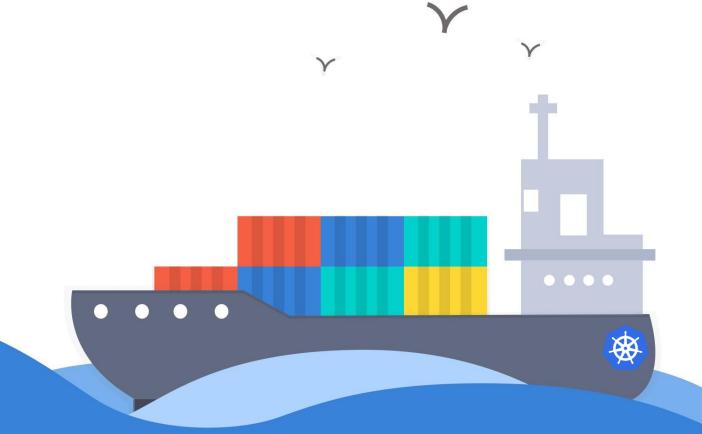
Getting Started with K3S





K3S



Contents

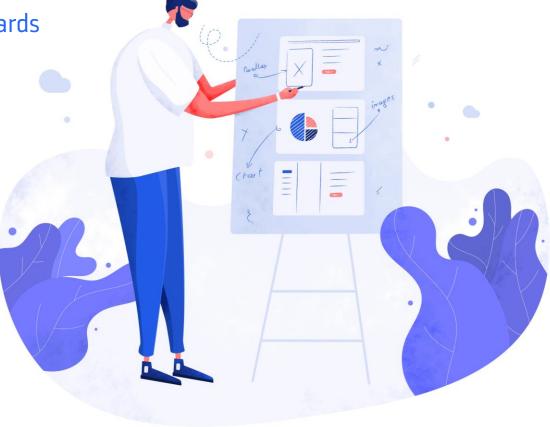








- K3s Architecture
- Application Deployments
- Services
- Docker Images for ARM32 architecture
- Configuring Ingress Rules
- Accessing Kubernetes & Traefik dashboards





- Kubernetes also known as K8s, is an open-source Container Management tool
- It provides a container runtime, container orchestration, container-centric
 infrastructure orchestration, self-healing mechanisms, service discovery, load balancing
 and container (de)scaling
- Initially developed by Google, for managing containerized applications in a clustered environment but later donated to CNCF
- Written in Golang
- It is a platform designed to completely manage the life cycle of containerized applications and services using methods that provide predictability, scalability, and high availability



Certified Kubernetes Distributions

- Cloud Managed: EKS by AWS, AKS by Microsoft and GKE by google
- Self Managed: OpenShift by Redhat and Docker Enterprise
- Local dev/test: Micro K8s by Canonical, Minikube
- Vanilla Kubernetes: The core Kubernetes project(baremetal), Kubeadm
- Special builds: K3s by Rancher, a light weight K8s distribution for Edge devices

Online Emulator: https://labs.play-with-k8s.com/

Kubernetes Cluster

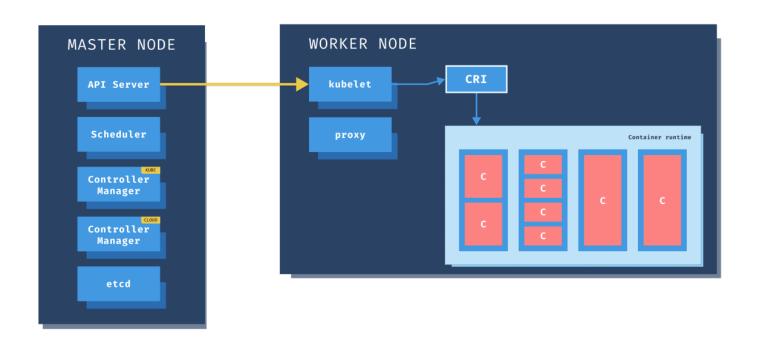


A Kubernetes cluster is a set of physical or virtual machines and other infrastructure resources that are needed to run your containerized applications. Each machine in a Kubernetes cluster is called a **node**

There are two types of node in each Kubernetes cluster:

Master node(s): hosts the Kubernetes control plane components and manages the cluster

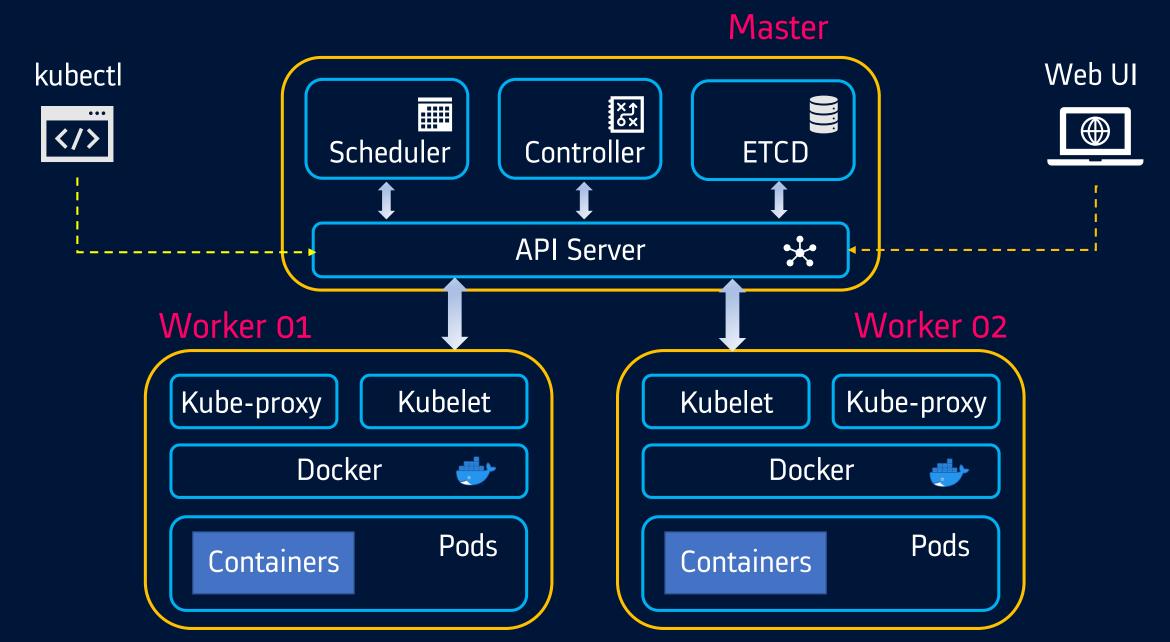
Worker node(s): runs your containerized applications





Kubernetes Architecture







What is K3s?

- K3s is a lightweight distribution of Kubernetes by Rancher that strips away a number of features while remaining fully compliant with up-stream Kubernetes
- It allows easier deployment when compared to kubeadm(BareMetal K8s setup tool) and all in a binary less than 40MB
- k3s is a fantastic solution for deploying Kubernetes on smaller devices, older hardware, and even IOT devices like Raspberry Pi

Key features:

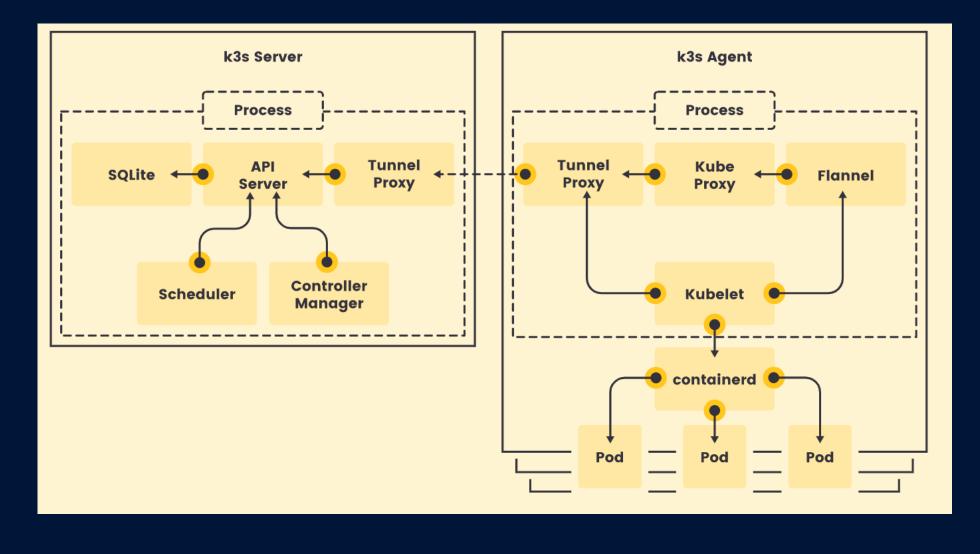
- ✓ Packaged as a single binary
- ✓ <40MB memory footprint
 </p>
- ✓ Supports ARM and x86 architectures
- ✓ Lightweight storage backend based on sqlite3 as the default storage mechanism to replace heavier ETCD server
- ✓ Docker is replaced in favour of containerd runtime
- ✓ Inbuilt Traefik Ingress controller
- ✓ Inbuilt metrics-server



K₃S

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K3s Architecture



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K3s: What's in the name?

Kubernetes = K8s

K3s is designed to be half the size of a full blown Kubernetes implementation. Hence, the 5 letter K3s instead of 10 letter K8s



K3s Cluster Setup using VirtualBox on Windows

- Use 3VMs(1 master and 2 workers). All VMs should have bridge network adapter enabled
- Create a host only networking adapter(DHCP disabled) and connect all VMs to it. This is to have static IPs for all VMs in the cluster. Make sure static IPs are configured in each VM in the same subnet range of host only network
- Refer below link for cluster setup using VirtualBox on Windows
 https://github.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/blob/master/Bootstrap_K8s_Cluster_Kubeadm.pdf

On Master Node

- Run curl -sfL https://get.k3s.io | sh -
- TOKEN = cat /var/lib/rancher/k3s/server/node-token
- IP = IP of master node where K8s API server is running

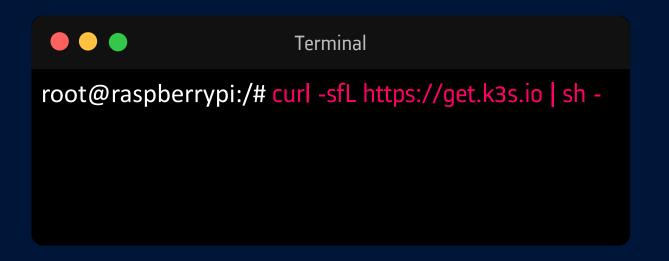
On Worker Nodes

• Run curl -sfL https://get.k3s.io | K3S_URL=\"https://\$IP:6443\" K3S_TOKEN=\"\$TOKEN\" sh -



K3s single node cluster setup on Raspberry Pi

Run following command to install K3s(requires internet access)





For offline installation

https://rancher.com/docs/k3s/latest/en/installation/airgap/



Once the cluster is setup...

kubectl cluster-info

```
root@raspberrypi:/# kubectl cluster-info
Kubernetes master is running at https://127.0.0.1:6443
CoreDNS is running at https://127.0.0.1:6443/api/v1/namespaces/kube-system/services/kube-dns:dns/proxy
Metrics-server is running at https://127.0.0.1:6443/api/v1/namespaces/kube-system/services/https:metrics-server:/proxy
```

kubectl version

```
root@raspberrypi:/# kubectl version --short
Client Version: v1.18.3+k3s1
Server Version: v1.18.3+k3s1
root@raspberrypi:/#
```

kubectl get nodes -o wide

```
root@raspberrypi:/# kubectl get nodes -o wide
              STATUS
                      ROLES
                                      VERSION
                                                     INTERNAL-IP
                                                                      EXTERNAL-IP
                                                                                   OS-IMAGE
                                                                                                                     KERNEL-VERSION
                                                                                                                                      CONTAINER-RUNTIME
                                      v1.18.3+k3s1
                                                     192.168.0.100
                                                                                   Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster)
raspberrypi
             Ready
                       master
                                5m
                                                                                                                     4.19.118-v7+
                                                                                                                                      containerd://1.3.3-k3s2
                                                                      <none>
root@raspberrypi:/#
```

In case of multinode cluster you should see all the nodes in the cluster along with their IPs



Metrics server

- K3s comes inbuilt with Kubernetes Metrics server, a cluster-wide aggregator of resource usage data
- It provides CPU & RAM usage statistics per node and per pod, via CLI

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl get all --all-namespaces | grep -i metrics-server kube-system pod/metrics-server-7566d596c8-7p5hr 1/1 Running 1 kube-system service/metrics-server ClusterIP 10.43.225.240 <none> kube-system deployment.apps/metrics-server 1/1 1 1 kube-system replicaset.apps/metrics-server-7566d596c8 1 1 1
```

Usage:

kubectl top nodes

```
root@raspberrypi:/# kubectl top nodes
NAME CPU(cores) CPU% MEMORY(bytes) MEMORY%
raspberrypi 340m 8% 604Mi 65%
root@raspberrypi:/# ■
```

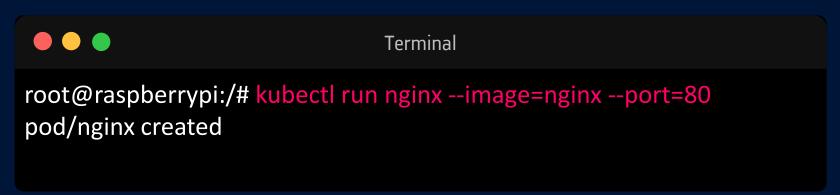
kubectl top pods





Running your first pod

kubectl run nginx --image=nginx --port=80





kubectl get po -o wide

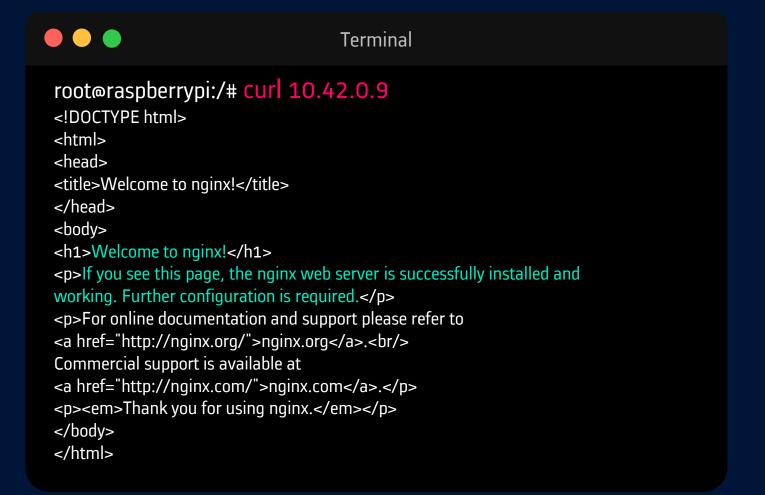
```
root@raspberrypi:/# kubectl get po -o wide
                           RESTARTS
                                              ΙP
                                                           NODE
NAME
        READY
                STATUS
                                      AGE
                                                                         NOMINATED NODE
                                                                                           READINESS GATES
nginx
        1/1
                Running
                                      4m16s
                                              10.42.0.9
                                                           raspberrypi
                           0
                                                                         <none>
                                                                                           <none>
root@raspberrypi:/#
```

Pods get unique IP inside the cluster. This is private to the cluster and not accessible from outside

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Running your first pod

Accessing the pod



```
root@raspberrypi:/# kubectl get po -o wide
NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE
nginx 1/1 Running 0 4m16s
root@raspberrypi:/# ■ 10.42.0.9 raspberrypi
```

- By default, pods are accessible within the cluster only.
- To expose them outside the cluster, use services

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Creating a service

kubectl expose pod nginx --type=NodePort --name=nginx-service



Terminal

root@raspberrypi:/# kubectl expose pod nginx --type=NodePort --name=nginx-service service/nginx-service exposed

192.168.0.100



kubectl get service

root@raspberrypi:/# kubectl get service NAME **TYPE** CLUSTER-IP PORT(S) AGE EXTERNAL-IP ClusterIP 10.43.0.1 443/TCP 97m kubernetes <none> 4m14s nginx-service NodePort 10.43.13.122 80:30452/TCP <none> root@raspberrypi:/#

Now the application can be reached using

<node-ip>:<node-port>

192.168.0.100:30452



If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to <u>nginx.org</u>. Commercial support is available at <u>nginx.com</u>.

Thank you for using nginx.

Welcome to nginx!







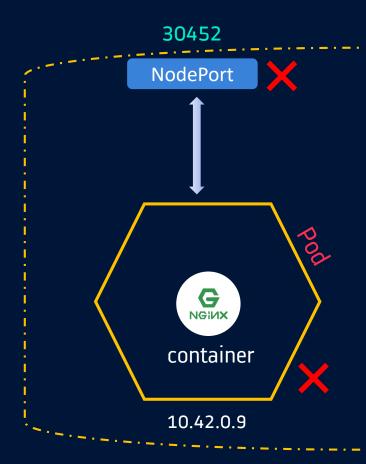
Deleting pods & services

kubectl delete pod nginx kubectl delete service nginx-service



Terminal

root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl delete pod nginx pod "nginx" deleted root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl delete service nginx-service service "nginx-service" deleted root@raspberrypi:/home/pi#







Inbuilt traefik ingress controller

- Traefik is an open source reverse proxy and load balancer for HTTP and TCP-based applications
- It is full-featured, production ready RP and LB and provides cluster network metrics

kubectl get all --all-namespaces | grep -i traefik

```
root@raspberrypi:/# kubectl get all --all-namespaces |
                                                      grep -i traefik
kube-system
             pod/helm-install-traefik-44nkc
                                                                   Completed
                                                                                          109m
                                                           0/1
             pod/svclb-traefik-swwqj
                                                           2/2
                                                                   Running
                                                                                          107m
kube-system
kube-system
             pod/traefik-758cd5fc85-sxmqj
                                                          1/1
                                                                  Running
                                                                                          107m
             service/traefik-prometheus
                                                         10.43.66.46
kube-system
                                          ClusterIP
                                                                          <none>
                                                                                          9100/TCP
                                                                                                                       107m
            service/traefik
                                                          10.43.104.87
                                                                                          80:30605/TCP,443:32573/TCP
                                                                                                                       107m
kube-system
                                           LoadBalancer
                                                                          192.168.0.100
             daemonset.apps/svclb-traefik 1
kube-system
                                                                                                                  107m
                                                                                                  <none>
kube-system
             deployment.apps/traefik
                                                                                        107m
             replicaset.apps/traefik-758cd5fc85
                                                                                             107m
kube-system
             job.batch/helm-install-traefik
kube-system
                                                             100s
                                                                        109m
root@raspberrypi:/#
```

Traefik will generate a LoadBalancer IP automatically when the service is started

apiVersion: helm.cattle.io/v1

Kubernetes

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Enable traefik dashboard service

- The dashboard is not enabled in the base k3s distribution
- Enable the dashboard by editing the traefix.yaml manifest at /var/lib/rancher/k3s/server/manifests
- Add the line dashboard.enabled: "true" to the traefik.yaml as shown in the screenshot
- Save the file and k3s will deploy the dashboard service

kubectl get service --all-namespaces

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl get service --all-namespaces
NAMESPACE
              NAME
                                   TYPE
                                                   CLUSTER-IP
                                                                   EXTERNAL-IP
                                                                                   PORT(S)
default
              kubernetes
                                   ClusterIP
                                                   10.43.0.1
                                                                                   443/TCP
                                                                   <none>
                                                                                   53/UDP.53/TCP.9153/TCP
kube-system
             kube-dns
                                   ClusterIP
                                                   10.43.0.10
                                                                   <none>
kube-system
              metrics-server
                                   ClusterIP
                                                   10.43.225.240
                                                                                   443/TCP
                                                                   <none>
                                                   10.43.66.46
             traefik-prometheus
                                                                                   9100/TCP
kube-system
                                   ClusterIP
                                                                   <none>
                                   NodePort
                                                   10.43.13.122
default
              nginx-service
                                                                   <none>
                                                                                   80:30452/TCP
                                                   10.43.104.87
                                                                                   80:30605/TCP,443:32573/TCP
kube-system
             traefik
                                   LoadBalancer
                                                                   192.168.0.100
             traefik-dashboard
                                                   10.43.204.133
                                   ClusterIP
                                                                                   80/TCP
kube-system
                                                                   <none>
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi#
```

kind: HelmChart metadata: name: traefik namespace: kube-system spec: chart: https://%{KUBERNETES API}%/static/charts/traefik-1.81.0.tgz valuesContent: |rbac: enabled: true ssl: enabled: true metrics: prometheus: enabled: true dashboard: enabled: true Kubernetes. ingressEndpoint: useDefaultPublishedService: true image: "rancher/library-traefik" tolerations: - key: "CriticalAddonsOnly" operator: "Exists" - key: "node-role.kubernetes.io/master" operator: "Exists"

> within the cluster, access the dashboard using cluster-ip of dashboard service

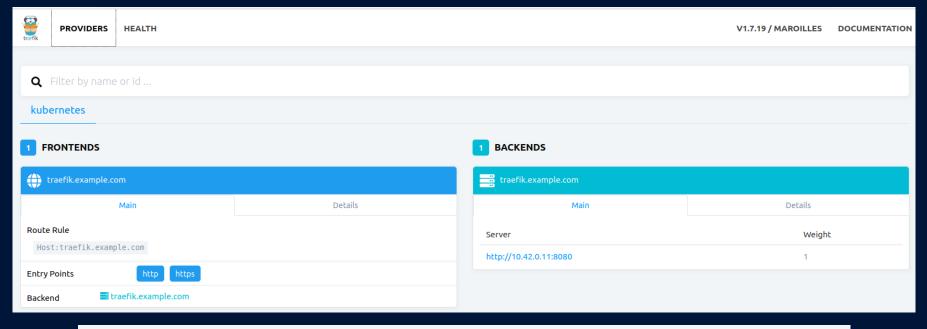








Traefik dashboard









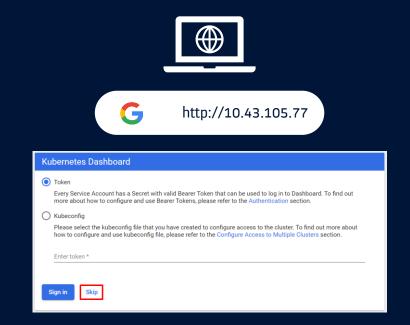
Kubernetes Dashboard service

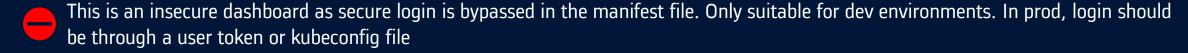
kubectl apply -f
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/master/manifests/dashboard/insecure-dashboard-clusterip.yaml

kubectl get services

```
root@proxyserver:/home/osboxes# kubectl get svc
NAME
                 TYPE
                             CLUSTER-IP
                                             EXTERNAL-IP
                                                                          AGE
                                                           PORT(S)
kubernetes
                 ClusterIP
                             10.43.0.1
                                                           443/TCP
                                                                          5h22m
                                             <none>
nodeport-nginx
                 NodePort
                             10.43.21.189
                                                           80:30378/TCP
                                                                          23m
                                             <none>
                                                                          2m56s
dashboard
                 ClusterIP
                            10.43.105.77
                                                           80/TCP
                                             <none>
root@proxyserver:/home/osboxes#
```

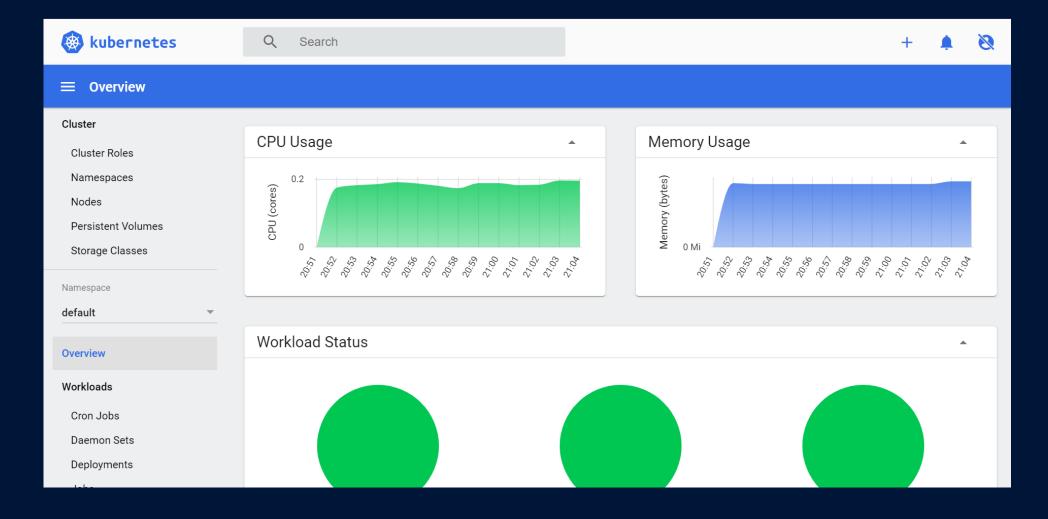
- within the cluster, access the dashboard using cluster-ip of dashboard service
- At the login page, click on 'skip' to access the dashboard







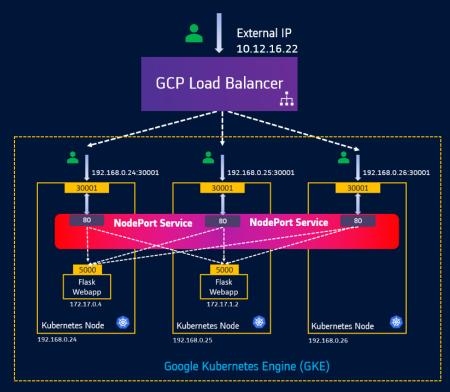
Kubernetes Dashboard service



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Ingress Resource(rules)

- With cloud LoadBalancers, we need to pay for each of the service that is exposed using LoadBalancer as the service type.
 As services grow in number, complexity to manage SSLs, Scaling, Auth etc., also increase
- Ingress allows us to manage all of the above within the Kubernetes cluster with a definition file, that lives along with the rest of your application deployment files
- Ingress controller can perform load balancing, Auth, SSL and URL/Path based routing configurations by being inside the cluster living as a Deployment or a DaemonSet
- Ingress helps users access the application using a single externally accessible URL, that you can configure to route to different services within your cluster based on the URL path, at the same time terminate SSL/TLS







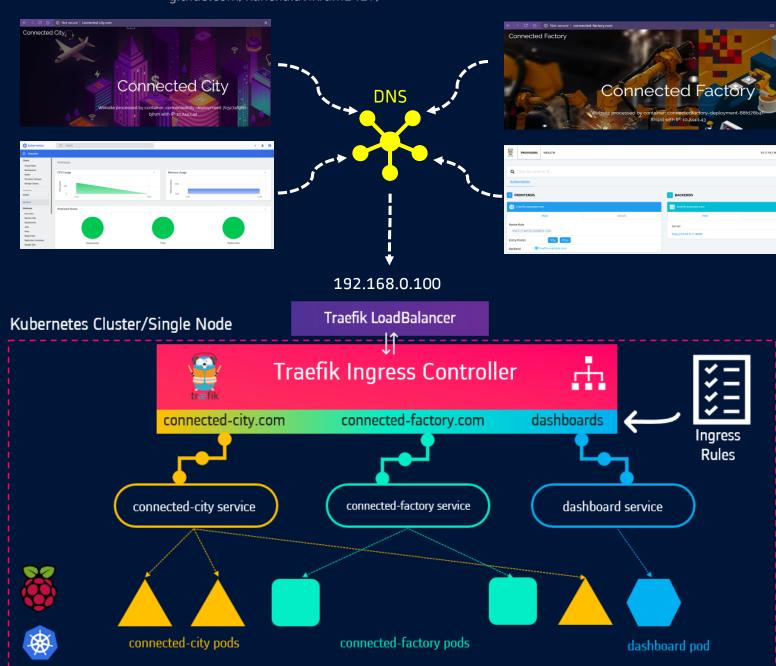
Ingress Controller

- Ingress resources cannot do anything on their own. We need to have an Ingress controller in order for the Ingress resources to work
- Ingress controller implements rules defined by ingress resources
- Ingress controllers doesn't come with all standard Kubernetes binary, they have to be deployed separately.
- Fortunately, K3s comes with Traefik Ingress controller inbuilt
- Kubernetes currently supports and maintains GCE and nginx ingress controllers
- Other popular controllers include HAProxy ingress, istio, Ambassador etc.,
- Ingress is the most useful if you want to expose multiple services under the same IP address
- Ingress controller can perform load balancing, Auth, SSL and URL/Path based routing configurations by being inside the cluster living as a Deployment or a DaemonSet

github.com/kunchalavikram1427/ connected-city.com Kubernetes connected-factory.com www.connected-city.com traefik-dashboard.com Traefik Ingress Controller k8s-dashboard.com 192.168.0.100 Traefik LoadBalancer Kubernetes Cluster/Single Node Traefik Ingress Controller dashboards connected-city.com connected-factory.com Ingress Rules connected-city service connected-factory service dashboard service connected-city pods connected-factory pods dashboard pod

End-to-end demo

- 2 front-end applications
- K8s dashboard
- Traefik dashboard
- Ingress URL based routing
- All applications DNS resolution to same Traefik LoadBalancer IP







End-to-end demo: Application Deployment

spec:

containers:

ports:

- name: connectedcity

- containerPort: 5000

Deploy Kubernetes dashboard

kubectl apply -f

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/master/manifests/dashboard/insecuredashboard-clusterip.yaml

Deploy pods and services

apiVersion: v1 kind: Service metadata:

name: connectedcity-service

spec: ports: - port: 80

targetPort: 5000

selector:

app: connectedcity

Application-1
Deployment + ClusterIP
service

apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
name: connectedcity-deployment
spec:
replicas: 3
selector:
matchLabels:
app: connectedcity
template:
metadata:
labels:
app: connectedcity

image: kunchalavikram/connectedcity:v1

Application-2
Deployment + ClusterIP
service

kubectl apply -f <object>.yml

apiVersion: v1 kind: Service metadata:

name: connectedfactory-service

spec: ports: - port: 80

targetPort: 5000

selector:

app: connectedfactory

```
kind: Deployment
metadata:
 name: connectedfactory-deployment
spec:
 replicas: 3
 selector:
  matchLabels:
   app: connectedfactory
 template:
  metadata:
   labels:
    app: connectedfactory
  spec:
   containers:
   - name: connectedfactory
    image: kunchalavikram/connectedfactory:v1
    ports:
     - containerPort: 5000
```

apiVersion: apps/v1



End-to-end demo: Defining Ingress Rules

apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1beta1 kind: Ingress metadata: name: ingress-rules annotations: kubernetes.io/ingress.class: traefik spec: rules: - host: connected-city.com http: paths: - backend: serviceName: connectedcity-service servicePort: 80 - host: connected-factory.com http: paths: - backend: serviceName: connectedfactory-service servicePort: 80 - host: k8s-dashboard.com http: paths: - backend: serviceName: dashboard servicePort: 80

when a request is received on the specific host URL, it is forwarded to the service mentioned.

To get services in all namespaces run kubectl get svc –A

In this case, the traefik service is deployed in kube-system namespace. Hence the ingress rules should also be in the same namespace as the service.

kubectl apply -f <object>.yml

apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1beta1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
name: ingress-rules-traefik-dashboard
namespace: kube-system
annotations:
kubernetes.io/ingress.class: traefik
spec:
rules:
- host: traefik-dashboard.com
http:
paths:
- backend:
serviceName: traefik-dashboard
servicePort: 80

* we can also use path based routing instead of URL based routing being shown in the demo



End-to-end demo

Deploy complete Application with ingress rules using a single manifest file

kubectl apply -f

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/master/manifests/ingress/ingress-my-demo-with-k8s-traefik-ingress.yml

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/master/manifests/ingress/ingress-my-demo-with-k8s-traefik-ingress.yml
ingress.networking.k8s.io/ingress-rules created
ingress.networking.k8s.io/ingress-rules-traefik-dashboard created
service/connectedcity-service created
deployment.apps/connectedcity-deployment created
service/connectedfactory-service created
deployment.apps/connectedfactory-deployment created
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi#
```

To get all objects inside the cluster like Pods, ReplicaSets, Deployments, Services... kubectl get all --all-namespaces



Pods fail to start in RaspberryPi

End-to-end demo

kubectl get pods --all-namespaces

root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl get po -A NAMESPACE NAME READY **STATUS RESTARTS** AGE kube-system metrics-server-7566d596c8-7p5hr 1/1 Running 24h local-path-provisioner-6d59f47c7-rpvx5 1/1 24h kube-system Running kubernetes-dashboard dashboard-metrics-scraper-dc6947fbf-cr2mp 1/1 20h Running kube-system svclb-traefik-swwgi 2/2 Running 24h kube-system coredns-8655855d6-hz4rn 1/1 Running 24h default dashboard-8588744bfd-7qnkf 1/1 20h Running kubernetes-dashboard kubernetes-dashboard-df6dbcbf8-lvxc8 1/1 Running 20h kube-system helm-install-traefik-z6csv 0/1 Completed 124m traefik-6cbfb44969-mlcgm 1/1 kube-system Runnina 123m default connectedfactory-deployment-88fd78b4f-wnxtk 0/1 CrashLoopBackOff 4m22s default connectedfactory-deployment-88fd78b4f-b9cpz 0/1 CrashLoopBackOff 4m22s connectedcity-deployment-7c5c74fd66-zb8g4 5 4m22s default 0/1 CrashLoopBackOff connectedcity-deployment-7c5c74fd66-bn4fl default 0/1 CrashLoopBackOff 5 4m22s connectedfactory-deployment-88fd78b4f-5vfq4 default 0/1 CrashLoopBackOff 4m22s connectedcity-deployment-7c5c74fd66-vvczn default 0/1 CrashLoopBackOff 4m22s

kubectl logs pod/connectedfactory-deployment-88fd78b4f-b9cpz

root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl logs pod/connectedfactory-deployment-88fd78b4f-b9cpz standard_init_linux.go:211: exec user process caused "exec format error" root@raspberrypi:/home/pi#

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Docker Images for ARM

- If the applications were run on a regular PC or the x86_64 architecture, the pods would get created because the base image chosen to build the application images supports only those architectures
- Raspberry Pi hardware architecture is called ARM and differs from the architecture behind the regular PC, laptop or cloud instance. So regular docker images won't run in Pi
- To run docker containers in Pi, use only base images supported for ARM -----

Ex: balenalib/raspberrypi3, arm32v6/python:3.5-alpine, arm32v6/alpine etc.,

root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl get po -A					
NAMESPACE	NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
kube-system	metrics-server-7566d596c8-7p5hr	1/1	Running	2	24h
kube-system	local-path-provisioner-6d59f47c7-rpvx5	1/1	Running	4	24h
kubernetes-dashboard	dashboard-metrics-scraper-dc6947fbf-cr2mp	1/1	Running	1	20h
kube-system	svclb-traefik-swwqj	2/2	Running	4	24h
kube-system	coredns-8655855d6-hz4rn	1/1	Running	2	24h
default	dashboard-8588744bfd-7qnkf	1/1	Running	1	20h
kubernetes-dashboard	kubernetes-dashboard-df6dbcbf8-lvxc8	1/1	Running	1	20h
kube-system	helm-install-traefik-z6csv	0/1	Completed	0	124m
kube-system	traefik-6cbfb44969-mlcgm	1/1	Running	0	123m
default	connectedfactory-deployment-88fd78b4f-wnxtk	0/1	CrashLoopBackOff	5	4m22s
default	connectedfactory-deployment-88fd78b4f-b9cpz	0/1	CrashLoopBackOff	5	4m22s
default	connectedcity-deployment-7c5c74fd66-zb8g4	0/1	CrashLoopBackOff	5	4m22s
default	connectedcity-deployment-7c5c74fd66-bn4fl	0/1	CrashLoopBackOff	5	4m22s
default	connectedfactory-deployment-88fd78b4f-5vfq4	0/1	CrashLoopBackOff	5	4m22s
default	connectedcity-deployment-7c5c74fd66-vvczn	0/1	CrashLoopBackOff	5	4m22s

Dockerfile for x86_x64/AMD

FROM python:alpine3.7 COPY . /app WORKDIR /app RUN pip install flask EXPOSE 5000 CMD python ./appv3.py

Dockerfile for ARM32

FROM arm32v6/python:3.5-alpine

COPY . /app

WORKDIR /app

RUN pip install flask

EXPOSE 5000

CMD python ./appv3.py



End-to-end demo

Delete all previous deployment using kubectl delete command

kubectl delete -f

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/master/manifests/ingress/ingress-my-demo-with-k8s-traefik-ingress.yml

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl delete -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/master/manifests/ingress/ingress-my-demo-with-k8s-raefik-ingress.yml
ingress.networking.k8s.io "ingress-rules" deleted
ingress.networking.k8s.io "ingress-rules-traefik-dashboard" deleted
service "connectedcity-service" deleted
deployment.apps "connectedcity-deployment" deleted
service "connectedfactory-service" deleted
deployment.apps "connectedfactory-deployment" deleted
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# ■
```



End-to-end demo

Deploy Applications designed for ARM architecture

kubectl apply –f

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/master/manifests/ingress/ingress-my-demo-with-k8s-traefik-ingress-arm32.yml

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl apply -f <a href="https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/master/manifests/ingress/ingress-my-demo-with-k8s-traefik-ingress.yml">https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kunchalavikram1427/Kubernetes_public/master/manifests/ingress/ingress-my-demo-with-k8s-traefik-ingress.yml</a>
ingress.networking.k8s.io/ingress-rules created
ingress.networking.k8s.io/ingress-rules-traefik-dashboard created
service/connectedcity-service created
deployment.apps/connectedcity-deployment created
service/connectedfactory-service created
deployment.apps/connectedfactory-deployment created
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi#</a>
```

kubectl get pods –o wide

All pods run in Pi as the images are for ARM architecture

root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# k get pods -o wide NAME dashboard-8588744bfd-7qnkf connectedcity-deployment-76fddb88-lpc9w connectedcity-deployment-76fddb88-zhn7l connectedcity-deployment-76fddb88-ml9hc connectedfactory-deployment-587f489dd7-kg46w connectedfactory-deployment-587f489dd7-7gxcl connectedfactory-deployment-587f489dd7-twths root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# ■





End-to-end demo

Check metrics

kubectl top node

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl top node

NAME CPU(cores) CPU% MEMORY(bytes) MEMORY%
raspberrypi 923m 23% 695Mi 75%
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# ■
```

Checking Ingress rules in all namespaces

kubectl get ingress -A

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl get ingress -A
NAMESPACE
                                                          HOSTS
                                                                                                                        ADDRESS
                                                                                                                                        PORTS
                                                                                                                                                AGE
              NAME
                                                CLASS
              traefik-dashboard
                                                          traefik.example.com
                                                                                                                        192.168.0.100
                                                                                                                                                136m
kube-system
                                                                                                                                        80
                                                <none>
default
              ingress-rules
                                                          connected-city.com,connected-factory.com,k8s-dashboard.com
                                                                                                                        192.168.0.100
                                                                                                                                                2m48s
                                                 <none>
kube-system
             ingress-rules-traefik-dashboard
                                                          traefik-dashboard.com
                                                                                                                        192.168.0.100
                                                                                                                                        80
                                                                                                                                                2m48s
                                                 <none>
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi#
```



End-to-end demo

Service endpoints

kubectl describe ingress ingress-rules

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl describe ingress ingress-rules
Name:
                  ingress-rules
                  default
Namespace:
Address:
                 192.168.0.100
Default backend: default-http-backend:80 (<error: endpoints "default-http-backend" not found>)
Rules:
  Host
                         Path Backends
  connected-city.com
                            connected city-service: 80 (10.42.0.60:5000,10.42.0.61:5000,10.42.0.64:5000)
  connected-factory.com
                            connectedfactory-service:80 (10.42.0.62:5000,10.42.0.63:5000,10.42.0.65:5000)
  k8s-dashboard.com
                            dashboard:80 (10.42.0.25:80)
                         kubernetes.io/ingress.class: traefik
Annotations:
Events:
                         <none>
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi#
```

In this case, when request comes from the URL, it is forwarded to the ClusterIP service inside the cluster. Since each application has 3 replicas, the service Load Balances the requests among all the available backend pods, which are shown above with their IPs and Container ports. For this demo, flask containers are used and hence the default port 5000



End-to-end demo

Service endpoints

kubectl describe ingress ingress-rules-traefik-dashboard -n kube-system

```
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi# kubectl describe ingress ingress-rules-traefik-dashboard -n kube-system
                  ingress-rules-traefik-dashboard
Name:
                  kube-system
Namespace:
Address:
                192.168.0.100
Default backend: default-http-backend:80 (<error: endpoints "default-http-backend" not found>)
Rules:
                         Path Backends
 Host
  traefik-dashboard.com
                            traefik-dashboard:80 (10.42.0.52:8080)
Annotations:
                         kubernetes.io/ingress.class: traefik
Events:
                         <none>
root@raspberrypi:/home/pi#
```

Here the traefik-dashboard service is deployed in kube-system namespace and hence the ingress rules are also deployed in the same kube-system namespace.

We have only 1 instance of traefik dashboard running in the cluster. So there is only one endpoint (10.42.0.52:8080)

*

192.168.0.100

End-to-end demo

Update dummy DNS entries

Update DNS names to point to LoadBalancer IP of Traefik Ingress Controller

windows

C:\Windows\System32\drivers\etc\hosts
192.168.0.100 connected-city.com
192.168.0.100 connected-factory.com
192.168.0.100 k8s-dashboard.com
192.168.0.100 traefik-dashboard.com
ipconfig /flushdns

linux

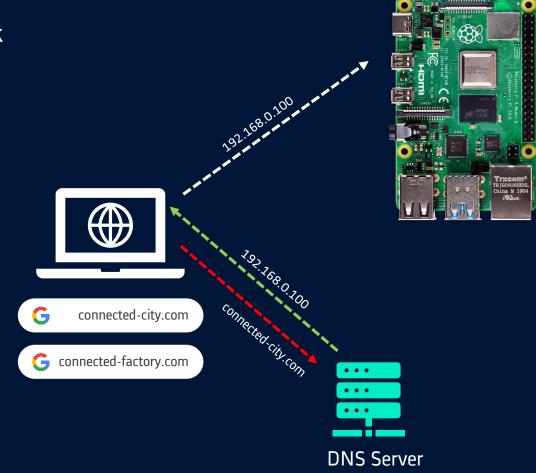
/etc/hosts

192.168.0.100 connected-city.com

192.168.0.100 connected-factory.com

192.168.0.100 k8s-dashboard.com

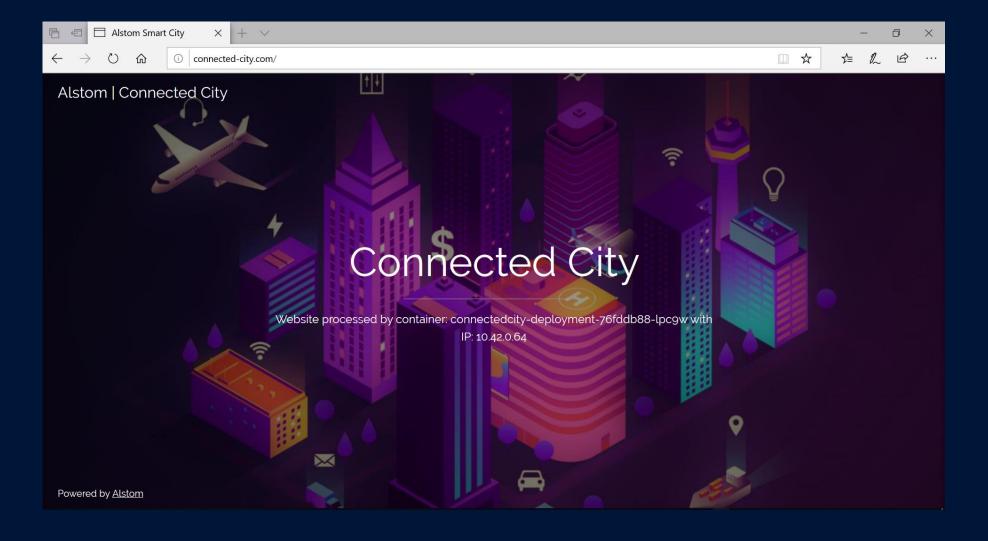
192.168.0.100 traefik-dashboard.com



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End-to-end demo

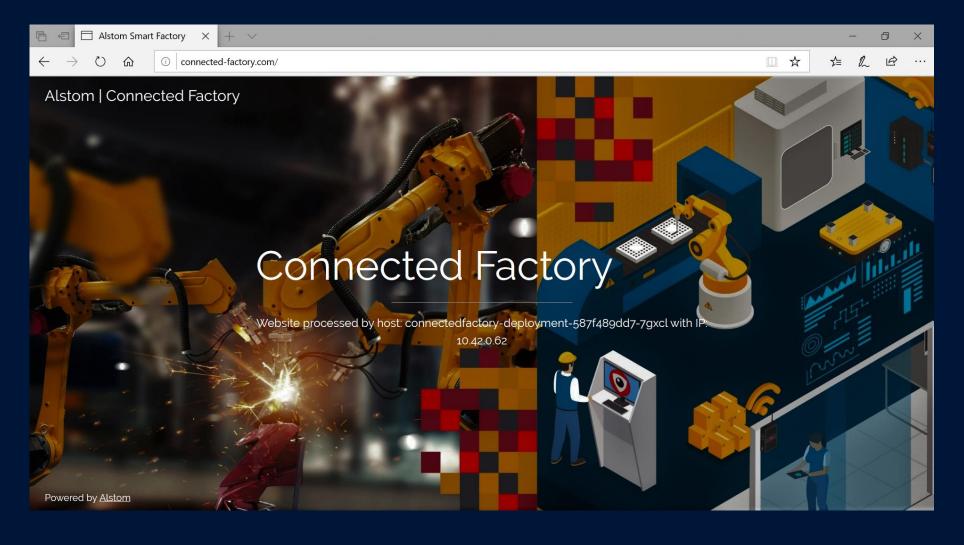




*

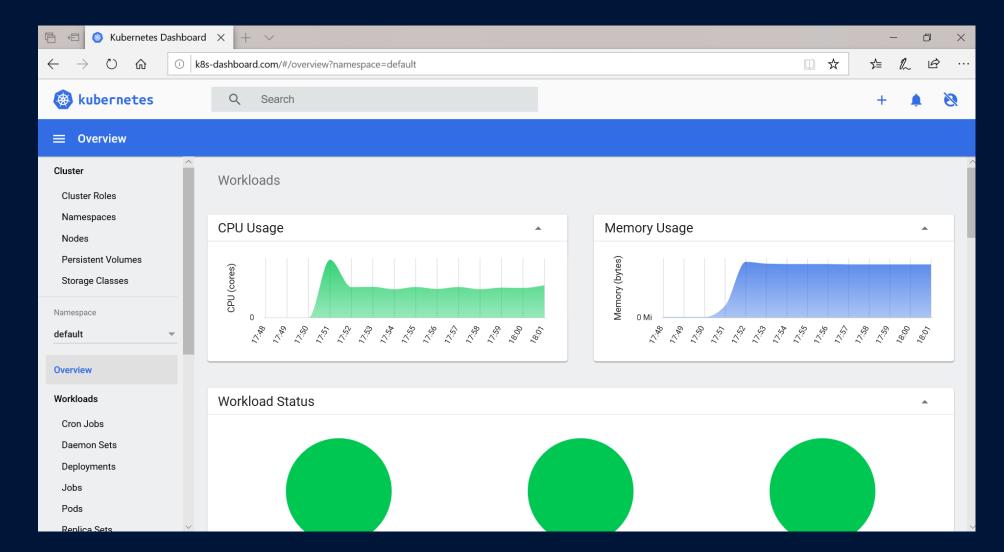
End-to-end demo





End-to-end demo



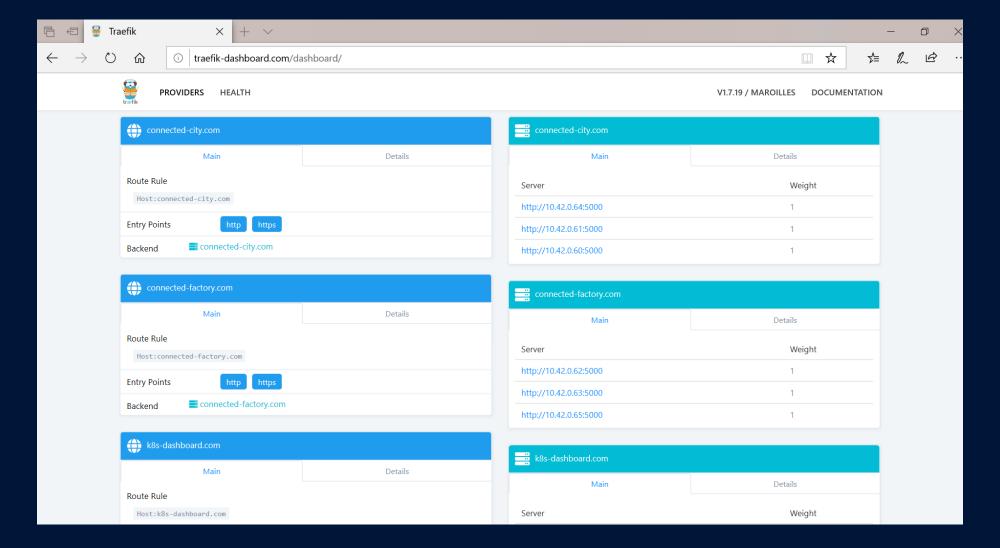




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End-to-end demo





End-to-end demo



