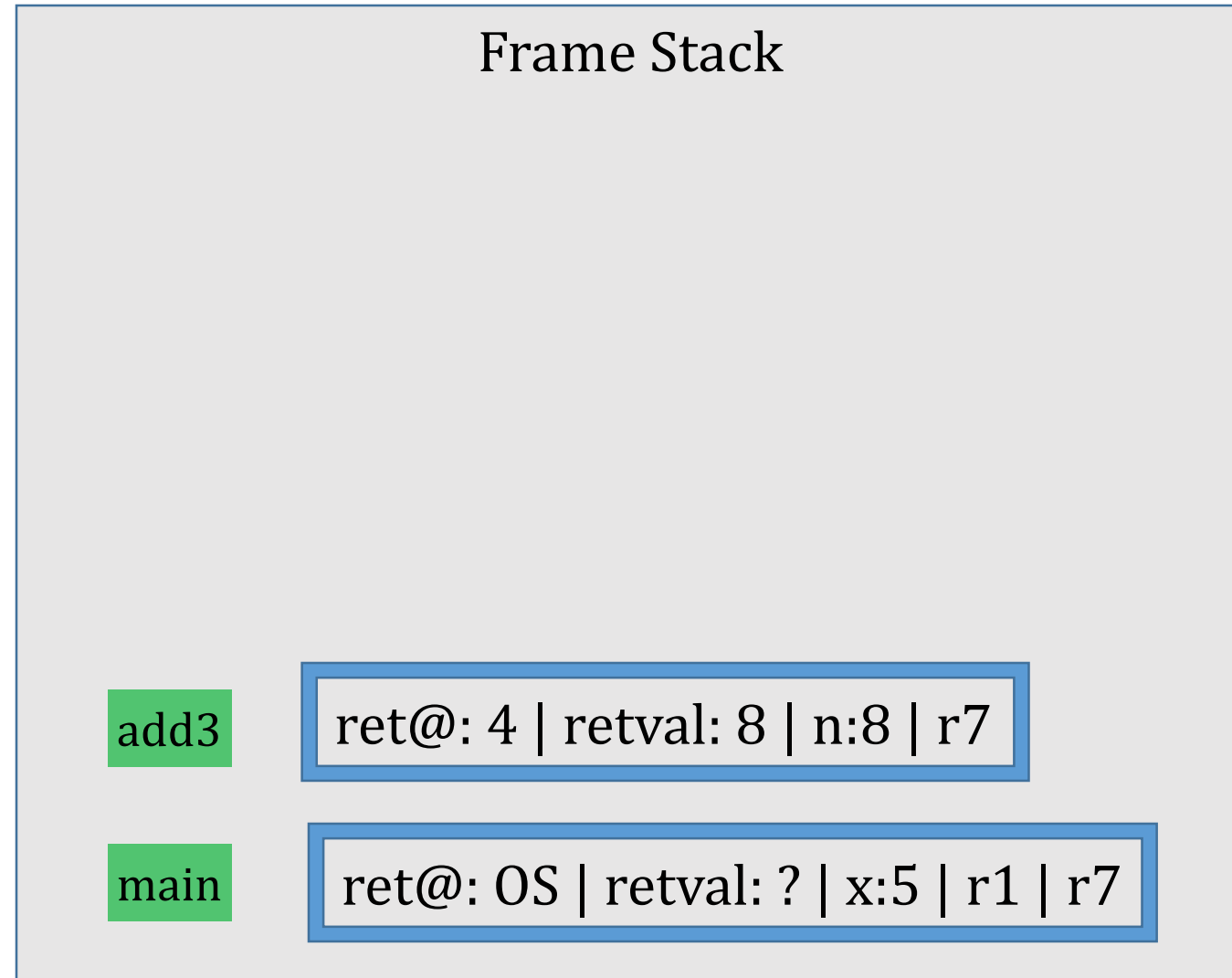


# Frame Stack Example

```

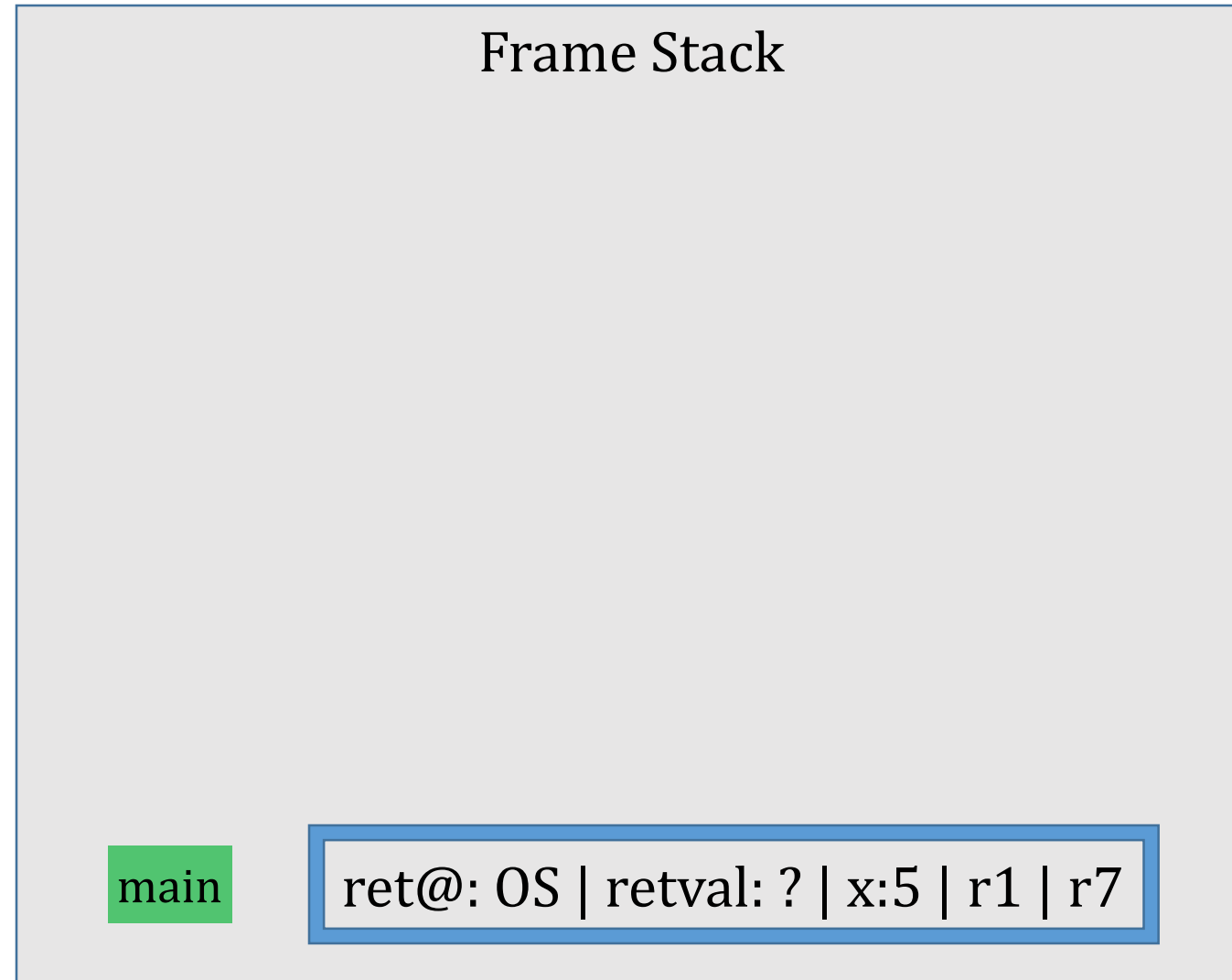
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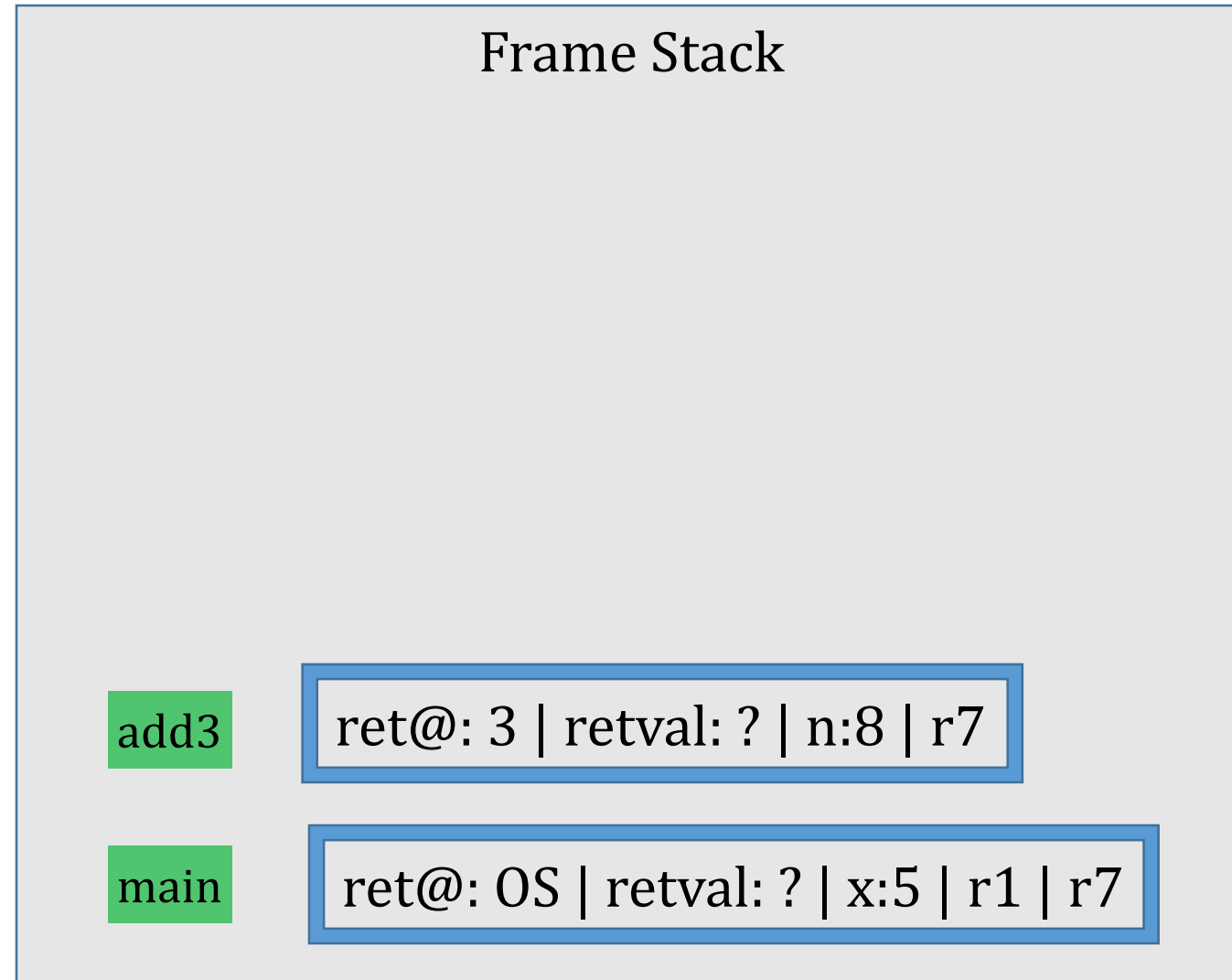


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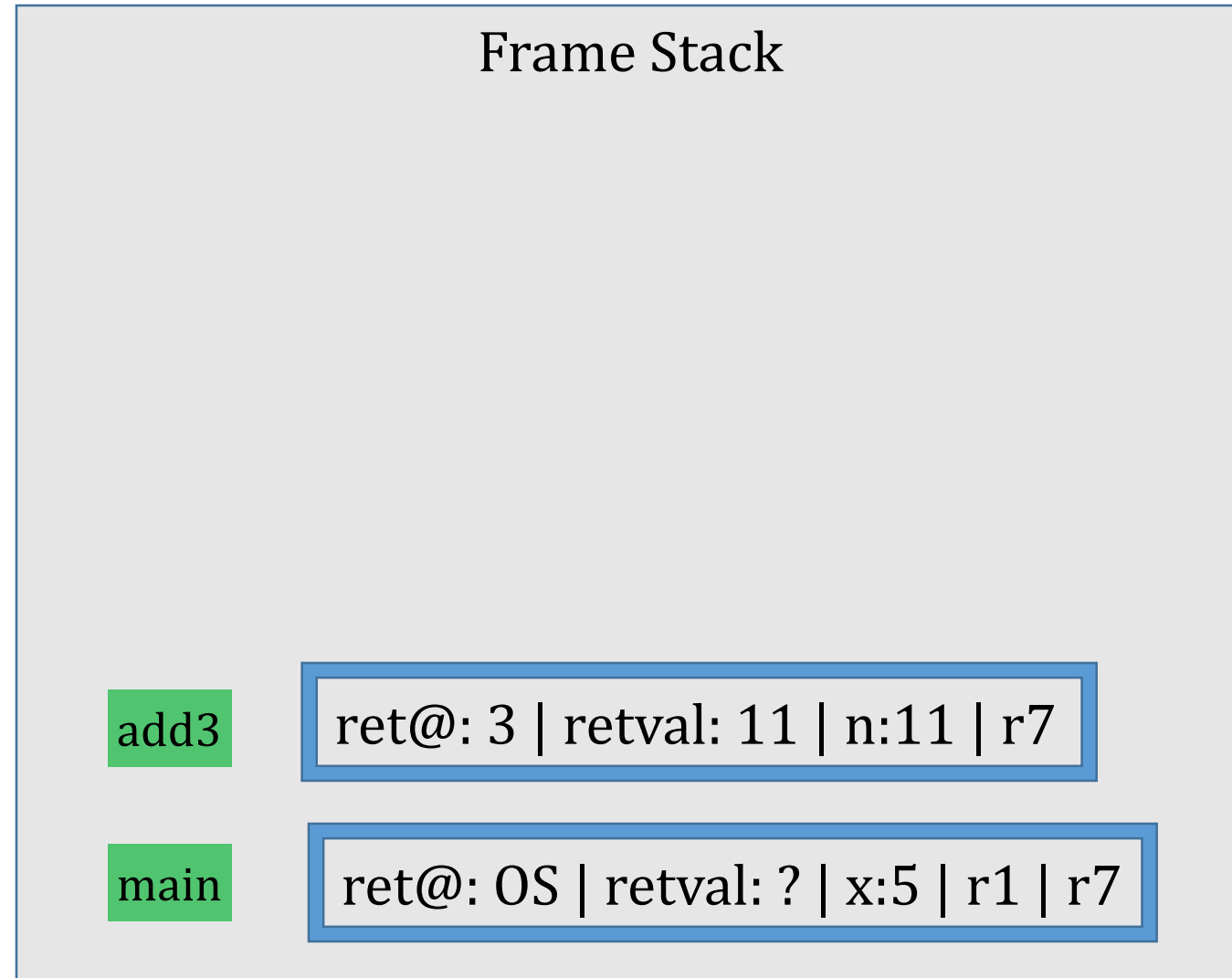


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# Frame Stack Example

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Frame Stack

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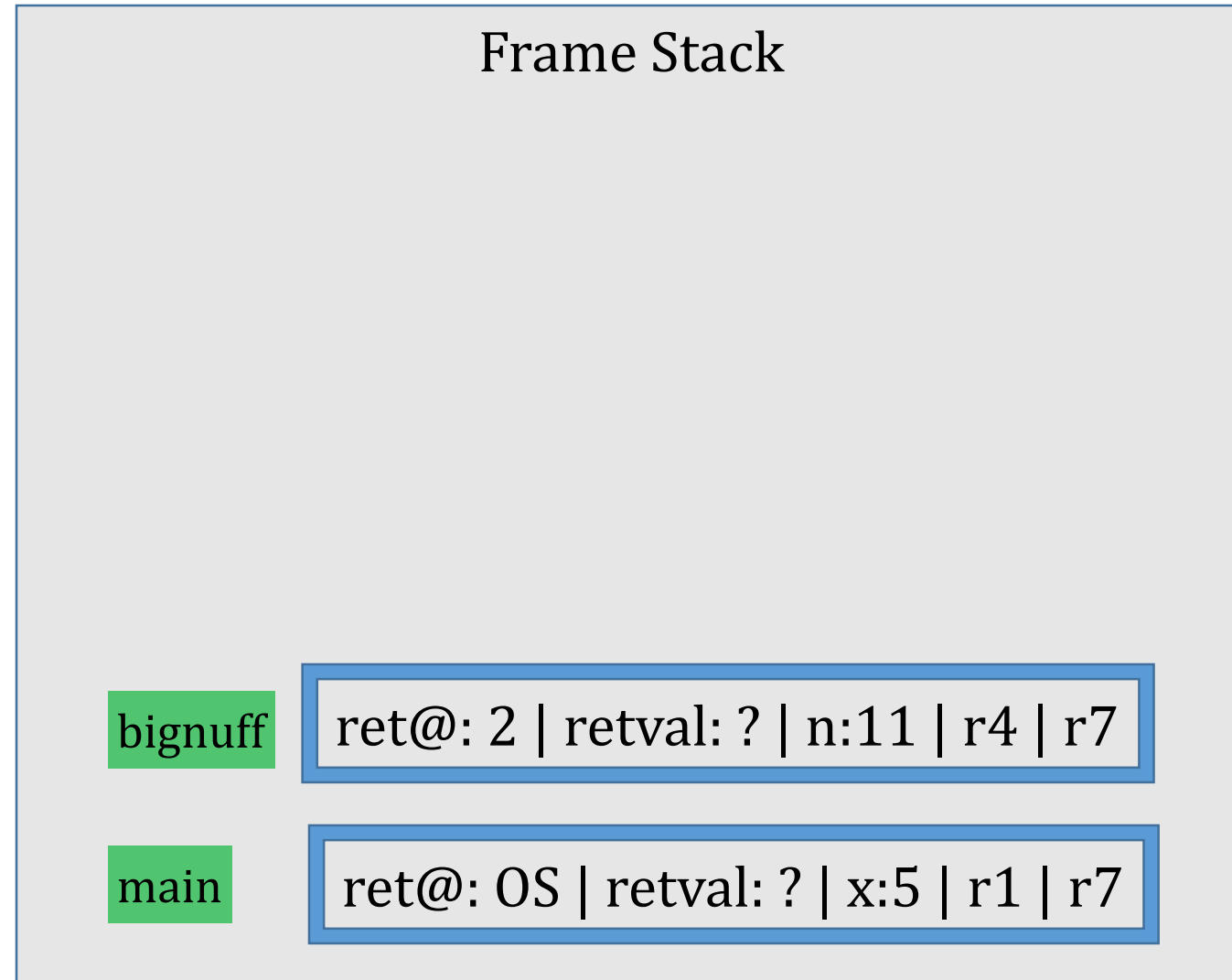
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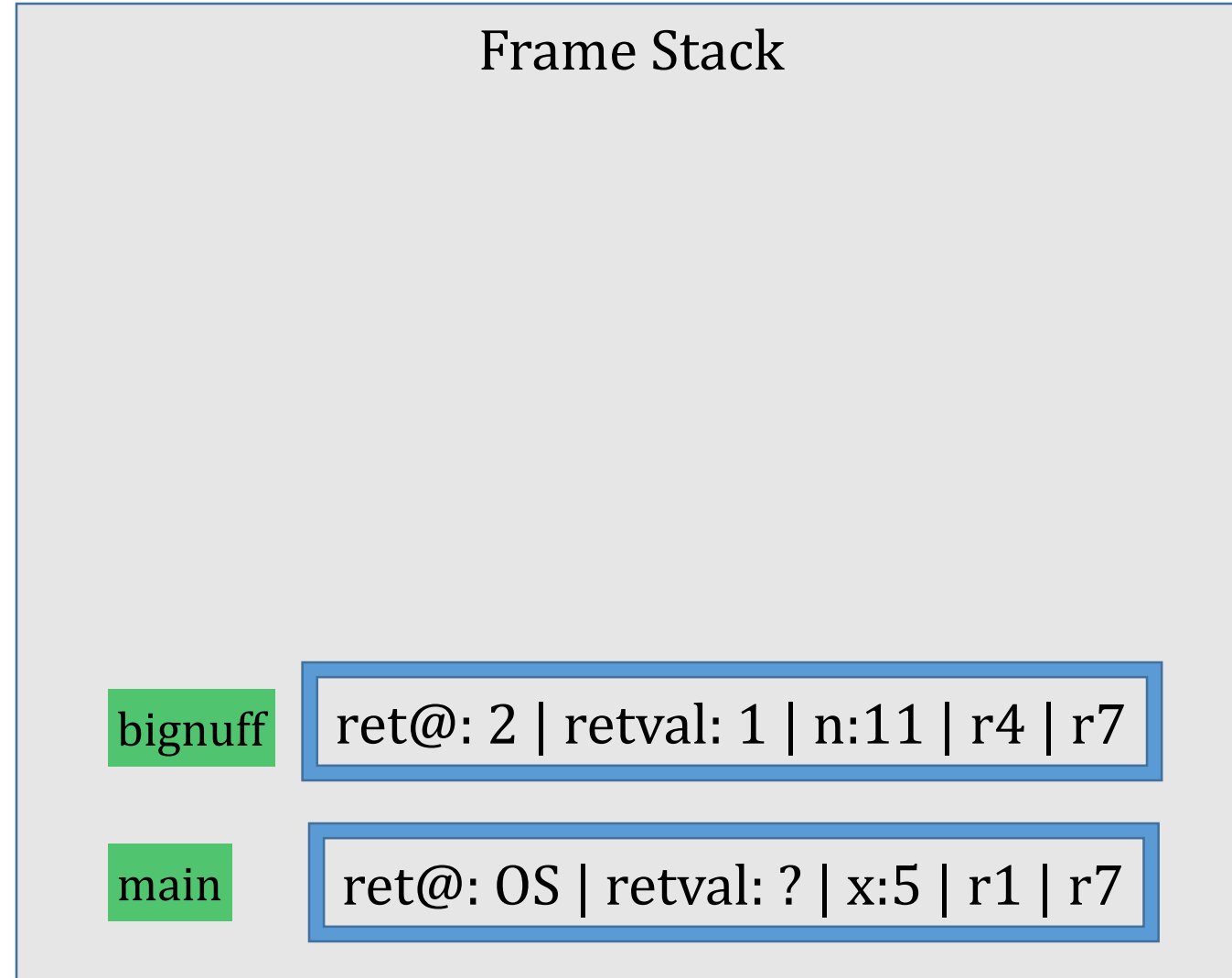


# Frame Stack Example

```

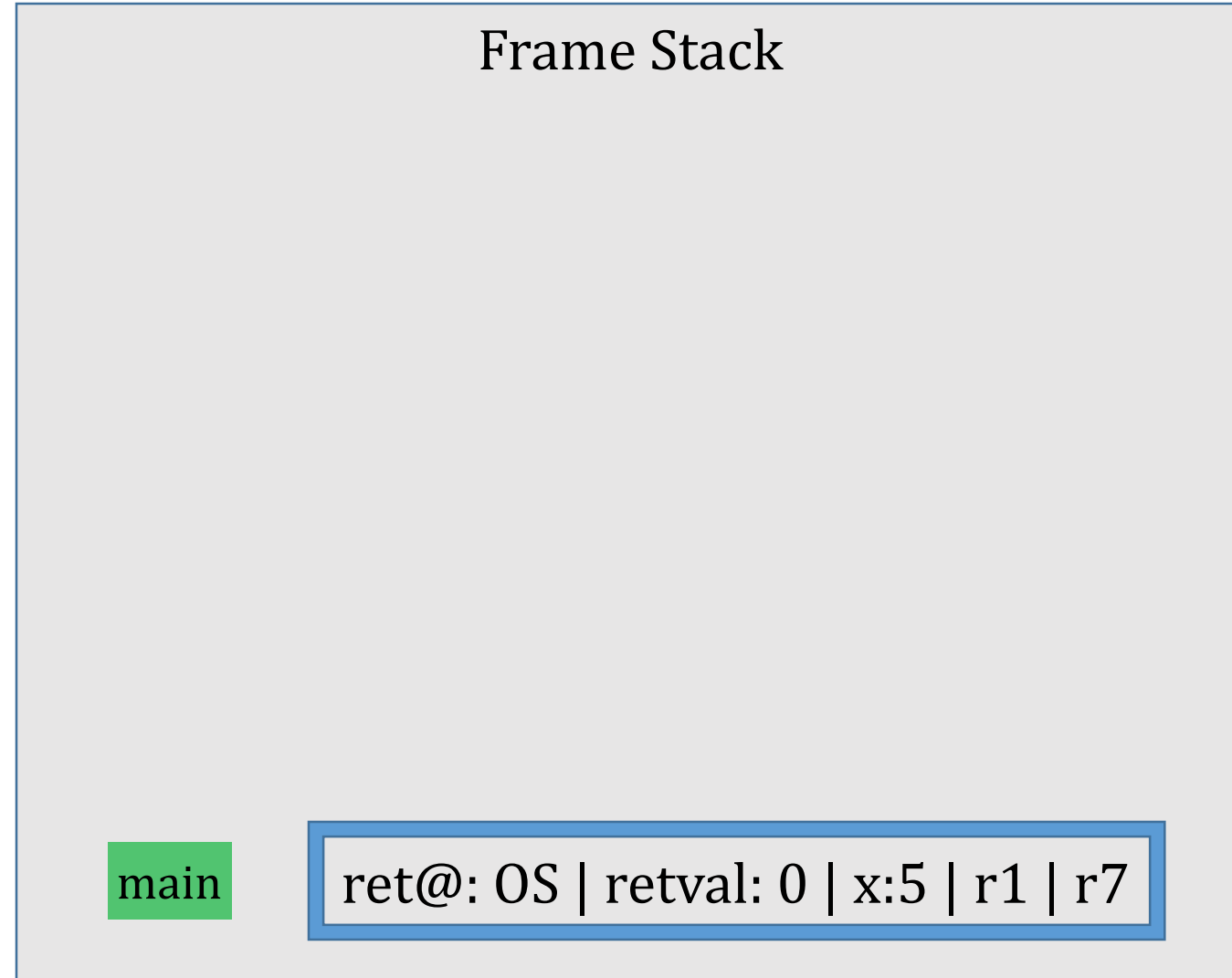
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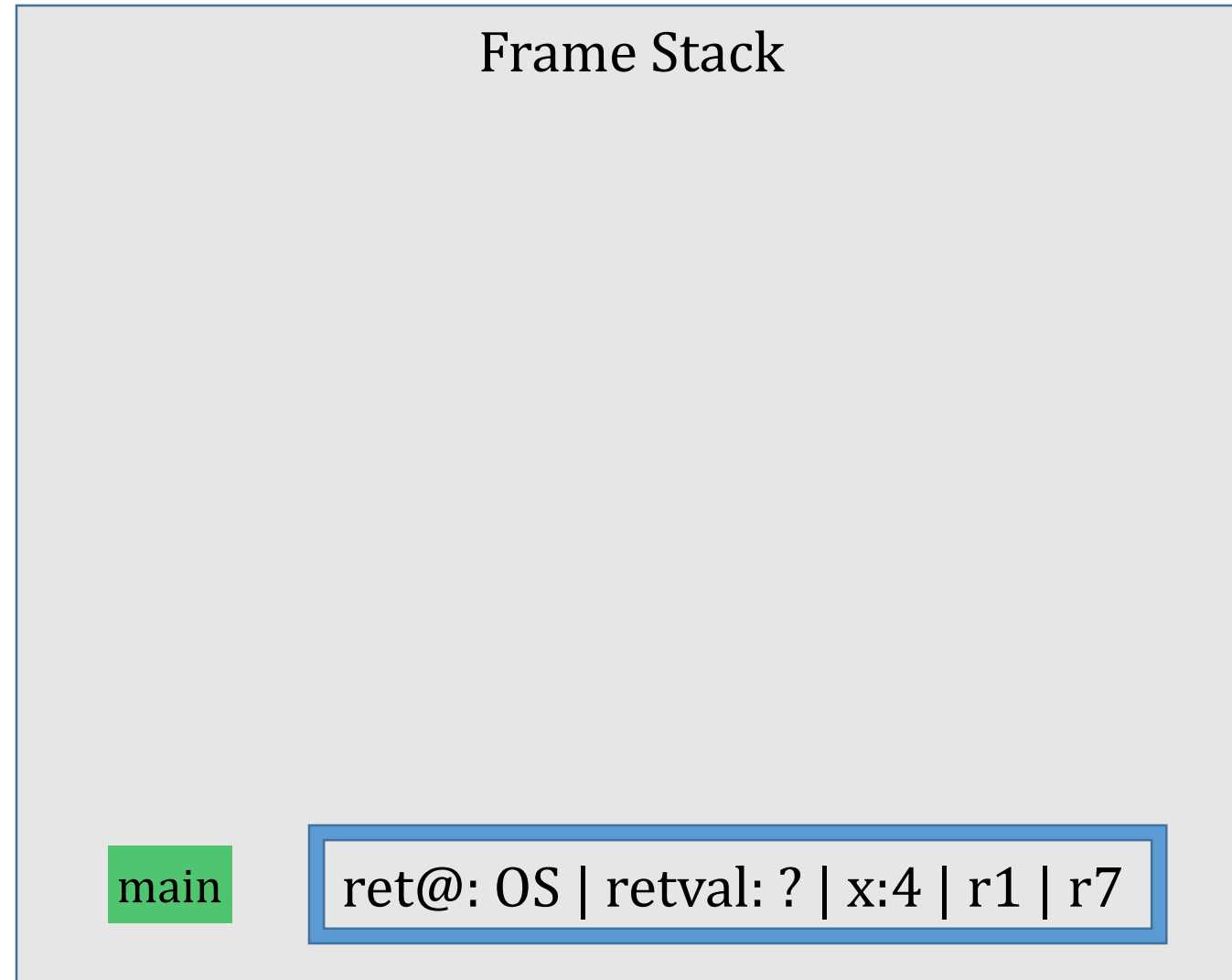
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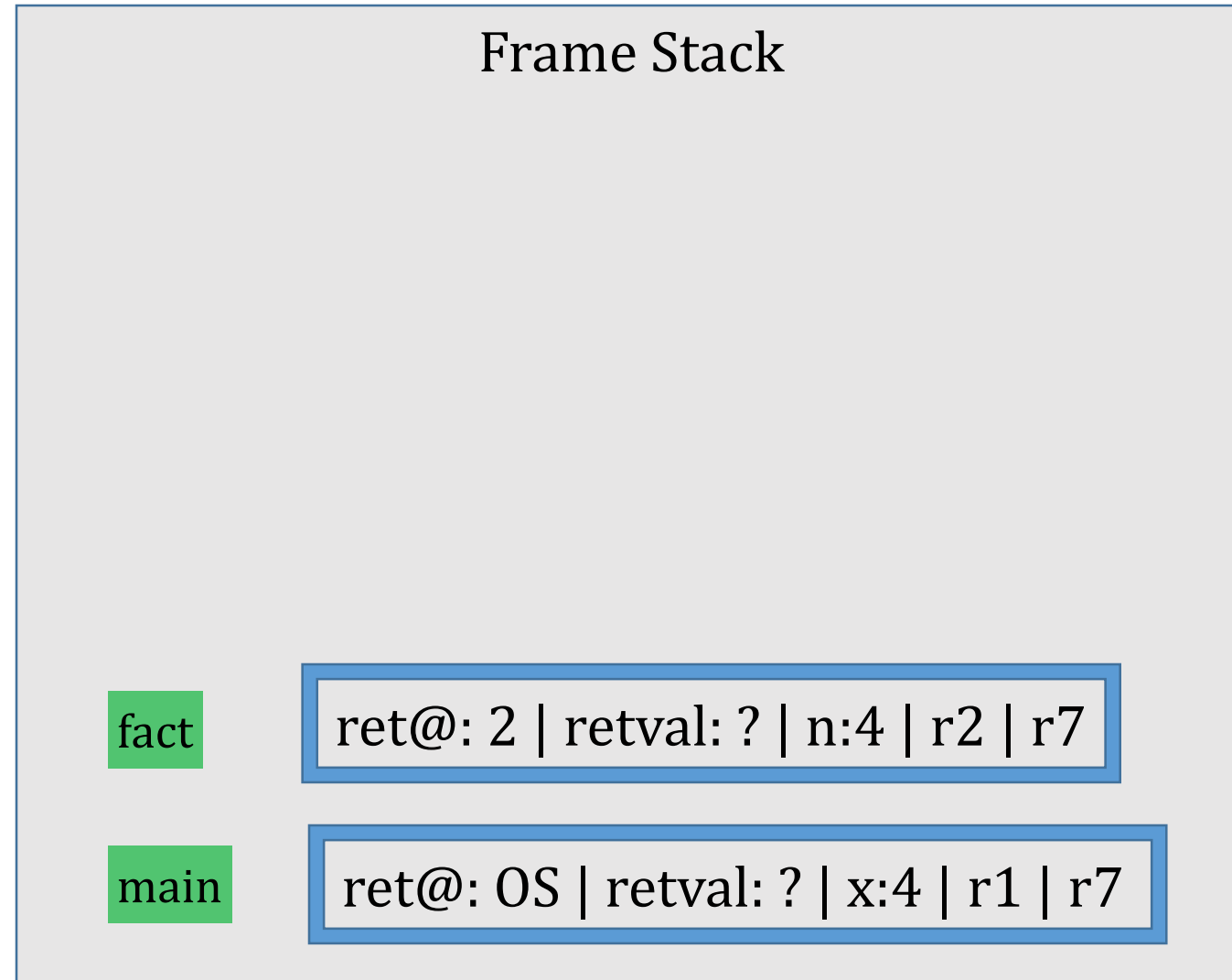
# Frame Stack and Recursion

```
1: int main() { int x=4;  
→ 2:   return ( fact(x) );  
3:  
4: int fact(int n) {  
5:   if (n<2) return 1;  
6:   return n *  
7:     fact(n-1); }
```



# Frame Stack and Recursion

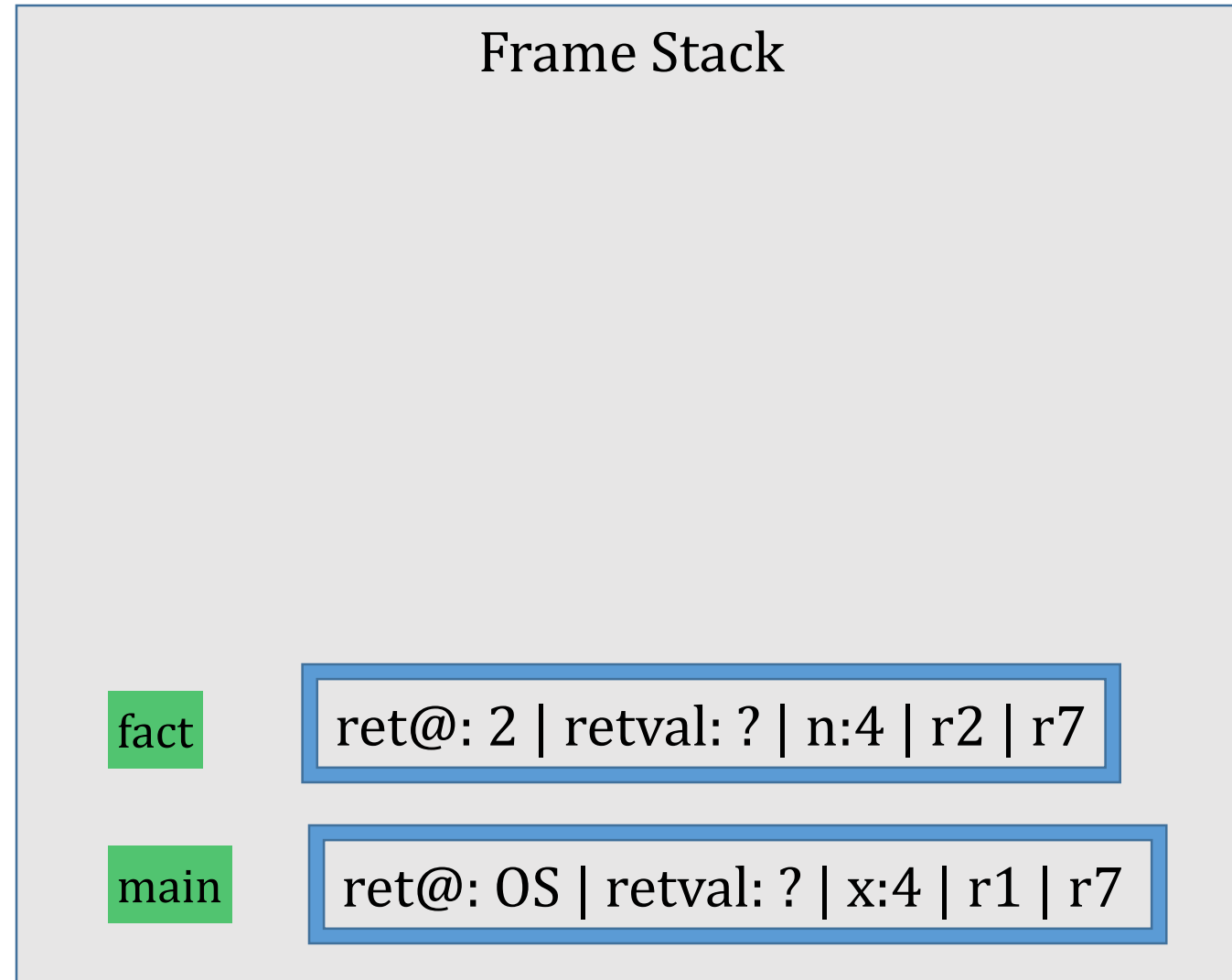
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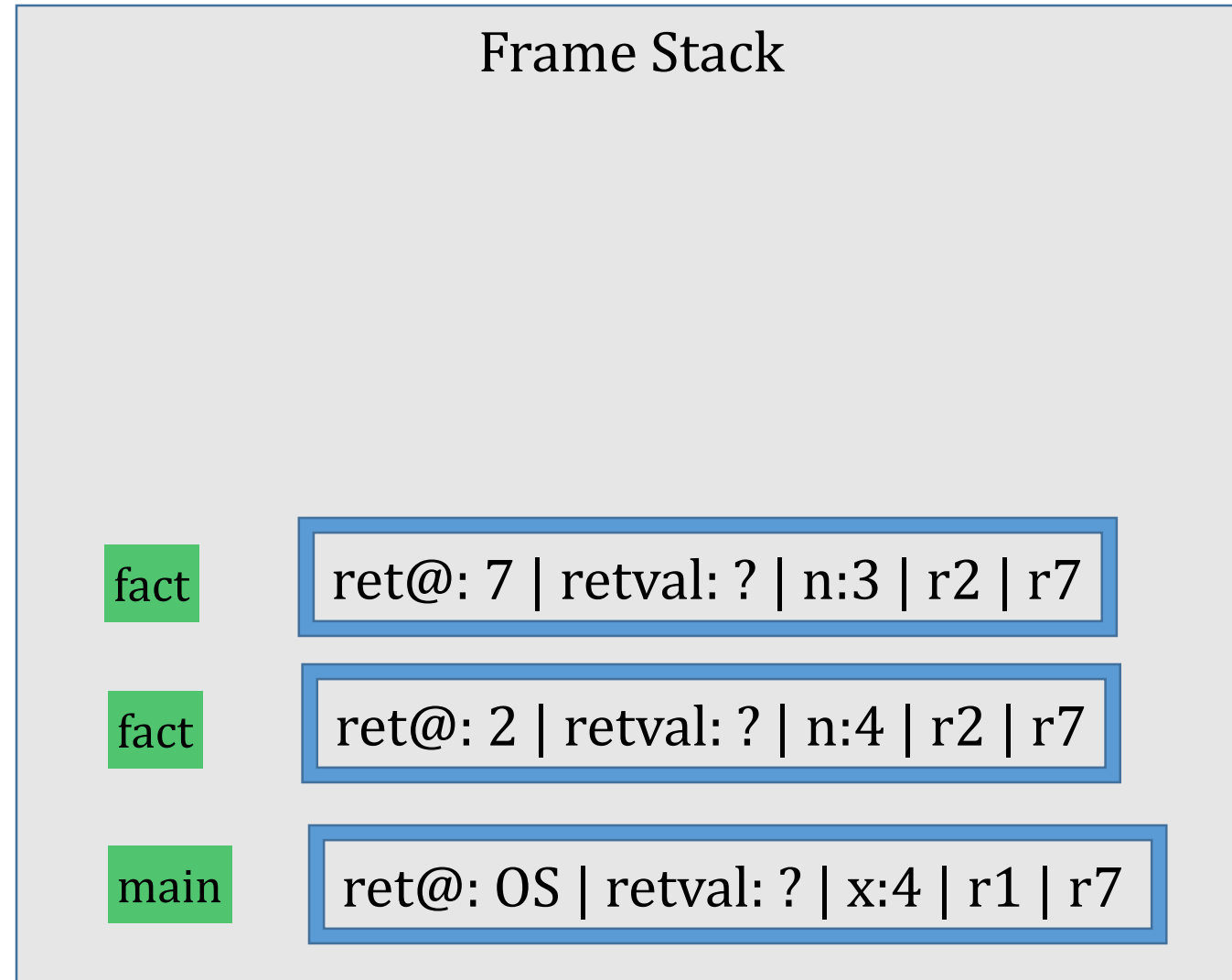


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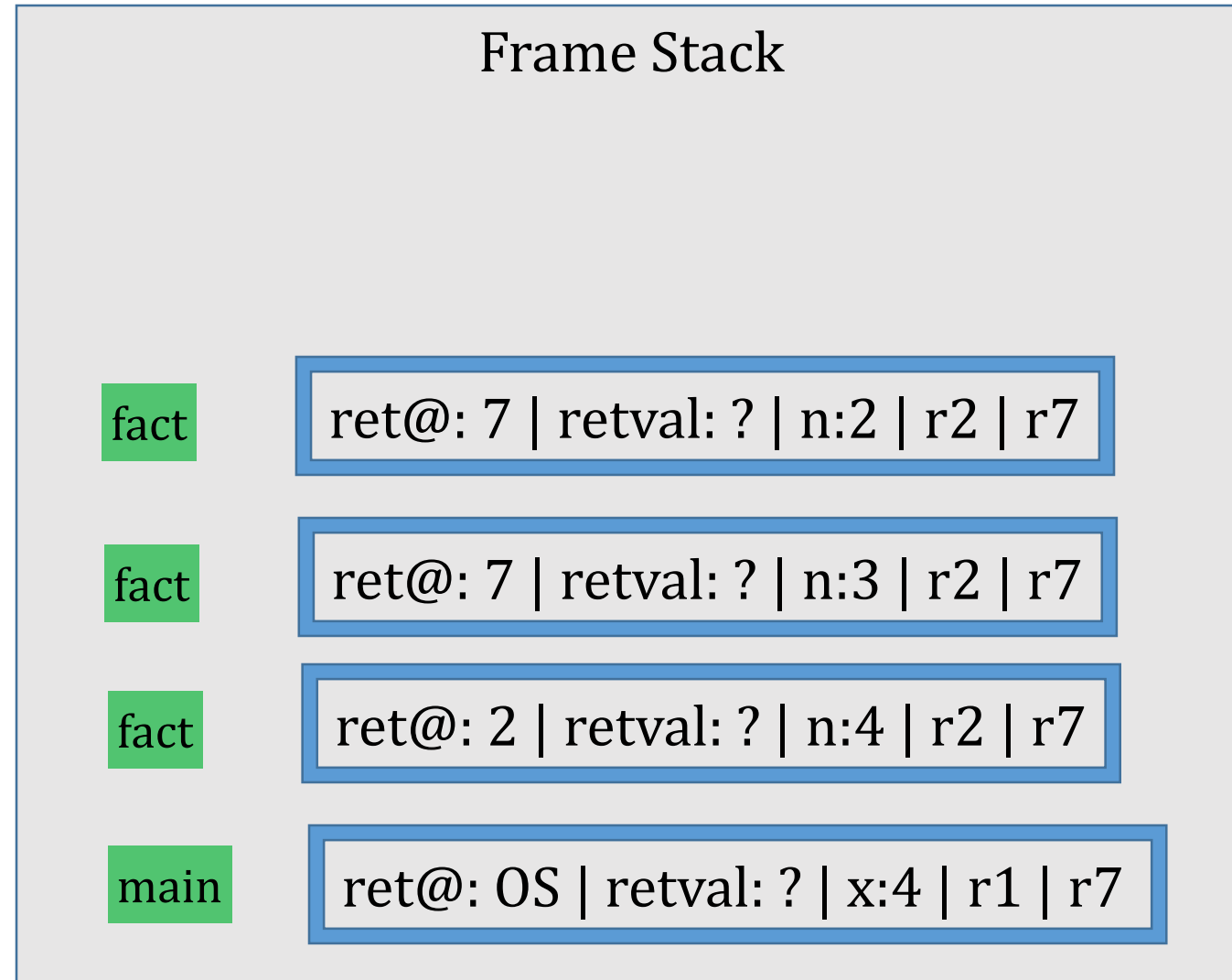


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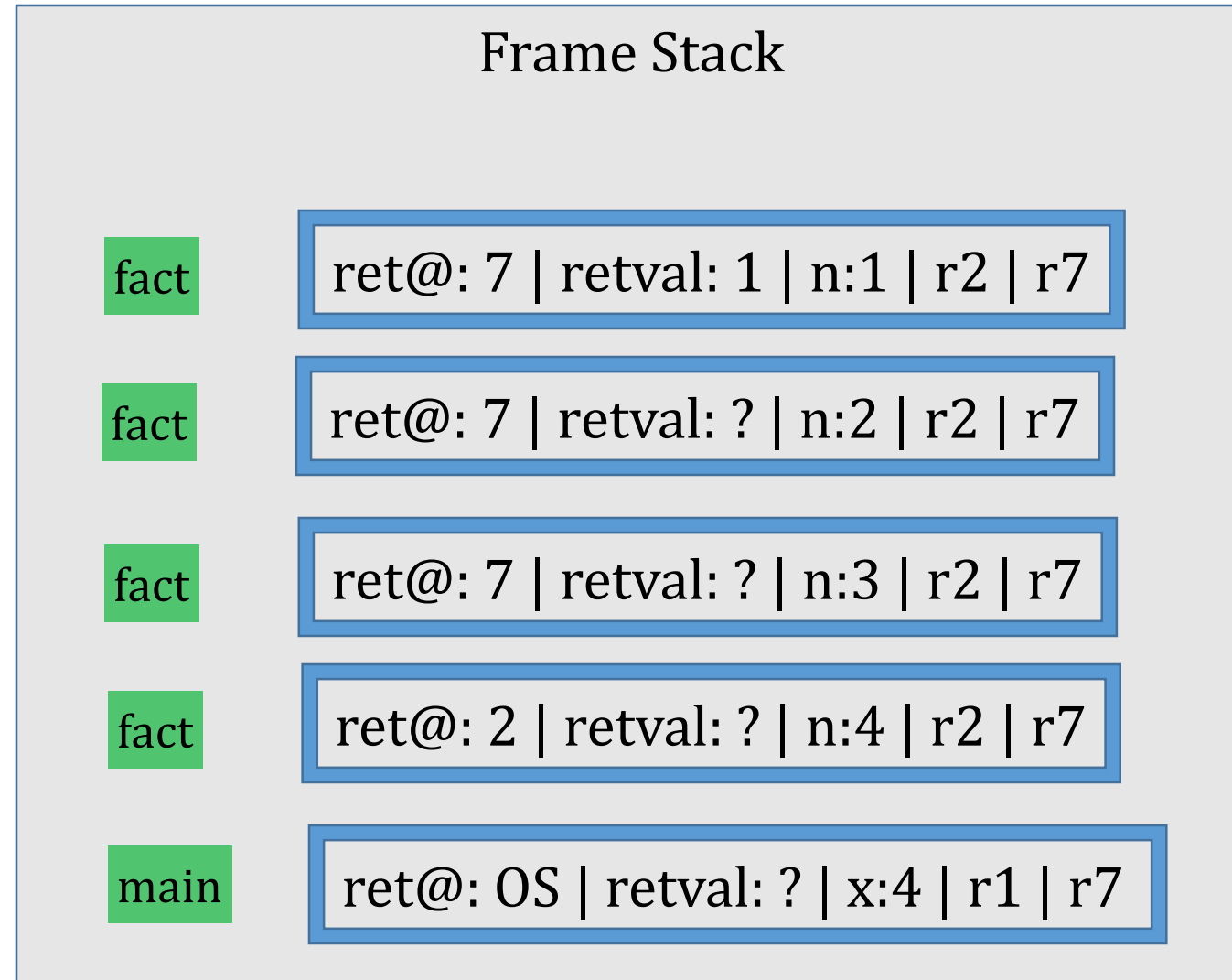


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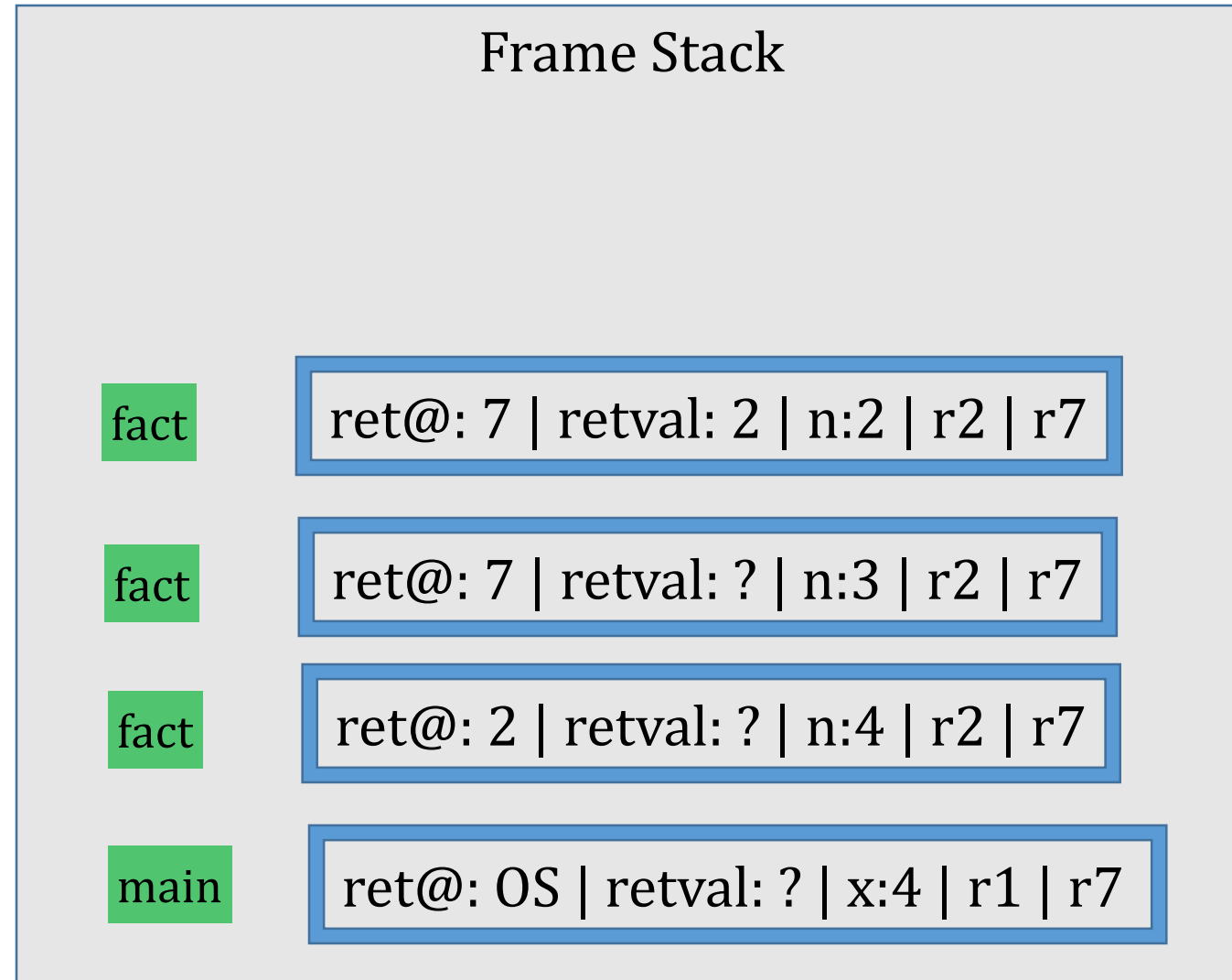


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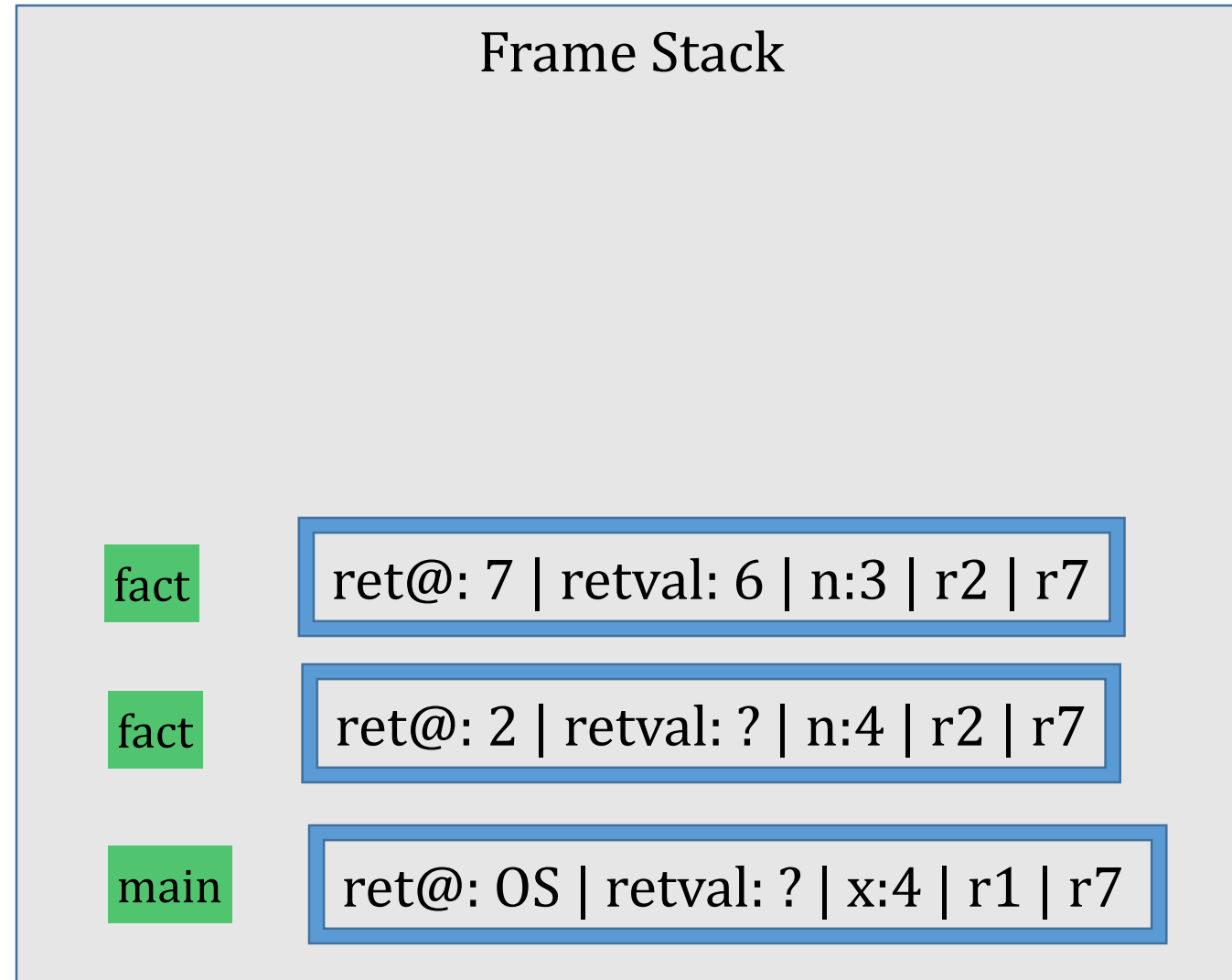
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# Frame Stack and Recursion

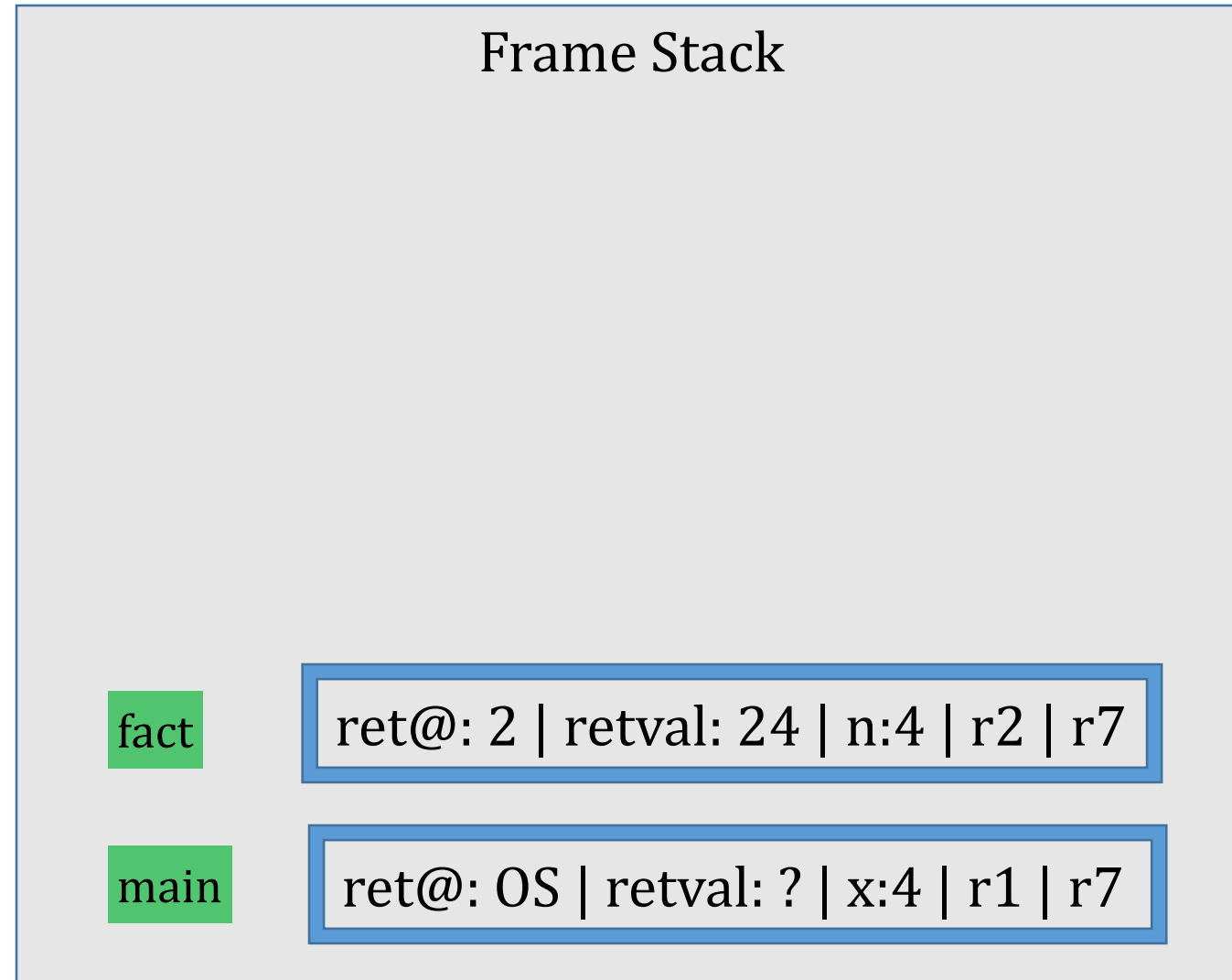
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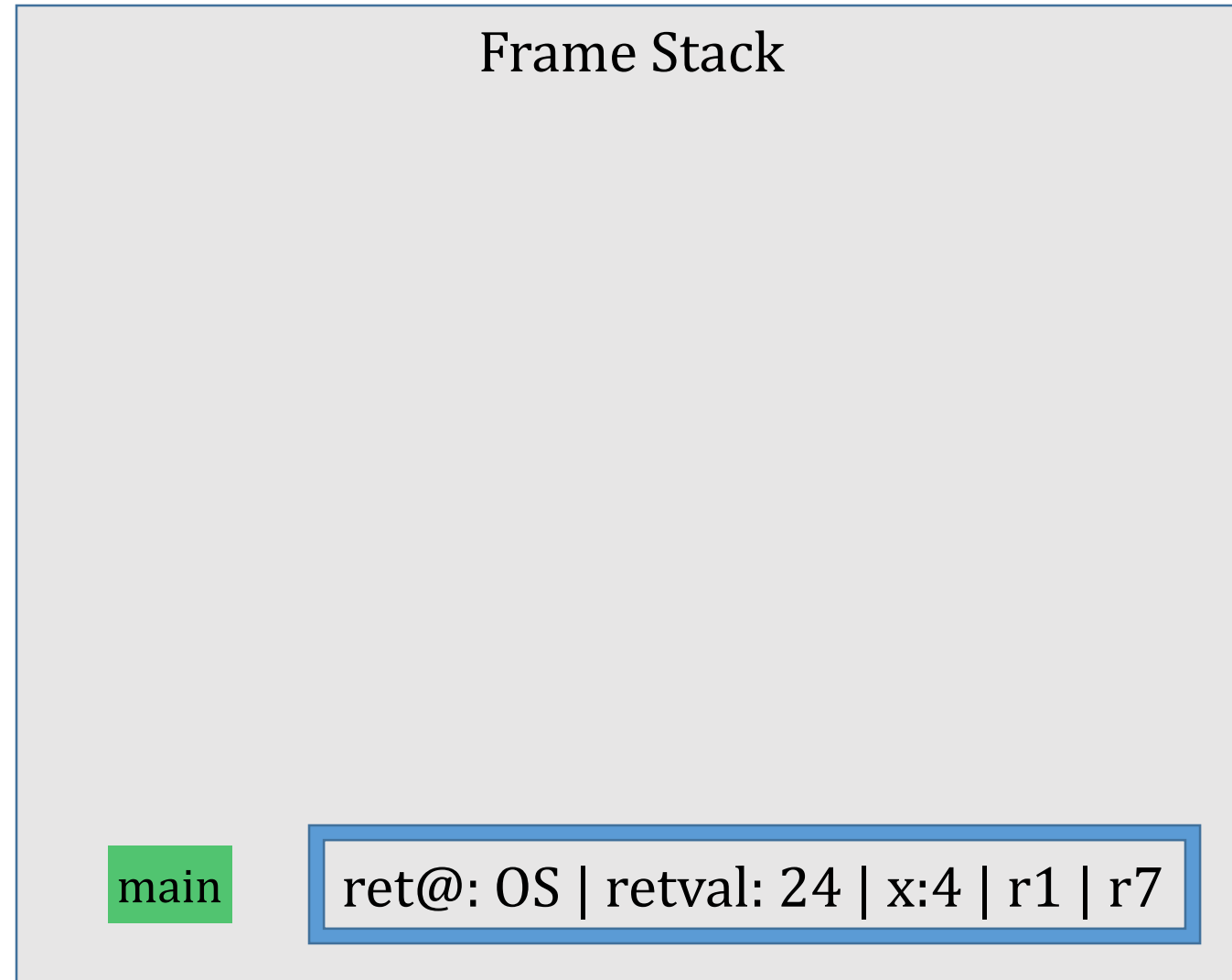
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```



# Variable Scope

- A variable is visible inside the block in which it is declared
  - Unless another variable with the same name is declared in a sub-block
- Variables declared outside any block are “global”
  - Visible everywhere
  - Unless another variable with the same name is declared inside a block
- Normally, the “block” is a function block

# Example of variable scope

```
int vg=1; int v=2;
int main() {
    int vm=3; int v=4;
    for(v=0; v<vm; v++) {
        int vb=5; int v=6;
        printf("vg=%d, vm=%d, vb=%d, v=%d\n", vg, vm, vb, v);
    }
    printf("v=%d\n");
}
```